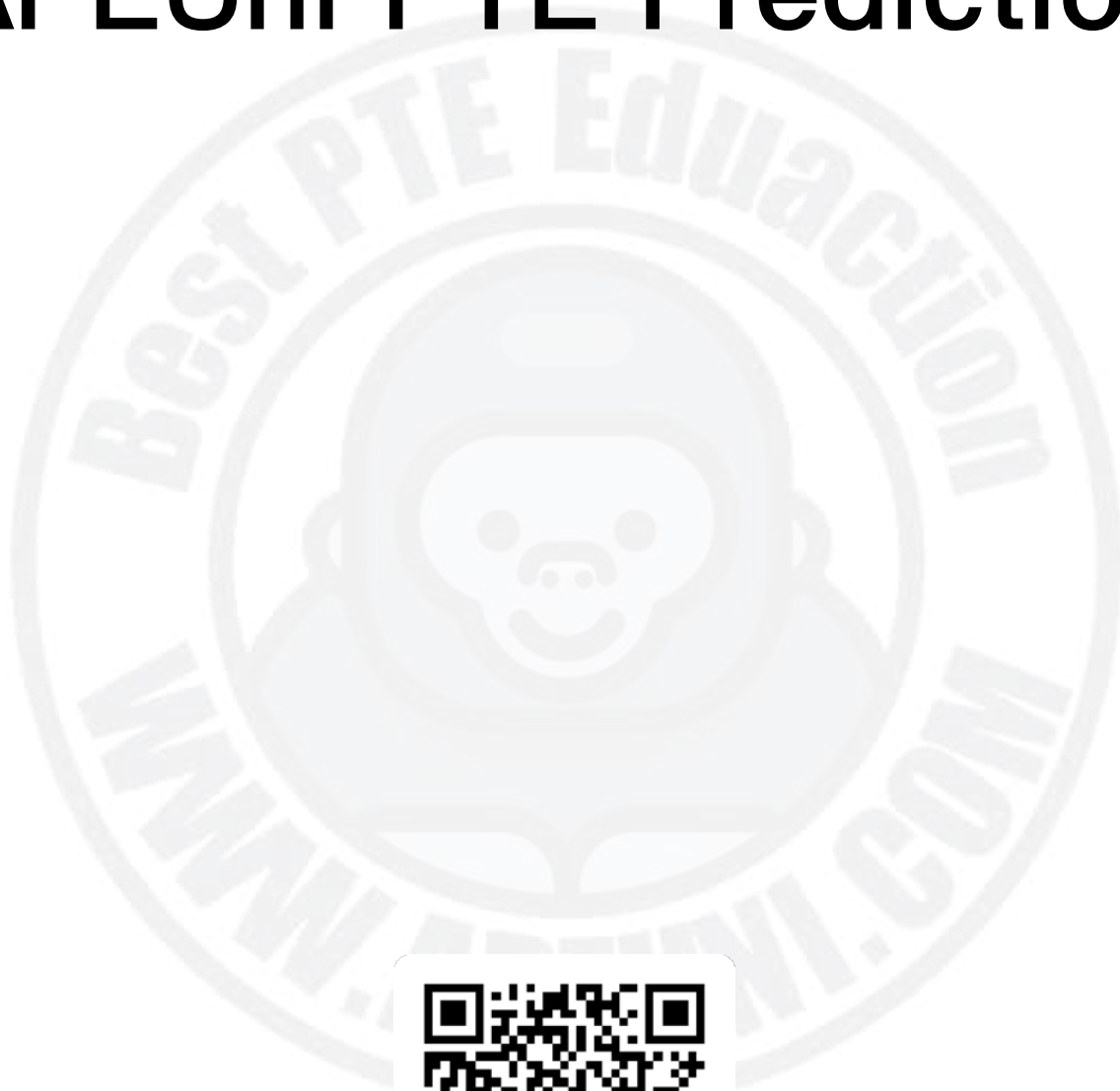


PTE Prediction: 17 August ~ 23 August

# APEUni PTE Prediction



Scan the code to download our App

[www.apeuni.com](http://www.apeuni.com)

The second most accurate PTE scoring system in the world

<b>A. Speaking</b> .....	<b>21</b>
Read Aloud .....	21
1. Executive Order (Prediction) .....	21
2. Scientific Evidence (Prediction) .....	21
3. Economic Well-being .....	21
4. Case Approach (Prediction) .....	21
5. Australian Mining Industry .....	21
6. Succulent Plants (Prediction) .....	21
7. Shoestring Budget .....	21
8. Atlantic Coast (Prediction) .....	22
9. Second World War (Prediction) .....	22
10. Bergson's Theory (Prediction) .....	22
11. Foam-filled Furniture .....	22
12. Constellation (Prediction) .....	22
13. Financial Crisis (Prediction) .....	22
14. Microbes (Prediction) .....	22
15. Father (B) (Prediction) .....	23
16. Information Technology (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	23
17. Heterogeneous Student (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	23
18. Informative Speech (Prediction) .....	23
19. Rural Population (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	23
20. Becoming Carbon-neutral (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	23
21. Yield of Plants (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	23
22. Colloquialism (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
23. Girls v.s. Boys (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
24. Man-made Light (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
25. Learning Method (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
26. Values of Literature (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
27. Only Family (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
28. Internal Combustion Engine (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	24
29. Online Shopping (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25
30. MBA (Prediction) .....	25
31. Educational Demand (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25
32. Abstract Preparation (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25
33. Tea Ceremony (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25
34. Recycling (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25
35. Companies (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	25

36. Examination (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	26
37. Measurable Benefit (Prediction)·····	26
38. Domestic Division (Prediction)·····	26
39. Nutritionally Bankrupt (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	26
40. Actor Training (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	26
41. Orientalists (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	26
42. Business School Admission (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	26
43. Elephant (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	27
44. Shrimp Farm (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	27
45. Statistical Information (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	27
46. Slang (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	27
47. Brain (Prediction)·····	27
48. Grand Canyon 2 (Prediction)·····	27
49. Electric Car (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	27
50. Tesla (Prediction)·····	28
51. MBA Students (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	28
52. Fast Food (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	28
53. Bookkeeper Fraud (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	28
54. Black Swan (Prediction)·····	28
55. Semiconductor Industry (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	28
56. Legal Writing (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	29
57. Russia (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	29
58. The UN (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	29
59. Language Appearance (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	29
60. Marketing Management (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	29
61. Electronic Discourse (Prediction)·····	29
62. Magnetar (Prediction)·····	29
63. Blue (B) (Prediction)·····	29
64. December Sales (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
65. Private equity (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
66. Carbon Dioxide Emission (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
67. Tulip (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
68. Vanilla (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
69. Linguistic Diversity (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	30
70. Studying Topics (Prediction)·····	30
71. Population Growth (Prediction) (Shadowing)·····	31
72. Written Examinations (Prediction)·····	31

73. Pluto (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	31
74. Augustus (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	31
75. Blue (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	31
76. Botanic Gardens .....	31
77. Foreign Plant (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	31
78. Fiscal Year (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	32
79. Global Management (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	32
80. Botswana (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	32
81. Human Predilection .....	32
82. Introvert and Extrovert (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	32
83. Hemisphere (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	32
84. Administration Option (Prediction) .....	32
85. Grand Canyon (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	33
86. Akimbo (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	33
87. Yellow (Prediction) .....	33
88. Tesla & Edison (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	33
89. Shakespeare (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	33
90. Lincoln (Prediction) (Shadowing) .....	33
Repeat Sentence .....	34
Describe Image .....	43
1. Grape (New) .....	43
2. South American Rainforest (New) (Prediction) .....	43
3. Formation of Iceberg (Prediction) .....	44
4. UK Income by Age&Gender (Prediction) .....	44
5. Product Life Cycle (Prediction) .....	45
6. Water Cycle (Prediction) .....	45
7. Germination (Prediction) .....	46
8. Penguin (Prediction) .....	46
9. Journeys in the UK (Prediction) .....	47
10. Number of Texts (Prediction) .....	47
11. Auditorium (Prediction) .....	48
12. Hotel Reservation (Prediction) .....	48
13. China Age Group (Prediction) .....	48
14. Tomato Life Cycle (Prediction) .....	49
15. Sweden Government Budget (Prediction) .....	49
16. Green Bin Program (Prediction) .....	50
17. UK Media (Prediction) .....	51

18. Sitting Posture (Prediction).....	51
19. Palm Oil Production (Prediction).....	51
20. London Fleet Street (Prediction).....	52
21. Laboratory Plan (Prediction).....	52
22. Income of Bachelor (Prediction).....	53
23. Luxembourg Age Group (Prediction).....	53
24. Forest Annual Change (Prediction).....	54
25. Closed-loop Recycling (Prediction).....	54
26. Rain Forest Distribution.....	55
27. Article Adding.....	55
28. Teaching Career (Prediction).....	56
29. Common Languages (Prediction).....	57
30. Gariep Basin (Prediction).....	57
31. Food Pyramid (Prediction).....	58
32. Beijing Weather (Prediction).....	58
33. Projected Population (Prediction).....	59
34. Most Livable States (Prediction).....	59
35. Library Plan (Prediction).....	59
36. 100% Health (Prediction).....	60
37. Gnat Life Cycle.....	60
38. Past Transport (Prediction).....	61
39. Length of Fish (Prediction).....	61
40. Economic Inactivity (Prediction).....	62
41. Music Download (Prediction).....	62
42. Population&Consumption (Prediction).....	63
43. World Water (Prediction).....	63
44. World Population (Prediction).....	64
45. Earning&Unemployment (Prediction).....	64
46. Egypt Trading (Prediction).....	65
47. CO2&Temperature Change (Prediction).....	66
48. Arctic Food Chain (Prediction).....	66
49. Government Expenditure (Prediction).....	66
50. Pencil Length (Prediction).....	67
51. S&P (Prediction).....	67
52. Switzerland Language (Prediction).....	68
53. Parts of Tree (Prediction).....	68
54. Thatched Hut 1 (Prediction).....	69

55. Tree Ring and Saw (Prediction) ······	69
56. Happiness (Prediction) ······	70
57. Water Wheel (Prediction) ······	70
58. Apple Life Cycle (Prediction) ······	71
59. Solar Yard Light (Prediction) ······	71
60. Meat Consumption (Prediction) ······	72
61. Sleeping Hours (Prediction) ······	72
62. Fly Life Cycle (Prediction) ······	73
63. Frog Life Cycle (Prediction) ······	74
64. Air Temperature (Prediction) ······	74
65. Sprouting (Prediction) ······	74
66. Apartment Plan (Prediction) ······	75
67. National Flags (Prediction) ······	75
68. Garbage Patches (Prediction) ······	76
69. Psychological Comparison (Prediction) ······	76
70. Earth Crust (2) (Prediction) ······	77
71. Electricity Generation (Prediction) ······	77
72. Virus Replication (Prediction) ······	78
73. Upper Arms (Prediction) ······	78
74. Simple Circuit (Prediction) ······	79
75. Earth Structure (Prediction) ······	79
76. Height of Tree (Prediction) ······	80
77. BMI (Prediction) ······	80
78. Typing Hands (Prediction) ······	81
79. Solar System (Prediction) ······	81
Retell Lecture ······	83
1. General-purpose Cars (New) (Incomplete) ······	83
2. Street Stalls (New) (Incomplete) ······	83
3. Edmund Wilson (Prediction) (Audio Available) ······	83
4. Children Obesity (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	83
5. Cloud Formation (Prediction) (Audio Available) ······	83
6. Child Birth Rate (Prediction) (Audio Available) ······	84
7. Animal Behavior (B) (Prediction) (Audio Available) ······	84
8. British Population (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	84
9. Overfishing (Prediction) (Audio Available) ······	85
10. Happiness and Social Relations (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	85
11. Ageing population (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	85

12. Small Languages (Prediction) (Incomplete) ·····	85
13. Robot (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	85
14. Absolute Zero (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	86
15. Dimensions (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	86
16. Underwater Detectors (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	87
17. Survey (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	87
18. Governmental Blogging (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	87
19. Advanced Machine (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	87
20. Dissociation of personalities (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	87
21. Frog Mutation (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
22. Wage, Consumption and Debt (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
23. European Educational Expenditure (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
24. Practice (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
25. Mega Cities (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
26. Loggerhead turtle (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	88
27. BSI (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	88
28. Motivation (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	89
29. Soot Emission (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	89
30. Rural Poverty (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	90
31. Melatonin (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	90
32. Large Hadron Collider (LHC) (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	90
33. Salary Types (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	90
34. Animal Behavior (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	91
35. Australia's Export (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	91
36. Electro-magnetic Induction (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	92
37. America's Economic Size (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	92
38. Teaching (Prediction) (Incomplete)·····	92
39. Earthquake and Fault (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	92
40. Superman (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	93
41. Invention (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	93
42. Rice (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	94
43. Arctic and Antarctic (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	94
44. London Taxi Drivers (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	94
45. Shy Fish (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	95
46. Happiness (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	95
47. Early Robot (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	96
48. Climate Change (Prediction) (Audio Available)·····	96

49. Night sky darkness (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	96
50. Brain Development (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	97
51. Reconstruction of Paris (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	97
52. Welsh Language (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	98
53. Marshmallow Test (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	98
54. Extinction of Language (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	99
55. Licking and Grooming (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	99
56. Brain (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	100
57. Infinite Monkey Theorem (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	100
Answer Short Question.....	102
<b>B. Writing</b> .....	<b>111</b>
Summarize Written Text.....	111
1. Skipping Breakfast (B) (Prediction).....	111
2. World Wide Web (Prediction).....	111
3. Benefit of Honey (Prediction).....	112
4. Pre-service teachers 预备教师 (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	112
5. Skipping Breakfast (Prediction).....	112
6. Wine Industry (Prediction).....	113
7. Voting rights in UK (Prediction).....	113
8. Vividity of TV and Newspaper (Prediction).....	114
9. Tree Rings (Prediction).....	114
10. The Rosetta Stone (Prediction).....	115
11. School Liaison Police NSW (Prediction).....	116
12. Plug-in Vehicle (Prediction).....	116
13. Parent's Born Order (Prediction).....	117
14. Children Watching TV (Prediction).....	117
15. Overqualified Employees (Prediction).....	118
16. Nobel Peace Prize (Prediction).....	118
17. Back to Countryside (Prediction).....	119
18. Mini War/Small War (Prediction).....	119
19. Malaysia Tourism (Prediction).....	120
20. Greenhouse Gases (Prediction).....	120
21. Grass & Cow (Prediction).....	121
22. Frog Amber (Prediction).....	121
23. America and India IT (Prediction).....	122
24. Columbus (Prediction).....	122
25. Children Allowance (Prediction).....	123



26. Beauty Contest (Prediction).....	123
27. Australian Education (Prediction).....	124
28. American English (Prediction).....	124
29. Ageing World (Prediction).....	125
Write Essay.....	126
1. Television (Prediction).....	126
2. Inventions (Prediction).....	126
3. Dangerous Activities (Prediction).....	126
4. Environmental Influence (Prediction).....	126
5. Tourism's Pros and Cons (Prediction).....	126
6. Law Effect (Prediction).....	126
7. Experience v.s. Degree (Prediction).....	126
8. Sporting Events (Prediction).....	127
9. Business Profit (Prediction).....	127
10. Education System (Prediction).....	127
11. Distraction (Prediction).....	127
12. Economic Growth (Prediction).....	127
13. Life Expectancy (Prediction).....	127
14. Credit Cards (Prediction).....	127
15. Climate (Prediction).....	127
16. Facing Issues (Prediction).....	128
17. Devotion (Prediction).....	128
18. Media Influences (Prediction).....	128
19. Deduction (Prediction).....	128
20. Experiential Learning (Prediction).....	128
21. Reputation (Prediction).....	128
22. Legal Responsibility (Prediction).....	128
23. Right Balance (Prediction).....	128
24. Television (Prediction).....	129
25. Shopping Malls (Prediction).....	129
26. Beautiful Buildings (Prediction).....	129
27. Getting Married (Prediction).....	129
28. Information Revolution (Prediction).....	129
29. Extreme Sports (Prediction).....	129
30. Global Issue (Prediction).....	129
31. Transportation Networks (Prediction).....	129
C. Reading.....	131

Multiple Choice (Single).....	131
1. Fear of Crime (Incomplete).....	131
2. Euripides (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	131
3. Pluto (Incomplete).....	131
4. Venus (Incomplete).....	131
5. Lava (Incomplete).....	131
Multiple Choice (Multiple).....	132
1. Hubble (New) (Incomplete).....	132
2. Optional Courses (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	132
3. Crystal Palace (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	132
4. Everest (Incomplete).....	132
5. Cross-culture (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	132
Re-order Paragraphs.....	134
1. Electronic Devices (Prediction).....	134
2. Sherbet Powder (Prediction).....	134
3. Superpower (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	134
4. Turkey (Prediction).....	134
5. Nightingale (Prediction).....	134
6. Pidgin (Prediction).....	135
7. Internship (Prediction).....	135
8. Blue Halo (Prediction).....	135
9. Marine Creature (Prediction).....	135
10. German Writer (Prediction).....	136
11. Challenging Jobs (Prediction).....	136
12. Native Living Beings (Prediction).....	136
13. Worship (Prediction).....	136
14. Art History (Prediction).....	136
15. Children's Verbal Skills (Prediction).....	137
16. Egyptian Temple (Prediction).....	137
17. World Feeding (Prediction).....	137
18. Calf Experiment (Prediction).....	137
19. EU Fishing (Prediction).....	138
20. Glow Worm (Prediction).....	138
21. United Nation Conferences (Prediction).....	138
22. Hip Pop (Prediction).....	138
23. Historical records (Prediction).....	139
24. Bankruptcy (Prediction).....	139

25. Clothing Fibers (Prediction) ······	139
26. International Economics (Prediction) ······	139
27. The Job of a Manager (Prediction) ······	140
28. Objectivity of Journalists (Prediction) ······	140
29. Carbon Pricing in Canada (Prediction) ······	140
30. Scientific Dishonesty (Prediction) ······	140
31. Heart Attack (Prediction) ······	141
32. Choose a School (Prediction) ······	141
33. Vegetarian (Prediction) ······	141
34. Wagonways (Prediction) ······	141
35. Ocean floors (Prediction) ······	141
36. Bird-feeding (Prediction) ······	142
37. Vegetable Intake (Prediction) ······	142
38. Desert Festival (Prediction) ······	142
39. Voice above 5mhz (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
40. Diversity (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
41. Amino Acid (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
42. Financial Crisis (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
43. Stem Cells (Prediction) ······	143
44. Martin Luther King (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
45. Electronic Device Disposal (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	143
46. Meeting (Prediction) ······	144
47. Railway Profile (Prediction) ······	144
48. Copernicus (Prediction) ······	144
49. Mayor (Prediction) ······	144
50. Computer Science (Prediction) ······	145
51. New Ventures (Prediction) ······	145
52. Science and Technology (Prediction) ······	145
53. Copernicanism (Prediction) ······	145
54. Benefit of Language (Prediction) ······	146
55. Solution of Issue (Prediction) ······	146
56. Sea Level Rise (Prediction) ······	146
57. Sustainable Development (Prediction) ······	146
58. Wal-Mart Shoppers (Prediction) ······	147
59. Dropout (Prediction) ······	147
60. Douglas DC-1 (Prediction) ······	147
61. Common Mistake (Prediction) ······	147

62. London Underground (Prediction) ·····	148
63. Foreign Aid (Prediction) ·····	148
64. Memory Loss (Prediction) ·····	148
65. Mother of Storms (Prediction) ·····	148
66. Green Tea (Prediction) ·····	149
67. Literacy Project (Prediction) ·····	149
68. Language Skills (Prediction) ·····	149
69. Date Line (Prediction) ·····	150
70. Pilot (Prediction) ·····	150
71. SEPAHUA (Prediction) ·····	150
72. Blog entry (Prediction) ·····	150
73. Private–equity (Prediction) ·····	151
74. Game (Prediction) ·····	151
75. Monash Abroad Program (Prediction) ·····	151
76. Tutorial (Prediction) ·····	151
77. Jet Stream (Prediction) ·····	151
78. Mittal (Prediction) ·····	152
79. Indian IT (Prediction) ·····	152
80. Competence and Performance (Prediction) ·····	152
81. George Marshall (Prediction) ·····	153
82. Greener technologies (Prediction) ·····	153
83. Mission (Prediction) ·····	153
84. Earthquake (Prediction) ·····	153
85. Speaking English (Prediction) ·····	154
86. Study abroad (Prediction) ·····	154
87. Exploratory Urge (Prediction) ·····	154
88. Sleep (Prediction) ·····	154
89. Humanities (Prediction) ·····	155
90. A reaction (Prediction) ·····	155
Fill in the Blanks (Reading) ·····	156
1. Weather Predictions (New) ·····	156
2. Wool Market (New) (Prediction) ·····	156
3. Geography (New) ·····	156
4. Study of Leadership (New) (Prediction) ·····	156
5. Scientists' Work (Prediction) ·····	157
6. Computer Science ·····	157
7. Suez Canal (Prediction) ·····	157

8. Secondary School (Prediction)·····	157
9. Debtor (Prediction)·····	157
10. Coffee (Prediction)·····	158
11. Class Participation·····	158
12. Physical Activity (Prediction)·····	158
13. Lithium (Prediction)·····	158
14. Number and form (Prediction)·····	159
15. Robot Definition (Prediction)·····	159
16. Australian Dwellings (Prediction)·····	159
17. Radioactivity (B) (Prediction)·····	159
18. Shakespeare's Work (Prediction)·····	160
19. Changing English (Prediction)·····	160
20. Pupil Charity (Prediction)·····	160
21. Air Moving (Prediction)·····	160
22. Investment (Prediction)·····	160
23. Absenteeism (Prediction)·····	161
24. Global Ecosystems (Prediction)·····	161
25. Moth (Prediction)·····	161
26. Housing Agency (Prediction)·····	161
27. Revision (Prediction)·····	161
28. Japan and China (Prediction)·····	162
29. Breton Language (Prediction)·····	162
30. Mathematics and Statistics (Prediction)·····	162
31. Coral Reefs (Prediction)·····	162
32. Standard Response (Prediction)·····	163
33. Internet Growth (Prediction)·····	163
34. Enigma (Prediction)·····	163
35. Walt Disney World (Prediction)·····	163
36. Wrinkle Cure (Prediction)·····	163
37. Concrete Jungle (Prediction)·····	164
38. Economic Depression (Prediction)·····	164
39. Civilization (Prediction)·····	164
40. Two Norths (Prediction)·····	165
41. Dog Emotion (Prediction)·····	165
42. Welfare Morality (Prediction)·····	165
43. Shipwrecks (Prediction)·····	165
44. Economists and Ecologists (Prediction)·····	165

45. American People (Prediction)	166
46. Daniel Harris (Prediction)	166
47. Low Fertility (Prediction)	166
48. Iceland (Prediction)	166
49. Mini Helicopter (Prediction)	167
50. Canada Gallery (Prediction)	167
51. Transport Problem (Prediction)	167
52. Leading Scientists (Prediction)	168
53. Pewter (Prediction)	168
54. McLuhan (Prediction)	168
55. Music (Prediction)	168
56. Pullman (Prediction)	168
57. Octopus (Prediction)	169
58. Roman People (Prediction)	169
59. Psychoanalytic and Behaviorist (Prediction)	169
60. Sharkbite (Prediction)	169
61. Most Respected Companies (Prediction)	170
62. Anthropologists (Prediction)	170
63. Gun Violence (Prediction)	170
64. Plates (Prediction)	170
65. Psychology (Prediction)	171
66. Plagiarism (Prediction)	171
67. UW Course Description (Prediction)	171
68. Civil Society and the Market (Prediction)	171
69. People's Savings (Prediction)	172
70. Agrarian Parties (Prediction)	172
71. Radioactivity (Prediction)	172
72. People Need Exercise (Prediction)	172
73. Children Skip School (Prediction)	173
74. Colorful Poison Frogs (Prediction)	173
75. Steven Pinker (Prediction)	173
76. Science Warn Global Warming (Prediction)	173
77. Exams Looming (Prediction)	174
78. Environmentalists (Prediction)	174
79. Symbiosis (Prediction)	174
80. The sun and the moon (Prediction)	174
81. Surface Water (Prediction)	175

82. Truancy (Prediction) .....	175
83. Just-in-time (Prediction) .....	175
84. Study space (Prediction) .....	175
85. Shark's Personalities (Prediction) .....	176
86. Omniscience (Prediction) .....	176
87. Sustainable Job Growth (Prediction) .....	176
88. Kids Distinguish Commercial Ads (Prediction) .....	176
89. Child-Centric Mother (Prediction) .....	177
90. Rampant Corruption (Prediction) .....	177
91. Kashmiri (Prediction) .....	177
92. Reality (Camus' text) (Prediction) .....	178
93. Wind (Prediction) .....	178
94. Sportswomen (Prediction) .....	178
95. University Science (Prediction) .....	178
96. Plainness (Prediction) .....	179
97. Reasoning Essence (Prediction) .....	179
98. Chaucer's Tales (Prediction) .....	179
99. Teenage Daughter (Prediction) .....	179
100. Volcanoes (Prediction) .....	180
101. Allure of book (Prediction) .....	180
102. Microorganism (Prediction) .....	180
Fill in the Blanks (Reading & Writing) .....	181
1. Musical Experiences (Prediction) .....	181
2. Trinity Sport and Fitness (Prediction) .....	181
3. Mini Helicopter (Prediction) .....	181
4. Underground Houses (Prediction) .....	182
5. Brains or Brawn (Prediction) .....	182
6. Giant Turtle (Prediction) .....	183
7. Papal Reform (Prediction) .....	183
8. Good Looks in Votes (Prediction) .....	183
9. The Speech of Alchemy (Prediction) .....	184
10. Origin of Music (Prediction) .....	184
11. Standard Language (Prediction) .....	184
12. Charles Darwin (Prediction) .....	185
13. Conservancy (Prediction) .....	185
14. Fresh Water (Prediction) .....	185
15. Amazon Basin (Prediction) .....	186

16. Guilt and Responsibility (Prediction) ······	186
17. Transportation System (Prediction) ······	187
18. EE&AVG (Prediction) ······	187
19. APS (Prediction) ······	187
20. Bad Title (Prediction) ······	188
21. Computer (Prediction) ······	188
22. High-protein Diet (Prediction) ······	189
23. Population Change (Prediction) ······	189
24. Bones (Prediction) ······	189
25. Interdisciplinary Centre (Prediction) ······	190
26. Spotted Owls (Prediction) ······	191
27. Progressive Enhancement (Prediction) ······	191
28. English in Change (Prediction) ······	191
29. Rocket (Prediction) ······	192
30. History Books (Prediction) ······	192
31. Online Campus (Prediction) ······	193
32. United Nations (Prediction) ······	193
33. Sleep Patterns (Prediction) ······	193
34. Politics Disciplines (Prediction) ······	194
35. Australian Women Novelists (Prediction) ······	194
36. Bizarre Universe (Prediction) ······	195
37. Siblings (Prediction) ······	195
38. Joseph Engelberger (Prediction) ······	195
39. Business (Prediction) ······	196
40. Investment Choice (Prediction) ······	196
41. Delegation (Prediction) ······	197
42. Crime (Prediction) ······	197
43. Writing Style (Prediction) ······	197
44. Distance Learning (Prediction) ······	198
45. Language (Prediction) ······	198
46. English Language (Prediction) ······	199
47. Parasitic Plants (Prediction) (Incomplete) ······	199
48. Film (Prediction) ······	199
49. Foreign Policy (Prediction) ······	199
50. Allergies (Prediction) ······	200
51. Oxford Course (Prediction) ······	200
52. Museum (Prediction) ······	201



53. Dictatorship (Prediction)	201
54. Ironbridge Gorge (Prediction)	202
55. Lumière Brothers (Prediction)	202
56. DNA (Prediction)	203
57. Language Deficit (Prediction)	203
58. Chemistry (Prediction)	203
59. Nutrition Scientists (Prediction)	204
60. Granular Material (Prediction)	204
61. Questionnaire (Prediction)	204
62. Romans (Prediction)	205
63. Cardona Salt Mountain (Prediction)	205
64. Global Leadership (Prediction)	206
65. Emperor Penguin (Prediction)	206
66. Opportunity Cost (Prediction)	206
67. Tutankhamun (Prediction)	207
68. Seatbelt (Prediction)	207
69. Private Schools (Prediction)	208
70. Hairstyles (Prediction)	208
71. Questions (Prediction)	209
72. Water Security (Prediction)	209
73. Jury (Prediction)	209
74. Herbal (Prediction)	210
75. Fluid Behavior (Prediction)	210
76. Canadian Arctic (Prediction)	211
77. Business Schools (Prediction)	211
78. Painting Movement (Prediction)	211
79. Farms (Prediction)	212
80. Complementary Therapies (Prediction)	212
81. Dog (Prediction)	213
82. Wine and Ale (Prediction)	213
83. Australia Higher Education Funding (Prediction)	214
84. Hard Work (Prediction)	214
85. Sales Activities (Prediction)	214
86. Settlement (Prediction)	215
87. Good Schools (Prediction)	215
88. Teen Writing (Prediction)	216
89. Vedio Conference (Prediction)	216

90. Egg-eating Snakes (Prediction) .....	216
91. Carski Award (Prediction) .....	217
92. Peter Garrett (Prediction) .....	217
93. Job Hunting (Prediction) .....	218
94. UN (Prediction) .....	218
95. Definition of Country (Prediction) .....	218
96. Jean Piaget (Prediction) .....	219
97. Kimbell (Prediction) .....	219
98. Burger King (Prediction) .....	220
99. Edible Insects (Prediction) .....	220
100. Ocean Floor (Prediction) .....	221
101. Indian Onion (Prediction) .....	221
102. Poverty (Prediction) .....	222
103. Impressionist (Prediction) .....	222
104. Edison (Prediction) .....	223
105. Push and Pull (Prediction) .....	223
106. Intelligence Comparison (Prediction) .....	223
107. Climate (Prediction) .....	224
108. Cloth-making (Prediction) .....	224
109. Honorary Degree (Prediction) .....	224
<b>D. Listening .....</b>	<b>226</b>
Summarize Spoken Text .....	226
1. Intuition (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	226
2. History of English (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	226
3. Genetic Impact (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	226
4. Sign Language (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	226
5. HTML (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	227
6. Housing Price in Australia (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	227
7. Misuse of Drugs (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	227
8. Decline of Bees (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	228
9. Change of Body Fat (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	228
10. Memory (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	229
11. Einstein (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	229
12. Stanford Management (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	230
13. Agriculture and Urbanization (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	230
14. Human Memory (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	231
15. Poverty in China (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	231

16. Curator (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	231
17. Ugly Building (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	232
18. Definition of Risk (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	232
19. Government Tricks (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	233
20. Pandemic (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	233
21. Big Bang (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	233
22. Mars and Earth (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	234
23. Earthquake and Fault (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	234
24. Talent War (B) (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	235
25. Indian Peasant Debt (2) (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	235
26. Vitamin D (2) (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	236
27. University Competition (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	236
28. Market Economy (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	237
29. Citizenship Development (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	237
30. Environmental Law (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	238
31. Economic Globalization (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	238
32. Mr. Green (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	239
33. DNA&RNA (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	239
34. Laughter (Prediction) (Audio Available) .....	240
35. Sound Receptor (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	240
36. Secret Bee Life (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	241
37. Drug Advertisement (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	241
Multiple Choice (Multiple).....	243
1. Singapore (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
2. Pregnant Women (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
3. Theory and Practice (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
4. Group (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
5. Einstein (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
6. Democracy (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	243
7. Timetable (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
8. Penguin (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
9. Aviation Technology (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
10. Made in China (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
11. Sharks (Prediction) (Incomplete) .....	244
12. Lizard (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
13. Course Counseling (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244
14. Mozzie (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	244

15. Translating Software (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	245
16. Surgery (Prediction) (Audio Available) (Incomplete).....	245
17. British Library (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	245
Multiple Choice (Single).....	246
1. Complaint (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	246
2. Media (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	246
3. Graduation (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	246
4. Major in Engineering (Prediction) (Audio Available) (Incomplete).....	246
5. Dialogue (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	247
Highlight Correct Summary.....	248
1. Airline Cost (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	248
2. Global Climate (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	248
3. Extrovert or Introvert (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	248
Select Missing Word.....	249
1. Impacts of Globalization (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	249
2. Packaging (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	249
Fill in the Blanks.....	250
1. Interest Rates (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	250
2. Nanotechnology (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	250
3. Virus (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	250
4. Financial Markets (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	250
5. Oceanographer (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	251
6. Beautiful Building (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	251
7. CPG (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	251
8. Rammer (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	251
9. Planting Bananas (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	251
10. Laurence Stephen Lowry (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	251
11. Water Crisis (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	252
12. Shakespeare (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	252
13. Online Dating (Prediction) (Audio Available).....	252
Highlight Incorrect Words.....	253
1. Article (Prediction) (Incomplete).....	253
Write From Dictation.....	254

# A. Speaking

## Read Aloud

Repeat Rate: 55%

**Exam Strategy:** This issue of prediction consists of old questions. **Exam Strategy:** Speaking skill > Practice weekly prediction > Scan through all Exam Qs

### 1. Executive Order (Prediction)

But on May 3, a couple of weeks later, Lincoln issued an executive order calling for 43,000 three-year volunteers for the army, and also increasing the size of the regular army and navy by 40,000 men.

Both of these actions were in apparent violation of the constitution.

(APEUni Website / App RA #266)

### 2. Scientific Evidence (Prediction)

The latest scientific evidence on the nature and strength of the links between diet and chronic diseases is examined and discussed in detail in the following sections of this report. This section gives an overall view of the current situation and trends in chronic diseases at the global level.

(APEUni Website / App RA #349)

### 3. Economic Well-being

The current measure has remained virtually unchanged over the past 30 years. Yet during that time, there have been marked changes in the nation's economy and society and in public policies that have affected families' economic well-being, which is not reflected in the measure.

(APEUni Website / App RA #348)

### 4. Case Approach (Prediction)

It was found that while many companies express interest in Jacobson's use case approach, actual scenario usage often falls outside what is described in textbooks and standard methodologies. Users therefore face significant scenario management problems not yet addressed adequately in theory or practice, and are demanding solutions to these problems.

(APEUni Website / App RA #347)

### 5. Australian Mining Industry

Australia has one of the world's most important mining industries. It is a major exporter of coal, iron ore, gold and copper and is self-sufficient in all minerals bar petroleum. Since the first discoveries, the coal in 1798, mineral production has risen every year in the decade to 1992 it doubled.

(APEUni Website / App RA #346)

### 6. Succulent Plants (Prediction)

Most succulent plants are found in regions where there is little rainfall, dry air, plenty of sunshine, porous soils and high temperatures during part of the year. These conditions have caused changes in plant structures, which have resulted in greatly increased thickness of stems, leaves and sometimes roots, enabling them to store moisture from the infrequent rains.

(APEUni Website / App RA #345)

### 7. Shoestring Budget

All the works of art shown in this exhibition were purchased on a shoestring budget. The criteria that

the curators had to follow were that works must be acquired cheaply, appeal to a broad range of tastes, and fit with unusual environments. Thus, many of our better known modern artists are not represented.

(APEUni Website / App RA #341)

### 8. Atlantic Coast (Prediction)

The Atlantic coast of the peninsula can be thought of as the cold side, and the sea on this coast tends to be clear and cold, with a variety of seaweeds growing along the rocky shoreline. On a hot day, however, this cold water can be very refreshing and is said to be less hospitable to sharks, which prefer warmer waters.

(APEUni Website / App RA #340)

### 9. Second World War (Prediction)

For the first two or three years after the Second World War, a new title would often sell out within a few months of publication. However, unless public demand for the book was unusually high, they were rarely able to reprint it. With paper stocks strictly rationed, they could not afford to use up precious paper or tie up their limited capital with a reprint.

(APEUni Website / App RA #339)

### 10. Bergson's Theory (Prediction)

The starting point of Bergson's theory is the experience of time and motion. Time is the reality we experience most directly, but this doesn't mean that we can capture this experience mentally. The past is gone and the future is yet to come. The only reality is the present, which is real through our experience.

(APEUni Website / App RA #337)

### 11. Foam-filled Furniture

Foam-filled furniture is very dangerous if it catches fire, and foam quickly produces a high temperature, thick smoke and poisonous gases – including carbon monoxide. Therefore, set levels of fire resistance have been established for new and second-hand upholstered furniture and other similar products.

(APEUni Website / App RA #336)

### 12. Constellation (Prediction)

A constellation is an area on the celestial sphere in which a group of stars forms an imaginary outline or pattern, typically representing an animal, mythological person or creature, or an inanimate object. The origins of the earliest constellations likely go back to prehistory.

(APEUni Website / App RA #331)

### 13. Financial Crisis (Prediction)

New research shows that during the global financial crisis, workers who stayed in jobs did not reduce their working hours, despite the claims that cuts in hours have led to job losses. A study found that the life of people who stayed with the same employer remained relatively unchanged.

(APEUni Website / App RA #330)

### 14. Microbes (Prediction)

Investigators also compared those microbes with those living in 52 other soil samples taken from all around the planet. The park had organisms that also exist in deserts, frozen tundra, forests,

rainforests, and prairies. Antarctica was the only area that had microbes that did not overlap with those found in Central Park. Only a small percentage of the park's microbes were found to be already listed in databases.

(APEUni Website / App RA #328)

### 15. Father (B) (Prediction)

Every morning, no matter how late he had been up, my father rose at 5:30, went to his study, wrote for a couple of hours, made us all breakfast, read the paper with my mother, and then went back to work for the rest of the morning. Many years passed before I realized that he did this by choice, for a living, and that he was not unemployed or mentally ill.

(APEUni Website / App RA #326)

### 16. Information Technology (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The emergence of information technology has created new products, processes and distribution systems. New products include the computer, the Internet and digital TV; new processes include Internet banking, automated inventory control and automated teller machines; and new distribution systems include cable and satellite TV.

(APEUni Website / App RA #325)

### 17. Heterogeneous Student (Prediction) (Shadowing)

To work effectively with the heterogeneous student populations found in our schools, educators have the responsibility of acknowledging the cultural backgrounds of their students and the cultural setting in which the school is located in order to develop effective instructional strategies.

(APEUni Website / App RA #324)

### 18. Informative Speech (Prediction)

The purpose of the informative speech is to provide interesting, useful, and unique information to your audience. By dedicating yourself to the goals of providing information and appealing to your audience, you can take a positive step toward succeeding in your efforts as an informative speaker.

(APEUni Website / App RA #323)

### 19. Rural Population (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Thus, a country might possess a sizeable rural population, but have an economic system in which the interests of the voters were predominantly related to their incomes, not to their occupations or location; and in such a country the political system would be unlikely to include an important agrarian party.

(APEUni Website / App RA #117)

### 20. Becoming Carbon-neutral (Prediction) (Shadowing)

You used to think that being green was a luxury for your company, but climate change has made you realize that you can no longer ignore it. The buzz is about becoming carbon-neutral, but where do you start? Consider your drivers. Do you want to become carbon-neutral for marketing reasons, for financial reasons or to help save the planet?

(APEUni Website / App RA #320)

### 21. Yield of Plants (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The maximum yield of plants, determined by their genetic potential, is seldom achieved because factors such as insufficient water or nutrients, adverse climate conditions, plant diseases, and insect

damage will limit growth at some stage. Plants subjected to these biotic and abiotic constraints are said to be stressed.

(APEUni Website / App RA #319)

## 22. Colloquialism (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Australian speak English of course. But for many tourists and even some locals, Australian English has only tenuous links with mother tongue. Our speech is prepared with words and phrases whose arcane meanings are understood only by the initiate. It is these colorful colloquialisms that Australian slang set to truly explain.

(APEUni Website / App RA #317)

## 23. Girls v.s. Boys (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Teenage girls are continuing to outperform boys in English while the gender gap in achievements in math and science has almost disappeared. The figures show that last year 80% of 14 year old girls reached at least the expected level 5 in English, compared with 65% of boys. But in math, the girls are just 1% ahead of boys, while in science the difference is 2%.

(APEUni Website / App RA #250)

## 24. Man-made Light (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Have you ever pictured a world without light? Just think how much we rely on man-made light sources in our lives. Without engineers, we wouldn't be able to live the way we do. No street lights, no TV, no computer display, no house lights. Engineers design and build all these things, and they also design, build and run the electricity systems that power all these light sources.

(APEUni Website / App RA #169)

## 25. Learning Method (Prediction) (Shadowing)

There is no single method of learning that guarantees success. How we learn that depends on many different factors. And what works best for you will not necessarily be the same as the approach used for the other students even they study the same course. We are all unique as learners, although some patterns emerge from any groups of students.

(APEUni Website / App RA #110)

## 26. Values of Literature (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Certainly one of the important values of literature is that it nourishes our emotional lives. An effective literary work may seem to speak directly to us especially if we are ripe for it. The inner life that good writers reveal in their characters often gives us glimpses of some portion of ourselves. We can be moved to laugh, cry, tremble, dream, ponder, shriek, or rage with a character by simply turning the page instead of turning our lives upside down.

(APEUni Website / App RA #106)

## 27. Only Family (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Imagine living all your life as the only family on your street. Then, one morning, you open the front door and discover houses all around you. You see neighbors tending their gardens and children walking to school. Where did all the people come from? What if the answer turned out to be that they had always been there — you just hadn't seen them?

(APEUni Website / App RA #316)

## 28. Internal Combustion Engine (Prediction) (Shadowing)



Internal combustion engine enables the driver to decide which source of power is appropriate for the travel requirements of a given journey. Major US auto manufacturers are now developing feasible hybrid electric vehicles, and some are exploring fuel-cell technology for their electric cars.

(APEUni Website / App RA #289)

### 29. Online Shopping (Prediction) (Shadowing)

A unique characteristic of online shopping environments is that they allow vendors to create retail interfaces with highly interactive features. One desirable form of interactivity from a consumer perspective is the implementation of sophisticated tools to assist shoppers in their purchase decisions by customizing the electronic shopping environment to their individual preferences.

(APEUni Website / App RA #105)

### 30. MBA (Prediction)

Exhilarating, exhausting and intense. There are just some of the words used to describe doing an MBA. Everyone's experience of doing MBA is, of course, different through denying that it's hard and a demanding work whichever course you do. MBA is one of the fastest growing areas of studying in the UK so that must be a sustainable benefit against form in one pain.

(APEUni Website / App RA #318)

### 31. Educational Demand (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Public demand for education has remained strong, reflecting the importance of education as a means of social progress. Aware of the social value of education to the world of the work, the government continues to innovate and update the education system in order to produce a qualified and competent work force.

(APEUni Website / App RA #279)

### 32. Abstract Preparation (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The preparation of abstracts is an intellectual effort, requiring general familiarity with the subject. To bring out the salient points of an author's argument calls for skills and experience. Consequently, a considerable amount of qualified manpower that could be used to advantage in other ways must be diverted to the task of facilitating access to information.

(APEUni Website / App RA #98)

### 33. Tea Ceremony (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The Japanese tea ceremony is a ritual tour influenced by Buddhism in which green tea is prepared and served to a small group of guests in a peaceful setting. The ceremony can take as long as four hours and there are many traditional gestures that both the server and the guest must perform.

(APEUni Website / App RA #314)

### 34. Recycling (Prediction) (Shadowing)

When we recycle, used materials are converted into new products, reducing the need to consume natural resources. If used materials are not recycled, new products are made by extracting fresh, raw material from the Earth, through mining and forestry. Recycling helps conserve important raw materials and protects natural habitats for the future.

(APEUni Website / App RA #313)

### 35. Companies (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Companies will want to be known not just for the financial results they generate, but equally for the

imprint they leave on society as a whole. First, ensuring that their products contribute positively. Second, operating in a way that approaches a "net-neutral" impact to the natural environment. And third, cherishing their people.

(APEUni Website / App RA #312)

### 36. Examination (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The department determines whether or not the candidate has passed the examination. In cases where an appearance for the final public oral examination would constitute a substantial financial hardship for the candidate, the director of graduate studies may recommend to the dean of the Graduate School that the examination be waived.

(APEUni Website / App RA #311)

### 37. Measurable Benefit (Prediction)

Perhaps the most measurable benefit of the program has been the opportunity to me in small groups, something that is difficult to arrange such a desperate organization. Many officers would have to work together for thirty years but would not know other's strengths and weaknesses.

(APEUni Website / App RA #310)

### 38. Domestic Division (Prediction)

Traditional divisions of domestic work are understood to persist because of the strong association of the home with femininity and paid work with masculinity – to challenge who does what in the home is arguably tantamount to challenge what it is to be a woman or a man.

(APEUni Website / App RA #309)

### 39. Nutritionally Bankrupt (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Globalization has affected what we eat in ways we are only beginning to understand. Modern food production no longer relates to our biological needs but is in direct conflict with them. The relationship between diet and our fertility, our risk of cancer, heart disease and mental illness is becoming clearer. Yet much of our food is nutritionally bankrupt.

(APEUni Website / App RA #308)

### 40. Actor Training (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Training to become an actor is an intensive process which requires curiosity, courage and commitment. You'll learn how to prepare for rehearsal, how to rehearse and how to use independent and proactive processes to achieve your best work possible for stage and screen.

(APEUni Website / App RA #307)

### 41. Orientalists (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Orientalists, like many other nineteenth-century thinkers, conceive of humanity either in large collective terms or in abstract generalities. Orientalists are neither interested in nor capable of discussing individuals; instead, artificial entities predominate. Similarly, the age-old distinction between "Europe" and "Asia" or "Occident" and "Orient" herds beneath very wide labels of every possible variety of human plurality, reducing it in the process to one or two terminal collective realities.

(APEUni Website / App RA #305)

### 42. Business School Admission (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Business school admissions officers said the new drive to attract younger students was in part the result of a realization that they had inadvertently limited their applicant pool by requiring several years'

work experience. Talented students who might otherwise have gone to business school instead opted for a law or policy degree because they were intimidated by the expectation of work experience. (APEUni Website / App RA #303)

#### 43. Elephant (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The elephant is the largest living land mammal. During evolution, its skeleton has greatly altered from the usual mammal, designed for two main reasons. One is to cope with the great weight of huge grinding cheek teeth and elongated tusk, making the skull particularly massive. The other is to support the enormous bulk of such a huge body.

(APEUni Website / App RA #302)

#### 44. Shrimp Farm (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Shrimp farmers used to hold animals in nursery ponds for 30 to 60 days; now they try to move them into grow-out ponds in less than 30 days. This reduces stress on the animals and dramatically increases survivals in the grow-out ponds. Many farms that abandoned nursery ponds have gone back to them, and the results have been surprisingly positive. They're using the old, uncovered, earthen, nursery ponds.

(APEUni Website / App RA #300)

#### 45. Statistical Information (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The provision of accurate and authoritative statistical information strengthens modern societies. It provides a basis for decisions to be made on such things as where to open schools and hospitals, how much money to spend on welfare payments and even which football players to replace at half-time.

(APEUni Website / App RA #297)

#### 46. Slang (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Australians do speak English. However, for some tourists and travelers, it can be difficult to understand the slang. Also, the links between Australian and American English were seen to be very tenuous. At least some colloquialisms in Australian English do not exist in other types of English.

(APEUni Website / App RA #79)

#### 47. Brain (Prediction)

The brain is divided into its 'hemispheres' by a prominent groove. At the base of this lies nerve fibers which enable these two halves of the brain to communicate with each other. But the left hemisphere usually controls movement and sensation in the right side of the body, while the right hemisphere similarly controls the left side of the body.

(APEUni Website / App RA #77)

#### 48. Grand Canyon 2 (Prediction)

Few things in the world produce such amazement as one's first of glimpse of the Grand Canyon; it took around more than 2 billion years to create this vast wonder – in some places. 17 miles wide, largely through the relentless force of Colorado River, which runs 277 miles along its length, a mile beneath its towering rims.

(APEUni Website / App RA #295)

#### 49. Electric Car (Prediction) (Shadowing)

First-year university students have designed and built a groundbreaking electric car that recharges itself. Fifty students from the University of Sydney's Faculty of Engineering spent five months cobbling

together bits of plywood, foam and fiberglass to build the ManGo concept car. They developed the specifications and hand built the car. It's a pretty radical design: a four-wheel drive with a motor in each wheel.

(APEUni Website / App RA #294)

### 50. Tesla (Prediction)

Tesla's theoretical work formed the basis of modern alternating current electric power systems. Thomas Edison promised him almost one million dollars in today's money to undertake motor and generator improvement. However, when Tesla asked about the money, Edison reportedly replied "Tesla, you don't understand our American humor." The pair became arch-rivals.

(APEUni Website / App RA #293)

### 51. MBA Students (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Along with customary classes on subjects such as finance, accounting, and marketing, today's MBA students are enrolling on courses for environmental policy and stewardship. Indeed, more than half of business schools require a course in environmental sustainability or corporate social responsibility, according to a survey of 91 US business schools, published in October 2005.

(APEUni Website / App RA #115)

### 52. Fast Food (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Hundreds of millions of American people eat fast food every day without giving it too much thought, unaware of the subtle and not so subtle ramifications of their purchases. They just grab their tray off the counter, find a table, take a seat, unwrap the paper, and dig in. The whole experience is transitory and soon forgotten.

(APEUni Website / App RA #288)

### 53. Bookkeeper Fraud (Prediction) (Shadowing)

A national study into fraud by bookkeepers employed at small and medium-sized businesses has uncovered 65 instances of theft in more than five years, with more than \$31 million stolen. Of the cases identified by the research, 56 involved women and nine instances involved men. However, male bookkeepers who defrauded their employer stole three times, on average, the amount that women stole.

(APEUni Website / App RA #183)

### 54. Black Swan (Prediction)

Before European explorers had reached Australia, it was believed that all swans were white. Dutch mariner, Antonie Caen, was the first to be amazed at the sight of Australia's Black swans on the Shark Bay in 1636. Explorer Willem de Vlamingh captured two of these creatures on Australia's Swan River and returned with them to Europe to prove their existence. From that point on, black swans and Australia have been closely linked.

(APEUni Website / App RA #283)

### 55. Semiconductor Industry (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The semiconductor industry has been able to improve the performance of electronic systems for more than four decades by making ever-smaller devices. However, this approach will soon encounter both scientific and technical limits, which is why the industry is exploring a number of alternative device technologies.

(APEUni Website / App RA #281)

### 56. Legal Writing (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Legal writing is usually less discursive than writing in other humanities subjects, and precision is more important than variety. Sentence structure should not be too complex; it is usually unnecessary to make extensive use of adjectives or adverbs, and consistency of terms is often required.

(APEUni Website / App RA #87)

### 57. Russia (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Long isolated from Western Europe, Russia grew up without participating in the development like the Reformation that many Russians taking pride in their unique culture find dubious value. Russia is, as a result, the most unusual member of the European family, if indeed it is European at all. The question is still open to debate, particularly among Russians themselves.

(APEUni Website / App RA #278)

### 58. The UN (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Since its inception, the UN system has been working to ensure adequate food for all through sustainable agriculture. The majority of the world's poorest people live in rural areas of developing countries. They depend on agriculture and related activities for their livelihoods. This makes them particularly vulnerable to man-made and natural influences that reduce agricultural production.

(APEUni Website / App RA #275)

### 59. Language Appearance (Prediction) (Shadowing)

It seems that language appeared from nowhere since no other species has anything resembling human language. However, other animals do possess basic systems for perceiving and producing sounds that enable them to communicate. These systems may have been in place before the appearance of language.

(APEUni Website / App RA #269)

### 60. Marketing Management (Prediction) (Shadowing)

For any marketing course that requires the development of a marketing plan, such as Marketing Management, Marketing Strategy and Segmentation Support Marketing, this is the only planning handbook that guides students through the step-by-step creation of a customized marketing plan while offering commercial software to aid in the process.

(APEUni Website / App RA #268)

### 61. Electronic Discourse (Prediction)

Electronic discourse is one form of interactive electronic communication. In this study, we reserve the term for the two-directional texts in which one person using a keyboard writes language that appears on the sender's monitor and is transmitted to the monitor of a recipient, who responds by keyboard.

(APEUni Website / App RA #267)

### 62. Magnetar (Prediction)

The best comparison is likely a magnetar, a young neutron star with a powerful magnetic field, the researchers said. Magnetars also produce bright X-ray flares. While magnetars are thought to be young stars, the two flaring objects in this study reside near elliptical galaxies, which contain older stars. So the objects are likely too old to be magnetars, the researchers said.

(APEUni Website / App RA #262)

### 63. Blue (B) (Prediction)

Blue is the most popular color. Food researchers disagree when humans searched for food, they learned to avoid toxic or spoiled objects, which were often blue, black, or purple. When food dyed blue is served to study subjects, they lose appetite.

(APEUni Website / App RA #259)

#### 64. December Sales (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Weakness in electronics, auto and gas station sales dragged down overall retail sales last month, but excluding those three categories, retailers enjoyed healthy increases across the board, according to government figures released Wednesday. Moreover, December sales numbers were also revised higher.

(APEUni Website / App RA #255)

#### 65. Private equity (Prediction) (Shadowing)

It isn't rare for private equity houses to hire grads fresh out of business school, he said, but 9 times out of 10, the students who nab these jobs are the ones who had private equity experience under their belt before even starting their MBA program.

(APEUni Website / App RA #253)

#### 66. Carbon Dioxide Emission (Prediction) (Shadowing)

When countries assess their annual carbon dioxide emissions, they count up their cars and power stations, but bush fires are not included presumably because they are deemed to be events beyond human control. In Australia, Victoria alone sees several hundred thousand hectares burn each year; in both 2004 and the present summer, the figure has been over 1 million hectares.

(APEUni Website / App RA #231)

#### 67. Tulip (Prediction) (Shadowing)

How do we imagine the unimaginable if we're asked to think of an object – say, a yellow tulip – a picture immediately forms in our mind's eye. But what if we try to imagine a concept such as the square root of a negative number?

(APEUni Website / App RA #204)

#### 68. Vanilla (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The uniquely scented flavor of vanilla is second only to chocolate in popularity on the world's palate. It's also the second most expensive spice after saffron. But highly labor intensive cultivation methods and the plant's temperamental life cycle and propagation mean production on a global scale is struggling to keep up with the increasing demand for the product.

(APEUni Website / App RA #152)

#### 69. Linguistic Diversity (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The diversity of human language may be compared to the diversity of the natural world. Just as the demise of plant species reduces genetic diversity, and deprives humanity of potential medical and biological resources. So extinction of language takes with it a wealth of culture, art and knowledge.

(APEUni Website / App RA #148)

#### 70. Studying Topics (Prediction)

In classes, your teachers will talk about topics that you are studying. The information that they provide will be important to know when you take tests. You must be able to take good written notes from what your teachers say.

(APEUni Website / App RA #147)

### 71. Population Growth (Prediction) (Shadowing)

How quickly is the world's population growing? In the United States and other developed countries, the current growth rate is very low. In most developing countries, the human population is growing at a rate of nearly 3 people per second. Because of this bustling growth rate, the human population is well on its way to reaching 9 billion within lifetime.

(APEUni Website / App RA #145)

### 72. Written Examinations (Prediction)

Written examinations are a fact of life for most high school and university students. However, recent studies have shown that this traditional form of assessment may not be an accurate indicator of academic performance. Tests have shown that many students experience anxiety during exam weeks, which leads to poorer results. As a result, some learning institutions are replacing exams with alternative assessments such as group work and oral presentations.

(APEUni Website / App RA #138)

### 73. Pluto (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Pluto lost its official status as a planet yesterday, when the International Astronomical Union downsized the solar system from nine to eight planets. Although there had been a passionate debate at the IAU General Assembly Meeting in Prague about the definition of a planet, and whether Pluto met the specifications, the audience greeted the decision to exclude it with applause.

(APEUni Website / App RA #137)

### 74. Augustus (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Augustus was given the powers of an absolute monarch, but he presented himself as the preserver of republican traditions. He treated the Senate, or state council, with great respect, and was made Consul year after year. He successfully reduced the political power of the army by retiring many soldiers, but giving them land or money to keep their loyalty.

(APEUni Website / App RA #133)

### 75. Blue (Prediction) (Shadowing)

While blue is one of the most popular colors, it is one of the least appetizing. Blue food is rare in nature. Food researchers say that when humans searched for food, they learned to avoid toxic or spoiled objects, which were often blue, black, or purple. When food dyed blue is served to study subjects, they lose appetite.

(APEUni Website / App RA #131)

### 76. Botanic Gardens

Botanic gardens are scientific and cultural institutions established to collect, study, exchange and display plants for research and for the education and enjoyment of the public. There are major botanic gardens in each capital city. Zoological parks and aquariums are primarily engaged in the breeding, preservation and display of native and exotic fauna in captivity.

(APEUni Website / App RA #125)

### 77. Foreign Plant (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Although it hails from a remote region of the western Himalayas, this plant now looks entirely at home on the banks of English rivers. Brought to the UK in 1839, it quickly escaped from Victorian gardens

and colonized river banks and damp woodlands. Now it is spreading across Europe, New Zealand, Canada and the US.

(APEUni Website / App RA #114)

### 78. Fiscal Year (Prediction) (Shadowing)

At the beginning of each fiscal year, funds are allocated to each State account in accordance with the University's financial plan. Funds are allocated to each account by objects of expenditure. Account managers are responsible for ensuring that adequate funds are available in the appropriate object before initiating transactions to use the funds.

(APEUni Website / App RA #112)

### 79. Global Management (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The one-year programme of the master in global management is designed only for those who have the graduate degree in the thesis. It increases the temporary skill of new managers in an international capacity, something that recruiters are looking for more and more.

(APEUni Website / App RA #111)

### 80. Botswana (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Although Botswana's economic outlook remains strong, the devastation that AIDS has caused threatens to destroy the country's future. In 2001, Botswana had the highest rate of HIV infection in the world. With the help of international donors it launched an ambitious national campaign that provided free antiviral drugs to anyone who needed them, and by March 2004, Botswana's infection rate had dropped significantly.

(APEUni Website / App RA #107)

### 81. Human Predilection

Networking is easy and fun because it taps into this human predilection to talk about ourselves when asked. Consider successful networking as little more than the process of guiding a person to tell you about his life, what he's doing, the company that employs him, and his current industry.

(APEUni Website / App RA #61)

### 82. Introvert and Extrovert (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Introverts (or those of us with introverted tendencies) tend to recharge by spending time alone. They lose energy from being around people for long periods of time, particularly large crowds. Extroverts, on the other hand, gain energy from other people. Extroverts actually find their energy is sapped when they spend too much time alone. They recharge by being social.

(APEUni Website / App RA #29)

### 83. Hemisphere (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The brain is divided into two hemispheres, called the left and right hemispheres. Each hemisphere provides a different set of functions, behaviors, and controls. The right hemisphere is often called the creative side of the brain, while the left hemisphere is the logical or analytic side of the brain.

(APEUni Website / App RA #28)

### 84. Administration Option (Prediction)

Another administration option is to bake marijuana at a relatively low temperature to kill any dangerous microorganisms and then allow that patient to eat it or drink it. Both of these methods of administration make smoking the drug unnecessary. However, criticism of medical marijuana has also



been raised because as a natural plant, it cannot be patented and marketed by pharmaceutical companies and is unlikely to win widespread medical acceptance.

(APEUni Website / App RA #19)

### 85. Grand Canyon (Prediction) (Shadowing)

The Grand Canyon is 277 miles long, up to 18 miles wide and attains a depth of over a mile. While the specific geologic processes and timing that formed the Grand Canyon are the subject of debate by geologists, recent evidence suggests the Colorado River established its course through the canyon at least 17 million years ago.

(APEUni Website / App RA #7)

### 86. Akimbo (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Akimbo, this must be one of the odder-looking words in the language and puzzles us in part because it doesn't seem to have any relatives. What's more, it is now virtually a fossil word, until recently almost invariably found in arms akimbo, a posture in which a person stands with hands on hips and elbows sharply bent outward, one signaling impatience, hostility, or contempt.

(APEUni Website / App RA #5)

### 87. Yellow (Prediction)

Yellow is considered as the most optimistic color. Yet surprisingly, people lose their tempers more often in yellow rooms and babies cry more in them. The reason may be that yellow is the hardest color for eyes to take in. So it can be overpowering if overused.

(APEUni Website / App RA #4)

### 88. Tesla & Edison (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Tesla actually worked for Edison early in his career. Edison offered to pay him the modern equivalent of a million dollars to fix the problems he was having with his DC generators and motors. Tesla fixed Edison's machines and when he asked for the money he was promised, Edison laughed him off and had this to say, "Tesla, you don't understand our American humor."

(APEUni Website / App RA #3)

### 89. Shakespeare (Prediction) (Shadowing)

A young man from a small provincial town -- a man without independent wealth, without powerful family connections and without a university education -- moved to London in the late 1580's and, in a remarkably short time, became the greatest playwright not of his age alone but of all time. How was this achievement of magnitude made? How did Shakespeare become Shakespeare ?

(APEUni Website / App RA #2)

### 90. Lincoln (Prediction) (Shadowing)

Lincoln's apparently radical change of mind about his war power to emancipate slaves was caused by the escalating scope of war, which convinced him that any measure to weaken the Confederacy and strengthen the Union war effort was justifiable as a military necessity.

(APEUni Website / App RA #1)

## Repeat Sentence

Repeat Rate: 41%

**Exam Strategy:** A few new RS questions have been reported, and get yourself prepared. **Exam Strategy:** Fluency skill > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

**Audio Available:** There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

1. Being a vegan means not consuming any animal product. #974 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
2. The university supplies a number of scholarships for those who have specific goals. #919 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
3. The health center is situated at the corner of the university behind the library. #569 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
4. The cafeteria closes soon but the snack machine is accessible throughout the night. #826 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
5. The puppets do comedy routines and there is some terrific formation dancing. #225 (Audio Available)
6. We're constantly looking for ways to bring industry and agriculture closer together. #970 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
7. The technician left the new microscope in the biology lab. #969 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
8. Only those who are over 18 years of age are eligible to open a bank account in our bank. #243 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
9. Ideally, free trade is beneficial to both two partners. #968 (Audio Available)
10. All applications of internship are available in the office. #967 (Audio Available)
11. Robert Frost lived in rural areas in New England. #965 (Audio Available)
12. This is how we deliver health care to millions of people over the world. #964 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
13. In English, the first letters of the months of the year are always capitalized. #931 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
14. A thorough bibliography is needed at the end of every assignment. #961 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
15. Contemporary commentators dismiss his idea as eccentric. #960 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
16. Your tutor is there for help, so do ask if you don't understand anything. #955 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
17. You should go to the reception to get your student card. #954 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
18. You must ensure you do not include too much irrelevant information. #953 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
19. You come with me, and the others just stay here. #952 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
20. You can pay by cash or using a credit card. #951 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
21. You can only choose one subject from biology and chemistry. #950 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
22. You are required to submit the assignment before Friday. #949 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
23. We are required to submit the assignment before Friday. #948 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
24. They have enough works to keep them going. #947 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
25. The United States has developed a coffee culture in recent years. #945 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
26. The lecture theatre one is located on the ground floor of the Pack Building. #944 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
27. The bookstore is located on the main campus behind the library. #943 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

28. Much of the evidence used has only recently become available. #942 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

29. Most printers in the library are out of ink. #941 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

30. It is clear that there is little accurate documentation in support of this claim. #940 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

31. Is hypothesis on black hole rendered moot as the explanation of astrophysics? #939 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

32. In this library, the reserve collection of books can be borrowed for up to three hours. #938

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

33. I used to have milk and sugar for my coffee. #937 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

34. I can give you a hand if you need help. #936 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

35. Essays with few or no citations will raise the concern of the lecturers. #887 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

36. Children are not allowed to be in the lab at any time. #935 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

37. Our capacity to respond national needs will determine our ability to flourish. #933 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

38. Most of the lectures begin promptly, so do not be late. #932 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

39. In my free time, I would like to read current affairs and newspapers. #930 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

40. Negative discourse continues to be predominant in discussions about gender. #929 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

41. The trip for the professional training will start soon, so pack the items before we leave. #927

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

42. Lots of students had money and passports stolen especially at night. #924 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

43. The number of bankruptcy skyrocketed in the third quarter. #918 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

44. Anonymous behaviors can be identified without intervention. #917 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

45. His objection to include scientific evidence has brought a lot of criticisms to him. #916

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

46. Newspapers across the world reported stories of presidents. #915 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

47. The timetable for the new term will be available next week. #914 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

48. The timetable for next term will be available next week. #913 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

49. We would like a videotape for the lecture. #912 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

50. Internet provides unusual opportunities for students and current events. #911 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

51. Children can share their lunch at around noon. #910 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

52. The university has a number of travel scholarships that students can apply for. #909 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

53. I don't like cheese and tomato sandwiches on white bread and orange juice. #907 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

54. If she doesn't speak the language, she's not going to sit around and wait for a translator. #906

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

55. To answer such a complex question with a simple yes or no is absolutely impossible. #905

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

56. Fishing is a sport and a means for surviving. #904 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

57. In 1830, periodicals appeared in large numbers in America. #903 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

58. Applicants for the course preferably have a degree on English or journalism. #902 (Prediction)

**(Audio Available)**

59. Arteries carry oxygenated blood from the heart to other parts of the body. #901 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
60. Since the problems we face are global, we need to find the global solutions. #900 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
61. Many of the universities' original buildings are still in use. #899 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
62. The key to success in the exam is to study hard and do well. #898 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
63. We will see if we can get through this without too many interruptions. #897 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
64. We will study the following two pictures in the next lecture. #896 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
65. Companies are aiming to earn the money not to change the society. #895 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
66. We need to read the first five chapters to prepare for next week's tutorial. #894 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
67. It is good for the environment also good for your electricity bill. #893 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
68. As a student union member, we can influence the change of the university. #892 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
69. Animals grow larger and stronger to help them to hunt better. #891 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
70. The new English class will start next Monday morning. #890 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
71. The lecture was meant to start at ten. #889 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
72. The generic biology technology lab is located at the North Wing of the library. #888 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
73. Don't hesitate to email me if any questions. #883 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
74. In marketing, short-term thinking leads to many problems. #719 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
75. It is within the framework that we're making our survey. #870 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
76. It is interesting to observe the development of language skills of toddlers. #866 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
77. Students should book a library tour on the first week of the first semester. #864 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
78. Care needs to be taken for vulnerable groups in the times of infection. #263 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
79. In 1880, cycling became a major phenomenon in the United States. #134 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
80. The hypothesis on black hole is rendered moot as the explanation of the explosion. #103  
**(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
81. Care needs to be taken for vulnerable groups during the periods of turmoil. #859 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
82. Exam results will be available next week on course website. #856 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
83. The older equipment has been put at the back of the building. #853 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
84. We need to make sure the school principal knows about the changes. #845 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
85. Expertise in particular areas distinguishes you from other graduates in a job interview. #842  
**(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
86. Make sure the financial director knows the full details of the pay agreement. #834 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
87. I didn't agree with the author's argument, but his presentation was good. #825 **(Prediction)**

**(Audio Available)**

88. Our school of arts and technology accepts applications at all points throughout the year. #811  
**(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
89. There are a range of housing options near the university. #810 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
90. All source of materials must be included in your bibliography. #807 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
91. She told the faculty to be very supportive. #796 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
92. His objection to include scientific evidence has brought a lot of controversy to him. #795  
**(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
93. Many undergraduate students go back home to stay with their parents after graduation. #788  
**(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
94. Essays with few or no citations will be regarded as invalid. #787 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
95. Nearly half of television outputs are given away for educational program. #782 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
96. The minimum mark for Distinction grade is no less than 75%. #780 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
97. Number the beakers and put them away until tomorrow. #775 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
98. Organic food is grown without applying chemicals and the process is without artificial additives.  
#768 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
99. I used to have coffee with milk and one sugar. #764 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
100. I would like tomato and cheese sandwiches on white bread and orange juice. #762 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
101. If you want to sell all your books, it must have a list of bibliography. #757 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
102. The student service center is located on the main campus behind the library. #752 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
103. Our fundamental realities, especially national needs, have seen the ability to flourish. #751  
**(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
104. I don't understand what the comment of my essay means. #750 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
105. The United States has the maximum production of chocolate. #749 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
106. Those reference books are too old, while the others are OK. #728 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
107. A renowned economist is selected to have a speech tonight at eight. #721 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
108. Arteries carry blood from heart to the other parts of the body. #715 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
109. The hypothesis needs to be tested in a more rigorous way. #713 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
110. It seems that language appears from nowhere. #557 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
111. Today, we will be discussing the role of government in preventing injustice. #362 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
112. We didn't have any noticeable variance between the two or three tasks. #354 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
113. You should enquire about the direct deposit. #35 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
114. The theoretical proposal was challenged to grasp. #885 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
115. Environmental friendliness is a new category in which campuses are competing. #873  
**(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
116. Please make sure all works follow the department guidelines. #872 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
117. There will be an open book exam on Monday, the twenty–eighth. #871 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**
118. She is an expert of the 18th century French literature. #862 **(Prediction) (Audio Available)**

119. Meteorology is a subject of earth's atmosphere. #857 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
120. History is not a simple collection of dates and events. #849 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
121. Newspapers across the world are reporting stories of presidents. #843 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
122. Student loans are now available for international students. #839 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
123. By clicking this button, you agree with the terms and conditions of this website. #838 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
124. Physics is a detailed study of matter and energy. #836 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
125. This small Indian state is a land of forests, valleys and snowy islands. #823 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
126. I'm glad you got here safely. #821 (Audio Available)
127. Globalization has been an overwhelming urban and urbanization phenomenon. #816 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
128. You should include your name and identification number on the registration form. #808 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
129. We must put great care when analyzing the data. #803 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
130. We are not going to accept the assignment after due day on Friday. #800 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
131. To receive the reimbursement, you must keep the original receipts. #799 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
132. The wheelchair lift has been upgraded this month. #793 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
133. The office opens on Mondays and Thursdays directly following the freshman seminar. #785 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
134. The first few sentences of an essay should capture the readers' attention. #776 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
135. The current statistical evidence indicates the need of further research. #773 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
136. The author expressed an idea that modern readers inevitably cannot accept. #766 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
137. Students can download the materials from the website. #763 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
138. Sport is the cause of traumatic brain injuries in the United States. #759 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
139. She used to be everywhere, but today she is missing. #758 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
140. The Resident's hall is closed prior to the closing time of the academic building at the end of the semester. #756 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
141. Put the knife and fork next to the spoon near the edge of the table. #754 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
142. Please finish all the reading chapters before the field trip. #753 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
143. Meeting with tutors could be arranged for students who need additional help. #744 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
144. It's time to finalize the work before the Wednesday seminar. #740 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
145. I will be in my office every day from ten to twelve. #736 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
146. Elephant is the largest land living mammal. #731 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
147. Don't forget to hand in your assignments by the end of next week. #730 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
148. Conferences are always scheduled on the third Wednesday of the month. #725 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
149. Basketball was created in 1891 by a physician and a physical instructor. #723 (Prediction)

**(Audio Available)**

150. All students and staff have access to printers and scanners. #718 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
151. All undergraduate students should participate in the seminar. #717 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
152. A computer virus has destroyed all my files. #702 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
153. Would you please put the materials on the table. #886 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
154. You can change your courses on the website during the registration period. #783 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
155. You can find the student service center on level one of Home Building. #709 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
156. Please do not bring food into the classroom. #708 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
157. Please pass the handouts along to the rest of the people in your row. #699 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
158. To measure distance could take as much as three weeks. #698 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
159. I expect a long and stagnant debate for a week or two on this issue. #349 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
160. All students on engineering courses spent one year working on the wall experience. #135 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
161. All of our accommodations are within a walking distance to the academic buildings. #688 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
162. The politics combine both the legislative and the political authorities. #687 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
163. Vessels carry blood from the heart to other parts of the body. #686 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
164. In marketing short term thinking leads to many problems. #670 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
165. The gap between the rich and the poor was not decreased rapidly as expected. #669 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
166. The professor will be the last speaker this evening. #668 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
167. We would like a first draft of the assignment by Monday. #666 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
168. Our university has strong partnerships with industry as well as collaborative relationships with government bodies. #664 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
169. What distinguishes him from others is the dramatic use of black and white photography. #663 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
170. The US ranks twenty-second in foreign aid, given it as a percentage of GDP. #647 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
171. Leading scientists speculate that numerous planets could support life forms. #637 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
172. That country's economy is primarily based on tourism. #636 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
173. The study of archaeology requires intensive international fieldwork. #635 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
174. She doesn't even care about anything but what is honest and true. #632 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
175. Higher fees cause the student to look more critically at what universities offer. #631 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
176. His academic supervisor called in to see him last night. #630 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
177. It's important to keep this medicine in the fridge. #629 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
178. There is a limited amount of departmental funding which is available for qualified students. #625 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
179. You can retake the module if your marks are too low. #621 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**

180. Please explain what the author means by sustainability. #618 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
181. Hypothetically, insufficient mastery in the areas slows future progress. #616 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
182. Once more under the pressure of economic necessity, practice outstripped theory. #615 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
183. Please sort and order the slides of the presentation according to topic and speech time. #614 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
184. You can download all lecture handouts from the course website. #613 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
185. Our class is divided into two groups. You come with me, the others stay here. #609 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
186. No crop responds more readily than careful husbandry and skillful cultivation. #597 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
187. You should raise your concern with the head of school. #596 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
188. Would you prepare some PowerPoint slides with appropriate graphs? #588 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
189. We are delighted to have professor Robert to join our faculty. #584 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
190. Try to explain how your ideas are linked so that there is a logical flow. #580 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
191. There will be ample opportunities to ask questions about the presentation. #571 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
192. There is varying plagiarism across different university departments. #568 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
193. There is no entrance fee for tonight's lecture. #567 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
194. The Psychology Department is looking for volunteers to be involved in research projects. #550 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
195. The lecture tomorrow will discuss the educational policies in the United States. #546 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
196. The clear evidence between brain events and behavioral events is fascinating. #541 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
197. The agricultural sector in that country has been heavily subsidized. #525 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
198. Students will not be given credits for assignments submitted after the due date. #522 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
199. Students should take advantages of the online resources before attending the lecture. #521 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
200. On this project, you will be asked to work as a group of three. #514 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
201. No more than four people can be in the lab at once. #511 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
202. It is important to take gender into account when discussing the figures. #502 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
203. In Europe, the political pressure is similar regarding globalization. #499 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
204. In English, the month of the year is always capitalized. #498 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
205. If you forgot your student number, you should contact Jenny Brize. #496 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
206. I didn't understand the author's point of view on immigration. #479 (Prediction)



(Audio Available)

207. I can't attend the lecture because I have a doctor appointment. #478 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

208. Every year, students pass biology course easily. #470 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

209. Reserved collection of books can be borrowed up to three hours. #467 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

210. Applications for the course preferably have a preference over English or journalism. #455

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

211. A preliminary bibliography is due the week before the spring break. #449 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

212. The library is located at the other side of the campus behind the student center. #447

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

213. A demonstrated ability to write clear, correct and concise English is bigotry. #444 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

214. Many health workers think that pensioners are too old to understand. #441 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

215. In consultation with your supervisor, your thesis is approved by the faculty committee. #440

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

216. The program depends entirely on private funding. #434 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

217. More muscles are used in swimming than any other sport. #428 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

218. Please prepare a PowerPoint presentation for tomorrow's meeting. #423 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

219. I could not save my work as my computer got crashed. #421 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

220. I was overwhelmed with too much irrelevant information. #420 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

221. Interpreters are not readily available in this department. #417 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

222. Biographical information should be removed before the publication of the results.. #412

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

223. Anatomy is the study of internal and external structures. #411 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

224. The verdict depends on which side was more convincing to the jury. #410 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

225. Unfortunately, the two most interesting economic selection clash on my timetable. #401

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

226. It is acknowledged that his work is groundbreaking. #399 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

227. Even with the permit, finding a parking spot on campus is still impossible. #397 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

228. On behalf of our department, I would like to thank you for your participation. #396 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

229. Portfolio is due to the internal review office no later than Tuesday. #393 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

230. She has been in the library for a long time. #392 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

231. The original Olympic Games were celebrated as religious festivals. #391 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

232. The real reason for global hunger is not the lack of food, but poverty. #390 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

233. Eating too much can lead to too many health problems. #385 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

234. 39.5% California residents speak a language other than English at home. #379 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

235. The glass is not the real solid, because it doesn't have crystal structure. #372 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

236. Your enrollment information, results and fees will be available online. #366 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

237. The professor has promised to put his lecture notes online. #364 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

238. Rules about break and lunch time vary from one country to another. #346 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

239. Acupuncture is a technique involved in traditional Chinese medicine. #342 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

240. Knives and forks should be placed next to the spoon on the edge of the table. #338

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

241. Students can get access to computers on a daily basis. #311 (Audio Available)

242. There are no scheduled classes during the final exam weeks. #308 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

243. The United Kingdom is a constitutional monarchy and parliamentary democracy. #305

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

244. We will discuss these two pictures in next lecture. #304 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

245. Make sure you correctly cite all your sources. #264 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

246. Students who wish to apply for an extension should approach their tutors. #68 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

247. Feelings of nerves are common to all university freshers. #27 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

248. Adverts might use humor, drama or catchy slogans to grab people's attention. #7 (Prediction)

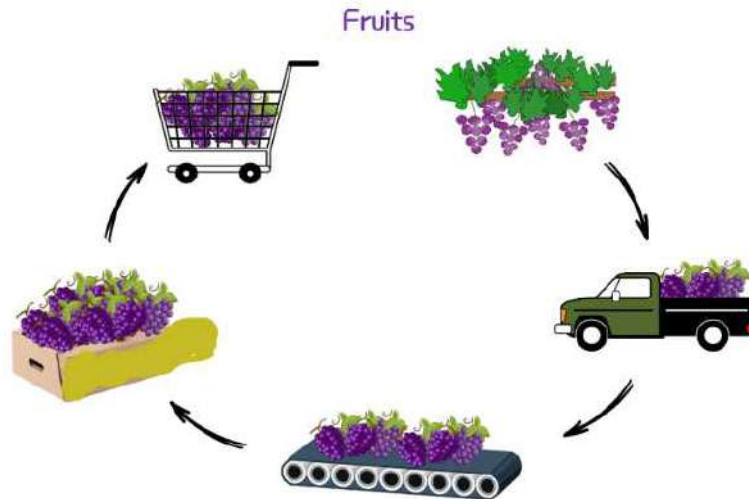
(Audio Available)

## Describe Image

Repeat Rate: 75%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly, but pay attention to new ones. Exam Strategy: Fluent with templates > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

### 1. Grape (New)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how grape comes to customers. According to the graph, the first step is purple grape ripening on the vine, followed by the second step, in which the grape is loaded onto a truck and transported. After that, the third step is the grape conveying on a conveyer belt, followed by the fourth step, in which the grape is stowed into a brown paper box as its package. The final step is the grape loaded in a cart, which means the grape reaches customers. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #449)

### 2. South American Rainforest (New) (Prediction)



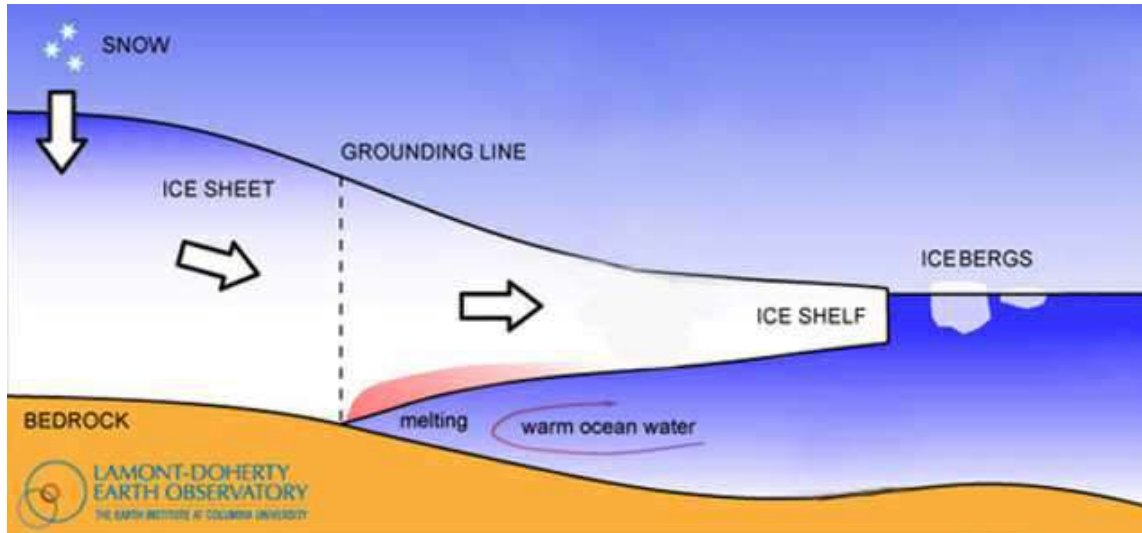
**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the rain forest distribution in South America. According to this graph, the largest part of rain forest is in Brazil, Bolivia, Peru, Colombia, Suriname, which is tropical rain forest, coloured with light green. We can also see a narrow, long stretch of tropical rain

forest lying along the eastern coast of South America, next to Atlantic Ocean. And another stretch is located along the northwest coast of South America, next to Pacific Ocean. We see temperate rain forests in Chile, the southmost area of South America, coloured with dark green. In conclusion, this is an informative map.

(APEUni Website / App DI #448)

### 3. Formation of Iceberg (Prediction)

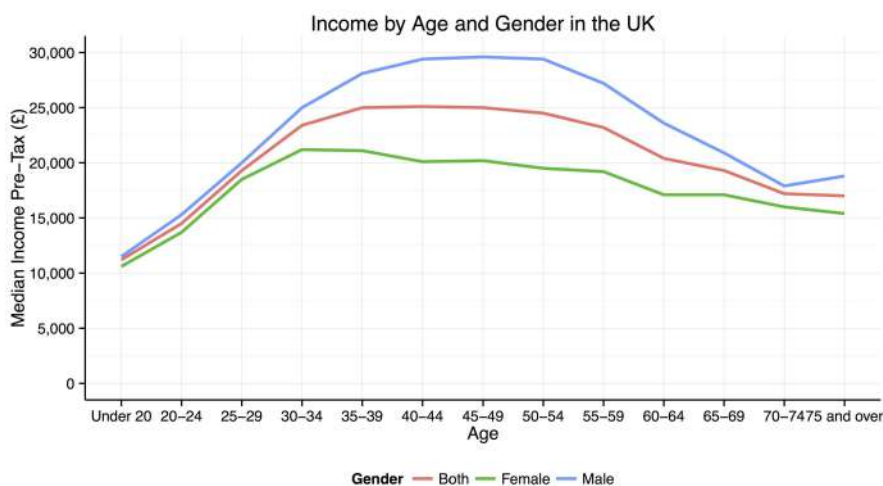


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the formation of iceberg. The steps is snow, which comes down from the sky. The second step is snow turning into ice sheet on the bedrock, which is coloured brown. According to this graph, the third the ice sheet continuing to stretch beyond the ground line into the see, which means the formation of ice shelf. The fourth step is the ice shelf melting with warm ocean water. The final step is small part of the ice shelf coming off and iceberg coming into being. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #444)

### 4. UK Income by Age&Gender (Prediction)



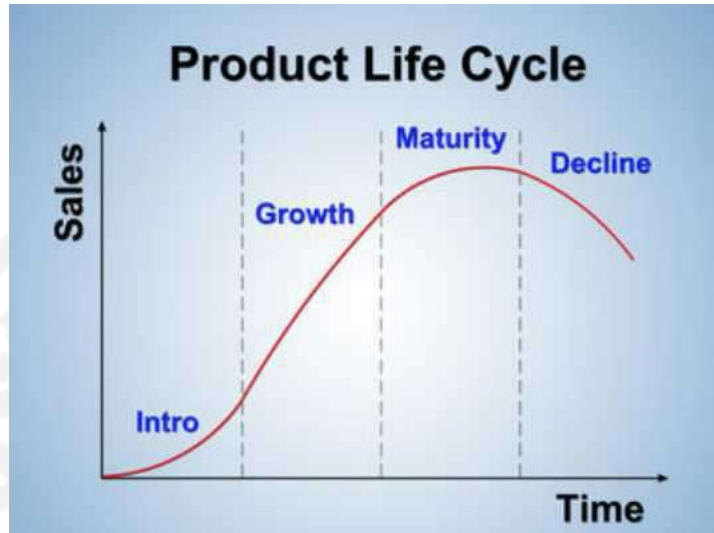
**Answer:**

The following line chart gives information of median pre-tax income by age and gender in the UK. According to the graph we can see three lines, in which the blue one is male, the red one both, and the green one female. We can see male rises from 12 thousand at under 20, reaches the highest point

of 30 thousand at 45 to 49, and falls to the lowest point of 18 thousand at 70 to 74. We can also see female rises from 11 thousand, reaches the highest point of 21 thousand at 30 to 34, and falls to the lowest point of 15 thousand at and over. Finally both reaches the highest point of 25 thousand at 35 to 39, and falls to the lowest point of 17 thousand at and over. In conclusion female is the lower than both, with both lower than male.

(APEUni Website / App DI #432)

### 5. Product Life Cycle (Prediction)

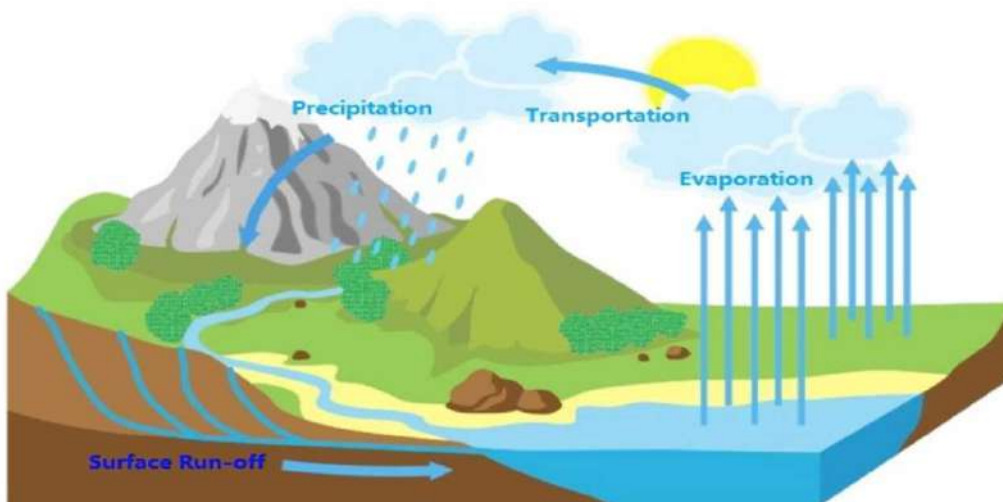


#### Answer:

This line chart gives the information about product life cycle, in which sales vary in different periods of time. There are four phases in the line chart, which are intro, growth, maturity and decline. In intro, sales rise from zero, followed by growth, in which sales keep rising. In maturity, sales reach the highest point, and then in decline, sales begin to drop gradually. In conclusion, this line chart gives very thorough information about product life cycle.

(APEUni Website / App DI #430)

### 6. Water Cycle (Prediction)

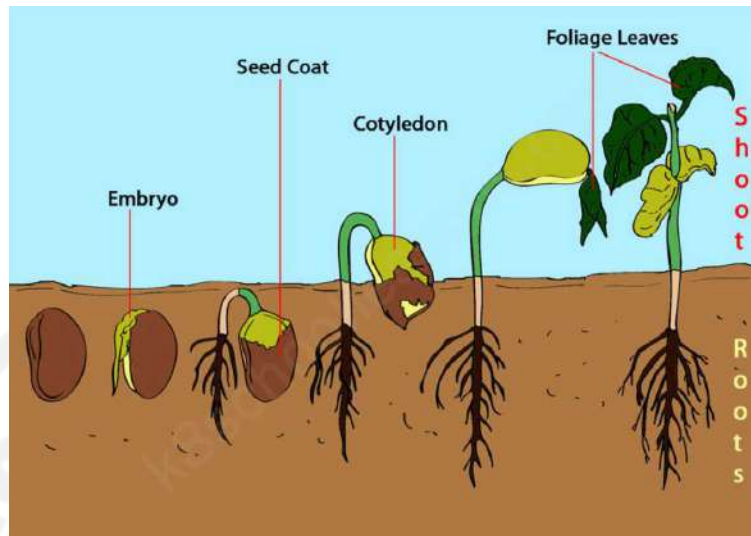


#### Answer:

The following graph gives information about water cycle in nature. It shows how the process is done. The steps include evaporation, transportation, precipitation and surface run-off. According to this graph, the first step is evaporation in the sun, with water forming clouds into the sky from the blue

sea. The second step is clouds' transportation into the sky above green and grey mountains, followed by the third step of precipitation, in which water forms surface run-offs. The final step is surface run-offs going to the sea. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.  
(APEUni Website / App DI #423)

### 7. Germination (Prediction)

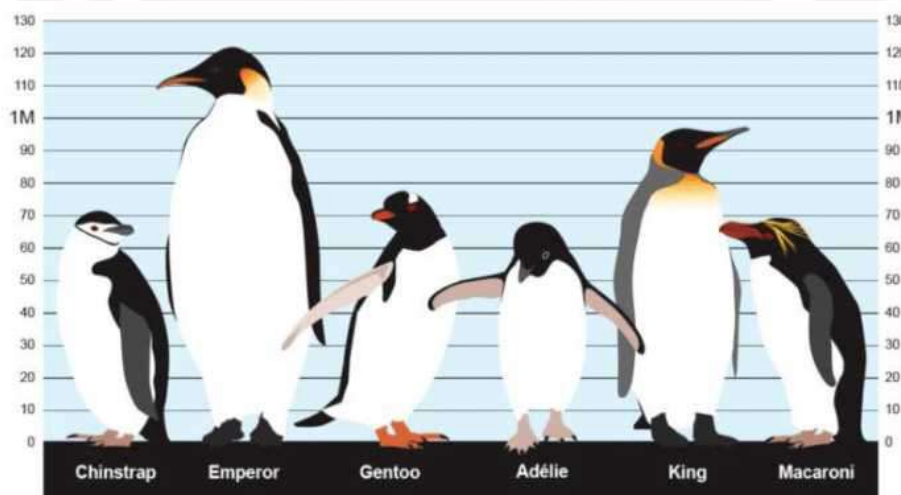


**Answer:**

This picture gives information about the process of germination. In the first step, a seed is buried in the soil, before it develops its green embryo in the second step. In the third step, the seed coat begins to peel off and the black root begins to grow. After that, the light green cotyledon can be seen and the seed rises from the soil. Finally, the dark green foliage leaves grow. In conclusion, this picture tells how a seed grows.

(APEUni Website / App DI #421)

### 8. Penguin (Prediction)

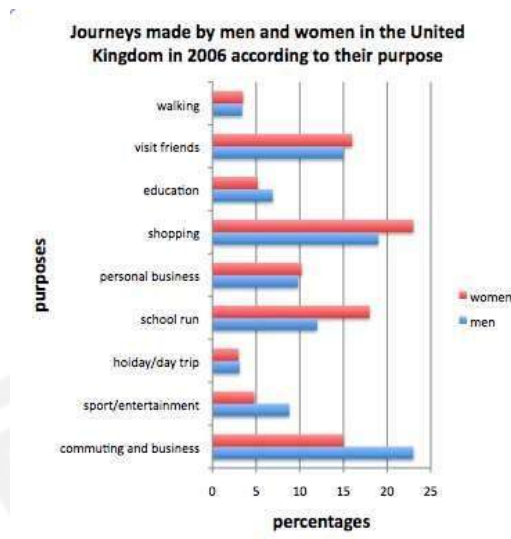


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about heights of penguins. According to this graph, emperor is the tallest, which is about 1.2 meters tall. After that, the second tallest penguin is king, which is about 1 meter. The third tallest penguin is gentoo, then chinstrap and macaroni. The smallest penguin is adélie, which is less than 0.7 meter tall. In conclusion, this graph compares the heights of several kinds of penguin.

(APEUni Website / App DI #409)

### 9. Journeys in the UK (Prediction)

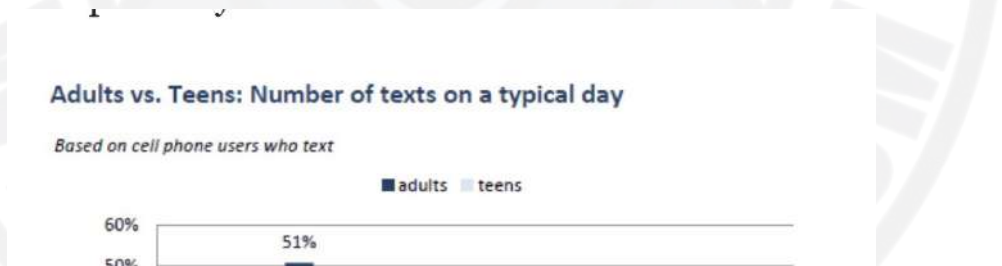


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about journeys made in the UK in 2006 according to their purpose. The items include walking, education, shopping, personal business, school run, day trip, sport, entertainment, and commuting. According to this graph, in walking, the value of men and women are around 4%. You can see from this graph that the highest value of women is in shopping, which is 23%, and the highest value of men is in commuting and business, which is 23%. In conclusion, men and women have the lowest value in holiday and day trip, which around 3%.

(APEUni Website / App DI #407)

### 10. Number of Texts (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about adults versus teens, number of texts on a typical day. The items include None, one to ten, eleven to twenty, twenty–one to fifty and one hundred and one plus. According to this graph, in None, the value of adults is around 9%, and that of teens is lower, which is around 2%. You can see from this graph that the highest value of adults is in one to ten, which is 51%, and the highest value of teens is in one hundred and one plus, which is 29%. In conclusion, adults has the lowest value in fifty–one to one hundred, around 7%.

(APEUni Website / App DI #397)

### 11. Auditorium (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about an auditorium. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, there are seven columns of seats, which are red. Followed by that, there is a small dais standing in front of the seating area. You can see from this graph that the indoor lighting is very bright. You can also see from this graph that there is a big and white projection screen behind the dais. There are six windows in the walls. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #394)

### 12. Hotel Reservation (Prediction)



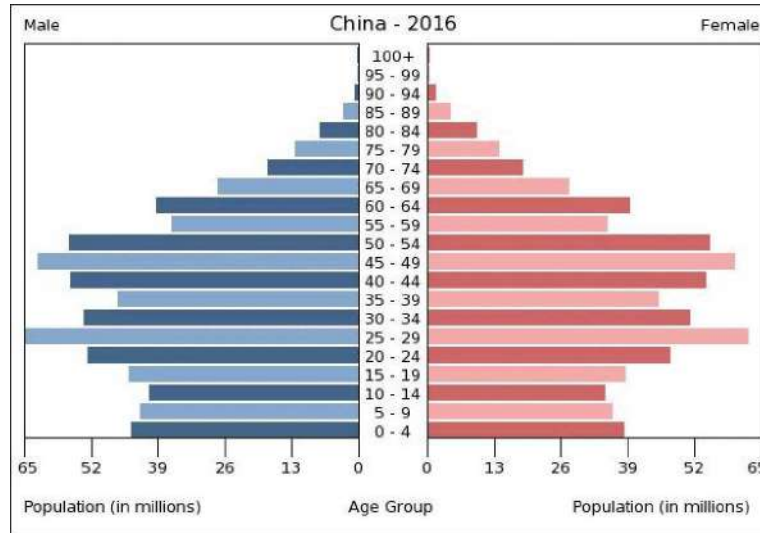
**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how a hotel reservation is executed. The steps include hotel website, request receiving by email, hotel administrator, confirm reservation by phone, customer and filling out a request form. According to this graph, the first step is hotel website, which is on a computer. The second step is to the request received by hotel administrator via email. You can see from this graph that the third step is to confirm the request by phone, followed by filling out a request form as the final step. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #374)

### 13. China Age Group (Prediction)

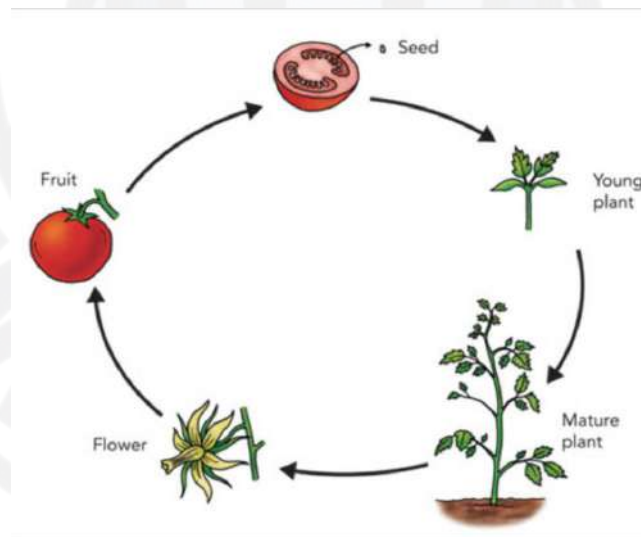




**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about age group in China. The items include male, female, age group, and the population. According to this graph, in male, the population of age from 20 to 24 is around 52 million, and that of age from 0 to 4 is lower, which is around 45 million. You can see from this graph that the highest population of age from 80 to 84 is in female, which is around 10 million. You can also see from this graph that the lowest population of age from 90 to 94 is in male, which is around 0.5 million. In conclusion, this graph is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #338)

**14. Tomato Life Cycle (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how a tomato seed can become a tomato plant. It shows how the process is done. The steps include tomato seed, a young plant, a mature plant, a flower, and a fruit. According to this graph, the first step is tomato seed, which is in a tomato fruit cut in half. According to this graph, the second step is to become a young tomato plant, which is green. You can see from this graph that the third step a mature tomato plant with green leaves rooted in brown soil, followed by a flower as the fourth step. The final step is a red fruit that comes out of the flower, and the cycle will start over. In conclusion, this graph is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #337)

**15. Sweden Government Budget (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The graph gives information about the Sweden government budget in 2018. According to this graph, expenditure SEK is 999 billion, which is in a blue bar, followed by revenue SEK of 1043 billion, which is in an orange bar. According to the center of the graph, it shows that surplus is plus 44, which is in a white circle. In addition, there is a white cube in the lower left corner, and there is a white 2018 in the upper left corner. According to this graph, the background is dark blue. In conclusion, this graph is about Sweden government budget in 2018, and it's very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #320)

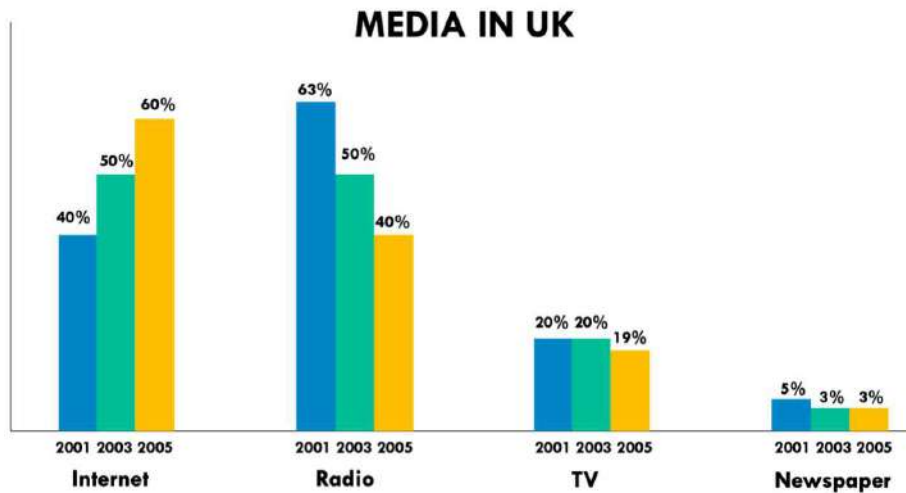
**16. Green Bin Program (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about stuff in the rubbish bin. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, at the upper area, there is a lot of acceptable food scrap including egg shell, fish bone, soiled paper, noodle, plate scraping, vegetable and orange, surrounding a rubbish bin. The colour of the bin is grey. You can see from this graph that, at the lower area, there is a lot of unacceptable items including disposable lunch-box, diaper, animal waste, plastic container, flowerpot. The colour of the lunch-box is white. And the colour of the flowerpot is brownish red. You can see from this graph that, at the background, there is comparison between acceptable and unacceptable items in the rubbish bin. In conclusion, this picture is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #318)

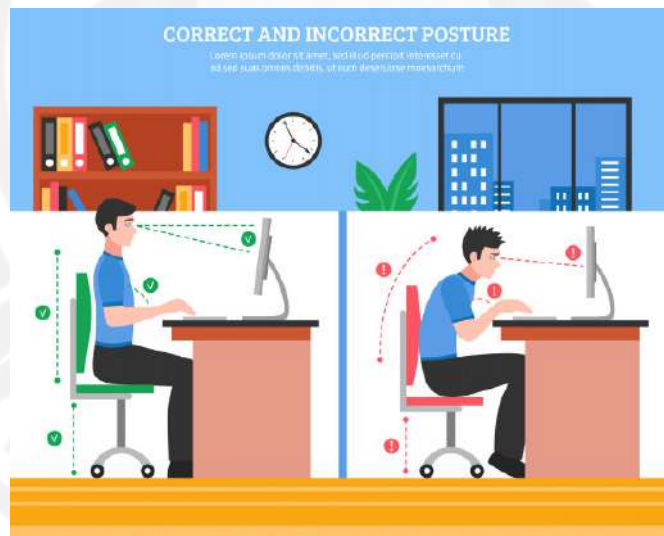
### 17. UK Media (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about media in UK. The items include internet, TV, newspaper and radio. According to this graph, in internet, the value of 2005 is around 60%, and that of 2003 is lower, which is around 50%. You can see from this graph that the highest value of 2001 is in radio, which is 63%. In conclusion, newspaper has the lowest value in 2005, about 3%.  
(APEUni Website / App DI #317)

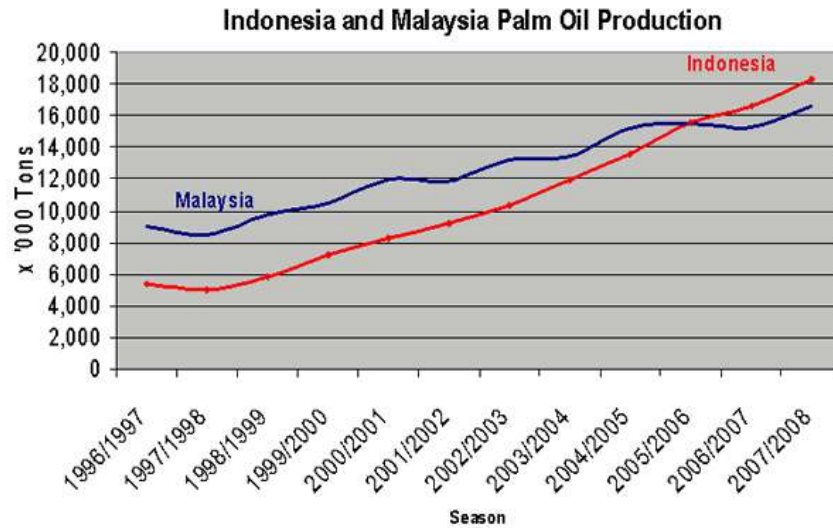
### 18. Sitting Posture (Prediction)



**Answer:**

This picture gives information about correct and incorrect posture; It is a very interesting picture, because it shows a number of things; (According to the picture, at the top area, I can see there is a clock and a bookshelf, also I can see the window and the sky is dark blue.) According to the picture, at the left area, there is a man sitting on the chair, he sits very straight and his eyes are looking at the computer screen, and his hands placed naturally on the keyboard; According to the picture, at the right area, the man is sitting on the chair and his back is hunched [hʌntɪt]弯腰驼背bend over; (and his hands placed too close to the table) In conclusion, this picture is very informative (because it gives information about correct and incorrect posture; )  
(APEUni Website / App DI #315)

### 19. Palm Oil Production (Prediction)



(APEUni Website / App DI #308)

## 20. London Fleet Street (Prediction)

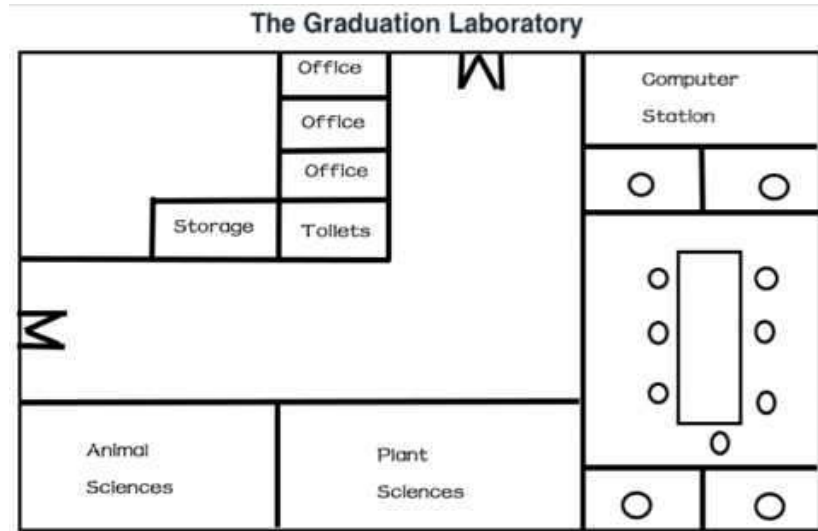


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about London's street view. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, at the left area, there is a street view of the 19th century; the colour of it is black and white. You can see from this graph that, at the right area, there is a today's street view; the colour of it is colorful. You can see from this graph that, at the background, there is Saint Paul's Cathedral, the colour of those are white. The weather is sunny. The sky is blue and clear. In conclusion, this picture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #302)

## 21. Laboratory Plan (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the graduation laboratory. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. At the central area, there are storage and toilets. At the left area, there are animal sciences. According to this graph, the largest area is plant sciences. In comparison, the smallest area is office. In conclusion, there are computer station and meeting room shown on the map.

(APEUni Website / App DI #301)

**22. Income of Bachelor (Prediction)**

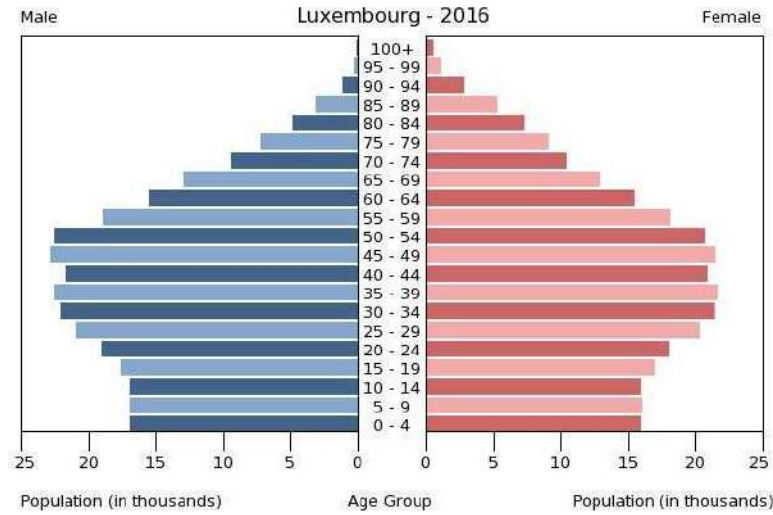
Annual Income of Bachelor degrees holders in different fields			
	1980	1990	2000
Business	91,000	97,000	105,000
Education	78,000	85,000	98,000
Language and Literature	64,000	71,000	80,000

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the annual income of bachelor degrees holders in different fields. The items include business, education, language and literature. According to this graph, in business, the value of annual income in 1980 is around 91000. And in education, the value of annual income in 1980 is around 78000, which is lower. You can see from this graph that the highest value of annual income is business in 2000, which is around 1050000. You can also see from this graph that the lowest value of annual income is language and literature in 1980, which is around 64000. In conclusion, in 2000, the business has the highest annual income.

(APEUni Website / App DI #297)

**23. Luxembourg Age Group (Prediction)**

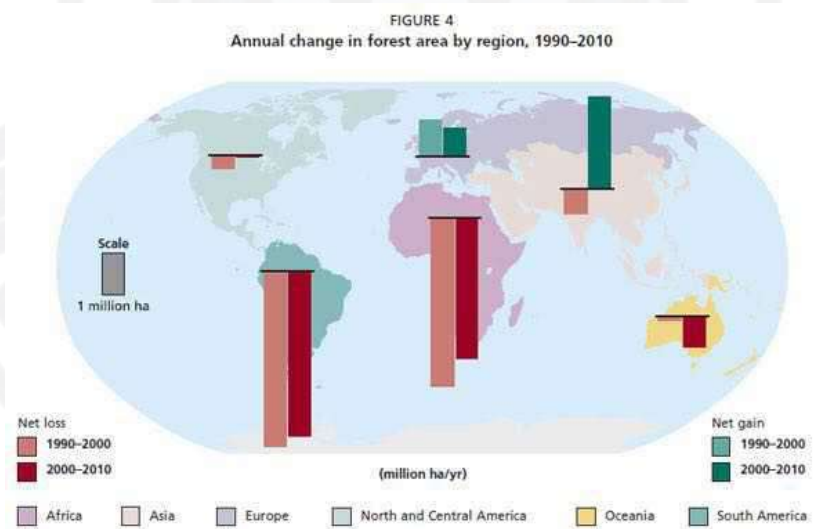


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about Luxembourg. The items include male, female, and the population. According to this graph, in male, the population of age from 20 to 24 is around 20000, and that of age from 0 to 4 is lower, which is around 15000. You can see from this graph that the highest population of age from 80 to 84 is in female, which is around 10000. You can also see from this graph that the lowest population of age from 90 to 94 is in male, which is around 2000. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #293)

**24. Forest Annual Change (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the annual change in forest area by region. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. The items include net gain, states, and net loss, According to this graph, the largest areas of forest gain in the 1990–2000 year are in Asia. In comparison, the smallest areas of the net gain in 1990–2000 are in Africa. You can see from this graph that the largest areas of net loss in 1990–2000 are in Africa. In conclusion, the area of the net gain in Asia is much larger than that of the net loss.

(APEUni Website / App DI #284)

**25. Closed-loop Recycling (Prediction)**

### How Dell does closed-loop recycling



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the closed-loop recycling process. It shows how the process is done. The steps include collect & recycle, sort & shred, mold&manufacture, and so on. According to this graph, the first step is to collect & recycle. According to this graph, the second step is sort & shred. You can see from this graph that the third step is mold&manufacture. You can also see from this graph that the next step is to assemble & ship. The final step is to purchase & use. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #278)

### 26. Rain Forest Distribution



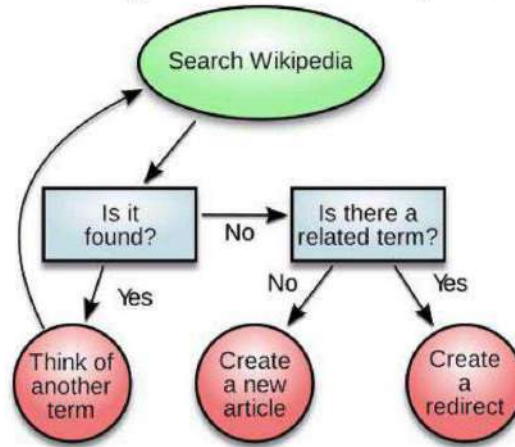
**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the rain forest distribution. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. According to this graph, the largest areas of the distribution of tropical rain forests are in South America. In comparison, the smallest areas of the distribution of tropical rain forests are in Asia. You can see from this graph that the largest areas of the distribution of rain forest are in South America. In conclusion, the area of the distribution of tropical rain forest in South America is much larger than that of Asia.

(APEUni Website / App DI #277)

### 27. Article Adding

### Adding an article to Wikipedia



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about adding an article to Wikipedia. It shows how the process is done. The steps include searching Wikipedia, thinking of another term, creating a new article. According to this graph, the first step is searching for Wikipedia. According to this graph, in the second stage, there are two questions. The first question is ‘Is it found’, and if the answer is yes, it goes to think of another term. If the answer is no, it goes to the second question ‘is there a related term’. And if the answer is yes, it goes to create a redirect, if it is no, it goes to create a new article. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.  
 (APEUni Website / App DI #241)

### 28. Teaching Career (Prediction)

Teaching as a career	
Final year students who want to be a teacher	1%
Graduate students working in teaching	7%
Employed in teaching field	95%

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about teaching as a career. The items include final year student who wants to be a teacher, graduate students working in teaching, employed in the teaching field. According to this graph, the value of final year students who want to be a teacher is around 1%. And the value of graduate students working in teaching is around 7%, which is higher. You can see from this graph that the highest value is in employed in the teaching field, which is around 95%. You can also see from this graph that the lowest value is in final year students who want to be a teacher, which is around 1%. In conclusion, employed in the teaching field has the highest teaching as a career.  
 (APEUni Website / App DI #209)



### 29. Common Languages (Prediction)

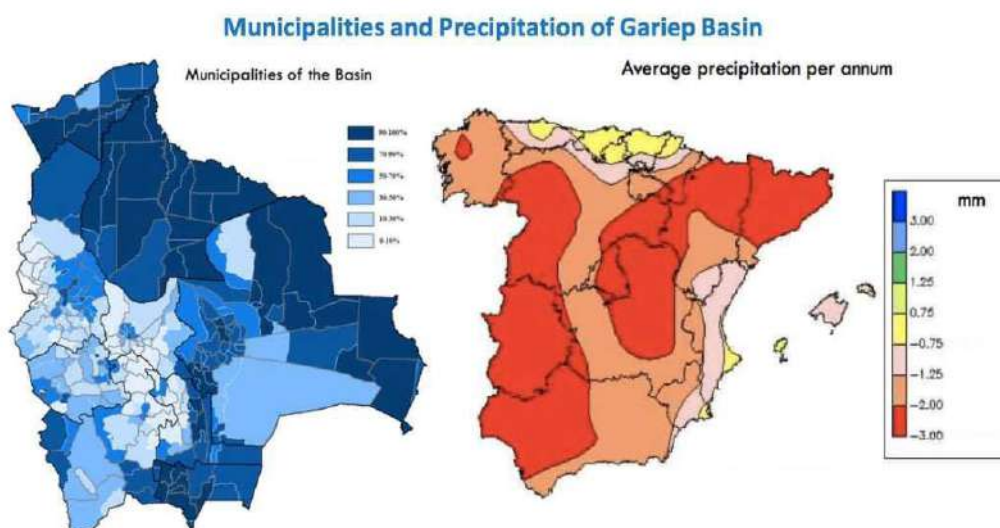
The Most Common Languages in the World			
LANGUAGE		APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF NATIVE SPEAKER( in the year 2000)	COUNTRIES WITH SUBSTANTIAL NUMBERS OF NATIVE SPEAKERS
1	Mandarin Chinese	874,000,000	16
2	Hind(India)	366,000,000	17
3	English	341,000,000	104
4	Spanish	322-358,000,000	43
5	Bengali(India and Bangladesh)	207,000,000	9

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the most common languages in the world. The items include language, the approximate number of the native speaker. According to this graph, the highest value is in Mandarin Chinese, with the approximate number of the native speaker being around 874 million. And in Hind, the approximate number of the native speaker is around 366 million, which is lower. You can see from this graph that the value in Spanish is around 322–358 million. You can also see from this graph that the lowest value is in Bengali, which is around 207 million. In conclusion, Mandarin is the most common languages in the world.

(APEUni Website / App DI #196)

### 30. Gariep Basin (Prediction)

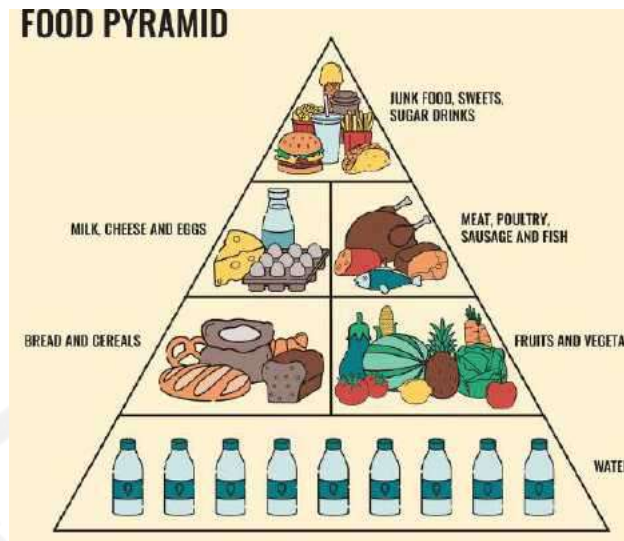


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about municipalities and precipitation of the Gariep Basin. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. The items include average precipitation per annum, municipalities of the basin. According to this graph, the largest areas of precipitation are in North and East of Basin. In comparison, the smallest areas of municipalities are in the center of the Basin. You can see from this graph that the largest areas of municipalities are in North and East of Basin. In conclusion, this graph summaries information about the municipalities and precipitation of the Gariep Basin.

(APEUni Website / App DI #160)

### 31. Food Pyramid (Prediction)

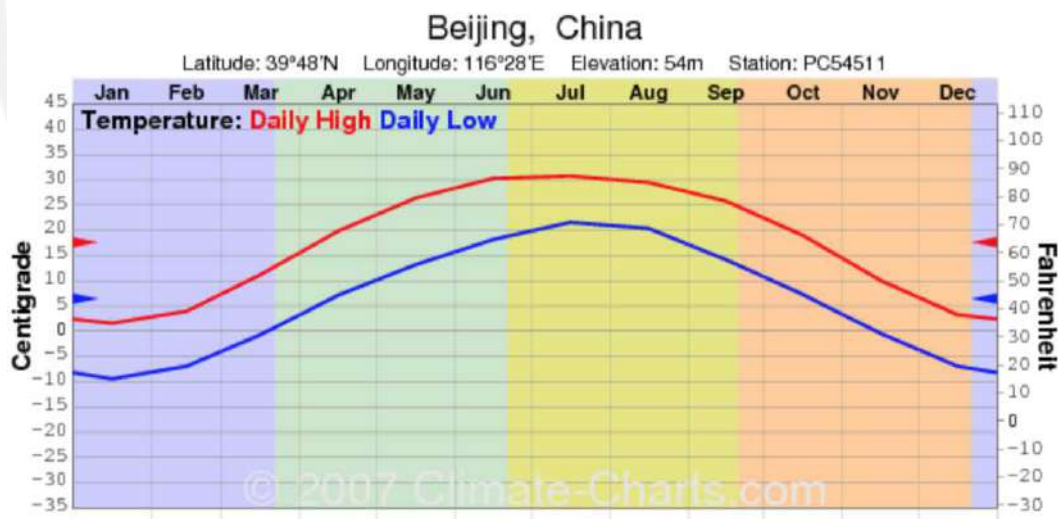


**Answer:**

This picture shows the pyramid of food. At the bottom of the pyramid, we can see water, which is the most essential to human bodies. Above water, on the second layer of the pyramid, we can see fruits, bread, and cereals. Above the fruits, bread, and cereals., there is a milk, cheese and meat level. Above the milk products and meat, we can see junk food, which at the top of the pyramid. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #538)

### 32. Beijing Weather (Prediction)

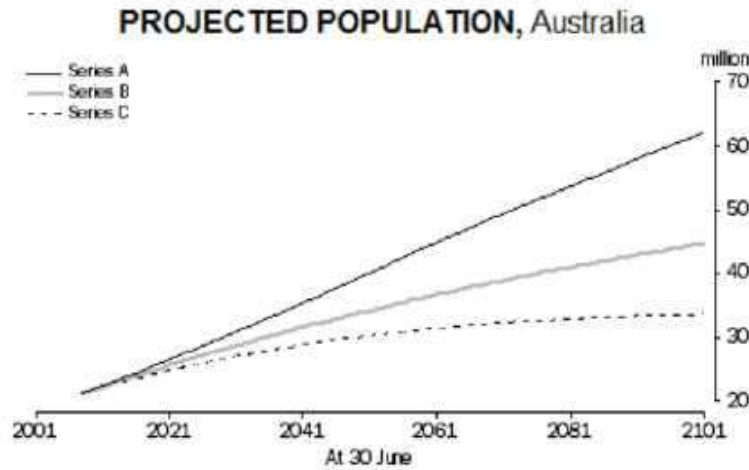


**Answer:**

This line graph gives information about temperature and rainfall guide for Beijing in China from January to December. There is a red line representing daily high temperature and a blue line representing daily low temperature, which is measured in Fahrenheit. For daily high temperature, it starts at about 30oF in January and increases to a maximum of 80oF in July. It concludes at about 35oF in December. The daily low temperature shows a similar trend. It starts at about 20oF in January and increases to a maximum of 60oF in July. It ends at about 15oF in December. In conclusion, this graph shows important information.

(APEUni Website / App DI #535)

### 33. Projected Population (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The line chart shows the projected population in Australia in millions. According to the chart, the series A has increased dramatically from 20 in 2001 to 65 in 2101. Following that, series B has increased moderately from 20 to 45, from 2001 to 2101. However, series C has increased slowly from 20 to 35 over the same period. In conclusion, the projected population in Australia is expected to increase in the coming years.

(APEUni Website / App DI #533)

### 34. Most Livable States (Prediction)

#### Most Livable States, 2011

2011 rank	State	2007 rank
1.	New Hampshire	1.
2.	Utah	4.
3.	Wyoming	3.
4.	Minnesota	2.
5.	Iowa	6.
6.	Nebraska	11.
7.	New Jersey	5.
8.	Vermont	7.
9.	Idaho	14.
10.	North Dakota	13.

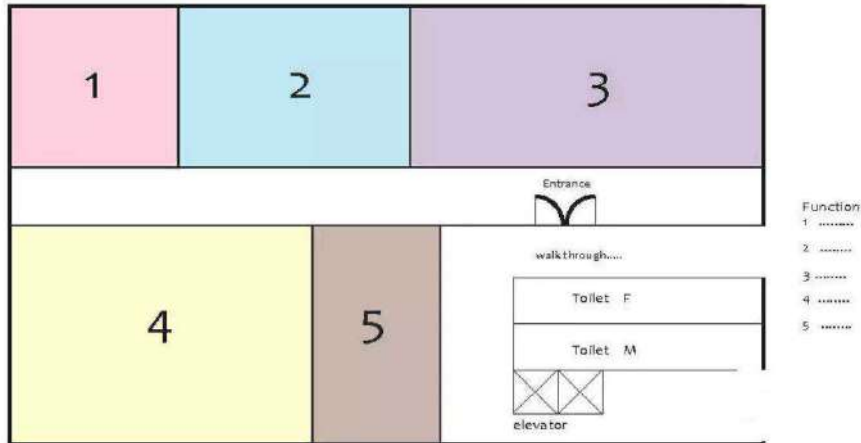
**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about most livable states. The items include rank in 2011, rank in 2007, and states. According to this graph, in Iowa, the value of rank in 2011 is around 5. And in New Jersey, the value of rank in 2011 is around 7, which is lower. You can see from this graph that the highest value of rank in 2007 is in New Hampshire, which is the first. You can also see from this graph that the lowest value of rank in 2007 is in North Dakota, which is around 13. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #519)

### 35. Library Plan (Prediction)

### \*\*\* library plan



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the library plan. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. According to this graph, the elevator is located near the men's toilet. According to this graph, the largest areas of the library are room 4 and room 3. You can see from this graph that the functions of the rooms are different. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #391)

### 36. 100% Health (Prediction)

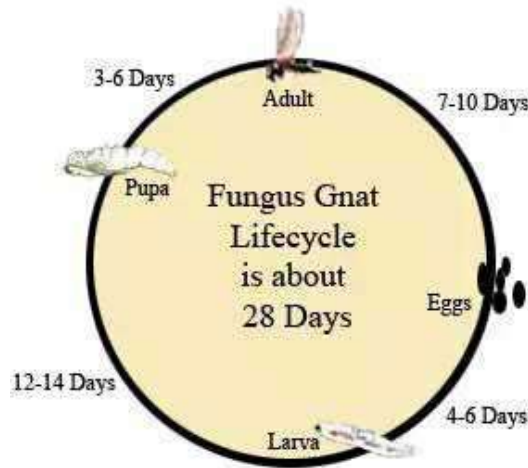


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about 100% health. It shows how the process is done. The steps include food&nutrition, fitness&exercise, relaxation&stress management. According to this graph, the first step is through food&nutrition to achieve health and wellbeing. According to this graph, the second step is through fitness&exerciese to make a positive change. The final step is through relaxation&stress management to achieve motivation. In conclusion, the process will repeat.

(APEUni Website / App DI #390)

### 37. Gnat Life Cycle

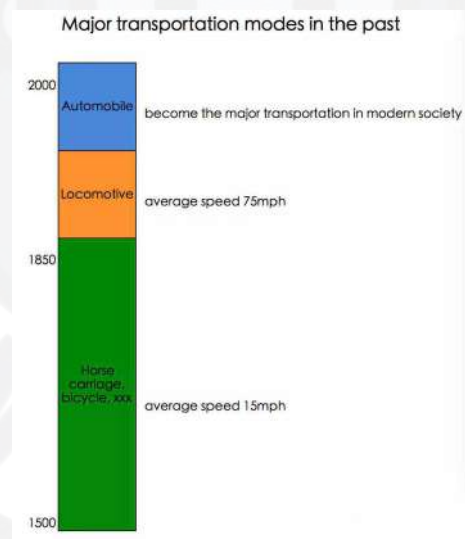


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about fungus gnat lifecycle is about 28 days. It shows how the process is done. The steps include eggs, larva, pupa, and adult. According to this graph, the first step is eggs. According to this graph, the second step is from eggs to larva in 4–6 days. You can see from this graph that the third step is from larva to pupa in 12 – 14 days. You can also see from this graph that the next step is from pupa to adult in 3 – 6 days. The final step is from adult to eggs in 7–10 days. In conclusion, the process will repeat.

(APEUni Website / App DI #389)

**38. Past Transport (Prediction)**

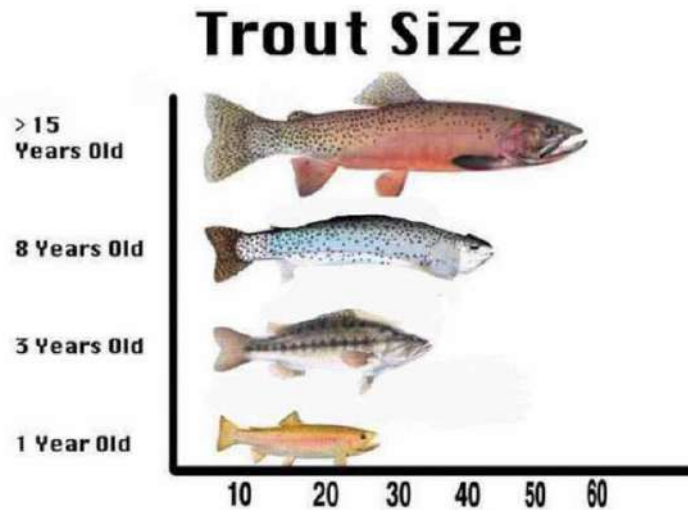


**Answer:**

The graph shows the major transportation modes in the past from 1500 to 2000. As we can see from the graph, from 1500 to 1850, the transportation relies on horses carriage and bicycle, etc with the average speed is 15mph. After 1850, people traveled by locomotive in average speed at 75mph, followed by automobile become the major transportation in modern society. In conclusion, 500 years time experience the changes in major transportation modes.

(APEUni Website / App DI #387)

**39. Length of Fish (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the length of fish. The items include 1 year, 3 years, 8 years and more than 15 years. According to this graph, in 1 year, the length of fish is around 16cm. and that of 3 years is longer, which is around 20cm. You can see from this graph that the highest length of fish is in more than 15 years, which is around 50cm You can also see from this graph that the second biggest length of fish is in 8 years, around 30cm. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #371)

**40. Economic Inactivity (Prediction)**

**Table 1 Economic inactivity through the generations**

<i>Birth cohorts</i>	<i>Average work expectancy at age 15 years</i>	<i>Average life expectancy</i>	<i>Average inactivity</i>
	years	years	years
1901 Federation	44.2	53.6	9.4
1925–1946 War	42.6	62.8	20.2
1946–1964 Baby Boomers	43.3	67.1	23.7
1965–1979 Gen X	43.1	68.8	25.7
1980–2003 Gen Y	42.3	69.9	27.6
2004–2025 Gen Z	42.5	70.6	28.1

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about economic inactivity through the generation. The items include birth cohorts, average work expectancy at age 15 years, and average inactivity. According to this graph, in average work expectancy at age 15 years, the value of the 1901 Federation is around 44.2. And in average work expectancy at age 15 years, the value of 1925–1946 war is around 42.6, which is lower. You can see from this graph that the highest value is in average life expectancy, which is around 70.6. You can also see from this graph that the lowest value is on average inactivity, which is around 9.4. In conclusion, 2004–2025 Gen Z has the highest average life expectancy.

(APEUni Website / App DI #343)

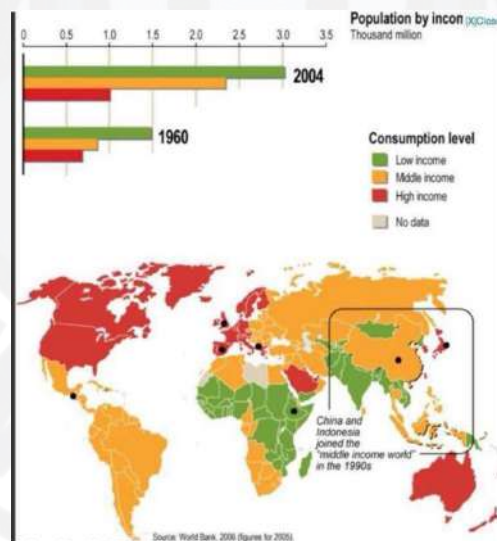
**41. Music Download (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how to download music from Tesco Extra. It shows how the process is done. The steps include search, purchase, download and play. According to this graph, the first step is to search for the music you like online. According to this graph, the second step is to purchase it through the website. You can see from this graph that the third step is to download the music on digital devices, such as laptops and phones. The final step is to enjoy the songs after finishing all these steps. In conclusion, the process will repeat. (APEUni Website / App DI #324)

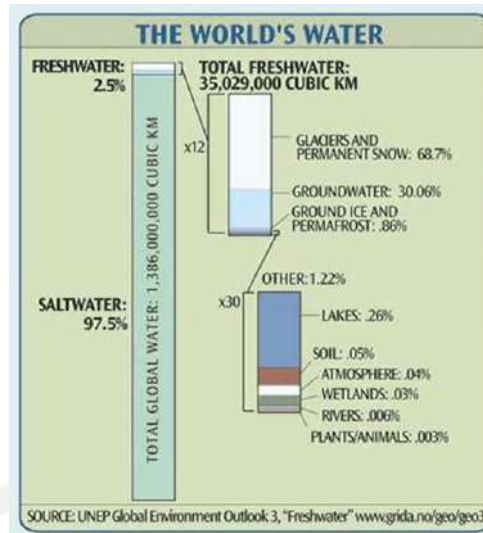
**42. Population&Consumption (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The graph gives information about the population and consumption level in worldwide from 1960 to 2004. According to this graph, the population of low-income class doubled during the period. Follow by that, the value of the high-income class decreased during the period. According to the bottom graph, it shows that high-income class mainly comes from North America and European countries. In addition, the low-income class is mainly located in South Africa. According to this graph, China and Indonesia joined the middle-income world in the 1990s. In conclusion, the population of the low-income class will keep increasing in the future. (APEUni Website / App DI #321)

**43. World Water (Prediction)**

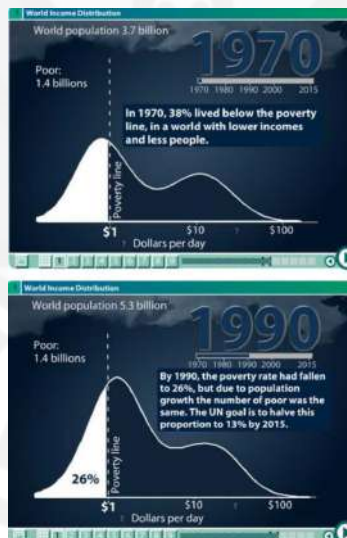


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the world's water distribution. It can be seen that 97.5% of the world's water is salt water and only 2.5% is freshwater. In the freshwater sector, glaciers and permanent snow occupy the largest proportion at 68.7%, followed by which groundwater occupies 30.06% of the fresh water. Ground ice and permafrost takes 0.86% of fresh water and other resources take 1.22% of fresh water. In the other sector, lakes occupy the majority of the proportion at 0.26%. In conclusion, this image gives very thorough information about the world's water distribution.

(APEUni Website / App DI #23)

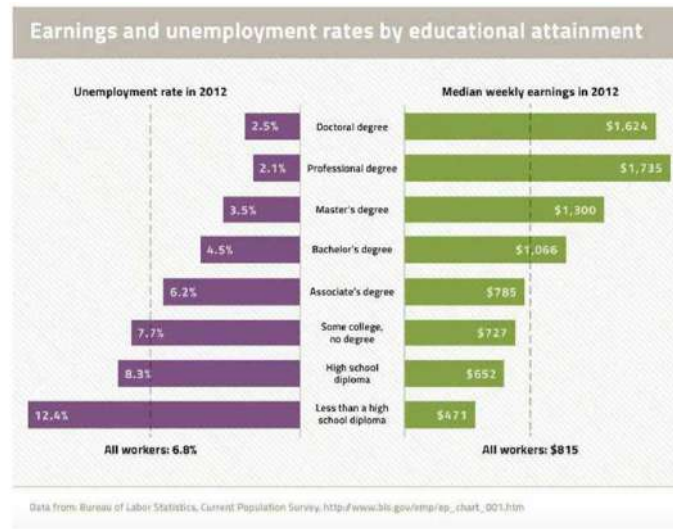
**44. World Population (Prediction)**



(APEUni Website / App DI #274)

**45. Earning&Unemployment (Prediction)**





**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the earnings and unemployment rates by educational attainment. The items include doctor degree, professional degree, and master degree. According to this graph, in doctor degree, the value of the unemployment rate is around 2.5. and that of a professional degree is lower, which is around 2.1. You can see from this graph that the highest value of unemployment is in less than a high school diploma, which is 12.4. You can also see from this graph that the highest value of median weekly earnings is 1735, which is on a professional degree. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #270)

**46. Egypt Trading (Prediction)**

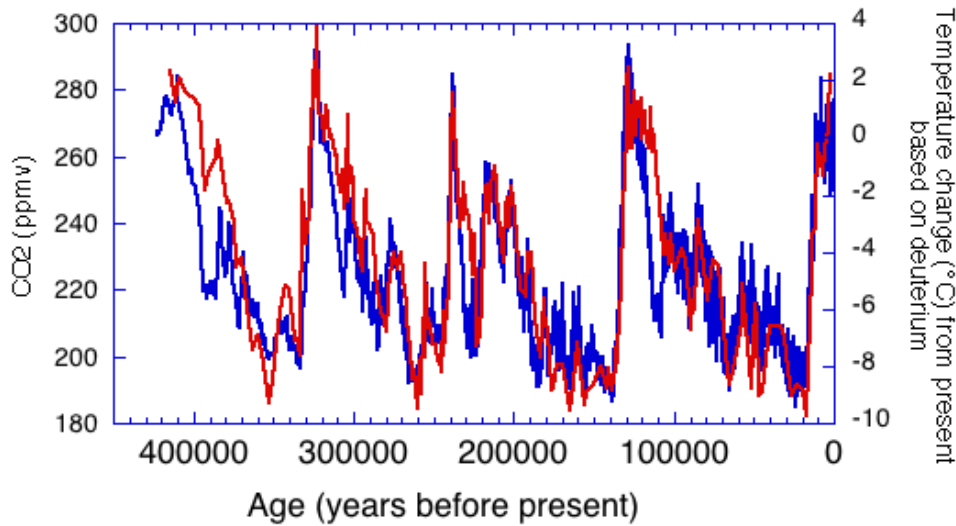


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about ancient Egypt trading. It shows how the process is done. The steps include import goods and export goods. According to this graph, the first step is to import cedar oil and timber from Lebanon. According to this graph, the second step is to import copper, precious stones and gold from Nubia. You can see from this graph that the third step is to import slaves and animals from Africa. You can also see from this graph that the next step is to import horses, fruit, and honey from other countries. The final step is to exports linen, tools, bread and weapons to other countries. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #268)

### 47. CO2&Temperature Change (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The graph shows the temperature and CO2 for the last 400,000 years. As we can see from the graph, for temperature, the highest one can be found in 5 in every 100 thousand years. Moreover, the lowest one can be found in minus 15 in the same interval. In addition, for the carbon dioxide level, it is range from 200 to 300. Most important, the highest CO2 level can be found at present, which is nearly 400. In conclusion, the CO2 level and temperature follow a similar pattern.

(APEUni Website / App DI #239)

### 48. Arctic Food Chain (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the arctic food chain. It shows how the process is done. The steps include algae, diatoms, and copepods and so on. According to this graph, the first step is that diatoms eat algae. According to this graph, the second step is that copepods eat diatoms. You can see from this graph that the third step is that arctic cod eat copepods. You can also see from this graph that the next step is that ringed seals eat arctic cods. According to this graph, the next step is that polar bears eat ringed seals. The final step is that algae absorb excrement. In conclusion, the process will repeat.

(APEUni Website / App DI #236)

### 49. Government Expenditure (Prediction)

### Government Expenditure: Education – all sectors



**Answer:**

This graph shows the government expenditure in different sectors of education. It is shown on the graph that \$11 billion are invested in education in total. At the top of the pyramid, we can see higher education in which \$1.8 billion are invested, followed by which vocational educational training and schools get \$2 billion and \$3-4 billion respectively. At the bottom of the pyramid, we can see the early childhood in which \$0.8-1.4 billion are invested. It can be seen that schools get the highest investment while early childhood gets the least. In conclusion, this graph gives very interesting information. (APEUni Website / App DI #235)

### 50. Pencil Length (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about pencil length. The items include New Jersey, Chicago, and Michigan. According to this graph, in Chicago, the length of the pencil is around 46.750. And that of New Jersey is higher, which is around 50.680. You can see from this graph that the highest length of the pencil is in New Jersey, which is 50.680. You can also see from this graph that the lowest length of the pencil is Virginia, which is around 18.950. In conclusion, New Jersey has the highest length of the pencil. (APEUni Website / App DI #233)

### 51. S&P (Prediction)



(APEUni Website / App DI #230)

### 52. Switzerland Language (Prediction)

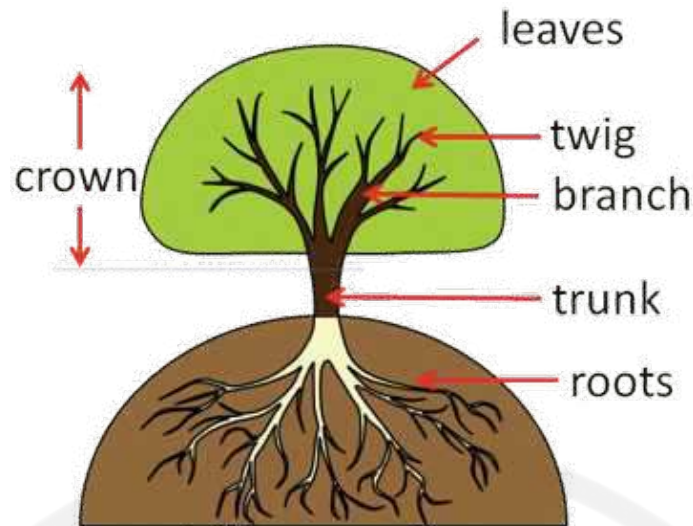


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about Switzerland Language. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. The items include German, Italian, French, Romansch. According to this graph, the largest areas of language is German, which is in the center of Switzerland. In comparison, the smallest areas of language are Romansch, which in the east of Switzerland. In conclusion, using German is much larger than that of using Romansch.

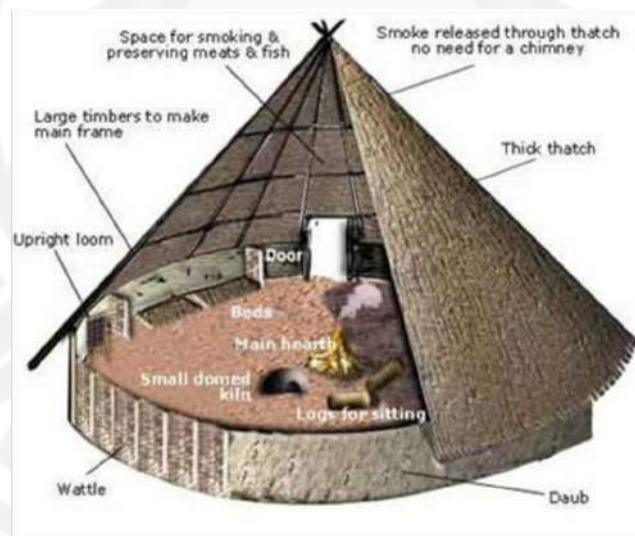
(APEUni Website / App DI #225)

### 53. Parts of Tree (Prediction)

**Answer:**

The diagram shows a different part of the tree. When we look at the top of the picture, we can see the crown of the tree, which includes leaves on top, a twig in the middle, and branches at the bottom in the crown. Followed by the crown we can see a trunk, which connects the roots in the soil. Finally, the crown of the tree shares a similar size with roots so that they provide a lot of information to scientists. In conclusion, this picture demonstrates the structure of trees.

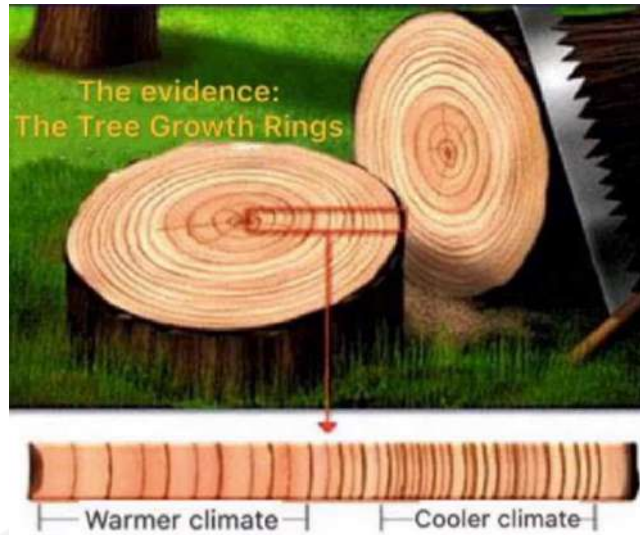
(APEUni Website / App DI #222)

**54. Thatched Hut 1 (Prediction)****Answer:**

This diagram shows us the structure of the thatched hut. As we can see, from the bottom, there are wattle and daub. And up to the top, we can see upright loom, large timbers to make mainframe, space for smoking preserving meats and fish, and the smoke released through the thatch, which means, there is no need for a chimney. Inside the tent, we can see a door, some beds, the main hearth, a small domed kiln and some logs for sitting. In conclusion, the structure is complex, and the thatch is brown.

(APEUni Website / App DI #220)

**55. Tree Ring and Saw (Prediction)**

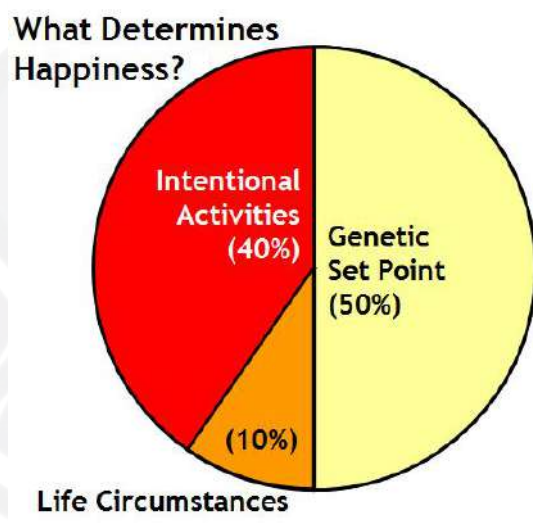


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the evidence of tree growth rings. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, in the central area, there is a tree ring; the colour of it is brown. You can see from this graph that, in the right area, there is a saw; the colour of it is black. You can see from this graph that, in the background, there are grasses, the colour of those is green. The weather is sunny. The sky is blue and clear. In conclusion, this picture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #219)

**56. Happiness (Prediction)**

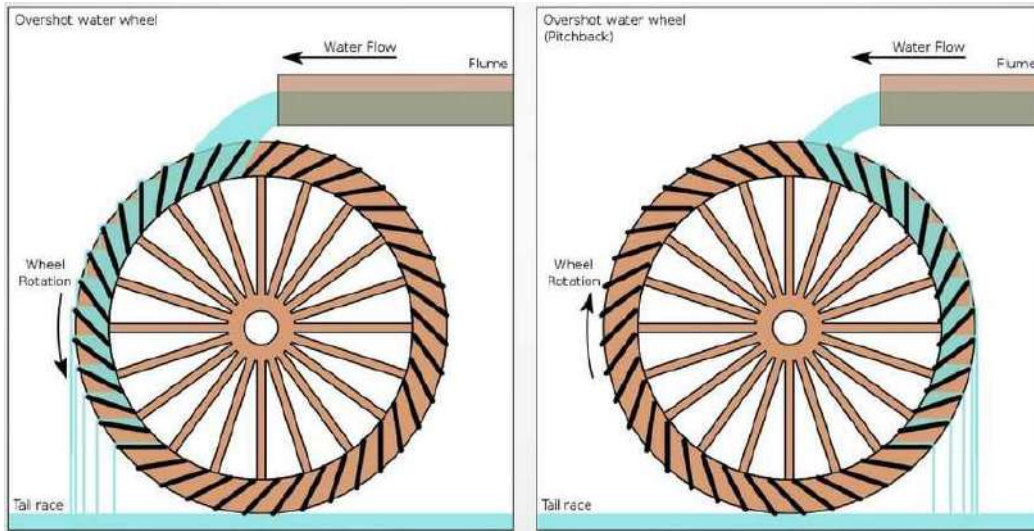


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about what determines happiness. The items include the genetic set point, intentional activities, and life circumstances. According to this graph, the proportion of genetic set point is around 50%, and that of intentional activities is lower, which is around 40%. You can see from this graph that the highest proportion is the genetic set point, which is around 50%. You can also see from this graph that the lowest proportion is life circumstances, which is around 10%. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #203)

**57. Water Wheel (Prediction)**

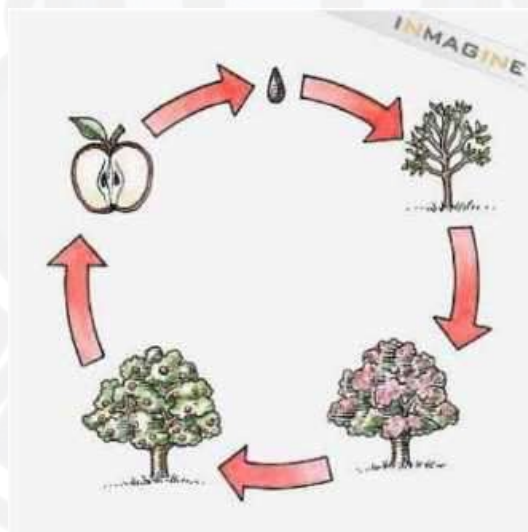


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about water wheels with different rotational directions. On the left, we can see a water wheel, which is rotating anticlockwise. On the right, we can see another water wheel, which is rotating clockwise. According to this graph, the water wheels are both overshoot ones, with a flume overhead, through which water flows down on the wheels. And we can see tail races lying below the water wheels, in which water falling down from the wheels flow away. In conclusion, the graph is informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #199)

**58. Apple Life Cycle (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how an apple seed can become an apple tree. It shows how the process is done. The steps include apple seed, a small apple tree, the blossom of the tree. According to this graph, the first step is the apple seed. According to this graph, the second step is to become a small apple tree. You can see from this graph that the third step is the blossom of the tree. The final step is small apples will come out of the blossoms. Finally, we can get red and big apples from the apple tree. In conclusion, the process will repeat.

(APEUni Website / App DI #178)

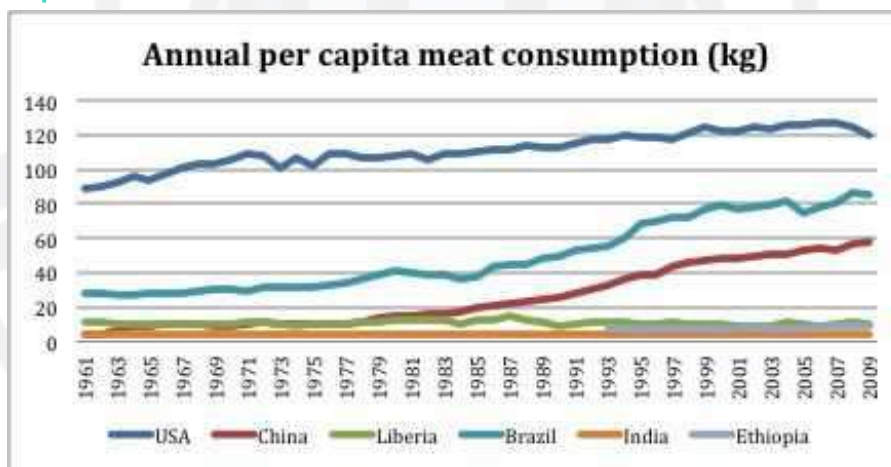
**59. Solar Yard Light (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how solar yard lights work. It shows how the process is done. The steps include the glass cover, the solar cells, and the battery. According to this graph, the first step is the glass cover. According to this graph, the second step is solar cells. You can see from this graph that the third step is photoresistor. You can also see from this graph that the next step is the battery. According to this graph, the next step is the controller board. According to this graph, the next step is LED. The final step is the lamp cover. In conclusion, this graph is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #173)

**60. Meat Consumption (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about annual per capita meat consumption from 1961 to 2009, measured in kilograms, in different countries including USA, China, and Liberia. USA, which is shown in blue, starts at 90 kg in 1961 and concludes at 120kg in 2009. China, which is shown in red, starts at 5kg in 1961 and then increases rapidly and concludes at a maximum of 60kg in 2009. However, for Liberia, India, and Ethiopia which are shown in green, orange and grey, the meat consumption remains relatively stable throughout the years. In conclusion, this graph gives impressive information about meat consumption. (APEUni Website / App DI #168)

**61. Sleeping Hours (Prediction)**



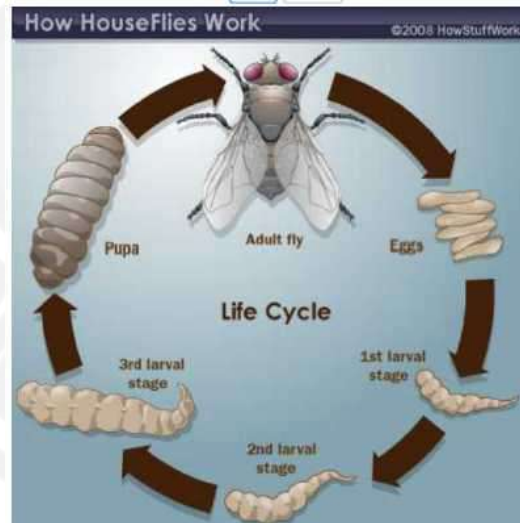
Age	Nighttime Sleep	Daytime Sleep *	Total Sleep
1 month	8 1/2	7 (3)	15 1/2
3 months	10	5 (3)	15
6 months	11	3 1/4 (2)	14 1/4
9 months	11	3 (2)	14
12 months	11 1/4	2 1/2 (2)	13 3/4
18 months	11 1/4	2 1/4 (1)	13 1/2
2 years	11	2 (1)	13
3 years	10 1/2	1 1/2 (1)	12

\*Note: number of naps in parentheses

**Answer:**

This table shows some information about the relationship between babies' sleep time and their ages, including nighttime sleep, daytime sleep and total sleep, measured in hours. And the numbers of naps in parentheses are also shown. It can be seen that as babies' ages increase from 1-month-old to 3 years old, the nighttime sleep increases from 8.5 hours to 10.5 hours and the daytime sleep decreases from 7 hours to 1.5 hours. As a result, total sleep decreases from 15.5 hours to 12 hours. Also, the number of naps decreases from 3 to 1. In conclusion, this table gives impressive information about babies' sleep time.

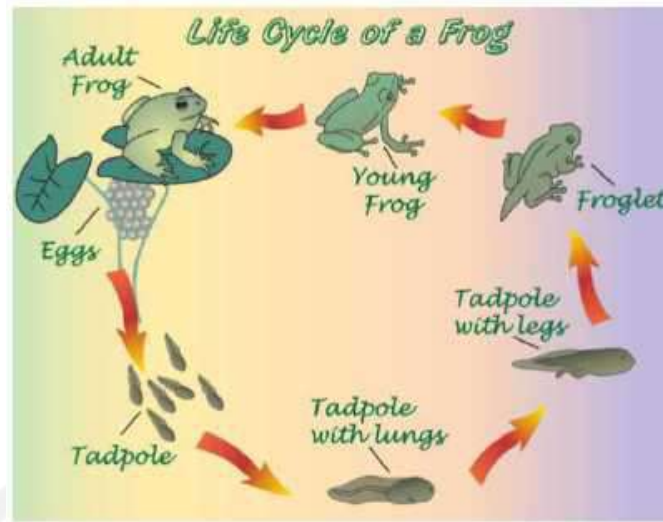
(APEUni Website / App DI #166)

**62. Fly Life Cycle (Prediction)****Answer:**

The following graph gives information about how houseflies work, that is, the life cycle of a fly. It starts with eggs which are laid by an adult fly, and then the eggs become 1st larva stage. In this stage, the larva is relatively small. Then the cycle goes to the 2nd larval stage where the larva grows larger but the color remains relatively constant. When it comes to the 3rd larva stage, the larva becomes much larger and the color starts to become darker. After that, the cycle reaches the pupa stage where the larva is covered with dark skin. The pupa becomes an adult fly eventually which can lay eggs again and let the process continues. In conclusion, this image gives a vivid illustration of the life cycle of a fly.

(APEUni Website / App DI #135)

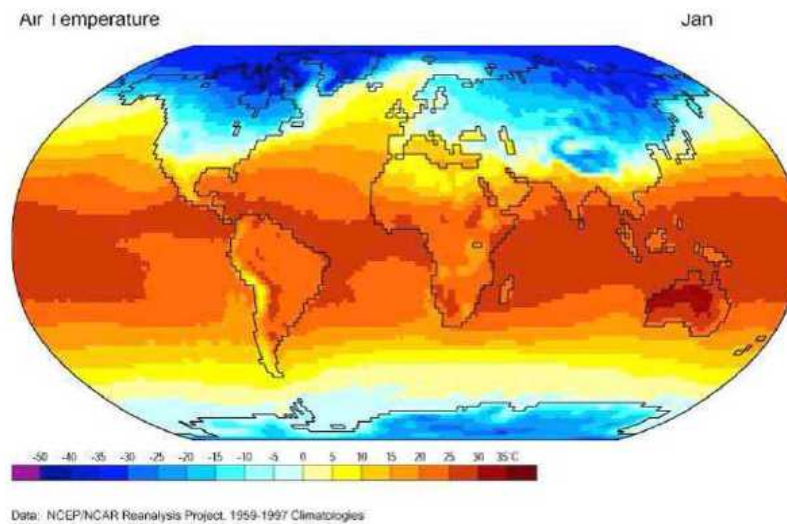
### 63. Frog Life Cycle (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the life cycle of a frog. It shows how the process is done. The steps include eggs, tadpole, and froglet and so on. According to this graph, the first step is eggs. According to this graph, the second step is tadpole. You can see from this graph that the third step is tadpole with lungs. You can also see from this graph that the next step is tadpole with legs. According to this graph, the next step is froglet. According to this graph, the next step is young flog. The final step is adult flog. In conclusion, the process will repeat.  
(APEUni Website / App DI #88)

### 64. Air Temperature (Prediction)



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about air temperature. Data of different areas are displayed on the map. According to this graph, the highest temperature areas are in African and South America. In comparison, the lowest temperature areas are in the Arctic and the South Pole. You can see from this graph that the moderate temperature areas are in China and Europe. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.  
(APEUni Website / App DI #87)

### 65. Sprouting (Prediction)

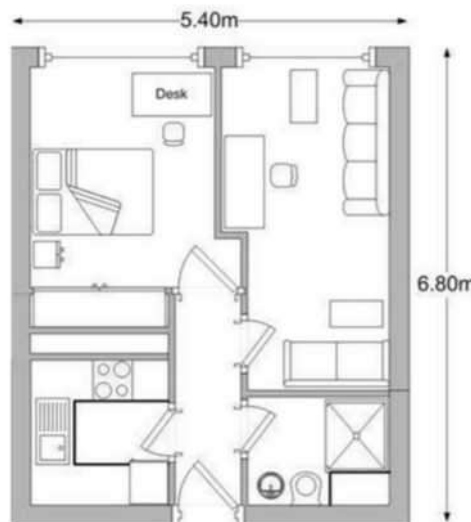


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the process of how the seeds can grow into a tree. The first step is about a seed, it is buried under the ground. The second step is about a seedling, which means the seed can grow after some time and the roots underground will begin to extend. The next step is about a small tree, which means there is a leave growing out of the seed and the roots underground becoming further extended. Finally, the last step is about the tree, more leaves are grown from the stems and roots underground extend deeper and deeper. In conclusion, the whole process contains 4 steps and it is an easy process to see the mature tree from a small seed.

(APEUni Website / App DI #48)

**66. Apartment Plan (Prediction)**

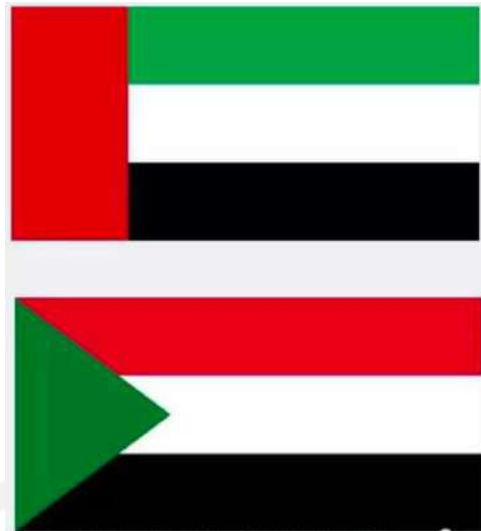


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the housing structure. When we enter the house from the entrance, on the left-hand side we can see a small kitchen with a stove in it and on the right-hand side there is a small toilet and a place for a shower. Going deeper into the house, we can find the main bedroom which is on the left corner with a double bed and a desk in it, and the living room is on the right corner with spacious room, a long lounge, and some sofas. In conclusion, it is a very comfortable house to live in.

(APEUni Website / App DI #45)

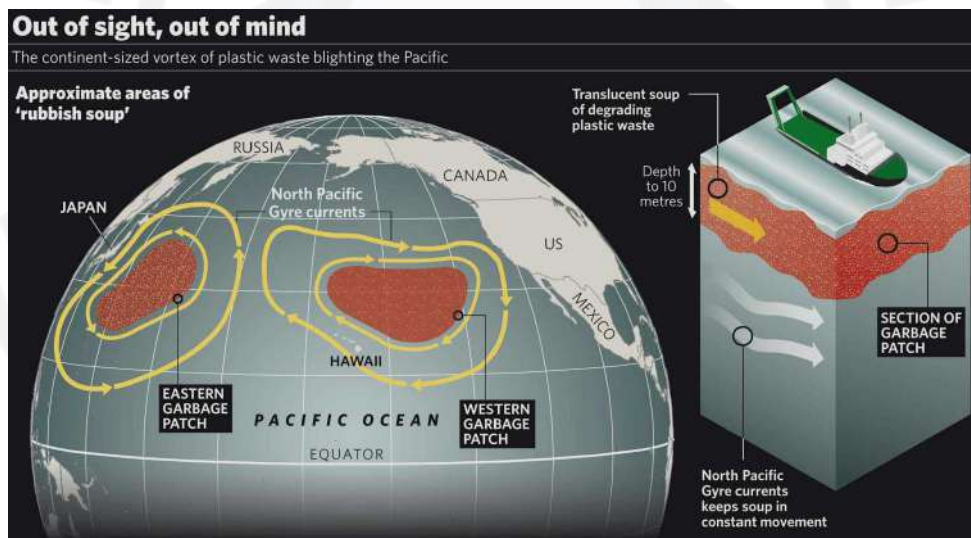
**67. National Flags (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about two national flags. In the first national flag, from the top to the bottom, the colors are green, white and black; there is also a red rectangle on the left-hand side. In the second national flag, the color composition is the same. However, from the top to the bottom; the colors are red, white and black, with a green triangle on the left-hand side. In conclusion, the two national flags are quite similar in color while they are still different in shapes and composition. (APEUni Website / App DI #43)

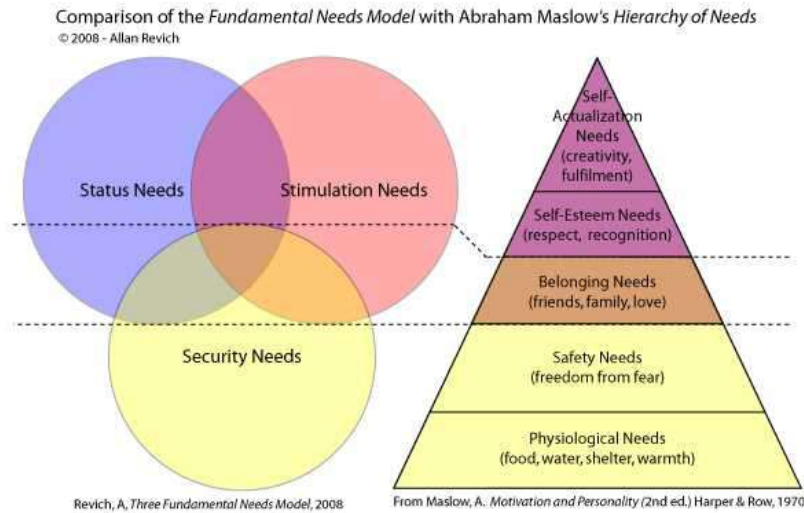
**68. Garbage Patches (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about out of sight, out of mind. According to the picture, we can see the continent-sized cortex of plastic waste is blighting the Pacific. Specifically, there are two rubbish soups, the eastern garbage patch which is next to Japan and the western garbage patch which is next to Hawaii, the north pacific gyre currents are running differently in two different patches. Apart from that, the translucent soup of degrading plastic waste is as deep as 10 meters and the north pacific gyre currents keep soup in constant movement. We can also see the section of the garbage patch is in color red. In conclusion, the picture indicates that we need to take environmental problems seriously. (APEUni Website / App DI #41)

**69. Psychological Comparison (Prediction)**

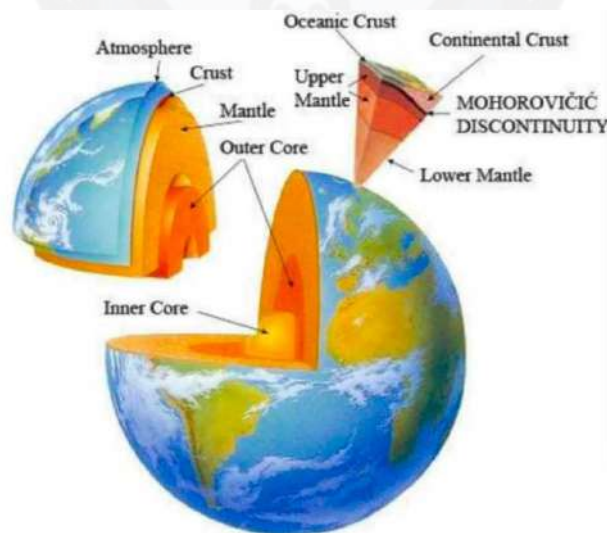


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about two different kinds of needs models. As we can see from the left-hand side, the needs can be divided into three kinds, which are status needs, stimulation needs and security needs. However on the right-hand side, we can see from the top to the bottom, there are five kinds of needs, which are self-actualization needs, self-esteem needs, belonging needs, safety needs and physiological needs. Specifically, safety needs mean freedom from fear and belonging needs mean friends, family, and love. In conclusion, the two models are similar in showing human’s different kinds of needs.

(APEUni Website / App DI #35)

**70. Earth Crust (2) (Prediction)**

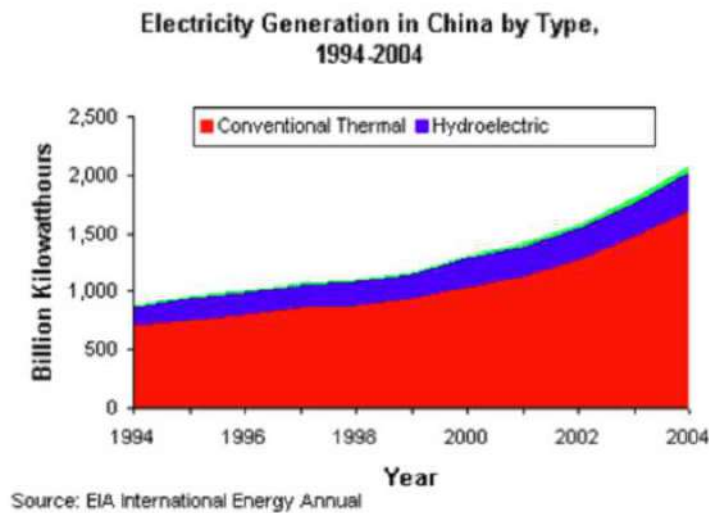


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about earth crust. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, the first layer is the atmosphere. Followed by that, the second layer is the crust. You can see from this graph that the third layer is the mantle. You can also see from this graph that the next layer is the outer core. The final layer is the inner core. In conclusion, this graph is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #31)

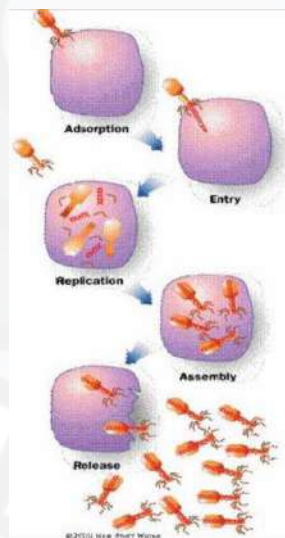
**71. Electricity Generation (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about electricity generation in China by type from 1994 to 2004. For the conventional thermal, it has increased from 600 in 1994 to 1500 in 2004 gradually. When we look at the hydroelectric, it remained relatively stable at around 100 throughout the period. For the total generation, it has increased dramatically from 900 to 2000 from 1994 to 2004. To sum up, conventional thermal still occupies the largest part of electricity generation in China. (APEUni Website / App DI #26)

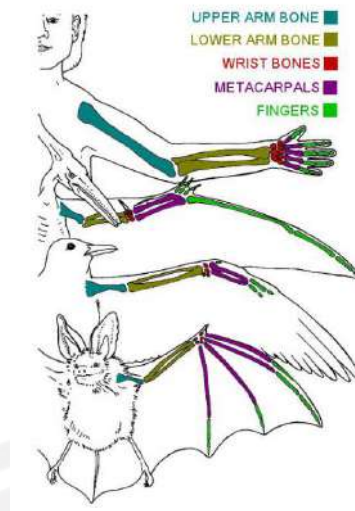
**72. Virus Replication (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about Virus Replication. It shows how the process is done. The steps include adsorption, entry, replication, assembly, release. According to this graph, the first step is adsorption. According to this graph, the second step is the entry. You can see from this graph that the third step is replication. You can also see from this graph that the next step is assembly. According to this graph, The final step is to release. In conclusion, this graph is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #19)

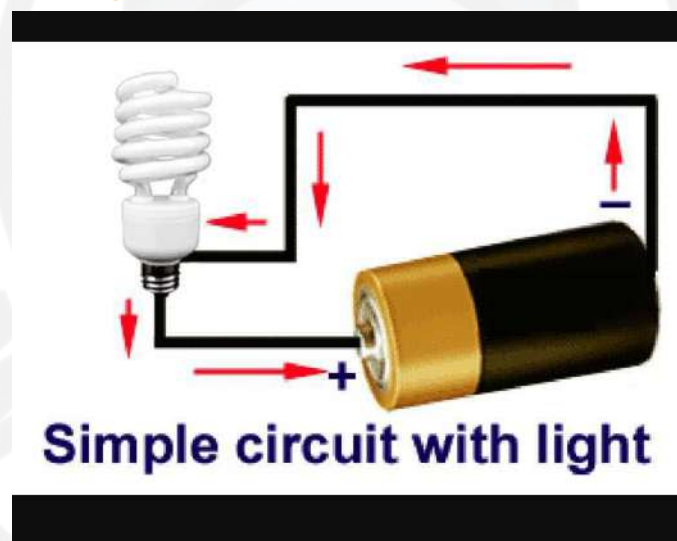
**73. Upper Arms (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

In human, The following graph gives information about bones. The items include upper arm bones, Lower arm bone and Wrist bone. In human, the longest bone is upper arm bones, In the second creature, the longest bone is fingers, and the shortest is .. In the bird, the longest is lower arm bone, In the bat, the longest bone is metacarpals[metə'kɑplz]掌骨 In conclusion, ...  
 (APEUni Website / App DI #18)

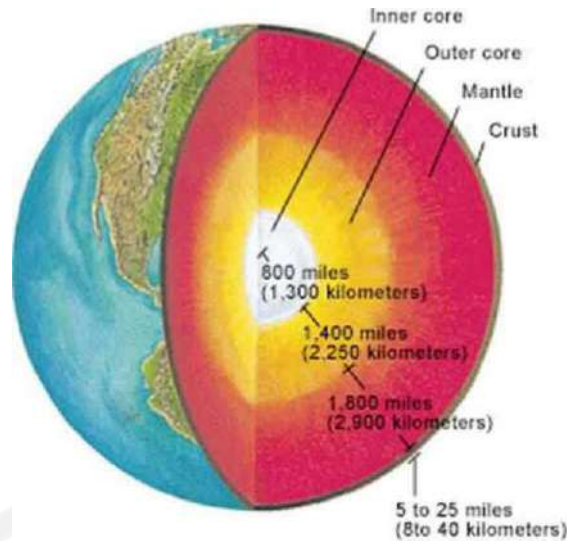
**74. Simple Circuit (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about simple circuit with light. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, at the central area, there is a battery; the colour of it is black and yellow. You can see from this graph that, at the left area, there is a bulb; the colour of it is white. You can see from this graph that, there is a line connecting the bulb and the battery. The weather is sunny. The sky is blue and clear.(可说可不说, 有能力的同学还可以说一句the electricity flow from negative pole to the positive pole ) In conclusion, this picture is very informative.  
 (APEUni Website / App DI #16)

**75. Earth Structure (Prediction)**

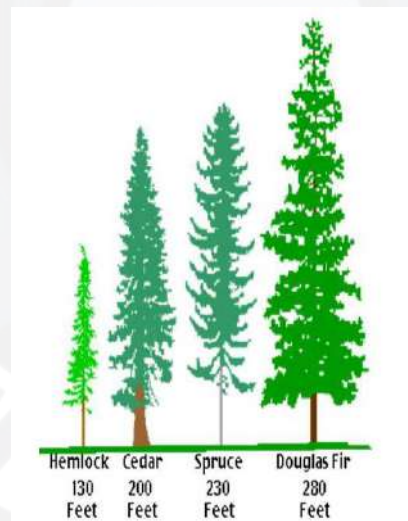


**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the core. According to the picture, we can see from the inside to the outside, there is an inner core, which is 800 miles, 1300 kilometers. Following that, it's the outer core, which is 1400 miles, 2250 kilometers. And then it's the mantle, which is 1800 miles, 2900 kilometers. The most outside one is the crust, which is 5–25 miles, 8–40 kilometers. In conclusion, the core has a very complex structure.

(APEUni Website / App DI #8)

**76. Height of Tree (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

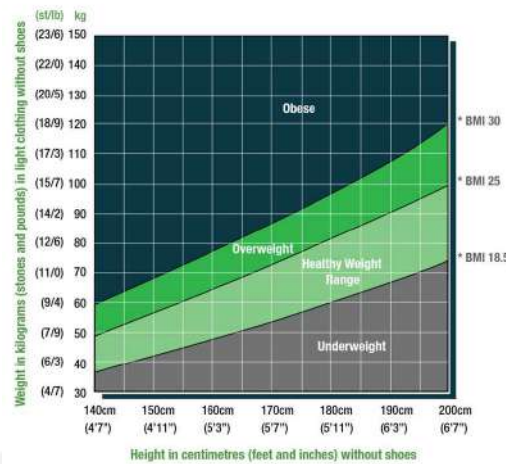
The following graph gives information about the height of trees. The items include hemlock, cedar, spruce, douglas fir. According to this graph, in Hemlock, the value of height is around 130 feet, and that of Cedar is higher, which is around 200 feet. You can see from this graph that the highest value of height is in Douglas Fir, which is around 280 feet. In conclusion, Douglas Fir has the highest number.

(APEUni Website / App DI #7)

**77. BMI (Prediction)**



**Aim for a healthy weight: BMI chart for adults**



Source: Adapted from the Australian Dietary Guidelines (2013).

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about Aim for a healthy weight: BMI chart for adults. The graph shows the information about body mass index. The height is between 140 centimeters to 200 centimeters, and the weight is between 30 kilograms to 150 kilograms. It is clear that obese occupies the largest percentage, above BMI 30; followed by overweight, normally occupies the area between BMI 30 and BMI 25; then the heavily weight range, between BMI 25 and BMI 18.5. Finally it is underweight below BMI 18.5. In conclusion, this graph summarizes information about body mass. (APEUni Website / App DI #3)

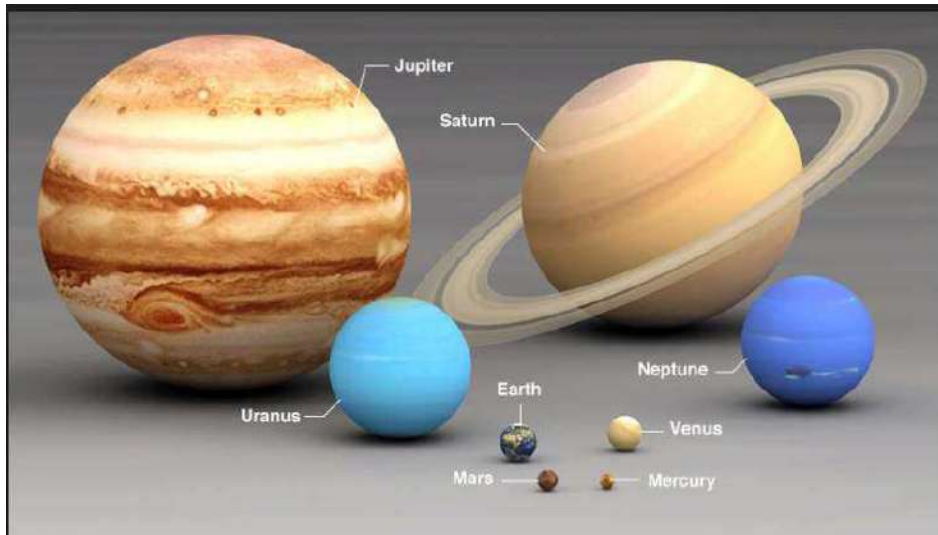
**78. Typing Hands (Prediction)**



**Answer:**

At the upper left area, there is a keyboard, the color of it is black, and there are hands which parallel with each other, which is right. At the lower left area, there is a hand which parallels with the keyboard. And it is the right gesture. At the upper right area, there are two hands which are twisted against each other.,and it is wrong. The second picture in the right area, 2 hands are the point in the opposite direction, which are wrong. The third picture at the right area, there is a hand forming an angle with the keyboard. At the lower right area, there is a hand whose wrist forming a right angle. In conclusion, this graph is very informative. (APEUni Website / App DI #2)

**79. Solar System (Prediction)**

**Answer:**

The following graph gives information about the solar system. This is a very beautiful picture, and it shows a number of things. According to this graph, the largest planet is Jupiter; the colour of it is brown. You can see from this graph that, the second largest planet is Saturn; the colour of it is brown. And the smallest planet is Mercury, followed by Mars, Earth, Venus, Neptune, Uranus. In conclusion, this picture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App DI #1)

## Retell Lecture

Repeat Rate: 75%

**Exam Strategy:** A considerable number of new questions have been reported recently, and get yourself prepared. **Exam Strategy:** Fluent with templates > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

**Audio Available:** There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 1. General-purpose Cars (New) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 图片题, 左边一个红色的车, 车牌VJ后面有三个数字。关于general-purpose car给人们生活带来的变化。People can drive and go everywhere more comfortably. 提到go to Scotland。It changed the way we live and the way we educate because we can go to school by car. Improve individual mobility and be more wealthy.

(APEUni Website / App RL #291)

### 2. Street Stalls (New) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 图片题。集市上很多人在摆摊, 摊位有三排, 每一排中都有一个空白的。

(APEUni Website / App RL #290)

### 3. Edmund Wilson (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Wilson came then from a different world and he became the focal point of a broad mainstream American culture that thought that modern literature and wanted modern literature to be able to be read and appreciated by ordinary people. They were not modernists in an abstract sense and certainly some of them like TS Eliot and Faulkner were too difficult for some of their writings to be read by ordinary people, but this was a world before the division between the brows or between elite or whatever had established itself as part of our consciousness. Wilson was a major player in the successful effort of his generation to establish at the heart of American life and innovative literature that would equal the great cultures of Europe. And he knew that the great cultures of Europe were there he was not a product of a narrow American Studies kind of training at all. He joined a high artistic standard with an openness to all experience and a belief that literature was as much a part of life for everyone as conversation. He thought that Proust and Joyce and Yeats and Eliot could and should be read by ordinary Americans and helped that to happen. Wilson was a very various man over a period of almost 50 years. He was a dedicated a literary journalist, an investigative reporter, a brilliant memoirist and a dedicated journal keeper.

(APEUni Website / App RL #142)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 4. Children Obesity (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: There are 20% of children in the USA today have obesity. As a result, heart diseases have become more and more common among children. The smallest is 5 years old. This has to be solved because obesity will lead to more negative health consequences, such as Type 2 Diabetes, kidney failure, and strokes.

(APEUni Website / App RL #287)

### 5. Cloud Formation (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Absolutely. There's a lot of interest in what forms those clouds. Why are those clouds there, why do they stick around? At the center of every cloud drop is a particle. You can't grow a cloud drop without having a particle there for the water to condense on. The key questions that people have not directly addressed until very recently is what actually forms those clouds. And so the ones that you're looking at over the ocean, it turns out sea salt is a very effective nucleator for forming clouds,, so there's a really good chance that those are loaded with sea salt. But as you go inland you start to have pollution come from all different kinds of sources, and so different sources form clouds more effectively than others. And we're trying to unravel which sources are actually contributing to the clouds. The clouds are incredibly important players in climate change in that they reflect the light back to space, and so they're keeping things much, much cooler than they would be if they weren't there. They also play a huge role in regional weather. So we're actually starting to see shifts where having more pollution input into the clouds is affecting weather patterns, and in particular it's actually reducing the amount of precipitation, so we're starting to see drought in areas with super high levels of air pollution.

(APEUni Website / App RL #249)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 6. Child Birth Rate (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

The western countries women, especially those under 30 years old, are becoming more and more reluctant to give birth to babies. However, the male's status in the society remains strong in recent years. The birth rates increased during 20's century but it remain to decrease in the last two decades, reaching its historical low. In the year 2000, the birth rate remained at around 1%. There are even some negative birth rates in other countries. Birth rate dropped to its lowest point that has never been seen in the history. It also has impacts on male in the society especially the young man, and it might have some connection with unemployment rate as well.

(APEUni Website / App RL #130)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 7. Animal Behavior (B) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Why should we bother studying animal behavior? Well, first and foremost, because we are interested in understanding why animals do what they do. There are lots of other reasons for studying animal behavior. Conservation biologists need to know what animals do if they're going to save them. Are those animals social or solitary? How much space do they need and how many mates do they have? Sometimes you can't predict the outcome of the research. Fernando Nottebohm started out being interested in how birds know what to sing. Yet his research eventually led to a complete overhaul of the entire field of neurobiology, a totally unanticipated yet utterly monumental effect. And this is the course textbook by John Alcock the fact that this is in its ninth edition tells you how fast an afield animal behavior is. There are lots of new developments.

(APEUni Website / App RL #271)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 8. British Population (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：有一张关于UK population的表，列出并朗读了London, Wales, Scotland和British的人口。大部分人口居住在伦敦，London人口差不多7百万，等于Wales和Scotland人口之和，所以管理伦敦比另外两地

要困难，主要因为英国没有一个national party。

(APEUni Website / App RL #267)

## 9. Overfishing (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Aquaculture, the farming of fish, shrimp, shellfish and seaweeds, has been the sources of human protein for nearly four thousand years, especially in Asia. In the last decade, however, there is been unprecedented growth in aquaculture production, more than 300% since 1984, which has increased the importance of the modern food supply. It's the world's fastest growing food production activity. And globally, more than 25% of the odd fishing and shellfish production in 1999 was attributable to aquaculture. Yes, this industry's contributions to human diet is actually greater than the numbers imply, whereas 1/3 of the conventional fish catch is used to make fish meal and fish oil. Virtually all farmed fish are used as human food. Today, nearly 1/3 of fish consumed by human is the product of aquaculture, and that percentage will only increase as aquaculture expands the world's conventional fish catch, for the oceans and lakes continues to decline because of overfishing and environmental damage.

(APEUni Website / App RL #263)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 10. Happiness and Social Relations (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Happiness comes from frequency and quality of social relation. The higher the frequency, the more happiness relations with friends and family and others produce. It is not sure why social relation is correlated with happiness. But there's evidence that when people feel more satisfied with their social relations, they will feel happier, in turn, when people feel happier, they will get more satisfied with social relations. Happy people tend to be social more with friends and have more interaction between family. Some people wonder if their social activities make them happier or their happy personalities drive them to be social more with their friends and families.

(APEUni Website / App RL #259)

## 11. Ageing population (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: As the world population grow, the ageing population has become more serious. Ageing percentage in the US is now 13% and is expected to be 23% in 2030. The situation is the same in Japan and Germany. There will be more than 20% of the German population aged over 65 years old in 2030. Ageing problem is related to industrialization.

(APEUni Website / App RL #257)

## 12. Small Languages (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Small languages are dying out due to globalization and urbanizations. Global languages such as English has taken place of many small languages. People have been moving to urban areas where is hard for small languages to survive. Some small languages can now only survive in some remote, isolated islands.

(APEUni Website / App RL #256)

## 13. Robot (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: It's hard to make a robot complete a task that seems extremely simple for a human. For example it is very easy for us to see a person but it's very hard for a robot. A robot has a camera on it to capture pixels, and then the robot will transform the pixels into an image, which is not as easy as

it sounds like. it is not easy to design a robot to do tasks that are simple to humans.

(APEUni Website / App RL #254)

#### 14. Absolute Zero (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

Can we never get to absolute zero? What a wonderful question. I wish I had a wonderful answer to go with it. Here is the problem, there is actually a law of physics called the third law of thermodynamics, that says you cannot get to the absolutely zero, but we don't really know it's true, but we are pretty sure it is for the following reason: every time you think of some way of cooling something down a little bit, it means you try to get energy out of that thing and make the temperature lower. Well if you can get energy out, usually there is a way that the energy can go in as well. And that always means there is a competition between taking the energy out and putting the energy in. Now you can try to make it, so you are favoring getting energy out, but you can't completely stop the energy from going in and that means you might be able to get colder and colder, but you won't be able to get all the way to absolute zero. Could we go back to my power point, because I think that one of these slides will illustrate that point a little bit better. Yes, here, remember the logarithmic thermometer? There is no zero on this logarithmic thermometer, just keeps going down, you make it a fact of 10 colder, you're not a zero. You make it a fact of 10 colder, you're still not a zero. You make it a fact of 10 colder, you're still not a zero. So, you start a million of a degree, now you are 10 millions of a degree, now you are 100 millions of a degree. Now you are billions of degree. You never get to zero that way. You get closer and closer, but you never get to zero. So that's why we cannot get to absolute zero.

(APEUni Website / App RL #253)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 15. Dimensions (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

Well, there's a number of ways to think about what dimensions are. I hope we all know where three dimensions are, which you can say are left, right; forward, backward; up, down. And if you think about it, three . we say there are three dimensions of space. And sometimes we need three coordinates to locate some objects in space. So, you can say longitude, latitude and altitude. So if there were more dimensions, you would need more coordinates. Now of course for whatever reason we are not physiologically designed to observe those dimensions, but that doesn't mean they don't exist. One way of thinking about it is, Maybe the best way of thinking about it is the way that someone named Edwin Abbott did it in the late 19th century in a book called flatland. And he said suppose there were two dimensional creatures living in a two dimensional universe. They would have the same trouble conceptualizing three dimensions that we have when we try to conceptualize more than three, such as four. And so, he asked questions like, "What would observers in this two dimensional universe see, say, if a three dimensional object like a sphere passed through the universe?" And what this flatland universe would see would be a series of disks that grow in size and then decreased in size. In the same way that we can certainly think about a two dimensional world inside a three dimensional world, it could be that we observe three dimensions but really there are more. And if a hyper sphere say a four dimensional sphere passed through our universe, we would see a series of spheres that grew in size and then decreased in size. The fact that we don't observe those extra dimensions doesn't mean they don't exist. And they are hard to conceptualize. They certainly are hard to visualize. But we can think about them mathematically and conceptually without too much trouble.

(APEUni Website / App RL #252)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website /](#)

[App to listen.](#)

### 16. Underwater Detectors (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Underwater remote detector called Antares is a camera installed under the water for fish monitoring. It is a remote technology system. Researchers can monitor fishes on their computers in universities. The camera can detect surrounding environments and fish. This help find out what they eat and what they don't eat. They can stop feeding them if necessary in some situation to save time and labor.

(APEUni Website / App RL #250)

### 17. Survey (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

要点: Let's say if I'm asking which source do you often use to get information. Newspaper? Radio? And the survey shows 62% of the people chose internet. You might be thinking I am going to say, how important the internet is, or how quickly it has changed the world for a few years. But what if I tell you this survey is conducted on the website global and mail.com? Our answer will be different. Because the people who did this survey on a website must be frequent users of internet. This sample is a biased sample. So we have to pay attention to how a survey is conducted. (屏幕上有topic: what's the most common way that you get access to information? 结果62%的受访者反馈是internet。)

(APEUni Website / App RL #248)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 18. Governmental Blogging (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 有一张文字简洁的PPT, 基本可以照着读。 We normally see blogging as a two-way interaction, in which the blogger/author creates the content and the readers interact or challenge the author. But the case will be much difficult when it comes to government, such as the White House. Because people will become coarser and ride online, especially in the comment area. Hence the governor blog may go wild and chaotic.

(APEUni Website / App RL #245)

### 19. Advanced Machine (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Human used to utilize simple machines to understand themselves and improve wellbeing. Later, engineers developed more complicated machines to expand human's life expectancy. So that we can have more time to create more advanced machines. For example, now we have ECG to study the different parts in our body and how they work, without going into the body.

(APEUni Website / App RL #242)

### 20. Dissociation of personalities (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Morton Prince was an American physician and psychologist, his book "Dissociation of a Personality" was the best-seller at that time. It tells a story of Miss Christine Beauchamp, who was suffering from MPD (Multiple Personality Disorder) . Miss Beauchamp have several personalities, namely B1, B2 and B3. There was hidden memory in these 3 personalities. Miss Beauchamp was B2. B2 knows about B1, B3 knows both B1 & B2, but B1 knows nothing about B2 or B3. The strongest personality account for most of the time and it will take over the others and become the main personality at the end. This case and theory give great help to crime investigation.

(APEUni Website / App RL #240)

## 21. Frog Mutation (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 配了一个饼图 60% frog with normal limbs 20% with... The graph shows tree types of frogs in different region, indicating their life habits and their influence on human. The variation of frog has been existing for many years that some have more limbs while some have fewer limbs. The lecture also explains the reason for the gene mutation. Many people are worried that river those frogs live will be polluted by them and affect our health.

(APEUni Website / App RL #239)

## 22. Wage, Consumption and Debt (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: According to the speaker, the wage increase is 5%, which is very weak. The consumption is about 15%, which seems decent. The housing debt is about 40%, which is unusual. But can be understandable after the wage and consumption increase.

(APEUni Website / App RL #238)

## 23. European Educational Expenditure (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: The lecture compares the expenses of education institution among different European countries. UK spent 1.08% of its GDP on education institutions, which was insufficient compared to other European countries including Italy, Denmark and Spain. The expenditure of Italy and France is close to that of the UK. Denmark and Finland spent much more than the rest of the European countries. Northern European countries' tertiary educational expenditure is high.

(APEUni Website / App RL #79)

## 24. Practice (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 图片题, 一个小女孩拉提琴 (或是吹奏管乐)。主要说practice和performance的关系, practice可以让人变得professional和excellent。即使是专业人士也需要联系10000小时达到international level。deliberate practice不仅需要时间也需要在过程中找到问题和错误加以解决。以数学中的geometry学习为例来证明deliberate practice的重要性。

(APEUni Website / App RL #237)

## 25. Mega Cities (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于mega cities' impact。Global population has increased by 4 folds, from 1.5 billion in 1900 to 6 billion in 2000. While resource consumption has increased more significantly by 16 folds over the century. Due to urbanization, cities, which only account for 2% of the land, have 50% of the total population and consume 75% of the resources. People not only use every resource but also produce tons of wastes.

(APEUni Website / App RL #236)

## 26. Loggerhead turtle (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点:The lecture talks about loggerhead turtle, one of the largest turtles in the world, and almost distinct in the USA. They have big heads and short necks. In September, 1986, scientists put a tracker on a turtle's shell, and use satellites to track and locate the migration route of the turtle. They reach different localities in different time. The migration takes three months, from the south Florida to the north.

(APEUni Website / App RL #233)

## 27. BSI (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

With over 40 years unrivaled experience and a worldwide reputation, BSI leads the way in testing and



certification of fire safety products. Based on our dedicated labs in Hemel Hempstead, our team provides BSI kitemark and Cee testing and certification for a broad range of products, including fire extinguishers, hoses, alarm panels, and heat and smoke detectors. We help clients to gain access into the European market by ensuring that products meet all the CE mark requirements. And we are familiar with the market access regulations of most countries across the world, enabling customers to enter markets globally. The BSI kitemark is categorized as a British super brand and acknowledged the world over as a symbol of trust, integrity, and quality. It provides the reassurance that vital product safety and performance requirements have been met. Our team subject each product to a rigorous set of tests along with robust production control audits designed specifically to ensure that they perform two required standards of safety and quality. We test for compatibility of fire detection and fire alarm system components to ensure that they're compatible and connectable. This service meets the growing requirement of European regulatory authorities to meet national installation guidelines. We also perform tests on individual detection components. Fire suppression products such as fire extinguishers are subjected to rigorous tests designed to ensure that they're effective, safe and capable of performing in environments and conditions in which they're stored and used. The symbols for BSI kitemark and C certification represent quality, safety, and trust. For specifiers, they demonstrate a commitment to best practice procurement. And for the public, they provide the reassurance that fire safety products are effective and reliable.

(APEUni Website / App RL #230)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 28. Motivation (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 讲到two types of motivation, 即Approach Motivation and Avoidance Motivation。 Approach Motivation means moving to things that are positive, such as vocational plans. Avoidance Motivation is driving away things that are negative and whose purpose is to reduce anxiety. Avoidance Motivation is quite intense.

(APEUni Website / App RL #225)

## 29. Soot Emission (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Sometimes it's the little things that can make big things happen. Fleas and the plague, atoms and nuclear bombs. Diminutive leaders in world history. Soot is one of these little things. Soot also known as black carbon is released when you burn dung, coal, diesel fuel and wood. From Los Angeles to Mumbai, soot causes respiratory illnesses like lung cancer and asthma and contributes to one point six million premature deaths every year. Mostly among the poor. And it gets worse. Atmospheric currents carry soot thousands of miles from where it is produced, to the Himalayas and the Arctic. Black carbon being black, absorbs sunlight, so even a little soot on snow makes it melt faster. And when snow melts global sea levels rise, threatening our freshwater indigenous communities and polar bears who hunt on the Arctic ice. Climate Change has been a big thing for a while and carbon dioxide has been its main cause. Scientists estimate that soot causes twenty five percent of human-caused global warming. It's the second leading cause of Arctic warming after carbon dioxide. Let's not underestimate the impact of this tiny particle. But there's good news, reducing black carbon may be the fastest way to slow global warming. Buy time for the Arctic. Yes even more so than changing a light bulb. Since black carbon only stays in the atmosphere for a couple of weeks, reducing it will produce results immediately. Of course, reducing soot alone won't solve global warming, but solving our soot problem now will help buy time for the Arctic and allow us to deal with the bigger problem of carbon dioxide. We have the cleaner industries, cook stoves, and diesel now we have to use them. In

developed nations, we've significantly reduced our black carbon, but we still have much more to do. We need to tighten our standards at home and invest in cleaner technologies in developing nations. In a world going on seven billion people, you might feel rather little yourself. But if you urge the US government and the European Union to take the lead on black carbon reduction, you can make a big difference.

(APEUni Website / App RL #223)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 30. Rural Poverty (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 表格题，列出了India, Vietnam和Zimbabwe三个国家的乡村和城市人口。 The topic is the poverty in rural and urban areas. Firstly, the poverty rates in rural areas are much higher than those in urban areas, because most of the poor live in rural areas. Rural areas also have high infant mortality rate and low education level. It is important to make sure the population in rural areas have access to sanitation and education. The poverty in urban areas is caused by the migration from rural areas.

(APEUni Website / App RL #222)

### 31. Melatonin (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

I'm just going to take on the stuff where left off. The whole I want to now talk about it's called melatonin. The synthesis is in the Pineal Gland, which is very small. It is the size of a pea in your brain. The corpus is the site of the soul, and it is where melatonin is made. And it has a rhythm as well. And in the sense, it is the opposite of the callosum. It peaks at night. We call it as the darkness hormone. In every species that we studied, melatonin occurs at night. And it's hormone that prepares you for the things, that your species, does at night. So, of course, in humans we sleep, but animals, like rodents, they are awake. It's hormone that is related to darkness behavior.

(APEUni Website / App RL #188)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 32. Large Hadron Collider (LHC) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Protons are finally transferred to the LHC (both in a clockwise and an anticlockwise direction) where they are accelerated for 20 minutes to 6.5 TeV. Beams circulate for many hours inside the LHC beam pipes under normal operating conditions. For each collision, the physicist's goal is to count, track and characterize all the different particles. The charge of the particle, for instance, is obvious since particles with positive electric charge bend one way and those with negative charge bend the opposite way. Also the momentum of the particle can be determined. Large Hadron Collider (LHC) is the world's largest particle accelerator lies in a tunnel. The LHC is a ring roughly 28km around that accelerates protons almost to the speed of light before colliding them head-on. Protons are particles found in the atomic nucleus, roughly one thousand-million-millionth of a meter in size. The LHC starts with a bottle of hydrogen gas, which is sent through an electric field to strip away the electrons, leaving just the protons. Electric and magnetic fields are the key to a particle accelerator.

(APEUni Website / App RL #184)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 33. Salary Types (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Straight salary sales compensation plans aren't very common, but they do have a place in some organizations. With this type of structure, you'd pay your sales people a straight albeit competitive salary like all of your other employees, and nothing else. No bonuses, no commissions, and few, if any, sales incentives. This type of compensation plan is most often used when the industry you operate within prohibits direct sales, when sales people work as part of small groups or teams and all contributions are equal, when your sales team is relatively small, or when your sales people are expected to spend much of their time on other responsibilities other than selling. However, these plans don't tend to offer motivation to sales people, as there are no incentives for them to work harder. Salary plus commission sales compensation plans are possibly the most common plans used today. They're structured in a way that sales people receive a lower base salary along with commission pay that makes up the majority of the total compensation. Organizations use salary plus commission sales compensation plans when there are opportunities to support all sales people on this structure and when there are proper metrics in place for tracking sales to ensure that the splits are fair and accurate. This type of plan is often the better choice as opposed to straight salary because it offers motivation to increase productivity and to achieve goals. It also offers more stability. Sales people will still get some types of pay even if they're in training, when sales are low during certain months, or if market conditions get volatile. However, it can be more complex to administer. Commission only sales compensation plans are exactly what they sound like you pay your sales people for the sales they bring in and nothing else. There is no guarantee of income. These types of plans are easier to administer than salary plus commission and provide better value for your money paid as they are based solely on sales achieved. They also tend to attract fewer candidates, but do attract the most top-performing and hardest working sales professionals who know they can make a good income because they know how to sell. On the other hand, though, they can create aggression within your sales team and low income security, which can lead to a high turnover rate, and sales rep burnout from stress.

(APEUni Website / App RL #174)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**34. Animal Behavior (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

We can ask 2 fundamental questions about animal behavior they referred to as proximate and ultimate. Proximate questions are those concerned with the mechanisms that bring about behavior. Ultimate questions are those concerned with the evolution of behavior. We can divide the proximate and ultimate into 2 sub-questions. For proximate, how does behavior develop and secondly what causes the behavior. For ultimate, you can ask how did the behavior evolve and secondly what is the adaptive of significance of the behavior. What's its purpose? Together these comprise what are called Tinbergen's 4 questions about animal behavior. Niko Tinbergen was one of the founding fathers of the study of the animal behaviors. These questions represent different ways of studying animal behavior and understanding the difference between those 4 questions are fundamental to understanding behavior and indeed the whole of biology. How do we study animal behavior? Well that depends on the type of question we're hoping to answer.

(APEUni Website / App RL #181)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**35. Australia's Export (Prediction) (Audio Available)**

**Original:**

Thanks for this opportunity to speak about Australia's engagement with Asia from the perspective of trade and in particular to say a few words about what trade is doing in this, in this space. And I'm particularly pleased to be addressing trade and investment not just of course because these two things are inextricably linked but also of course because Australia reports to Australia's first ever Minister for trade and investment. Asia's importance to Australia's economy is growing by the day. It is one of the most important factors to consider. When assessing the International conditions for national prosperity Asian demand for our exports has helped Australia manage the global financial crisis better than most other developed economies. In fact, probably better than all other developed economies. An investment from Asia has added to the productive capacity of the economy and to overall productivity in 2013. Seven of our top ten export markets were in Asia and represented 65 percent of our total exports. Asian markets and Australia's geographic, geographic proximity are critical not just for our trade ties and our capacity to access important global supply chains, but also to the level of foreign investment in Australia. FDI has grown markedly in Australia over the past decade. In fact it has more than doubled from about two hundred ninety two billion dollars to 630 billion dollars in 2013.

(APEUni Website / App RL #216)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://APEUni Website / App) to listen.

**36. Electro-magnetic Induction (Prediction) (Incomplete)**

**Points:** 视频题。 The lecture is about the electro-magnetic induction experiment in 1831. 关键词有: relationship between magnetic field and electric field, electric current, generator, motion, when small coil is moved in or out of the large coil then... with magnetic field.

(APEUni Website / App RL #211)

**37. America's Economic Size (Prediction) (Incomplete)**

**Points:** 要点: 考了一道关于美国经济规模的, In terms of the size of economy, the US economy is more than the total amount of China, Japan UK and Germany. In terms of the industrial output, US output is \$2.8 trillion, but it only equals to the sum of China and Japan.

(APEUni Website / App RL #205)

**38. Teaching (Prediction) (Incomplete)**

**Points:** 要点: 讲教师如何应对教育革命的。 Traditionally, teachers use desks, chairs, paper and pencil to teach children handwriting and reading from paper. 随着技术的发展, the way of teaching has been radically changed. Teachers are using new technology in classrooms. Education in the future will be focusing on developing children's critical thinking skills.

(APEUni Website / App RL #201)

**39. Earthquake and Fault (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

Today, we will discuss the relationship between the fault lines in the Earth's crust and an earthquake. This dislocation of the rock occurs from the Earth's surface, seven kilometers to several hundred kilometers vertically down to the crust. The earthquake's focus is called epicenter which is vertically beneath the interior of the Earth's crust and the energy releases and transfers through epicenter. The faults are the fracture on the Earth's crust. The position of the epicenters can be identified by the faults' maps, looking down from the center of the Earth. It will result in seismic wave which is decreased as it moved away from the epicenter.

(APEUni Website / App RL #167)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

#### 40. Superman (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Today we're going to recount heroic tales of superhuman feats of strength, when in the face of disaster, some people are said to have summoned up incredible physical power to lift a car off of an accident victim, move giant rocks, or like Big John of song, single-handedly hold up a collapsing beam to let the other miners escape. Are such stories true? There are many anecdotes supporting the idea, but we're going to take a fact-based look at whether or not it truly is possible for an adrenalin-charged person to temporarily gain massive strength. In proper terminology, such a temporary boost of physical power would be called hysterical strength. The stories are almost always in the form of one person lifting a car off of another. In one case in Colorado in 1995, a police officer arrived at a single-car accident where a Chevy Chevette ended up on top of a baby girl and sank into the mud. The officer lifted the car and the mother pulled the girl out. In 2009, a man in Kansas lifted a Mercury sedan off of a six-year-old girl who had been trapped underneath when it backed out on top of her. In 1960, a Florida mom lifted a Chevy Impala so that a neighbor could pull out her son, who had become trapped when he was working on the car and his jack collapsed. There's even the case where the MD 500D helicopter from Magnum, P.I. crashed in 1988, pinning the pilot under shallow water; and his burly friend (nicknamed Tiny) ran over and lifted the one-ton helicopter enough for the pilot to be pulled out. And, of course, the list goes on, and on, and on. In each of these cases, some aspect of leverage or buoyancy probably played some role in reducing the magnitude of the feat to something more believable. And even lifting many cars by several inches still leaves most of its weight supported by the suspension springs. But our purpose today is not to "debunk" any of the specific stories. The majority of them are anecdotal, and interestingly not repeatable; in many cases, the person who summoned the superstrength later tried it again only to find that they couldn't do it. Basically, what we have is a respectably large body of anecdotal evidence that suggests that in times of crisis, danger, or fear, some people have the ability to temporarily exercise superhuman strength.

(APEUni Website / App RL #164)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

#### 41. Invention (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

All of my research and that I conducted was my 60 plus graduate students, was motivated by their need to learn, so that we can teach. Of course, in some inventions happened along the way but I've always considered the end the result. And I always consider that this invention to be byproduct, byproducts of the learning process. The end product for me was always better understanding or when one really succeeded in unifying theory that can help us in teaching the subject. I've also looked at teaching as a vehicle to try new ideas, of new ways to doing things on an intelligent group of learners. That is as the vehicle for the teaching research results. And in my experience, this kind of teaching is the most stimulated and motivating to students. I am also uncovered many interesting research problems is the cause of teaching assumption. It is this unity of research and teaching their close connection and the benefits gathered by exercising and the interplay that to me recognized the successful professor.

(APEUni Website / App RL #163)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

## 42. Rice (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

In 1943, what became known as the Green Revolution began when Mexico, unable to feed its growing population, shouted for help. Within a few years, the Ford and Rockefeller Foundations founded the International Rice Research Institute in Asia, and by 1962, a new strain of rice called IR8 was feeding people all over the world. IR8 was the first really big modified crop to make a real impact on world hunger. In 1962 the technology did not yet exist to directly manipulate the genes of plants, and so IR8 was created by carefully crossing existing varieties: selecting the best from each generation, further modifying them, and finally finding the best. Here is the power of modified crops: IR8, with no fertilizer, straight out of the box, produced five times the yield of traditional rice varieties. In optimal conditions with nitrogen, it produced ten times the yield of traditional varieties. By 1980, IR36 resisted pests and grew fast enough to allow two crops a year instead of just one, doubling the yield. And by 1990, using more advanced genetic manipulation techniques, IR72 was outperforming even IR36. The Green Revolution saw worldwide crop yields explode from 1960 through 2000.

(APEUni Website / App RL #159)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 43. Arctic and Antarctic (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

So, when we talk about the polar regions, just to clarify exactly what we mean. And we have first of all the Arctic at the top of the earth and the Antarctic at the bottom, and so the Arctic was named after the Greek word for bear. Now surprisingly it's not after the polar bears that live in the Antarctic or live in the Arctic and based on it's after the little and great bear constellations that can be seen in the sky. Now the Greek also hypothesize that there would be the Anti-arctic, which is how we get the name Antarctica and of course it wasn't discovered until much later on. Now these regions are opposite in many ways other than just their names and their location on the globe, and so if we look at the arctic first of all, and the Arctic is actually ocean surrounded by land, and so you can see here this is the UK down here and this kind of Russia and then American Canada around here, and so there is a bit of land cover in our ice on the top in the Arctic, which is Greenland here and Macie all this area here. Surprisingly a lot of people don't realize that this isn't actually land. The north pole isn't on land. It's just one big ocean.

(APEUni Website / App RL #157)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 44. London Taxi Drivers (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

But we can really thank the Great Exhibition of 1851 for giving us the world's premier taxi service, for it was going to this exhibition, and this fabulous exhibition inventions from all around the four corners of the Empire that the visitors were appalled, dismayed and vexed by their journeys to this exhibition because the cabbies of the day, and their horse-drawn carts were absolutely terrible, could not find their way to this exhibition. And, so, a great public outcry, the London Authority sets up Public Carriage Office, which is an organization that still exists. And you can take a short walk to Penton Street up the road. And this Public Carriage office took on the responsibility of licensing all major taxi drivers in London. All taxi drivers from 1851 onwards had to pass what is now known as the London knowledge, was phenomenal knowledge of London. What is the London knowledge? It's the ability to remember the 25,000 streets, have it all interconnected and all the main arterial roads in and out of

London. Cabbies need to know all this plus a thousand points of specific interest cafes, bars, public offices. They need to know them all as part of their training. Sample answer: This lecture is about the world's premier taxi service for going to the Great Exhibition of 1851. Because the cabbies could not find their way to this exhibition, so a great public outcry leads to Public Carriage Office, which still exists. It's on the Penton Street and took the responsibility of licensing all major taxi drivers in London. From 1851 onwards, drivers had to pass the London knowledge. What is the London knowledge? It's to remember the 25,000 streets and have them interconnected. In conclusion, cabbies need to know 1,000 points of cafes, bar and public offices, as part of their training.

(APEUni Website / App RL #154)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 45. Shy Fish (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

But a new study of fish called sticklebacks shows that shy individuals actually prefer to follow fish that are similarly timid. Researchers had trios of sticklebacks with known personalities play follow the leader. The fish were placed in a tank that had some plastic plants at one end and some food hidden at the other. In some of the groups, a bold fish and a shy fish acted as leaders, while another shy fish followed. And in other groups, it was a bold fish that did the following. The researchers recorded whether the follower sallied forth more frequently with the fish that was behaviorally similar or the one that was different. What they found is that shy fish were more likely to emerge from undercover when an equally wary fellow was already out there. Bold follower fish did not seem to care which leader they followed. Of course, no matter which fish a stickleback chose to stick with, the bold fish did lead more expeditions over the course of the experiment than their more retiring friends. That's because the bold fish initiated more trips, regardless of who might be tailing them. The researchers write that "when offered a choice of leaders, sticklebacks prefer to follow individuals whose personality matches their own, but bolder individuals may, nevertheless, be able to impose their leadership, even among shy followers, simply through greater effort."

(APEUni Website / App RL #153)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 46. Happiness (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

As Joanne pointed out, only one country, tiny little Bhutan, wedged between China and India, has adopted the Gross National Happiness as the central index of the government policy, and actually has a good deal of success in education and in health and in economic growth and in environmental preservation. They have a rather sophisticated way of measuring the effects of different policies on people's happiness. They are the only country to go that far. But you are now beginning to get other countries interested enough to do kind of white paper policy analyses of happiness research—what effects would it have if we used it more for public policy? You are beginning to get countries like Australia, France, Great Britain, that are considering publishing regular statistics on happiness. So it is beginning to become a subject of greater interest for policymakers and legislators in different advanced countries.

(APEUni Website / App RL #150)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 47. Early Robot (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

This is a kind of object that you're probably all familiar with when you had the term robot, but I'm gonna show you the very, very first robots. These were the very first robots. They were characters in a play in the 1920s called Rossum's Universal Robots and they, the play was written by Czech writer called Karel Capek. And basically, these robots, you know, people tend to think of robots as kind of cute cuddly toys or, you know, Hollywood depictions kind of devoid of politics. But the first robots were actually created and imagined in a time of absolute political turmoil. You just had the First World War, you know, it finished had a devastating impact across Europe and so people will kind and people are kind of reflecting on what does it mean to be human, what makes us human, those kinds of question. And this kind of context is what inspired Capek to kind of write this play. And interestingly, these robots being human, they are actually in the play assembled on a production line, a bit like the Ford manufacturing production line. So even though they are human, they are assembled and these robots are designed to labor, and that is their primary purpose in society.

(APEUni Website / App RL #124)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 48. Climate Change (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Climate change, some adverse effects of climate changes to agricultural productions. Some lands are unsuitable for growing crops. There will be millions of people facing hunger in Africa in the future. Climate change will result in less production and less food. It is difficult for developing countries to deal with climate change due to their financial status and other issues. There are many people living in hunger especially in Africa. The climate change has devastating effects on world economy. The tropical areas on earth are dry and hot, and are originally not suitable for food production. The change of the climate leads to extreme weather conditions such as flood and hurricane, which exacerbates the food production. As a result, it leads to a continuous decline in food supply annually around 10–17%. And this trend is perceived to be continue in the future by 2070. The regions suffering the most will be some African countries.

(APEUni Website / App RL #141)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 49. Night sky darkness (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Our friends at the Highlands Museum and Discovery Center in Ashland, Kentucky, asked a very good question. Why is it dark in space? That question is not as simple as it may sound. You might think that space appears dark at night because that is when our side of Earth faces away from the Sun as our planet rotates on its axis every 24 hours. But what about all those other far away suns that appear as stars in the night sky? Our own Milky Way galaxy contains over 200 billion stars, and the entire universe probably contains over 100 billion galaxies. You might suppose that that many stars would light up the night like daytime! Until the 20th century, astronomers didn't think it was even possible to count all the stars in the universe. They thought the universe went on forever. In other words, they thought the universe was infinite. Besides being very hard to imagine, the trouble with an infinite universe is that no matter where you look in the night sky, you should see a star. Stars should overlap each other in the sky like tree trunks in the middle of a very thick forest. But, if this were the case, the sky would be blazing with light. This problem greatly troubled astronomers and became known as



"Olbers' Paradox." A paradox is a statement that seems to disagree with itself. To try to explain the paradox, some 19th century scientists thought that dust clouds between the stars must be absorbing a lot of the starlight so it wouldn't shine through to us. But later scientists realized that the dust itself would absorb so much energy from the starlight that eventually it would glow as hot and bright as the stars themselves. Astronomers now realize that the universe is not infinite. A finite universe—that is, a universe of limited size—even one with trillions and trillions of stars, just wouldn't have enough stars to light up all of space. Although the idea of a finite universe explains why Earth's sky is dark at night, other causes work to make it even darker.

(APEUni Website / App RL #139)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 50. Brain Development (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

3 stages of Brain development— brain development during childhood, there are three stages, starting from the primitive brain (the action brain), limbic brain (feeling brain), and finally to the neocortex (thought brain). Although interrelated, the three had its own function. Primitive brain functions to manage the physical to survive, manage reflex, motor motion control, monitoring body functions, and process information coming from sensing. Limbic brain functioning as a liaison to process emotions and the brain thinks, and the primitive brain. While the thinking brain, which is the most objective part of the brain, receiving input from the primitive brain and the limbic brain. However, he needed more time to process information from the primitive brain and the limbic brain. The brain thinks the merger is also a place of experience, memory, feeling, and thinking ability to give birth to ideas and actions. Nerve myelination of the brain take place in sequence, starting from the primitive brain, the limbic brains, and brain thought. Neural pathways are more frequently used to make more myelin thicken. Increasingly thicker myelin, the faster the nerve impulses or signals travel along nerves. Therefore, a growing child is encouraged to receive input from the environment in accordance with its development.

(APEUni Website / App RL #137)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 51. Reconstruction of Paris (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Hausmann's renovation of Paris was a vast public works program commissioned by Emperor Napoleon III and directed by his prefect of the Seine, Georges–Eugene Hausmann, between 1853 and 1870. It included the demolition of crowded and unhealthy medieval neighborhoods, the building of wide avenues, parks and squares, the annexation of the suburbs surrounding Paris, and the construction of new sewers, fountains and aqueducts. Hausmann's work met with fierce opposition, and he was finally dismissed by Napoleon III in 1870; but work on his projects continued until 1927. The street plan and distinctive appearance of the center of Paris today is largely the result of Hausmann's renovation. In the middle of the nineteenth century, the center of Paris was overcrowded, dark, dangerous, and unhealthy. In 1845 the French social reformer Victor Considerant wrote "Paris is an immense workshop of putrefaction, where misery, pestilence and sickness work in concert, where sunlight and air rarely penetrate. Paris is a terrible place where plants shrivel and perish, and where, of seven small infants, four die during the course of the year." The street plan on the Tie de la Cite and in the neighborhood called the "quartier des Arcis", between the Louvre and the "Hotel de Ville" (City Hall), had changed little since the Middle Ages. The population density in these neighborhoods was

extremely high, compared with the rest of Paris; in the neighborhood of the Champs—Elysees, there was one resident for every 186 square meters; in the neighborhoods of Arc is and Saint—Avoye, in the present Third Arrondissement, there was one inhabitant for every three square meters. In 1840, a doctor described one building in the tie de la Cite where a single room five meters squares on the fourth floor was occupied by twenty—three people, both adults and children. In these conditions, disease spread very quickly. Cholera epidemics ravaged the city in 1832 and 1848. In the epidemic of 1848, five percent of the inhabitants of these two neighborhoods died. Traffic circulation was another major problem. The widest streets in these two neighborhoods were only five meters wide; the narrowest were only one or two meters wide. Wagons, carriages and carts could barely move through the streets. The center of the city was also a cradle of discontent and revolution; between 1830 and 1848, seven armed uprisings and revolts had broken out in the centre of Paris, particularly along the Faubourg Saint—Antoine, around the Hotel de Vi lle, and around Montagne Sainte Genevive on the left bank. The residents of these neighborhoods had taken up paving stones and blocked the narrow streets with barricades, and had to be dislodged by the army. 参考答案V1: This lecture mainly talks about the renovation of Paris in 1890s. Napoleon the third saw the old Paris was the evil Paris, so he decided to reconstruct it. The renovation was vast public program commissioned by Napoleon the third and directed by Haussmann. Napoleon the third instructed Haussmann to bring air and light to the center of Paris and to drain the sewage. Napoleon also asked Haussmann to plant more trees, build roads and to make the city cleaner and safer. The reason for doing this was that the old Paris had many serious problems such as overcrowding, diseases and crimes. V2: This lecture mainly talks about the renovation of Paris in 1890s. The renovation was a vast public program commissioned by Napoleon and directed by Haussmann. It brings air and light to the center of Paris and to drain the sewages. And he also asked Haussmann to plant more trees, build roads and paved stones to make a safer city. (APEUni Website / App RL #128)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 52. Welsh Language (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

This busy little town is named after sir David's first cousin. It's also a Welsh language stronghold. According to the 2001 census results seventy percent of the town's population could speak Welsh but even here the language may not be completely safe. The Welsh language board expects last year's census results to show a fall in the number of Welsh speakers living in its northern and western heartlands. One of the main reasons for that the board says is migration. Many Welsh speakers are choosing to leave the country. At the same time only a small percentage of those moving in can speak the language or choose to learn it. Historically, over the past 1788 Wales people have continually left in order to find better better standard of pay maybe in quality of employment and the things have change was probably is that them there is a larger amount of English people now who have found Wales of the last 20—25 years particularly this corner of Wales and regarded is a desirable place to come and live and as opposed to many areas in England and cheaper as well.

(APEUni Website / App RL #125)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 53. Marshmallow Test (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Let's take a look at this video of these little kids they were offered the option of having one marshmallow immediately now or two marshmallows 15 minutes later and you've got some very cute

video tape of this experiment. So let's take a look okay, what we found is a very simple and direct way of measuring a competence that seems to make an important life difference a researcher tells these preschoolers that she's going to leave the room if they wait for her to come back without eating the marshmallows. They'll get two marshmallows or they can ring the bell and she'll come back right away but then they only get one marshmallow. I would baby though you won't ring the bell. okay, looking at children over time. Dr. Michelle has found that being able to wait longer at four has some pretty powerful implications and what are those powerful implications is that that later in life. They're more discipline and have more self-control is that pretty much it. Well, they are more likely to achieve their life goals. They have better relationships. They did better on their SI is crazy all because they waited 15 minutes for don't wash me, and I think it is crazy. I probably would have eaten all three but yeah me too. But um you know actually yes, the ability to be able to pursue your goals in this case it was stabbed two marshmallows versus one and not going automatic and just grabbed the marshmallow is a very important skill, but I think a main point in mind in the making is that these skills can be caught, taught if you're 14 or 40 or or four it's not ever too late and any child can learn the many adult can teach them and it's never too late.

(APEUni Website / App RL #123)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 54. Extinction of Language (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

A language dies when the last person who speaks it dies. But you know, sometimes people say it dies when the second-last person who speaks it dies, because the last person has nobody to talk to. Well, of course, languages have come and gone throughout history as communities have come and gone. But what's happening now is something really quite extraordinary. Well, there are about 6000 languages in the world at the moment, more or less. Nobody knows the exact number. Of these, about half of them are so seriously in danger, are likely to die out in the course of present century. Now the present century is a hundred years, half is 3000 languages. So, that means one language is dying out somewhere in the world average every two weeks. There are all kinds of reasons why languages die; one is physical reason when people are affected by famine, disease and earthquake. Another is genocide, when some countries deliberately stamp out a small language. The main reason is globalization. That is, some huge languages in the world, like English, Arabic, Spanish and French, and these are like steam rollers crushing the smaller languages they find in their path. A great deal can be done to preserve endangered language. The first thing is that the people themselves must want the language to be preserved. That's very important. The second thing is that the powers- that- be must want the language to be preserved. They must be respect for the minority languages in their care. The third thing has to be there, of course, is cash. It costs quite a lot of money to preserve an endangered language. Think about it, You have to train the teachers, you have to write books for the children. And all sorts of things. It doesn't cost a extraordinary amount money, but it does cost a bit. So without money, endangered languages don't have a positive future.

(APEUni Website / App RL #122)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

#### 55. Licking and Grooming (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

So the way a mother rat takes care of its pups is by licking and grooming, nipple switching an arch back nursing. So the rats that do a lot of licking and grooming and their last rats that rule very little.

But most rats are in between. So that resembles a human human behaviour as well, right, you have mothers that are highly mothering and mothers that couldn't care less and most mothers are somewhere in between. So if you look at these rats. So all you do you observe them and put them in separate cages. So you put the high lickers in one cage not the mothers, but the offspring and the low lickers in another cage and then you let them grow and they're adults now, their mothers are long buried and you look in the brain and you see that those who had high licking mothers express a lot of glucocorticoid receptor, gene and though so our lawmakers express know that reflects a number of factors and that results in a different stress response, but this is not the only difference. We found later on there are hundreds of genes that are differently expressed. So if you get in a mutation, you know polymorphism once in a million. Here, just the motherly lauching just hundreds of genes in one shot and it changes them in a very stable way that you can look at the old rat and you can say whether it was licked or not. But you can also save by behavior. So if you walk to the cages to the room the rats that were poorly lit are highly anxious, hard to handle, aggressive, and , and the rats that were very well handled as as off as little pups. They are much more relaxed much easier to handle. So you know, like every technician in the lab knows looking at the adult rat how it was licked when it was a little tough any question , of course, mechanism , how does this work?

(APEUni Website / App RL #75)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 56. Brain (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

The brain is basically built from the bottom up first the brain builds basic circuits that are responsible for basic skills, and then more complex circuits are built on top of those basic circuits as we develop more complex skills. Biologically, the brain is prepared to be shaped by experience. It's expecting the experiences that a young child has to literally influence the formation of its circuitry it's built into our biology. The interaction between genetics and experience that shapes brain architecture is embedded in a reciprocal relationship, the relationships that children have with the adults in their lives. And by that we mean what we refer to as the serve-and-return nature of children's interaction with their adults development. And the impact of experience on development is not a one-way street. It's a back-and-forth interaction. The brain is a highly integrated organ which has multiple sections that specialize in different kind of processes, so we have parts of the brain that are involved more in cognitive function and other parts that are involved in processing of emotion and parts involved in seeing and hearing. So if a child is emotionally kind of...well...put together and socially competent, that will affect more positive and productive learning. And if a child is preoccupied with fears or anxiety or is dealing with considerable stress no matter how intellectually gifted that child might be, his or her learning is going to be impaired by that kind of emotional interference.

(APEUni Website / App RL #66)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 57. Infinite Monkey Theorem (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

This illustration often used is the one that the monkeys and the typewriters. Ok, we have a monkey sitting at a typewriter and the claim here is basically if you leave chance in time long enough you will get life, don't worry about it, yes, its's strange, yes, it's wonderful, but leave enough matter 600 million years on earth and you will have life. So, the monkey sitting at the typewriter the chances are eventually he produces the complete works of Shakespeare so what's the problem. So, there's no

problem. There's no issue, right? You just leave it long enough and you'll find. And one key striker seconds, the monkey might well eventually get to you the complete works of Shakespeare but he doesn't manage to do it in 600 million years. So, what I decided to do is to run the numbers. I, instead of saying typing the complete work of Shakespeare, I just run the numbers for how long would it take a monkey typing one key striker a second. To type "to be or not to be that is the question". Right? On average how long is it gonna take my monkey friend one keystroke a second. I don't know how you think it would be. Maybe you could have a guess. Would it be less or more than 600 million years, which is the period life on earth isn't supposed to have emerge within and when I run the numbers" to be or not to be is the question' takes 12.6 trillion trillion trillion years to type just that phrase and a DNA string has got as much as information the encyclopedia Britannica. Are we saying that something of that complexity emerges by chance undirected within 600 million years? Again, it's mathematically possible but it's so incredibly unlikely that it would have that it tilts me in favour of the Christian story in which God creating life, simply a question of saying let that be and there was.

(APEUni Website / App RL #62)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)



## Answer Short Question

Repeat Rate: 95%

Exam Strategy: Just a bare minimum of time is supposed to be spent on ASQ. Exam Strategy: Read through all Exam Qs > Weekly prediction

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

1. What is the description of events that is spoken with background music during a film or a play?

Answer: narration (APEUni Website / App ASQ #578) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

2. What device is used to measure the height of mountains?

Answer: altimeter (APEUni Website / App ASQ #575) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

3. What is the long speech that is spoken by only one actor in a film or play?

Answer: monologue (APEUni Website / App ASQ #574) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

4. What is the list that shows the names of actors and actresses in a movie?

Answer: cast (APEUni Website / App ASQ #394) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

5. If you have a toothache, who will you go to?

Answer: dentist (APEUni Website / App ASQ #573) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

6. Which century is the year 1642 in?

Answer: seventeenth (APEUni Website / App ASQ #572) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

7. When your bone is injured and broken, what would you say you have?

Answer: fracture (APEUni Website / App ASQ #571) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

8. What stellar system does the earth belong to?

Answer: solar system (APEUni Website / App ASQ #570) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

9. What is the legal document protecting someone's intellectual property?

Answer: patent (APEUni Website / App ASQ #565) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

10. How do you call some one with no hair?

Answer: bald (APEUni Website / App ASQ #558) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

11. If a species is described as venomous, what substance does it has?

Answer: venom / poison (APEUni Website / App ASQ #433) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

12. Apart from coffee and hot chocolate, what beverages also contain caffeine?

Answer: tea / coke (APEUni Website / App ASQ #547) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

13. Which part of our bodies do we use nasal spray in?

Answer: nose / nostril (APEUni Website / App ASQ #356) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

14. What do forks, spoons, and knives belong to?

Answer: cutlery / tableware (APEUni Website / App ASQ #544) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

15. What is the occupation that transfers one language to another language?

Answer: translator (APEUni Website / App ASQ #543) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

16. What do you throw underwater to keep ships staying on rivers or oceans without drifting away?

Answer: anchor (APEUni Website / App ASQ #542) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

17. **Points:** What do we call the behavior that people cannot sleep?

Answer: insomnia (APEUni Website / App ASQ #538) (Prediction) (Incomplete)

18. What is the opposite of division in mathematics?

Answer: multiplication (APEUni Website / App ASQ #320) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

19. What force makes humans stay on the earth?

Answer: gravity (APEUni Website / App ASQ #537) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

20. How often does a biennial convention take place?

Answer: every two years (APEUni Website / App ASQ #536) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

21. How do you describe an event that is held every two years?

Answer: biennial (APEUni Website / App ASQ #535) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

22. Which sense is related to your ears?

Answer: hearing (APEUni Website / App ASQ #534) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

23. What do you call the people who work for a company?

Answer: employees / employee (APEUni Website / App ASQ #533) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

24. What instrument would scientists use to examine very small life forms?

Answer: microscope (APEUni Website / App ASQ #532) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

25. What is the habitat of camels?

Answer: desert (APEUni Website / App ASQ #531) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

26. How many sides are there in a pentagon?

Answer: five (APEUni Website / App ASQ #529) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

27. What do we call the person who plays musical instruments?

Answer: musician (APEUni Website / App ASQ #527) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

28. What movement can babies do before they can sit and walk?

Answer: crawl / crawling (APEUni Website / App ASQ #525) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

29. What is the act of students to be present at school?

Answer: attendance (APEUni Website / App ASQ #524) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

30. What is the short piece of music that comes before a longer piece, and is often used as an introduction?

Answer: prelude / overture (APEUni Website / App ASQ #523) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

31. What is the thing which we use to turn the light off?

Answer: switch (APEUni Website / App ASQ #522) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

32. What do we call the ship that runs underwater?

Answer: submarine (APEUni Website / App ASQ #521) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

33. What subject involves the study of the Periodic Table?

Answer: chemistry (APEUni Website / App ASQ #520) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

34. What is the magazine that is dedicated to academic news?

Answer: journal / academic journal (APEUni Website / App ASQ #519) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

35. What rises from the east in the morning and sets to the west in the evening everyday?

Answer: sun (APEUni Website / App ASQ #518) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

36. What device is used to measure a 200-meter sprint?

Answer: stopwatch (APEUni Website / App ASQ #511) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

37. How often does February have one extra day?

Answer: every four years (APEUni Website / App ASQ #504) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

38. What do we call the extra performance that actors give?

Answer: encore (APEUni Website / App ASQ #383) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

39. What do you call the strap that circles a person in a car or an airplane?

Answer: seatbelt (APEUni Website / App ASQ #296) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

40. What do we call a mass of snow, ice and rock that falls down the side of a mountain?

Answer: avalanche (APEUni Website / App ASQ #502) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

41. What shines at night in the sky and uses its own brightness?

Answer: star (APEUni Website / App ASQ #501) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

42. What is the thing which we use for painting and is made of hair?

Answer: brush (APEUni Website / App ASQ #500) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

43. What are the five things in front of your foot?

Answer: toes (APEUni Website / App ASQ #498) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

44. When you have the PRIMARY, the SECONDARY, what do you have next?

Answer: tertiary (APEUni Website / App ASQ #497) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

45. What kind of educational institution does a ten-year old child study in?

Answer: primary school (APEUni Website / App ASQ #496) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

46. What do we call people who write songs?

Answer: composers (APEUni Website / App ASQ #495) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

47. What is the place you share bedroom with your classmates?

Answer: dormitory (APEUni Website / App ASQ #494) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

48. What do we call a person who repairs cars?

Answer: auto technician / mechanic (APEUni Website / App ASQ #493) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

49. What order is a bibliography usually listed in?



Answer: alphabet (APEUni Website / App ASQ #492) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

50. What is the room that is under the ground floor?

Answer: basement (APEUni Website / App ASQ #491) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

51. What do you need to submit for completing a degree in the university?

Answer: dissertation (APEUni Website / App ASQ #234) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

52. When a person's blood alcohol level is higher than the standard range, what activity can't the person do?

Answer: driving (APEUni Website / App ASQ #490) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

53. How do we call the car that uses two types of fuels?

Answer: hybrid (APEUni Website / App ASQ #298) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

54. If there are 8 black balls and 1 white ball, and I randomly pick one, which color is mostly likely to be picked?

Answer: black (APEUni Website / App ASQ #489) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

55. Which one is the odd one out among dog, cat, horse and shoes?

Answer: shoes (APEUni Website / App ASQ #488) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

56. Where do people go for watching sports or games?

Answer: stadium (APEUni Website / App ASQ #487) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

57. What material are windows made of?

Answer: glass (APEUni Website / App ASQ #486) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

58. What do birds use to fly?

Answer: wings (APEUni Website / App ASQ #485) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

59. What are the two holes in your nose to breathe?

Answer: nostrils (APEUni Website / App ASQ #484) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

60. What's the color of the medal that a champion gets?

Answer: golden (APEUni Website / App ASQ #32) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

61. What is the music that is recorded for a movie or a film?

Answer: soundtrack (APEUni Website / App ASQ #483) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

62. What do we call the northernmost and southernmost parts of the earth?

Answer: pole / poles (APEUni Website / App ASQ #482) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

63. How many wheels does a bicycle have?

Answer: two (APEUni Website / App ASQ #481) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

64. How do you call the siblings born by your mother at the same time?

Answer: twins (APEUni Website / App ASQ #291) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

65. Which one is not for transportation, car or machine?

Answer: machine (APEUni Website / App ASQ #480) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

66. If you want to read tragedies or comedies, what kind of book do you read?

Answer: fiction books / novels (APEUni Website / App ASQ #477) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

67. What do you use to test the body temperature?

Answer: thermometer (APEUni Website / App ASQ #474) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

68. Where do you hang your coat, in a closet or in a drawer?

Answer: closet (APEUni Website / App ASQ #473) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

69. In solar system, which planet can support life?

Answer: earth (APEUni Website / App ASQ #472) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

70. What do you call the computer you can carry with you?

Answer: laptop (APEUni Website / App ASQ #471) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

71. What is the document you submit before you submit your assignment at university?

Answer: proposal (APEUni Website / App ASQ #470) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

72. How do we call that animals and plants preserved in the rocks?

Answer: fossil (APEUni Website / App ASQ #469) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

73. Which one is more widespread, Korean, Thai or Hindi?

Answer: hindi (APEUni Website / App ASQ #464) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

74. What device can be used to take photos?

Answer: camera (APEUni Website / App ASQ #461) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

75. What clothes are used to hike mountains and are used to keep dry?

Answer: outdoor jacket (APEUni Website / App ASQ #459) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

76. Does a scapegoat receive or give a crime?

Answer: receive (APEUni Website / App ASQ #455) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

77. If a car is not stopping, what it is doing?

Answer: running / moving (APEUni Website / App ASQ #453) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

78. One and half represents what percentage?

Answer: one hundred and fifty (APEUni Website / App ASQ #656) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

79. What device do you use to measure your weight?

Answer: scale / weighing machine (APEUni Website / App ASQ #651) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

80. What are the people who study history and historical evidence?

Answer: historian (APEUni Website / App ASQ #649) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

81. Which one would a vegetarian most likely to eat, sandwiches or fruit salad?

Answer: fruit salad (APEUni Website / App ASQ #648) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

82. Where do you go to send mails, a post office or a coffee house?

Answer: post office (APEUni Website / App ASQ #634) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

83. When you get lost in city, what item do you need to buy to find out where you are and where you

go?

Answer: map (APEUni Website / App ASQ #632) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

84. What is the force happened between the relative motion when objects are rubbed against each other?

Answer: friction (APEUni Website / App ASQ #620) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

85. What is the hardest/toughest part of your hand?

Answer: nails (APEUni Website / App ASQ #467) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

86. What is the opposite to artificial?

Answer: natural (APEUni Website / App ASQ #465) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

87. In mathematics and arithmetic, there are addition, multiplication, division. What's the other one?

Answer: subtraction (APEUni Website / App ASQ #462) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

88. What do bees collect from flowers?

Answer: pollen / nectar (APEUni Website / App ASQ #458) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

89. What material is the tire made of?

Answer: rubber (APEUni Website / App ASQ #456) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

90. What is the hard object in the center of peaches, apples and pears?

Answer: core / stone (APEUni Website / App ASQ #662) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

91. When we go hiking in the mountains, what do we use to protect our feet?

Answer: boots / shoes (APEUni Website / App ASQ #661) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

92. What does human and animal skeleton consist of?

Answer: bone / bones (APEUni Website / App ASQ #660) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

93. What stage is a ten year old child in?

Answer: preadolescence / preteen (APEUni Website / App ASQ #659) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

94. What are the people who study ancient bones or plants in rocks?

Answer: paleontologists / paleontologist / archaeologists / archaeologist (APEUni Website / App ASQ #646) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

95. How many eggs are there in a dozen?

Answer: twelve (APEUni Website / App ASQ #607) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

96. What do the following belong to: roses, daisies, tulip, etc?

Answer: flower (APEUni Website / App ASQ #446) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

97. Which one needs the most complicated mechanism: car, ship or air plane?

Answer: airplane (APEUni Website / App ASQ #445) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

98. Which day is between Tuesday and Thursday?

Answer: wednesday (APEUni Website / App ASQ #444) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

99. What do we call the prize that sponsored by Sweden which sets many prize in literal and physics field?

Answer: the nobel prize (APEUni Website / App ASQ #443) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

100. What does green being help for?

Answer: environment (APEUni Website / App ASQ #442) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

101. Which continent do China, India, Korea and Japan locate?

Answer: asia (APEUni Website / App ASQ #440) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

102. Before airplanes were invented, how did people travel from America to Europe?

Answer: by ship (APEUni Website / App ASQ #438) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

103. Who is a physician who performs surgical operations?

Answer: surgeon (APEUni Website / App ASQ #437) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

104. In the word 'postgraduate', what does the 'post' mean?

Answer: after (APEUni Website / App ASQ #436) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

105. What natural resource is used by a carpenter?

Answer: wood / timber (APEUni Website / App ASQ #435) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

106. If you invented something, what can you apply for to prevent others copying your invention?

Answer: patent (APEUni Website / App ASQ #434) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

107. How do you describe the type of magazine that is published four times a year?

Answer: quarterly (APEUni Website / App ASQ #289) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

108. What is the wet place does crocodile prefer to live in?

Answer: swamp (APEUni Website / App ASQ #430) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

109. What do we call a doctor who can sell prescribed medicines?

Answer: pharmacist / chemist (APEUni Website / App ASQ #415) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

110. How many hemispheres does the equator divide earth into?

Answer: two (APEUni Website / App ASQ #404) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

111. How many extra days in February in a leap year?

Answer: one (APEUni Website / App ASQ #282) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

112. What is the fluid that pumped from the organ related to cardiology?

Answer: blood / bloods (APEUni Website / App ASQ #399) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

113. What do we call a festival which is held every four years gathering people together as a sporting event?

Answer: the olympic games (APEUni Website / App ASQ #396) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

114. What type of shape has four corners, four lines that are equal in length?

Answer: square (APEUni Website / App ASQ #384) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

115. What are the strings on shoes?

Answer: shoelace / shoelaces (APEUni Website / App ASQ #361) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

116. What kind of dictionary provides synonyms, antonyms and related words?

Answer: thesaurus (APEUni Website / App ASQ #344) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

117. If you want to buy a ring, who do you approach, a jeweler or a pharmacist?

Answer: a jeweler (APEUni Website / App ASQ #337) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

118. What is the opposite to “predecessor”?

Answer: successor (APEUni Website / App ASQ #335) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

119. What is the thing you touch when you play the guitar?

Answer: strings / string (APEUni Website / App ASQ #329) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

120. What do we call the things of 88 keys covered by color white and black?

Answer: pianos (APEUni Website / App ASQ #322) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

121. What do we call the piece of paper that proves you have bought an item?

Answer: a receipt (APEUni Website / App ASQ #304) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

122. What is 3 quarters of 100%?

Answer: seventy five (APEUni Website / App ASQ #302) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

123. What is more fuel-efficient, car or truck?

Answer: car (APEUni Website / App ASQ #297) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

124. What kind of liquid do mammals feed their babies?

Answer: milk (APEUni Website / App ASQ #279) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

125. What is the antonym of vertical?

Answer: horizontal (APEUni Website / App ASQ #277) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

126. Which symbol is used to complete a sentence?

Answer: full stop / period (APEUni Website / App ASQ #261) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

127. What is the chemical name of Gold—Mg, Au or O2?

Answer: au (APEUni Website / App ASQ #215) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

128. On what geographical location would someone be living if their country is surrounded by water on all side?

Answer: island (APEUni Website / App ASQ #191) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

129. What is the study of stars and planet called?

Answer: astronomy / uranological / uranology (APEUni Website / App ASQ #179) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

130. Who is a person that makes bread, cakes and pastries?

Answer: baker (APEUni Website / App ASQ #157) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

131. What does a king or queen wear on their head at official ceremonies?

Answer: a crown / a diadem (APEUni Website / App ASQ #138) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

132. How many years does a millennium have?

Answer: one thousand (APEUni Website / App ASQ #122) [\(Prediction\)](#) [\(Audio Available\)](#)

133. If a figure is hexagonal, how many sides does it have?

Answer: six (APEUni Website / App ASQ #75) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

134. What do we call the study of living things?

Answer: biology (APEUni Website / App ASQ #43) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

135. When the writer of a book is unknown, what word is used for the author?

Answer: anonymous / anonymity (APEUni Website / App ASQ #4) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

136. What is the word for the place where a river starts?

Answer: source / birthplace / origin (APEUni Website / App ASQ #1) (Prediction) (Audio Available)



## B. Writing

### Summarize Written Text

**Repeat Rate: 95%**

**Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Learn correct grammar (APEUni AI Score) > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs**

#### 1. Skipping Breakfast (B) (Prediction)

**Original:**

Skipping Breakfast Has Drawbacks – It's no mystery why so many people routinely skip breakfast: bad timing. It comes at a time when folks can be more occupied with matters of grooming, attire and otherwise making themselves presentable for a new day. However, studies conducted both in the United States and internationally have shown that skipping breakfast can affect learning, memory and physical well-being. Students who skip breakfast are not as efficient at selecting critical information for problem-solving as their peers who have had breakfast. For school children, skipping breakfast diminishes the ability to recall and use newly acquired information, verbal fluency, and control of attention, according to Ernesto Pollitt, a UC Davis professor of pediatrics whose research focuses on the influence of breakfast on mental and physical performance. Skipping breakfast can impair thinking in adults, also. For both children and adults, a simple bowl of cereal with milk goes a long way toward providing a sufficiently nutritious start to the day. Green-Burgeson recommends choosing a cereal that's low in sugar — less than five grams per serving — and using nonfat or one percent milk. Frederick Hirshburg, a pediatrician at UC Davis Medical Group, Carmichael, says that babies and other preschoolers rarely skip breakfast because "they're usually the hungriest at the beginning of the day. Breakfast then becomes more of a "learned experience" than a response to a biological need, Hirshburg says.

**Answer:**

Skipping breakfast has drawbacks for both children and adults, for whom a simple bowl of cereal milk can provide a nutritious start to the day, but babies and other preschoolers rarely skip breakfast because they are usually the hungriest at the beginning of the day, so breakfast then becomes more of a "learned experience" than a response to a biological need.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #167)

#### 2. World Wide Web (Prediction)

**Original:**

Tim Berners-Lee believes the internet can foster human understanding and even world peace. He is the man who has changed the world more than anyone else in the past hundred years. Sir Tim Berners-Lee may be a mild-mannered academic who lives modestly in Boston, but as the inventor of the world wide web he is also a revolutionary. Along with Galileo, William Caxton and Sir Isaac Newton, he is a scientist who has altered the way people think as well as the way they live. Since the web went global 20 years ago, the way we shop, listen to music and communicate has been transformed. There are implications for politics, literature, economics even terrorism because an individual can now have the same access to information as the elite. Society will never be the same. The computer scientist from Oxford, who built his own computer from a television screen and spare parts after he was banned from one of the university computers, is a cultural guru as much as a technological one. It is amazing how far we've come, he says. But you're always wondering what's the next crazy idea, and working to make sure the web stays one web and that the internet stays open. There isn't much time

to sit back and reflect. We speak for more than an hour about everything from Facebook to fatwas, Wikipedia to Google. He invented the web, he says, because he was frustrated that he couldn't find all the information he wanted in one place. It was an imaginary concept that he realized.

**Answer:**

Tim– Berners–Lee, the inventor of the world wide web, is a revolutionary scientist who has altered the way people think as well as the way they live, believing the internet can foster human understanding and even world peace, because an individual now have the same access to information as the elite; there is not much time to sit back and reflect because society will never be the same.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #154)

### 3. Benefit of Honey (Prediction)

**Original:**

In order to have a competitive edge, athletes often use drugs with high athletic performance. The National Honey Board recently found that honey has the same functions but less negative impact. This clinical trial is the third in a series of studies focusing on the use of honey by athletes. The first study (involving 71 subjects) determined that honey has a milder effect on blood sugar than other popular forms of carbohydrate gel. The second study in the series (with 39 weight trained subjects) investigated the combination of honey with a protein supplement and suggested that honey speeds muscle recovery after a workout.

**Answer:**

Honey, with the same functions as drugs used by athletes for high athletic performance and less negative impact, has a milder effect on blood sugar than other popular forms of carbohydrate gel, and speeds muscle recovery after a workout.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #114)

### 4. Pre–service teachers 预备教师 (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 1) Each course has a specific syllabus that highlights specific technologies required. 2) Some teachers know how to integrate technologies while some others don't. 3) There will be instructors helping pre–service teachers learn how to integrate technology and experiences in class, and to encourage pre–service teachers to think about the integration, which always allows them to learn online anytime.

**Answer:**

While each course has a specific syllabus to highlight specific technologies required, some teachers know how to integrate technologies while some others don't, but there will be instructors helping pre–service teachers learn how to integrate technology and experiences in class, which allows them to learn online anytime.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #113)

### 5. Skipping Breakfast (Prediction)

**Original:**

Skipping breakfast seems a simple way of losing weight or saving time while getting the children ready for school or rushing off to work. But it can also be a sign of an unhealthy lifestyle with potentially dangerous consequences, including a higher risk of premature death. According to a study, adults and teenagers who miss the first meal of the day are less likely to look after their health. They tend to smoke more, drink more alcohol and take less exercise than those who do eat. Those who skip food in the morning are also more likely to be fatter and less well–educated, meaning they find it harder to



get a job. Researcher Dr. Anna Keski–Rahkonen said: Smoking, infrequent exercise, a low level of education, frequent alcohol use and a high body mass index were all associated with skipping breakfast in adults and adolescents. Our findings suggest this association exists throughout adulthood. Individuals who skip breakfast may care less about their health than those who eat breakfast. Previously, experts assumed that missing breakfast often called the most important meal of the day was simply the marker of a hectic life or a way to try to lose weight. But Dr. Keski–Rahkonen, who led the study at Helsinki University, said the results revealed starting the day without food suggests an unhealthy lifestyle.

**Answer:**

Skipping breakfast, seemingly a simple way of losing weight or saving time, can be a sign of an unhealthy lifestyle with potentially dangerous consequences for adults and teenagers who miss the first meal of the day, and smoking, infrequent exercise, a low level of education, frequent alcohol use and a high body mass index are all associated with skipping breakfast.  
(APEUni Website / App SWT #98)

## 6. Wine Industry (Prediction)

**Original:**

In 1920, the eighteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution created yet another setback for the American wine industry. The National Prohibition Act, also known as the Volstead Act, prohibited the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation, delivery, or possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes. Prohibition, which continued for thirteen years, nearly destroyed what had become a thriving and national industry. One of the loopholes in the Volstead Act allowed for the manufacture and sale of sacramental wine, medicinal wines for sale by pharmacists with a doctor's prescription, and medicinal wine tonics (fortified wines) sold without prescription. Perhaps more important, prohibition allowed anyone to produce up to two hundred gallons yearly of fruit juice or cider. The fruit juice, which was sometimes made into concentrate, was ideal for making wine. People would buy grape concentrate from California and have it shipped to the East Coast. The top of the container was stamped in big bold letters: caution: do not add sugar or yeast or else fermentation will take place! Some of this yield found its way to bootleggers throughout America who did just that. But not for long, because the government stepped in and banned the sale of grape juice, preventing illegal wine production. Vineyards stopped being planted, and the American wine industry came to a halt.

**Answer:**

While the National Prohibition Act prohibited the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation, delivery, or possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, Americans still found a loophole that they could make wine from fruit juice or cider, but this was banned by the government eventually, with the American wine industry coming to a halt.  
(APEUni Website / App SWT #79)

## 7. Voting rights in UK (Prediction)

**Original:**

Compulsory voting is often suggested as a solution to the problem of declining turnout. But how are individuals and countries affected by compulsory voting beyond boosting electoral participation? Shane Singh investigates the social, economic, and political consequences of compelling citizens to vote. There has been a lot of discussion about compulsory voting these days. In the United Kingdom, in particular, as voter turnout rates have declined, many commentators and politicians have begun advocating for mandatory electoral participation. Those in favor of compulsory voting often adduce the importance of participation among all segments of society. Citizens of democracies are forced to do

many things in the interest of the public good, they maintain, including serving on juries and educating their children, and full participation serves the country as a whole. Those opposed to compulsory voting often argue that, from a democratic theory perspective, the right to vote implicitly includes a right not to vote. Such a right of abstention, they argue, is more important than any societal good that might accompany high turnout. In fact, opponents of compulsory voting often contend that the country may be better off if those who are disinclined to vote are not pushed to participate in public affairs. Regardless of whether one of these sets of arguments is more persuasive than the other, compulsory voting is commonly used around the world. Several European democracies mandate voting, as do Australia and most of the countries in Latin America. By evaluating results from these countries, it is possible to assess the mechanics and effects of compulsory voting.

**Answer:**

Regardless of discussion about compulsory voting, in which proponents advocate the importance of participation across all societal segments and opponents argue a right of abstention is more important, compulsory voting is commonly used around the world, including several European democracies, Australia, and most Latin American countries, and the mechanics and effects can be assessed by evaluating results from these countries.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #75)

## 8. Vividity of TV and Newspaper (Prediction)

**Original:**

To understand the final reason why the news marketplace of ideas dominated by television is so different from the one that emerged in the world dominated by the printing press, it is important to distinguish the quality of vividness experienced by television viewers from the “vividness” experienced by readers. I believe that the vividness experienced in the reading of words is automatically modulated by the constant activation of the reasoning centers of the brain that are used in the process of concretizing the representation of reality the author has intended. By contrast, the visceral vividness portrayed on television has the capacity to trigger instinctual responses similar to those triggered by reality itself—and without being modulated by logic, reason, and reflective thought. The simulation of reality accomplished in the television medium is so astonishingly vivid and compelling compared with the representations of reality conveyed by printed words that it signifies much more than an incremental change in the way people consume information. Books also convey compelling and vivid representations of reality, of course. But the reader actively participates in the conjuring of the reality the book’s author is attempting to depict. Moreover, the parts of the human brain that are central to the reasoning process are continually activated by the very act of reading printed words: Words are composed of abstract symbols—letters—that have no intrinsic meaning themselves until they are strung together into recognizable sequences. Television, by contrast, presents to its viewers a much more fully formed representation of reality—without requiring the creative collaboration that words have always demanded.

**Answer:**

The news marketplace of ideas dominated by television is so different from the one that emerged in the world dominated by the printing press, because the quality of vividness experienced by television viewers is different from that by readers, and the simulation of reality accomplished in the television medium is much more compelling and vivid compared with the representation of reality conveyed by printed words.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #74)

## 9. Tree Rings (Prediction)

**Original:**

Here's how tree ring dating, known to scientists as dendrochronology, works. If you cut a tree down today, it's straightforward to count the rings inwards, starting from the tree's outside. Hence the sequence of the rings in a tree cross-section is like a message in Morse code formerly used for sending telegraph messages; dot-dot-dash-dot-dash in the Morse code, wide-wide-narrow-wide-narrow in the tree ring sequence. Actually, the tree ring sequence is even more diagnostic and richer in information than the Morse code, because trees actually contain rings spanning much different width, rather than the Morse code choice between dot and dash. Tree ring specialists (known as dendrochronologists) proceed by noting the sequence of wider and narrower rings in a tree cut down in a known recent year, and also noting the sequences in beams from trees cut down at various times in the past. In that way, dendrochronologists have constructed tree ring records extending back for thousands of years in some parts of the world. A bonus of dendrochronology is that the width and substructure of each ring reflect the amount of rain and the season at which the rain fell during that particular year. Thus, tree ring studies also allow one to reconstruct the past climate.

**Answer:**

While tree ring dating is straightforward to count the rings inwards, a bonus of dendrochronology is that the width and the substructure of each ring reflect the amount of rain and the season at which the rain fell during that particular year to reconstruct the past climate, which suggests that the tree-ring sequence is even more diagnostic and richer in information because trees actually contain rings spanning much different width.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #72)

**10. The Rosetta Stone (Prediction)****Original:**

When the Rosetta Stone was discovered in 1799, the carved characters that covered its surface were quickly copied. Printer's ink was applied to the Stone and white paper laid over it. When the paper was removed, it revealed an exact copy of the text—but in reverse. Since then, many copies or "facsimiles" have been made using a variety of materials. Inevitably, the surface of the Stone accumulated many layers of material left over from these activities, despite attempts to remove any residue. Once on display, the grease from many thousands of human hands eager to touch the Stone added to the problem. An opportunity for investigation and cleaning the Rosetta Stone arose when this famous object was made the centerpiece of the Cracking Codes exhibition at The British Museum in 1999. When work commenced to remove all but the original, ancient material the stone was black with white lettering. As treatment progressed, the different substances uncovered were analyzed. Grease from human handling, a coating of carnauba wax from the early 1800s and printer's ink from 1799 were cleaned away using cotton wool swabs and liniment of soap, white spirit, acetone and purified water. Finally, white paint in the text, applied in 1981, which had been left in place until now as a protective coating, was removed with cotton swabs and purified water. A small square at the bottom left corner of the face of the Stone was left untouched to show the darkened wax and the white infill.

**Answer:**

Since the Rosetta Stone was discovered in 1799, the carved characters that covered its surface were quickly copied, which leaves the surface of the Stone accumulated many layers of material left over from these activities, despite attempts to remove any residue, so when the work of the Cracking Codes exhibition at The British Museum in 1999 commenced to remove all but the original, ancient material the stone was black with white lettering.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #69)

## 11. School Liaison Police NSW (Prediction)

### Original:

Armed police have been brought into NSW schools to reduce crime rates and educate students. The 40 School Liaison Police (SLP) officers have been allocated to public and private high schools across the state. Organisers say the officers, who began work last week, will build positive relationships between police and students. But parent groups warned of potential dangers of armed police working at schools in communities where police relations were already under strain. Among their duties, the SLPs will conduct crime prevention workshops, talking to students about issues including shoplifting, offensive behaviour, graffiti and drugs and alcohol. They can also advise school principals. One SLP, Constable Ben Purvis, began work in the inner Sydney region last week, including at Alexandria Park Community School's senior campus. Previously stationed as a crime prevention officer at The Rocks, he now has 27 schools under his jurisdiction in areas including The Rocks, Redfern and Kings Cross. Constable Purvis said the full time position would see him working on the broader issues of crime prevention. "I am not a security guard," he said. "I am not there to patrol the school. We want to improve relationships between police and schoolchildren, to have positive interaction. We are coming to the school and giving them knowledge to improve their own safety." Parents' groups responded to the program positively, but said it may spark a range of community reactions. "It is a good thing and an innovative idea and there could be some positive benefits," Council of Catholic School Parents executive officer.

### Answer:

Armed police have been brought into NSW schools to reduce crime rates and educate students, but parent groups warned of potential dangers of armed police working at schools in communities where police relations were already under strain; one policeman said that he could work on the broader issues of crime prevention, improve relationships between police and schoolchildren and have positive interaction.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #60)

## 12. Plug-in Vehicle (Prediction)

### Original:

Here's a term you're going to hear much more often: plug-in vehicle, and the acronym PEV. It's what you and many other people will drive to work in ten years and more from now. At that time, before you drive off in the morning you will first unplug your car – your plugin vehicle. Its big on board batteries will have been fully charged overnight, with enough power for you to drive 50–100 kilometers through city traffic. When you arrive at work you'll plug in your car once again, this time into a socket that allows power to flow from your car's batteries to the electricity grid. One of the things you did when you bought your car was to sign a contract with your favorite electricity supplier, allowing them to draw a limited amount of power from your car's batteries should they need to, perhaps because of a blackout, or very high wholesale spot power prices. The price you get for the power the distributor buys from your car would not only be most attractive to you, it would be a good deal for them too, their alternative being very expensive power from peaking stations. If, driving home or for some other reason your batteries looked like running flat, a relatively small, but quiet and efficient engine running on petrol, diesel or compressed natural gas, even bio-fuel, would automatically cut in, driving a generator that supplied the batteries so you could complete your journey. Concerns over 'peak oil', increasing greenhouse gas emissions, and the likelihood that by the middle of this century there could be five times as many motor vehicles registered worldwide as there are now, mean that the world's almost total dependence on petroleum-based fuels for transport is, in every sense of the word, unsustainable.

**Answer:**

While people can charge their plug-in vehicles overnight before driving, they can plug vehicles into sockets allowing the power to flow from your car's batteries to the electricity grid, and an engine driving a generator will supply alternative power, which means more people will drive plug-in vehicles in the future because the world's almost total dependence on petroleum-based fuels for transport is unsustainable.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #56)

**13. Parent's Born Order (Prediction)****Original:**

Parents' own born order can become an issue when dynamics in the family they are raising replicate the family in which they were raised. Agati notes common examples, such as a firstborn parent getting into "raging battles" with a firstborn child. "Both are used to getting the last word. Each has to be right. But the parent has to be the grown up and step out of that battle," he advises. When youngest children become parents, Agati cautions that because they "may not have had high expectations placed on them, they in turn may not see their kids for their abilities." But he also notes that since youngest children tend to be more social, "youngest parents can be helpful to their firstborn, who may have a harder time with social situations. These parents can help their eldest kids loosen up and not be so hard on themselves. Mom Susan Ritz says her own birth order didn't seem to affect her parenting until the youngest of her three children, Julie, was born. Julie was nine years younger than Ritz's oldest, Joshua, mirroring the age difference between Susan and her own older brother. "I would see Joshua do to Julie what my brother did to me," she says of the taunting and teasing by a much older sibling." I had to try not to always take Julie's side." Biases can surface no matter what your own birth position was, as Lori Silverstone points out. "As a middle myself, I can be harder on my older daughter. I recall my older sister hitting me," she says of her reactions to her daughters' tussles.

**Answer:**

As biases can surface no matter what your own birth position was, parents' own born order can become an issue when dynamics in the family they are raising replicate the family in which they were raised; a firstborn parent getting into "raging battles" with a firstborn child, but the parent has to be the grown up and step out of that battle.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #53)

**14. Children Watching TV (Prediction)****Original:**

Why and to what extent should parents control their children's TV watching? There is certainly nothing inherently wrong with TV. The problem is how much television a child watches and what effect it has on his life. Research has shown that as the child watches and what effect it has on his life. Research has shown that as the amount of time spent watching TV goes up, the amount of time devoted not only to homework and study but other important aspects of life such as social development and physical activities decreases. Television is bound to have it tremendous impact on a child, both in terms of how many hours a week he watches TV and of what he sees. When a parent is concerned about the effects of television, he should consider a number of things: what TV offers the child in terms of information and knowledge, how many hours a week a youngster his age should watch television, the impact of violence and sex, and the influence of commercials. What about the family as a whole? Is the TV set a central piece of furniture in your home! Is it flicked on the moment someone enters the empty house? Is it on during the daytime? Is it part of the background notice of your family life? Do you demonstrate by your own viewing that television should be watched selectively?

**Answer:**

Parents not only concern how long their children watch TV but also what they see because television has its tremendous impact on children; when the amount of time spent watching TV goes up, the amount of time devoted not only to homework and study but other important aspects of life decreases, which suggests that family should consider television as a whole.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #52)

**15. Overqualified Employees (Prediction)****Original:**

If your recruiting efforts attract job applicants with too much experience—a near certainty in this weak labor market—you should consider a response that runs counter to most hiring managers' MO: Don't reject those applicants out of hand. Instead, take a closer look. New research shows that overqualified workers tend to perform better than other employees, and they don't quit any sooner. Furthermore, a simple managerial tactic—empowerment—can mitigate any dissatisfaction they may feel. The prejudice against too-good employees is pervasive. Companies tend to prefer an applicant who is a "perfect fit" over someone who brings more intelligence, education, or experience than needed. On the surface, this bias makes sense: Studies have consistently shown that employees who consider themselves overqualified exhibit higher levels of discontent. For example, over-qualification correlated well with job dissatisfaction in a 2008 study of 156 call-center reps by Israeli researchers Saul Fine and Baruch Nevo. And unlike discrimination based on age or gender, declining to hire overqualified workers is perfectly legal. But even before the economic downturn, a surplus of overqualified candidates was a global problem, particularly in developing economies, where rising education levels are giving workers more skills than are needed to supply the growing service sectors. If managers can get beyond the conventional wisdom, the growing pool of too-good applicants is a great opportunity. Berrin Erdogan and Talya N. Bauer of Portland State University in Oregon found that overqualified workers' feelings of dissatisfaction can be dissipated by giving them autonomy in decision making. At stores where employees didn't feel empowered, "overeducated" workers expressed greater dissatisfaction than their colleagues did and were more likely to state an intention to quit. But that difference vanished where self-reported autonomy was high.

**Answer:**

Prejudice against too-good employees is pervasive as employees who consider themselves overqualified exhibit higher levels of discontent and declining to hire overqualified workers is perfectly legal, but the growing pool of too-good applicants is a great opportunity for managers because overqualified workers tend to perform better than other employees, and empowerment can mitigate any dissatisfaction they may feel.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #50)

**16. Nobel Peace Prize (Prediction)****Original:**

This year's Nobel Peace Prize justly rewards the thousands of scientists of the United Nations Climate Change Panel (the IPCC). These scientists are engaged in excellent, painstaking work that establishes exactly what the world should expect from climate change. The other award winner, former US Vice President Al Gore, has spent much more time telling us what to fear. While the IPCC's estimates and conclusions are grounded in careful study, Gore doesn't seem to be similarly restrained. Gore told the world in his Academy Award winning movie (recently labelled "one sided" and containing "scientific errors" by a British judge) to expect 20 foot sea level rises over this century. He ignores the findings of his Nobel co-winners, the IPCC, who conclude that sea levels will rise between only a half foot and

two feet over this century, with their best expectation being about one foot. That's similar to what the world experienced over the past 150 years. Likewise, Gore agonizes over the accelerated melting of ice in Greenland and what it means for the planet, but overlooks the IPCC's conclusion that, if sustained, the current rate of melting would add just three inches to the sea level rise by the end of the century. Gore also takes no notice of research showing that Greenland's temperatures were higher in 1941 than they are today. The politician turned movie maker loses sleep over a predicted rise in heat related deaths. There's another side of the story that's inconvenient to mention: rising temperatures will reduce the number of cold spells, which are a much bigger killer than heat. The best study shows that by 2050, heat will claim 400,000 more lives, but 1.8 million fewer will die because of cold. Indeed, according to the first complete survey of the economic effects of climate change for the world, global warming will actually save lives.

**Answer:**

While the Nobel Peace Prize winner IPCC's estimates and conclusions about climate change are grounded in careful study, the other award winner Al Gore believes that 20 foot sea level rises over this century and the current rate of melting would add just three inches to the sea level rise by the end of the century, but according to a survey, global warming will actually save lives.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #44)

### 17. Back to Countryside (Prediction)

**Original:**

I knew it was a good idea because I had been there before. Born and reared on a farm I had been seduced for a few years by the idea of being a big shot that lived and worked in a city rather than only going for the day to wave at the buses. True, I was familiar with some of the minor disadvantages of country living such as an iffy private water supply sometimes infiltrated by a range of flora and fauna (including, on one memorable occasion, a dead lamb), the absence of central heating in farm houses and cottages, and a single track farm road easily blocked by snow, broken down machinery or escaped livestock. But there were many advantages as I told my wife back in the mid Seventies. Town born and bred, eight months pregnant and exchanging a warm, substantial Corstorphine terrace for a windswept farm cottage on a much lower income, persuading her that country had it over town might have been difficult.

**Answer:**

While living in the country had some minor disadvantages including an iffy water supply and the absence of central heating, the author still thought it was a good idea to move back because he had been there before and had been seduced for a few years, but persuading my wife back to the country might be hard because she wouldn't exchange a warm terrace for a windswept farm cottage on a much lower income.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #41)

### 18. Mini War/Small War (Prediction)

**Original:**

In such an environment, warfare is no longer purely directed against the military potential of adversarial states. It is rather directed at infiltrating all areas of their societies and to threaten their existences. The comparatively easy access to weapons of mass destruction, in particular relatively and low-cost biological agents, is of key concern. Both governmental and non-governmental actors prefer to use force in a way that can be characterized as "unconventional" or also as "small wars." War waged according to conventions is an interstate phenomenon. The "small war" is the archetype of war, in which the protagonists acknowledge no rules and permanently try to violate what conventions

do exist. The protagonists of the “small war” observe neither international standards nor arms control agreements. They make use of territories where they do not have to fear any sanctions because there is no functioning state to assume charge of such sanctions or because the state in question is too weak to impose such sanctions. This type of war does not provide for any warning time. It challenges not only the external security of the nation states and international community, but also their internal safety.

**Answer:**

Since warfare is directed at infiltrating all areas of society, the easy access to weapons of mass destruction is of key concern, but both governmental and non-governmental actors prefer to use “small wars” in which the protagonists acknowledge no rules and observe neither international standards nor arms control agreements by making use of territories with no sanctions, which challenges both the external security and the internal safety of the nation states and the international community.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #40)

### 19. Malaysia Tourism (Prediction)

**Original:**

Malaysia is one of the most pleasant, hassle-free countries to visit in Southeast Asia. Aside from its gleaming 21st century glass towers, it boasts some of the most superb beaches, mountains and national parks in the region. Malaysia is also launching its biggest-ever tourism campaign in effort to lure 20 million visitors here this year. Any tourist itinerary would have to begin in the capital, Kuala Lumpur, where you will find the Petronas Twin Towers, which once comprised the world tallest buildings and now hold the title of second-tallest. Both the 88-story towers soar 1,480 feet high and are connected by a sky-bridge on the 41st floor. The limestone temple Batu Caves, located 9 miles north of the city, have a 328-foot-high ceiling and feature ornate Hindu shrines, including a 141-foot-tall gold-painted statue of a Hindu deity. To reach the caves, visitors have to climb a steep flight of 272 steps. In Sabah state on Borneo island not to be confused with Indonesias Borneo you'll find the small mushroom-shaped Sipadan island, off the coast of Sabah, rated as one of the top five diving sites in the world. Sipadan is the only oceanic island in Malaysia, rising from a 2,300-foot abyss in the Celebes Sea. You can also climb Mount Kinabalu, the tallest peak in Southeast Asia, visit the Sepilok Orang Utan Sanctuary, go white-water rafting and catch a glimpse of the bizarre Proboscis monkey, a primate found only in Borneo with a huge pendulous nose, a characteristic pot belly and strange honking sounds. While you're in Malaysia, consider a trip to Malacca. In its heyday, this southern state was a powerful Malay sultanate and a booming trading port in the region. Facing the Straits of Malacca, this historical state is now a place of intriguing Chinese streets, antique shops, old temples and reminders of European colonial powers. Another interesting destination is Penang, known as the Pearl of the Orient. This island off the northwest coast of Malaysia boasts of a rich Chinese cultural heritage, good food and beautiful beaches.

**Answer:**

While Malaysia is one of the most pleasant countries to visit in Southeast Asia, it is also launching its biggest-ever tourism campaign to lure more visitors this year, and people can visit lots of places, such as the Petronas Twin Tower in Kuala Lumpur, the limestone temple Batu Caves, the Sipadan island in Sabah, the Mount Kinabalu as well as Malacca.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #39)

### 20. Greenhouse Gases (Prediction)

**Original:**



When an individual drives a car, heats a house, or uses an aerosol hair spray, greenhouse gases are produced. In economic terms, this creates a classic negative externality. Most of the cost (in this case, those arising from global warming) are borne by individuals other than the one making the decision about how many miles to drive or how much hair spray to use. Because the driver (or sprayer) enjoys all the benefits of the activities but suffers only part of the cost, that individual engages in more than the economically efficient amount of the activity. In this sense, the problem of greenhouse gases parallels the problem that occurs when someone smokes a cigarette in an enclosed space or litters the countryside with fast-food wrappers. If we are to get individuals to reduce production of greenhouse gases to the efficient rate, we must somehow induce them to act as though they bear all the costs of their actions. The two most widely accepted means of doing this are government regulation and taxation, both of which have been proposed to deal with greenhouse gases.

**Answer:**

While an individual's behaviours produced greenhouse gases, he enjoys all the benefits but suffers only part of the costs, so we must induce individuals to act as though they bear all the costs of their actions if we want individuals to reduce production of greenhouse gases to the efficient rate, and the two most widely accepted means to deal with greenhouse gases are government regulations and taxation.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #33)

**21. Grass & Cow (Prediction)****Original:**

The co-evolutionary relationship between cows and grass is one of nature's underappreciated wonders; it also happens to be the key to understanding just about everything about modern meat. For the grasses, which have evolved to withstand the grazing of ruminants, the cow maintains and expands their habitat by preventing trees and shrubs from gaining a foothold and hogging the sunlight; the animal also spreads grass seed, plants it with his hooves, and then fertilizes it with his manure. In exchange for these services the grasses offer ruminants a plentiful and exclusive supply of lunch. For cows (like sheep, bison, and other ruminants) have evolved the special ability to convert grass — which single-stomached creatures like us can't digest — into high-quality protein. They can do this because they possess what is surely the most highly evolved digestive organ in nature: the rumen. About the size of a medicine ball, the organ is essentially a forty-five-gallon fermentation tank in which a resident population of bacteria dines on grass.

**Answer:**

While the grasses have evolved to withstand the grazing of ruminants because the cow not only maintains and expands their habitat, but also spreads, plants and fertilizes grass seeds, cows have evolved the special ability to convert grass into high-quality protein because they possess the most highly evolved digestive organ of rumen in which a resident population of bacteria dines on grass, which is the co-evolutionary relationship between cows and grass.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #31)

**22. Frog Amber (Prediction)****Original:**

A miner in the state of Chiapas found a tiny tree frog that has been preserved in amber for 25 million years, a researcher said. If authenticated, the preserved frog would be the first of its kind found in Mexico, according to David Grimaldi, a biologist and curator at the American Museum of Natural History, who was not involved in the find. The chunk of amber containing the frog, less than half an inch long, was uncovered by a miner in Mexico's southern Chiapas state in 2005 and was bought by a

private collector, who loaned it to scientists for study. A few other preserved frogs have been found in chunks of amber — a stone formed by ancient tree sap — mostly in the Dominican Republic. Like those, the frog found in Chiapas appears to be of the genus *Craugastor*, whose descendants still inhabit the region, said biologist Gerardo Carbot of the Chiapas Natural History and Ecology Institute. Carbot announced the discovery this week. The scientist said the frog lived about 25 million years ago, based on the geological strata where the amber was found. Carbot would like to extract a sample from the frog's remains in hopes of finding DNA that could identify the particular species but doubts the owner would let him drill into the stone.

**Answer:**

A miner in Mexico found a tiny tree frog preserved in amber for 25 million years, which would be the first of its kind found in Mexico, with a few other preserved frogs found in chunks of amber, and Carbot would like to extract a sample from the frog's remains to find DNA that could identify the particular species but the owner may not allow.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #29)

**23. America and India IT (Prediction)****Original:**

Consider the current situation: like their counterparts in the United States, engineers and technicians in India have the capacity to provide both computer programming and innovative new technologies. Indian programmers and high-tech engineers earn one-quarter of what their counterparts earn in the United States; Consequently, India is able to do both jobs at a lower dollar cost than the United States: India has absolute advantage in both. In other words, it can produce a unit of programming for fewer dollars than the United States, and it can also produce a unit of technology innovation for fewer dollars. Does that mean that the United States will lose not only programming jobs but innovative technology job, too? Does that mean that our standard of living will fall if the United States and India engage in the international trade? David Ricardo would have answered no to both questions – as we do today. While India may have an absolute advantage in both activities, that fact is irrelevant in determining what India or the United States will produce. India has a comparative advantage in doing programming in part because of such activity requires little physical capital. The flip side is that the United States has a comparative advantage in technology innovation partly because it is relatively easy to obtain capital in this country to undertake such long-run projects. The result is that Indian programmers will do more and more of what U.S. programmers have been doing in the past. In contrast, American firms will shift to more and more innovation.

**Answer:**

While India might have absolute advantage in providing both computer programming and innovative new technologies because of the low cost, the United States has a comparative advantage in technology innovation because of easier capital obtaining, which suggests that Indian programmers will do more and more of what U.S. programmers have been doing in the past and American firms will shift to more and more innovation.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #20)

**24. Columbus (Prediction)****Original:**

When Christopher Columbus arrived at Hispaniola during his first transatlantic voyage in the year A.D. 1492, the island had already been settled by Native Americans for about 5,000 years. The occupants in Columbus's time were a group of Arawak Indians called Tainos who lived by farming, were organized into five chiefdoms, and numbered around half a million (the estimates range from 100,000 to

2,000,000). Columbus initially found them peaceful and friendly, until he and his Spaniards began mistreating them. Unfortunately for the Tainos, they had gold, which the Spanish coveted but didn't want to go to the work of mining themselves. Hence the conquerors divided up the island and its Indian population among individual Spaniards, who put the Indians to work as virtual slaves, accidentally infected them with Eurasian diseases, and murdered them. By the year 1519, 27 years after Columbus's arrival, that original population of half a million had been reduced to about 11,000, most of whom died that year of smallpox to bring the population down to 3,000.

**Answer:**

A group of Arawak Indians called Tainos, the occupants of Hispaniola, initially found peaceful and friendly by Columbus, unfortunately had gold coveted by the Spanish, so the conquerors divided up the island and the Indian population, and put the Indians to work as slaves, with them accidentally infected with Eurasian diseases and murdered, which made the original population reduced by the year 1519.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #17)

**25. Children Allowance (Prediction)****Original:**

Many people who have written on the subject of allowances say it is not a good idea to pay your child for work around the home. These jobs are a normal part of family life. Paying children to do extra work around the house, however, can be useful. It can even provide an understanding of how a business works. Allowances give children a chance to experience the things they can do with money. They can share it in the form of gifts or giving to a good cause. They can spend it by buying things they want. Or they can save and maybe even invest it. Saving helps children understand that costly goals require sacrifice: you have to cut costs and plan for the future. Requiring children to save part of their allowance can also open the door to future saving and investing. Many banks offer services to help children and teenagers learn about personal finance. A savings account is an excellent way to learn about the power of compound interest. Compounding works by paying interest on interest. So, for example, one dollar invested at two percent interest for two years will earn two cents in the first year. The second year, the money will earn two percent of one dollar and two cents, and so on. That may not seem like a lot. But over time it adds up.

**Answer:**

Although many people say it is not a good idea to pay your child for work around the home, it can provide an understanding of how a business works and give them a chance to experience the things they can do with money because children can spend the money or understand saving and investing, so that they can learn about the power of compound interest.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #15)

**26. Beauty Contest (Prediction)****Original:**

Since Australians Jennifer Hawkins and Lauryn Eagle were crowned Miss Universe and Miss Teen International respectively, there has been a dramatic increase in interest in beauty pageants in this country. These wins have also sparked a debate as to whether beauty pageants are just harmless reminders of old fashioned values or a throwback to the days when women were respected for how good they looked. Opponents argue that beauty pageants, whether Miss Universe or Miss Teen International, are demeaning to women and out of sync with the times. They say they are nothing more than symbols of decline. In the past few decades Australia has taken a real step toward treating women with dignity and respect. Young women are being brought up knowing that they can do

anything, as shown by inspiring role models in medicine such as 2003 Australian of the Year Professor Fiona Stanley. Almost all of the pageant victors are wafer thin, reinforcing the message that thin equals beautiful. This ignores the fact that men and women come in all sizes and shapes. In a country where up to 60% of young women are on a diet at any one time and 70% of school girls say they want to lose weight, despite the fact that most have a normal BMI, such messages are profoundly hazardous to the mental health of young Australians.

**Answer:**

While Australian has taken a real step toward treating women with dignity and respect, young Australian women still concern more about their body shapes because not only all the beauty pageants are judged by their looks, and they are reinforcing the idea that thin equals beautiful, but also they ignore the fact that men and women do come in all sizes and shapes, which are hazardous to the mental health of young Australians.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #12)

**27. Australian Education (Prediction)****Original:**

When Australians engage in debate about educational quality or equity, they often seem to accept that a country cannot achieve both at the same time. Curriculum reforms intended to improve equity often fail to do so because they increase breadth or differentiation in offerings in a way that increases differences in quality. Further, these differences in quality often reflect differences in students' social backgrounds because the 'new' offerings are typically taken up by relatively disadvantaged students who are not served well them. Evidence from New South Wales will be used to illustrate this point. The need to improve the quality of education is well accepted across OECD and other countries as they seek to strengthen their human capital to underpin their modern, knowledge economies. Improved equity is also important for this purpose, since the demand for high level skills is widespread and the opportunities for the low skilled are diminishing. Improved equity in education is also important for social cohesion. There are countries in which the education system seems primarily to reproduce existing social arrangements, conferring privilege where it already exists and denying it where it does not. Even in countries where the diagnosis might be less extreme, the capacity of schooling to build social cohesion is often diminished by the way in which schools separate individuals and groups.

**Answer:**

While the improved quality and equity of education can strengthen human capital to underpin their modern knowledge economies and improve social cohesion, educational quality and equity cannot be both achieved at the same time because curriculum reforms intended to improve equity by increasing breadth or differentiation in offerings also increase differences in quality which reflects differences in students' social backgrounds.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #9)

**28. American English (Prediction)****Original:**

American English is, without doubt, the most influential and powerful variety of English in the world today. There are many reasons for this. First, the United States is, at present, the most powerful nation on earth and such power always brings with it influence. Indeed, the distinction between a dialect and a language has frequently been made by reference to power. As has been said, a language is a dialect with an army. Second, America's political influence is extended through American popular culture, in particular through the international reach of American films (movies, of course) and music. As Kahane has pointed out, the internationally dominant position of a culture results in a

forceful expansion of its language... the expansion of language contributes... to the prestige of the culture behind it. Third, the international prominence of American English is closely associated with the extraordinarily quick development of communications technology. Microsoft is owned by an American, Bill Gates. This means a computer's default setting for language is American English, although of course this can be changed to suit one's own circumstances. In short, the increased influence of American English is caused by political power and the resultant diffusion of American culture and media, technological advance, and the rapid development of communications technology.

**Answer:**

While American English is a dialect with an army because the United States is the most powerful nation on the earth and such power brings with it influence, America's political influence is extended through American popular culture which also results in an expansion of its language, and the international prominence of American English is associated with the quick development of communications technology, which suggests American English is the most influential and powerful variety of English.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #6)

**29. Ageing World (Prediction)****Original:**

We live in an ageing world. While this has been recognized for some time in developed countries, it is only recently that this phenomenon has been fully acknowledged. Global communication is "shrinking" the world, and global ageing is "maturing" it. The increasing presence of older persons in the world is making people of all ages more aware that we live in a diverse and multigenerational society. It is no longer possible to ignore ageing, regardless of whether one views it positively or negatively. Demographers note that if current trends in ageing continue as predicted, a demographic revolution, wherein the proportions of the young and the old will undergo a historic crossover, will be felt in just three generations. This portrait of change in the world's population parallels the magnitude of the industrial revolution traditionally considered the most significant social and economic breakthrough in the history of humankind since the Neolithic period. It marked the beginning of a sustained movement towards modern economic growth in much the same way that globalization is today marking an unprecedented and sustained movement toward a "global culture". The demographic revolution, it is envisaged, will be at least as powerful. While the future effects are not known, a likely scenario is one where both the challenges as well as the opportunities will emerge from a vessel into which exploration and research, dialogue and debate are poured. Challenges arise as social and economic structures try to adjust to the simultaneous phenomenon of diminishing young cohorts with rising older ones, and opportunities present themselves in the sheer number of older individuals and the vast resources societies stand to gain from their contribution.

**Answer:**

As it is fully acknowledged that we live in an ageing world, a powerful demographic revolution will be a possible result if current trends in ageing continue as predicted, which will not only bring challenges of adjusting social and economic structures but also opportunities to present themselves in older people and vast resources.

(APEUni Website / App SWT #4)

## Write Essay

Repeat Rate: 98%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Correct use of templates (APEUni AI Score) > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

### 1. Television (Prediction)

**Question:**

Television serves many functions. Watching TV makes us relax. We can learn knowledge and information from TV programs. Besides, TV can also be seen as a companion. To what extent do you agree with this?

(APEUni Website / App WE #160)

### 2. Inventions (Prediction)

**Question:**

In this technological world, the number of new inventions has been increasing. Please describe a new invention, and determine whether it will bring advantages or disadvantages.

(APEUni Website / App WE #159)

### 3. Dangerous Activities (Prediction)

**Question:**

Nowadays, more and more people engage in dangerous activities, such as sky diving and motorcycling. Are you in favour of them? Use examples to support your opinion.

(APEUni Website / App WE #158)

### 4. Environmental Influence (Prediction)

**Question:**

Nowadays, people believe that the environment influences their accomplishments. Some people think their success and accomplishment were influenced by the places where they grew up. Do you think the environment does or does not affect people's accomplishment and how it affects? Please give an example of a famous person to support your statement.

(APEUni Website / App WE #157)

### 5. Tourism's Pros and Cons (Prediction)

**Question:**

The disadvantages of tourism in less developed countries are as great as the advantages. What is your opinion?

(APEUni Website / App WE #156)

### 6. Law Effect (Prediction)

**Question:**

Some people think human behaviors can be limited by laws, others think laws have little effect. What is your opinion?

(APEUni Website / App WE #149)

### 7. Experience v.s. Degree (Prediction)

**Question:**

University experience is more important than a university's degree. Some people argue that university

life is much more important than an educational degree in job market. Do you agree or not agree?  
(APEUni Website / App WE #153)

## 8. Sporting Events (Prediction)

### Question:

Hosting sporting events such as the Olympics and the World Cup can bring benefits to the host countries. How far do you agree with this statement? Use your own examples to support.  
(APEUni Website / App WE #146)

## 9. Business Profit (Prediction)

### Question:

Business whether big or small is to maximize profit. Do you agree with that? Give your opinion.  
(APEUni Website / App WE #143)

## 10. Education System (Prediction)

### Question:

What do you think are the strengths and weaknesses of the education system in your country. Use your own experience to support your idea.  
(APEUni Website / App WE #134)

## 11. Distraction (Prediction)

### Question:

Effective learning requires time, comfort and peace so it is impossible to combine study and employment. Study and employment distract one from another. To what extent do you think the statements are realistic? Support your opinion with examples?  
(APEUni Website / App WE #106)

## 12. Economic Growth (Prediction)

### Question:

Governments promise continuous economic growth, but it's actually an illusion. Some people think that governments should abandon this. Please talk about the validity and the implications.  
(APEUni Website / App WE #105)

## 13. Life Expectancy (Prediction)

### Question:

Medical technology can increase life expectancy. Is it a blessing or curse?  
(APEUni Website / App WE #96)

## 14. Credit Cards (Prediction)

### Question:

In a cashless society, people use more credit cards. Cashless society seems to be a reality, and how realistic do you think it might be? What are the advantages and disadvantages of this phenomenon?  
(APEUni Website / App WE #95)

## 15. Climate (Prediction)

### Question:

You are given climate as the field of study. Which area would you prefer? Explain why you picked this up the particular area of your study?

(APEUni Website / App WE #88)

### 16. Facing Issues (Prediction)

**Question:**

The world's governments and organizations are facing a lot of issues. Which do you think is the most pressing problem for the inhabitants on our planet and give the solution?

(APEUni Website / App WE #76)

### 17. Devotion (Prediction)

**Question:**

The time people devote in job leaves very little time for personal life. How widespread is the problem? What problem will this shortage of time cause?

(APEUni Website / App WE #75)

### 18. Media Influences (Prediction)

**Question:**

Mass media, including TV, radio and newspapers, plays a pivotal role in shaping our opinions and characters. What is your opinion?

(APEUni Website / App WE #73)

### 19. Deduction (Prediction)

**Question:**

Some universities deduct students' marks if assignment is given late. What is your opinion and suggest some alternative actions?

(APEUni Website / App WE #63)

### 20. Experiential Learning (Prediction)

**Question:**

Some people point that experiential learning (i.e. learning by doing it) can work well in formal education. However, others think a traditional form of teaching is the best. Do you think experiential learning can work well in high schools or colleges?

(APEUni Website / App WE #56)

### 21. Reputation (Prediction)

**Question:**

Should marketing for consumer goods companies like clothing and food focus on reputation or on short term strategies like discounts and special offers? In what ways can this impact on their reputation? Why?

(APEUni Website / App WE #48)

### 22. Legal Responsibility (Prediction)

**Question:**

Parents should be held legally responsible for their children's acts. What is your opinion? Support it with personal examples.

(APEUni Website / App WE #43)

### 23. Right Balance (Prediction)

**Question:**



Nowadays, it is increasingly more difficult to maintain the right balance between work and other aspects of one's life, such as leisure time with family members. How important do you think is this balance? Why do people find it hard to achieve?

(APEUni Website / App WE #39)

#### 24. Television (Prediction)

**Question:**

Nowadays television has become an essential part of life. It is a medium for disseminating news and information, and for some it acts as a companion. What is your opinion about this?

(APEUni Website / App WE #38)

#### 25. Shopping Malls (Prediction)

**Question:**

Large shopping malls are replacing small shops. What is your opinion on this? Do you think this is a good or bad change?

(APEUni Website / App WE #30)

#### 26. Beautiful Buildings (Prediction)

**Question:**

It is important to preserve the beautiful buildings of the past, even if it will be expensive to do so. To what extent do you agree or disagree with it.

(APEUni Website / App WE #28)

#### 27. Getting Married (Prediction)

**Question:**

It is argued that getting married before finishing school or getting a job is not a good choice. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

(APEUni Website / App WE #27)

#### 28. Information Revolution (Prediction)

**Question:**

Information revolution brought about by modern mass media has both positive and negative consequences to individuals and society. To what extent do you agree with this statement? Discuss and use your own experience.

(APEUni Website / App WE #24)

#### 29. Extreme Sports (Prediction)

**Question:**

In your opinion, what are the advantages and disadvantages of extreme or adventure sports?

(APEUni Website / App WE #23)

#### 30. Global Issue (Prediction)

**Question:**

Climate change is a concerning global issue. Who should take the responsibilities, governments, big companies or individuals?

(APEUni Website / App WE #9)

#### 31. Transportation Networks (Prediction)

**Question:**

As cities expand, some people claim governments should try to create better networks of public transportation available for everyone rather than building more roads for vehicle owning population. What's your opinion? Give some examples or experience to support.

**Answer:**

Nowadays, whether better networks of public transportation available for everyone or more roads for vehicle owning population have higher priority has attracted numerous controversies and drawn the attention from the public. Some people believe that public tra , while others hold the view that the latter should be attached more importance to. In my opinion, governments should focus more attention to public transportation than that to roads for vehicle–owners due to political and economic reasons. First and foremost, it has been argued that the political reason is why I think governments should prioritize the construction of public transportation facilities. Although potentially negative impacts of public transportation must be taken into account, I still reckon that improvement of public convenience has in many ways enormously enriched people's lives. For example, a well–known American scientist Albert Einstein once said, "Care for the public pays off," which had a significant influence on many politicians' policy–making. It is thus clearly shown that governments should have a bias in favor of the public transportation. Moreover, another factor that should be considered is the economic reason. As far as society is concerned, the ultimate aim of any construction is to boost the economy. For instance, a recent research published on Scientist American/The Economist revealed that things that benefit the majority have the highest economic value. Undoubtedly, this is a clear indication that the better the public transportation, the more beneficial it is for the economy. To sum up, I hold the view that governments should invest more in public transportation than that in transportation just for vehicle–owners because of the political and economic reasons outlined above. To optimize the devision of funds invested in the two fields, the government, and society should make a concerted effort to find solutions.

(APEUni Website / App WE #5)

## C. Reading

### Multiple Choice (Single)

Repeat Rate: 7%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types > Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

#### 1. Fear of Crime (Incomplete)

**Points:** It would come as a surprise to many that the concept of fear of crime is a recent invention. However, prior to the mid-1960s the term was never used, and certainly not in the sense we use it today. This may not on the face of it seem very significant; terms, ideas and language continually change. However, fear of crime is more than simply a term to describe a physical or psychological reaction to the threat or perceived threat of victimization. Rather, it is now seen as a quantifiable, measurable, social scientific object, a policy target and a political issue. Read the text and answer the multiple-choice question by selecting the correct response. Only one response is correct. This information suggests that the key way in which the concept of fear of crime has changed is that \_\_\_\_\_ it is now regarded as a measurable phenomenon, which can be addressed through government policies. before the 1960s it was linked to victimization without being linked to more commonly held views about violence. before the 1960s it referred to personal issues whereas now it refers to abstract issues. it was previously conceived in physical terms, whereas it is now seen in psychological terms. (APEUni Website / App RMCS #99)

#### 2. Euripides (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：介绍古希腊剧作家欧里庇得斯 Euripides 问该作家的作品有什么特点？不再关注英雄式的主题，更加注重平民的普通生活 (APEUni Website / App RMCS #97)

#### 3. Pluto (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：有一张宇宙的照片，讲为什么冥王星Pluto是矮行星dwarf planet而不是行星。 There are three criteria to be a planet. Firstly, it should have a shape of ball. Secondly, it must be in orbit around the sun. At last, it cannot share with its neighbourhood around the orbit. Pluto meets the first two, but not the last one. Pluto is a dwarf planet in the Kuiper Belt, a ring of bodies beyond Neptune. 提到了研究员怎么发现Pluto和Neptune的orbit重合的。 问：According to IAU's definition, why is Pluto currently considered as a dwarf planet? 选项：Pluto shares the orbit with Neptune; (答案) Pluto has no shape of ball; Pluto does not orbit the sun; Pluto is an asteroid. (APEUni Website / App RMCS #94)

#### 4. Venus (Incomplete)

**Points:** Venus Arora, 正确选项很明确，原文有明显提示。 选和significant change有相似内容的选项。 选项：unemployment rate rose. (APEUni Website / App RMCS #85)

#### 5. Lava (Incomplete)

**Points:** 关于Mariana海沟为什么这么深，因为有lava冷却之后形成很高的ridge，显得海沟更深。 (APEUni Website / App RMCS #84)

## Multiple Choice (Multiple)

Repeat Rate: 5%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types  
> Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

### 1. Hubble (New) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 关于Edwin Powell Hubble的生平，包括生卒、事迹。选项：他先干了别的，再当了天文学家（原文中说他先去当兵）；（答案）他证明了宇宙大爆炸理论；（答案）他计算了宇宙移动（? 膨胀）速度。（干扰项）

(APEUni Website / App RMCM #94)

### 2. Optional Courses (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：关于美国的教育制度，secondary school和high school。本来提供很多课程是为了学生可以向自己喜欢的方向发展，结果学生只是和关系好的人选同一门或选容易的课程，使得课程设置原本的目的没有达到。选项：结果不如intended那样；（答案）学生可以自主选择课程。（答案）

(APEUni Website / App RMCM #92)

### 3. Crystal Palace (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：关于水晶宫，提到玻璃结构，设计师和1851年的展览。The huge, modular, iron, wood and glass, structure was originally erected in Hyde Park in London to house the Great Exhibition of 1851, which showcased the products of many countries throughout the world. At this point renowned gardener Joseph Paxton became interested in the project, and with the enthusiastic backing of Commission member Henry Cole, he decided to submit his own design. 最后讲该建筑耗时多久建好，用了多少人工和物力，维多利亚女王在里面开了第一届世界博览会，后来它怎么被烧掉的。问：下面的statement哪个是对的？选项：维多利亚余生都在这度过；（干扰项）那个设计师是水晶宫的gardener。

(APEUni Website / App RMCM #84)

### 4. Everest (Incomplete)

**Points:** In the year 1852, a clerk rushed into the chamber of Sir Andrew Waugh, India's surveyor general, and exclaimed that a Bengali computer named Radhanath Sikhdar, working out of the Survey's Calcutta bureau, had discovered the highest mountain in the world. In 1865, nine years after Sikhdar's computations had been confirmed, Waugh bestowed the name Mount Everest on Peak XV, in honor of Sir George Everest, his predecessor as surveyor general. As it happened, Tibetans who lived to the north of the great mountain already had a more mellifluous name for it, Jomolungma, which translates to "goddess, mother of the word," and Nepalis who resided to the south called the peak Sagarmatha, "goddess of the sky", But Waugh pointedly chose to ignore these native appellations (as well as official policy encouraging the retention of local or ancient names), and Everest was the name that stuck. 问题：作者对这座山峰的命名持什么态度？选项：Waugh不该以前辈的名字命名；（正确答案）应该根据Tibet和Nepal起名；应该起名为Nepal因为坐落在Nepal；不该起名为Everest；（正确答案）应该保持Peak XV。

(APEUni Website / App RMCM #72)

### 5. Cross-culture (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：长文，总共4段。前2段讲派员工去不同的国家 to develop their cross-culture competence。后面2段说某科学家的观点。问：这个科学家的观点是什么？选项：Workers have deeper understanding of their own languages can better deal with other cultures. （答案）Workers find it's hard to distinguish adopted culture and adapted culture. （干扰项，文章提到 Workers should adapt to

other cultures 而不是 merely adopt to them, 但没有说 hard to distinguish) Workers have little understanding on their own culture. (干扰项) Workers have varying views on their own culture.(干扰项)

(APEUni Website / App RMCM #67)



## Re-order Paragraphs

Repeat Rate: 36%

Exam Strategy: A few new RO questions have been reported, and get yourself prepared. Exam Strategy: Intensive reading of weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

### 1. Electronic Devices (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) The invention of electronic devices is a huge step and advancement of humans.
  - 2) Such as washing machine, video game players, etc.
  - 3) But how to deal with e-waste has become a problem.
  - 4) The amount of e-waste has been growing by 3% to 5% every year.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #224)

### 2. Sherbet Powder (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) Sherbet powder is a mix of baking soda and citric acid.
  - 2) When it is mixed with water in your mouth, an endothermic reaction occurs, taking heat energy from your mouth and making it feel cooler.
  - 3) Another example of an endothermic reaction is the cold packs used by athletes to treat injuries.
  - 4) This process is endothermic-taking heat energy from the surroundings and cooling the injured part of your body. In this way, the cold pack acts as an ice pack.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #225)

### 3. Superpower (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 1)The 'superpower' has international text, which means having control on resources and ... political power 2) It's including 3) In terms of "green superpower", .... 4) In addition to the green energy superpower, companies should meet above global average ... emissions and .

(APEUni Website / App RO #213)

### 4. Turkey (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) If you want to visit Mars, visit Turkey.
  - 2) That's where you'll find lakes so salty that the only bugs able to live there are species that could probably survive on Mars as well.
  - 3) For that reason, microbiologists in Turkey have surveyed the array of species that inhabit the Acigol, Salda and Yarisli lakes.
  - 4) They're hopeful that studying some of them will yield useful insights into the kinds of biology that could help microbes exist on Mars or other potentially habitable planets and moons.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #222)

### 5. Nightinggale (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) The data to be reported here come from a longitudinal study of the untutored acquisition of English as a second language by a five-year-old Japanese girl whom we shall call Uguisu, nightinggale in Japanese.
- 2) Her family came to the United States for a period of two years while her father was a visiting scholar at Harvard, and they took residence in North Cambridge, a working-class neighborhood.

- 3) The children in that neighborhood were her primary source of language input.
- 4) Uguisu also attended public kindergarten for two hours every day, and later elementary school, but with no tutoring in English syntax.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #219)

## 6. Pidgin (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) In some areas, the standard chosen may be a variety that originally had no native speakers in the country.
- 2) For example, in Papua New Guinea, a lot of official business is conducted in Tok Pisin.
- 3) This language is now used by over a million people, but it began many years earlier as a kind of 'contact' language called a pidgin.
- 4) A pidgin is a variety of a language (e.g. English) that developed for some practical purpose, such as trading, among groups of people who had a lot of contact, but who did not know each other's languages.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #216)

## 7. Internship (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) During the school year, we had the benefit of being both unaccountable and omnipotent.
- 2) We could engage in impassioned debates about how as chief executive of a certain company we would have done this, or if we had been the banker on that deal we would have structured it like that.
- 3) Insulated from the consequences of such decisions, and privy to all critical information about the case, we were able to solve complex business problems with relative ease.
- 4) We knew that once we began our internships, this would no longer be the case.
- 5) The information would be more nebulous and the outcomes of our decisions would be unpredictable.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #212)

## 8. Blue Halo (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) Latest research has found that several common flower species have nanoscale ridges on the surface of their petals that meddle with light when viewed from certain angles.
- 2) These nanostructures scatter light particles in the blue to ultraviolet colour spectrum, generating a subtle effect that scientists have christened the 'blue halo'.
- 3) By manufacturing artificial surfaces that replicated 'blue halos', scientists were able to test the effect on pollinators, in this case foraging bumblebees.
- 4) They found that bees can see the blue halo, and use it as a signal to locate flowers more efficiently.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #211)

## 9. Marine Creature (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) In order to establish whether diversity matters in the sea as well as on land, 11 marine biologists, along with three economists, have joined forces.
- 2) They have spent the past three years crunching all the numbers they could lay their hands on.
- 3) These ranged from the current UN Food and Agriculture Organization's database to information hundreds of years old, gleaned from kitchen records and archeology.

4) The results of this comprehensive analysis have been published in Science.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #198)

### 10. German Writer (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) This site contains a comprehensive listing of the works of Norbert Elias, a German sociologist.
  - 2) The site lists not only his published books and articles but also manuscripts and oral communications, in a variety of media and including reprints and translations.
  - 3) The material has been catalogued, cross-referenced and organized by date.
  - 4) There is, however, no search facility.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #203)

### 11. Challenging Jobs (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Numbers of staff who wish to turn up and do a simple job and go home is relatively happy if they believe their work is secure.
  - 2) However, any employee who wants to acquire more varied and responsible duties will not feel satisfied for long staying with the same and boring job.
  - 3) People want to keep working hard only if there are opportunities for promotion to a more challenging job.
  - 4) If this opportunity does not exist, they are most likely to be demotivated.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #201)

### 12. Native Living Beings (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Australia's native plants and animals adapted to life on an isolated continent over millions of years.
  - 2) Since European settlement they have had to compete with a range of introduced animals for habitat, food and shelter.
  - 3) Some have also had to face new predators.
  - 4) These new pressures have also caused a major impact on our country's soil and waterways and on its native plants and animals.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #199)

### 13. Worship (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) My study of the history of religion has revealed that human beings are spiritual animals. Indeed, there is a case for arguing that Homo sapiens is also Homo religious.
  - 2) Men and women started to worship gods as soon as they became recognizably human; they created religions at the same time as they created works of art.
  - 3) This was not simply because they wanted to propitiate powerful forces.
  - 4) These early faiths expressed the wonder and mystery that seems always to have been an essential component of the human experience of this beautiful world.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #194)

### 14. Art History (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Art history is the study of objects of art in their historical development and stylistic contexts.
- 2) The study includes painting, sculpture, architecture, ceramics, furniture, and other decorative



objects.

3) Art history is the history of different groups of people and their culture represented throughout their artwork.

4) Art historians compare different time periods in art history.

5) As a term, art history (its product being history of art) encompasses several methods of studying the visual arts; in common usage referring to works of art and architecture.

(APEUni Website / App RO #62)

### 15. Children's Verbal Skills (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Many young children are inexperienced in dealing with emotional upheaval.

2) As a result, they lack the coping strategies that many adults have.

3) In particular, many young children lack the verbal skills to express their emotions and to effectively communicate their need for emotional support.

4) The frustration of not being able to effectively communicate may manifest itself in alternative behaviors.

(APEUni Website / App RO #193)

### 16. Egyptian Temple (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) We know infinitely more about the wealthy people of Egypt than we do about the ordinary people, as almost all the monuments were made for the rich and influential.

2) Houses in which ordinary Egyptians lived have not been preserved, and when most people died they were buried in simple graves with few funerary goods.

3) Most of our traditional sources of information about the Old Kingdom are those concerned with death and the rituals surrounding death: these include pyramids, tombs and graves, but also statues, reliefs and paintings.

4) Even papyri come mainly from pyramid temples.

5) But this does not mean that death was the Egyptians' only preoccupation.

(APEUni Website / App RO #190)

### 17. World Feeding (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) We' ll likely have two billion more mouths to feed by mid-century --more than nine billion people.

2) But sheer population growth isn't the only reason we' ll need more food.

3) The spread of prosperity across the world, especially in China and India, is driving an increased demand for meat, eggs, and dairy, boosting pressure to grow more corn and soybeans to feed more cattle, pigs, and chickens.

4) If these trends continue, the double whammy of population growth and richer diets will require us to roughly double the amount of crops we grow by 2050.

(APEUni Website / App RO #189)

### 18. Calf Experiment (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) To gauge optimism and pessimism, the researchers set up an experiment involving 22 calves.

2) Before they started the experiment, they trained the calves to understand which of their choices would lead to a reward.

3) In the training, each calf entered a small pen and found a wall with five holes arranged in a

horizontal line, two-and-a-half feet apart.

4) The hole at one end contained milk from a bottle, while the hole at the opposite end contained only an empty bottle and delivered a puff of air in calves' faces.

5) The calves learned quickly which side of the pen held the milk reward.

(APEUni Website / App RO #188)

### 19. EU Fishing (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) The European Union has two big fish problems.

2) One is that, partly as a result of its failure to manage them properly, its own fisheries can no longer meet European demand.

3) The other is that its governments won't confront their fishing lobbies and decommission all the surplus boats.

4) The EU has tried to solve both problems by sending its fishermen to West Africa. Since 1979 it has struck agreements with the government of Senegal, granting our fleets access to its waters.

5) As a result, Senegal's marine ecosystem has started to go the same way as ours.

(APEUni Website / App RO #177)

### 20. Glow Worm (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) The Newnes railroad was closed in 1932 after 25 years of shipping oil shale.

2) The rails were pulled out of the 600-meter tunnel, which had been bored through the sandstone in the Wollemi National Park, and the tunnel was left to its own devices.

3) For Newnes, that meant becoming home to thousands and thousands of glow worms.

4) The glow worm is a catch-all name for the bioluminescent larvae of various species, in this case, the *Arachnocampa richardsae*, a type of fungus gnat.

5) Found in massive numbers in caves, the fungus gnat larvae cling to the rocky walls of the abandoned tunnel and hunt with long, glowing strings of sticky mucus.

(APEUni Website / App RO #174)

### 21. United Nation Conferences (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Conferences have played a key role in guiding the work of the United Nations since its very inception.

2) In fact, the world body was born when delegates from 50 nations met in San Francisco in April 1945 for the United Nations Conference on International Organization.

3) The recent high-profile conferences on development issues, which have continued a series that began in the 1970s, have broken new ground in many areas: by involving Presidents, Prime Ministers and other heads of state – as pioneered at the 1990 World Summit for Children.

4) These events have put long-term, difficult problems like poverty and environmental degradation at the top of the global agenda.

5) These problems otherwise would not have the political urgency to grab front-page headlines and command the attention of world leaders.

(APEUni Website / App RO #164)

### 22. Hip Pop (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Hip hop emerged as a reaction to the gang culture and violence of the South Bronx in the 1970s,

and daily experiences of poverty, racism, exclusion, crime, violence, and neglect.

- 2) It necessarily embodies and values resilience, understanding, community and social justice.
- 3) Without these, Hip Hop culture would never have been, and it is because these values remain at its core that Hip Hop is such a powerful agent of positive social change around the world.
- 4) Yet, the hip hop project is not yet free from these difficult circumstances.

(APEUni Website / App RO #157)

### 23. Historical records (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Historical records, coins, and other date-bearing objects can help – if they exist. But even prehistoric sites contain records – written in nature's hand.
- 2) The series of strata in an archaeological dig enables an excavator to date recovered objects relatively, if not absolutely.
- 3) However, when archaeologists want know the absolute date of a site, they can often go beyond simple stratigraphy.
- 4) For example, tree ring, Dendrochronology (literally, —tree timell) dates wooden artefacts by matching their ring patterns to known records, which, in some areas of the world, span several thousand years.

(APEUni Website / App RO #209)

### 24. Bankruptcy (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) In Montana as elsewhere, companies that have acquired older mines respond to demands to pay for cleanup in either of two ways.
- 2) Especially if the company is small, its owners may declare the company bankrupt, in some cases conceal its assets, and transfer their business efforts to other companies or to new companies that do not bear responsibility for cleanup at the old mine.
- 3) If the company is so large that it cannot claim that it would be bankrupted by cleanup costs (as in the case of ARCO that I shall discuss below), the company instead denies its responsibility or else seeks to minimize the costs.
- 4) In either case, either the mine site and areas downstream of it remain toxic, thereby endangering people, or else the U.S. federal government and the Montana state government (hence ultimately all taxpayers) pay for the cleanup through the federal Superfund and a corresponding Montana state fund.

(APEUni Website / App RO #202)

### 25. Clothing Fibers (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Fibers suitable for clothing have been made for the first time from the wheat protein gluten.
- 2) The fibers are as strong and soft as wool and silk.
- 3) But they are up to 30 times cheaper.
- 4) Narendra Reddy and Yiqi Yang, who produced the fibres at the University of Nebraska in Lincoln, say that because they are biodegradable they might be used in biomedical applications such as surgical sutures.

(APEUni Website / App RO #197)

### 26. International Economics (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) International Economics: Theory and Policy is a proven approach in which each half of the book leads with an intuitive introduction to theory and follows with self-contained chapters to cover key policy applications.
- 2) The Eighth Edition integrates the latest research, data, and policy in hot topics such as outsourcing, economic geography, trade and environment, financial derivatives, the subprime crisis, and China's exchange rate policies.
- 3) New for the Eighth Edition, all end-of-chapter problems are integrated into MyEconLab, the online assessment and tutorial system that accompanies the text.
- 4) Students get instant, targeted feedback, and instructors can encourage practice without needing to grade work by hand. For more information visit MyEconLab.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #196)

## 27. The Job of a Manager (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) The job of a manager in the workplace is to get things done through employees.
- 2) In order to accomplish this, the manager should be able to motivate employees.
- 3) That is, however, easier said than done.
- 4) Motivation practice and theory are difficult subjects, encompassing various disciplines.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #185)

## 28. Objectivity of Journalists (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) Experts especially journalists, inevitably find difficult to be objective because of their culture background.
- 2) Journalists tried their best not to be biased.
- 3) However, including every aspects of an issue is as easy as calling for every candidate to participate in presidential debate.
- 4) Some aspects are not included in the reporting.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #173)

## 29. Carbon Pricing in Canada (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) There is a growing consensus that, if serious action is to be taken to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Canada, a price must be applied to those emissions.
- 2) There are, however, challenges associated with the political acceptability of carbon pricing.
- 3) If Canada implements a carbon price on its own, there are worries that Canadian factories will relocate to other countries to avoid the regulation.
- 4) Even if other countries act in concert with Canada to price carbon, the effects will be uneven across sectors, and lobbying efforts by relatively more-affected sectors might threaten the political viability of the policy.  
(APEUni Website / App RO #171)

## 30. Scientific Dishonesty (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) I think we should be wary of the reporting of science — it is often over-dramatized in order to secure an audience — but not of science itself.
- 2) Of course, there are rare extremely scientific dishonesties, which will be seized upon by the news organizations.

- 3) The role of science in modern society still remains valuable.
  - 4) Mobile phones, for example, can cause incidents if drivers insist on talking on the phone instead of looking at roads.
  - 5) But no one would argue that mobile phones cannot help to make a phone call when we are in a crisis.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #170)

### 31. Heart Attack (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) Heart attack is the caused by the sudden blockage of a coronary artery by a blood clot.
  - 2) When the clot is formed, it will stay in the blood vessels.
  - 3) The clot in blood vessels will block blood flow.
  - 4) Without the normal blood flow, it will cause muscle contraction.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #168)

### 32. Choose a School (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) There are more than 100 schools in the country.
  - 2) Do not ever choose a school without going to the place and having a look. You should go and see once you have a chance.
  - 3) You can see the facilities and accomodations around the school.
  - 4) Because you might be living there.
  - 5) And they can be helpful to your study as well.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #167)

### 33. Vegetarian (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) Vegetarians do not eat meat or fish in their diet.
  - 2) This diet is not only unattractive but also may cause nutritional imbalance if not managed well.
  - 3) Restaurants and school cafeteria adjust and amend their menus to adapt to this special diet.
  - 4) Menus in all of these places have become more balance in nutrients, and also attract those who are not vegetarians.
  - 5) These developments won't succeed without the effort of vegetarians.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #166)

### 34. Wagonways (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) Roads of rails called Wagonways were being used in Germany as early as 1550.
  - 2) These primitive railed roads consisted of wooden rails over which horse–drawn wagons or carts moved with greater ease than over dirt roads. Wagonways were the beginnings of modern railroads.
  - 3) By 1776, iron had replaced the wood in the rails and wheels on the carts.
  - 4) In 1789, Englishman, William Jessup designed the first wagons with flanged wheels.
  - 5) The flange was a groove that allowed the wheels to better grip the rail, this was an important design that carried over to later locomotives.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #162)

### 35. Ocean floors (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) The topography of the ocean floors is none too well known, since in great areas the available soundings are hundreds or even thousands of miles apart.
  - 2) However, the floor of the Atlantic is becoming fairly well known as a result of special surveys since 1920.
  - 3) A broad, well-defined ridge—the Mid-Atlantic ridge—runs north and south between Africa and the two Americas.
  - 4) Numerous other major irregularities diversify the Atlantic floor.
  - 5) Closely spaced soundings show that many parts of the oceanic floors are rugged as mountainous regions of the continents.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #158)

### 36. Bird-feeding (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) According to experts, feeding birds is probably the most common way in which people interact with wild animals today. More than 50 million Americans engage in the practice, collectively undertaking an unwitting experiment on a vast scale.
  - 2) Is what we're doing good or bad for birds?
  - 3) Recently, researchers at the Cornell Lab of Ornithology sought to answer this question, analyzing nearly three decades' worth of data from a winter-long survey called Project FeederWatch.
  - 4) Preliminary results suggest the species visiting our feeders the most are faring exceptionally well in an age when one-third of the continent's birds need urgent conservation.
  - 5) Still, what are the consequences of skewing the odds in favor of the small subset of species inclined to eat at feeders? What about when the bird we're aiding is invasive, like our house finch?
- (APEUni Website / App RO #214)

### 37. Vegetable Intake (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Fruit and vegetable intake is important for the prevention of future chronic disease. So it's important to know whether intakes of teens are approaching national objectives for fruit and vegetable consumption.
  - 2) Larson and colleagues from the University of Minnesota undertook the study to examine whether or not teens in the state were increasing their intake of fruits and vegetables.
  - 3) The study gathered information about fruit and vegetable intake among 944 boys and 1.161 girls in 1999 and again in 2004.
  - 4) Teens in middle adolescence are eating fewer fruits and vegetables than in 1999. Larson and colleagues found.
  - 5) This is giving us the message that we need new and enhanced efforts to increase fruit and vegetable intake that we haven't been doing in the past.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #210)

### 38. Desert Festival (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) The 'Festival in The Desert' is a celebration of the musical heritage of the Touareg, a fiercely independent nomadic people.
- 2) It is held annually near Essakane, an oasis some 40 miles north-west of Timbuktu, the ancient city on the Niger River.
- 3) Reaching it tests endurance, with miles of impermanent sand tracks to negotiate.
- 4) The reward of navigating this rough terrain comes in the form of a three-day feast of music and

dance.

(APEUni Website / App RO #208)

### 39. Voice above 5mhz (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** A study showed man can not hear voice higher than 5mhz ... As this frequency is too high that ... To test this theory xxx from xxx university gathered 6 students ... four tw... As to the previous study, the volunteers ...

(APEUni Website / App RO #187)

### 40. Diversity (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** To see whether diversity matters on the land and in the sea, ..... join the forces. These researchers will test the full resources of ... The data range from ... and a database, to kitchen's recorders and archaeologists. The results of this research will be published in science.

(APEUni Website / App RO #184)

### 41. Amino Acid (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** Amino acid, which is also known as Leucine, is a fundamental element in the muscle's formation... Animals' protein has a x% of the Leucine, which is higher than those in plants' protein. Plants' protein.... However, there are also some exceptions exist.

(APEUni Website / App RO #183)

### 42. Financial Crisis (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** Many people face serious financial crisis when they are only 20–30 years old. This is because they do not really pay attention to their daily spending, and has poured their spending on buying. This will lead to them paying piling credit card loan and monthly payments. Although they can have student loan, people should...(giving suggestion)

(APEUni Website / App RO #181)

### 43. Stem Cells (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) Embryonic stem cells are valued by scientists because the cells' descendant can turn into any other sort of body cells.
- 2) These stem cells have been found in tissues such as the brain, bone marrow, blood, blood vessels, skeletal muscles, skin, and the liver.
- 3) They might thus be used as treatments for diseases that require the replacement of a particular, lost cell type.
- 4) Some example cited for a possible treatment using these cells are diabetes, motor neuron disease and Parkinson's disease.

(APEUni Website / App RO #179)

### 44. Martin Luther King (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** Rose Parks has a great impact on the civil rights movements. She refused to give her bus seat to a white man. The bus driver arrested her. Her arrested was ... by Martin Luther King. King then ... a boycott on the bus system.

(APEUni Website / App RO #178)

### 45. Electronic Device Disposal (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** The invention of electronics has become a challenge. An Indian university persuaded IT service

department to have an Electronic Recycling Collection Day. During these days, ...people are encouraged to recycle their e-waste instead of throwing them into the bin. On certain days throughout the year, many electronic devices like .... from families and households ... 200,000 electronic products had been recycled in 2010.

(APEUni Website / App RO #175)

#### 46. Meeting (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) People always think it's easy to organize a meeting. However, there are many potentials can hinder the starting time.
- 2) This is especially true when employees are working with a large number of partners.
- 3) Employees may meet troubles such as contacting and organizing a date and time, arranging accommodation, etc.
- 4) In addition, sometimes you have to find children facility or other health care for the meeting participants.

(APEUni Website / App RO #165)

#### 47. Railway Profile (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) Early rails were used on horse drawn wagon ways originally with wooden rails, but from the 1760s using strap-iron rails, which consisted of thin strips of cast iron fixed onto wooden rails.
- 2) These rails were too fragile to carry heavy loads, but because the initial construction cost was less, this method was sometimes used to quickly build an inexpensive rail line.
- 3) However, the long-term expense involved in frequent maintenance outweighed any savings.
- 4) These were superseded by cast iron rails that were flanged (i.e. 'L' shaped) and with the wagon wheels flat.
- 5) An early proponent of this design was Benjamin Outram. His partner William Jessop preferred the use of "edge rails" in 1789 where the wheels were flanged and, over time, it was realised that this combination worked better.
- 6) The first steel rails were made in 1857 by Robert Forester Mushet, who laid them at Derby station in England. Steel is a much stronger material, which steadily replaced iron for use on railway rail and allowed much longer lengths of rails to be rolled.

(APEUni Website / App RO #163)

#### 48. Copernicus (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) Copernicus probably hit upon his main idea sometime between 1508 and 1514. For years, however, he delayed publication of his controversial work, which contradicted all the authorities of the time.
- 2) The historic book that contains the final version of his theory, *De revolutionibus orbium coelestium libri vi* ("Six Books Concerning the Revolutions of the Heavenly Orbs"), did not appear in print until 1543, the year of his death.
- 3) According to legend, Copernicus received a copy as he was dying, on May 24, 1543.
- 4) The book opened the way to a truly scientific approach to astronomy. It had a profound influence on later thinkers of the scientific revolution, including such major figures as Galileo, Johannes Kepler, and Isaac Newton.

(APEUni Website / App RO #79)

#### 49. Mayor (Prediction)



**Correct Order:**

- 1) Education scholars generally agree that mayors can help failing districts, but they are starting to utter warnings.
  - 2) Last summer the editors of the Harvard educational review warned that mayoral control can reduce parents' influence on schools.
  - 3) And they pointed to Mr. Bloomberg's aggressive style as an example of what not to do.
  - 4) All this must be weighed up by the New York state legislature in 2009, when mayoral control is up for renewal—or scrapping.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #154)

**50. Computer Science (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) Why Applied Computer Science?
  - 2) Our Applied Computer Science major is all about giving you the skills to solve computer-related problems.
  - 3) With rapid advances in technology and new applications being developed constantly, it is hard to say what those problems will be.
  - 4) One thing is for sure, though, it is going to be exciting finding out.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #153)

**51. New Ventures (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) New Ventures is a program that helps entrepreneurs in some of the world's most dynamic, emerging economies— Brazil, China, Colombia, India, Indonesia and Mexico.
  - 2) We have facilitated more than \$203 million in investment, and worked with 250 innovative businesses whose goods and services produce clear, measurable environmental benefits, such as clean energy, efficient water use, and sustainable agriculture.
  - 3) Often they also address the challenges experienced by the world's poor.
  - 4) For example, one of the companies we work with in China, called Ecostar, refurbishes copy machines from the United States and re-sells or leases them for 20 percent less than a branded photocopier.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #152)

**52. Science and Technology (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) It is a truism to say that in 21st century society science and technology are important.
  - 2) Human existence in the developed world is entirely dependent on some fairly recent developments in science and technology.
  - 3) Whether this is good or bad is, of course, up for argument.
  - 4) But the fact that science underlies our lives, our health, our work, our communications, our entertainment and our transport is undeniable.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #151)

**53. Copernicanism (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) The expanding influence of Copernicanism through the seventeenth century transformed not only the natural philosophic leanings of astronomers but also the store of conceptual material accessible to writers of fiction.

- 2) During this period of scientific revolution, a new literary genre arose, namely that of the scientific cosmic voyage
  - 3) Scientists and writers alike constructed fantastical tales in which fictional characters journey to the moon, sun, and planets.
  - 4) In so doing, they discover that these once remote worlds are themselves earth-like in character.
  - 5) Descriptions of these planetary bodies as terrestrial in kind demonstrate the seventeenth century intellectual shift from the Aristotelian to the Copernican framework.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #150)

#### 54. Benefit of Language (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) Over the years many human endeavors have had the benefit of language.
  - 2) In particular a written language can convey a lot of information about past events, places, people and things.
  - 3) But it is difficult to describe music in words, and even more difficult to specify a tune.
  - 4) It was the development of a standard musical notation in the 11th century that allowed music to be documented in a physical form.
  - 5) Now music could be communicated efficiently, and succeeding generations would know something about the music of their ancestors.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #145)

#### 55. Solution of Issue (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) In general, there is a tendency to underestimate how long it takes to discuss and resolve an issue on which two people initially have different views.
  - 2) The reason is that achieving agreement requires people to accept the reality of views different from their own and to accept change or compromise.
  - 3) It is not just a matter of putting forward a set of facts and expecting the other person immediately to accept the logic of the exposition.
  - 4) They (and probably you) have to be persuaded and helped to feel comfortable about the outcome that is eventually agreed.
  - 5) People need time to make this adjustment in attitude and react badly to any attempt to rush them into an agreement.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #141)

#### 56. Sea Level Rise (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) Sea level raise led to 36 thousand people died every year.
  - 2) This number can be raised if sea level ceaseless goes up, scientists notified.
  - 3) According to the research, if sea level raises 50 centimeters, 86 million people will die.
  - 4) If sea level raises 1 meter, 168 million people will die all around the world.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #140)

#### 57. Sustainable Development (Prediction)

##### Correct Order:

- 1) Whatever happened to the idea of progress and a better future? I still believe both.
- 2) The Brundtland Report, our Common Future (1987) defines sustainable development as 'development which meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future

generations to meet their own needs'.

3) Implicit in this definition is the idea that the old pattern of development could not be sustained. Is this true?

4) Development in the past was driven by growth and innovation. It led to new technologies and huge improvements in living standards.

5) To assume that we know what the circumstances or needs of future generations will be is mistaken and inevitably leads to the debilitating sense that we are living on borrowed time.

(APEUni Website / App RO #134)

### 58. Wal-Mart Shoppers (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Wal-Mart's core shoppers are running out of money much faster than a year ago due to rising gasoline prices, and the retail giant is worried, CEO Mike Duke said Wednesday.

2) 'We're seeing core consumers under a lot of pressure,' Duke said at an event in New York. 'There's no doubt that rising fuel prices are having an impact.'

3) Wal-Mart shoppers, many of whom live paycheck to paycheck, typically shop in bulk at the beginning of the month when their paychecks come in.

4) Lately, they're 'running out of money' at a faster clip, he said.

5) Purchases are really dropping off by the end of the month even more than last year," Duke said. "This end-of-month [purchases] cycle is growing to be a concern.

(APEUni Website / App RO #133)

### 59. Dropout (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Educators are seriously concerned about the high rate of dropouts among the doctor of philosophy candidates and the consequent loss of talent to a nation in need of Ph. D. s.

2) Some have placed the dropouts loss as high as 50 percent.

3) The extent of the loss was, however, largely a matter of expert guessing. Last week a well-rounded study was published.

4) It was published. It was based on 22,000 questionnaires sent to former graduate students who were enrolled in 24 universities and it seemed to show many past fears to be groundless.

(APEUni Website / App RO #94)

### 60. Douglas DC-1 (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) During the 1920s and 1930s great progress was made in the field of aviation, including the first transatlantic flight of Alcock and Brown in 1919, Charles Lindbergh's solo transatlantic flight in 1927, and Charles Kingsford Smith's transpacific flight the following year.

2) One of the most successful designs of this period was the Douglas DC-1, which became the first airliner to be profitable carrying passengers exclusively, starting the modern era of passenger airline service.

3) By the beginning of World War II, many towns and cities had built airports, and there were numerous qualified pilots available.

4) The war brought many innovations to aviation, including the first jet aircraft and the first liquid-fueled rockets.

(APEUni Website / App RO #71)

### 61. Common Mistake (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) A common mistake is to ignore or rule out data which do not support the hypothesis.
  - 2) Ideally, the experimenter is open to the possibility that the hypothesis is correct or incorrect.
  - 3) Sometimes, however, a scientist may have a strong belief that the hypothesis is true (or false), or feels internal or external pressure to get a specific result.
  - 4) In that case, there may be a psychological tendency to find "something wrong", such as systematic effects, with data which do not support the scientist's expectations, while data which do agree with those expectations may not be checked as carefully.
  - 5) The lesson is that all data must be handled in the same way.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #70)

**62. London Underground (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) For as long as I can remember, there has been a map in the ticket hall of Piccadilly Circus tube station supposedly showing night and day across the time zones of the world.
  - 2) This is somewhat surprising given the London Underground's historic difficulty in grasping the concept of punctuality.
  - 3) But this map has always fascinated me, and still does, even though it now seems very primitive.
  - 4) This is because it chops the world up equally by longitude, without regard the reality of either political divisions or the changing seasons.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #69)

**63. Foreign Aid (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) By the beginning in the 1990s, foreign aid had begun to slowly improve.
  - 2) Scrutiny by the news media shamed many developed countries into curbing their bad practices.
  - 3) Today, the projects of organizations like the World Bank are meticulously inspected by watchdog groups.
  - 4) Although the system is far from perfect, it is certainly more transparent than it was when foreign aid routinely helped ruthless dictators stay in power.
- (APEUni Website / App RO #68)

**64. Memory Loss (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) In 1992 a retired engineer in San Diego contracted a rare brain disease that wiped out his memory.
  - 2) Every day he was asked where the kitchen was in his house, and every day he didn't have the foggiest idea.
  - 3) Yet whenever he was hungry he got up and propelled himself straight to the kitchen to get something to eat.
  - 4) Studies of this man led scientists to a breakthrough: the part of our brains where habits are stored has nothing to do with memory or reason.
  - 5) It offered proof of what the US psychologist William James noticed more than a century ago that humans 'are mere walking bundles of habits' .
- (APEUni Website / App RO #67)

**65. Mother of Storms (Prediction)****Correct Order:**

- 1) Unlike Barnes' previous books, Mother of Storms has a fairly large cast of viewpoint characters.

2) This usually irritates me, but I didn't mind it here, and their interactions are well-handled and informative, although occasionally in moving those about the author's manipulations are a bit blatant. (Especially when one character's ex-girlfriend, who has just undergone a sudden and not entirely credible change in personality, is swept up by a Plot Device in *Shining Armor* and transported directly across most of Mexico and a good bit of the States to where she happens to bump into another viewpoint character.)

3) They're not all necessarily good guys, either, although with the hurricanes wreaking wholesale destruction upon the world's coastal areas, ethical categories tend to become irrelevant.

4) But even the Evil American Corporate Magnate is a pretty likable guy.

(APEUni Website / App RO #59)

## 66. Green Tea (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

1) In May 2006, researchers at Yale University School of Medicine weighed in on the issue with a review article that looked at more than 300 studies on the health benefits of green tea.

2) They pointed to what they called an "Asian paradox," which refers to lower rates of heart disease and cancer in Asia despite high rates of cigarette smoking.

3) They theorized that the 1.2 liters of green tea that is consumed by many Asians each day provides high levels of polyphenols and other antioxidants.

4) These compounds may work in several ways to improve cardiovascular health.

5) Specifically, green tea may prevent the oxidation of LDL cholesterol (the "bad" type), which, in turn, can reduce the buildup of plaque in arteries, the researchers wrote.

(APEUni Website / App RO #57)

## 67. Literacy Project (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

1) A University of Canberra student has launched the nation's first father-led literacy project, to encourage fathers to become more involved in their children's literacy.

2) Julia Bocking's Literacy and Dads (LADS) project aims to increase the number of fathers participating as literacy helpers in K-1 school reading programs at Queanbeyan Primary Schools.

3) "There's no program like this in Australia," Ms Bocking said, who devised the project as the final component of her community education degree at the University.

4) Having worked as a literacy tutor with teenagers, Ms Bocking saw the need for good attitudes towards reading to be formed early on – with the help of more male role models.

(APEUni Website / App RO #55)

## 68. Language Skills (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

1) It is wrong, however, to exaggerate the similarity between language and other cognitive skills, because language stands apart in several ways.

2) For one thing, the use of language is universal—all normally developing children learn to speak at least one language, and many learn more than one.

3) By contrast, not everyone becomes proficient at complex mathematical reasoning, few people learn to paint well, and many people cannot carry a tune.

4) Because everyone is capable of learning to speak and understand language, it may seem to be simple.

5) But just the opposite is true—language is one of the most complex of all human cognitive abilities.

(APEUni Website / App RO #51)

## 69. Date Line (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) International Date Line, imaginary line on the earth's surface, generally following the 380° meridian of longitude , where, by international agreement, travelers change dates.
- 2) The date line is necessary to avoid a confusion that would otherwise result.
- 3) For example, if an airplane were to travel westward with the sun, 24 hr would elapse as it circled the globe, but it would still be the same day for those in the airplane while it would be one day later for those on the ground below them.
- 4) The same problem would arise if two travelers journeyed in opposite directions to a point on the opposite side of the earth, 180° of longitude distant.
- 5) The apparent paradox is resolved by requiring that the traveler crossing the date line change his date, thus bringing the travelers into agreement when they meet.

(APEUni Website / App RO #50)

## 70. Pilot (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) After finishing first in his pilot training class, Lindbergh took his first job as the chief pilot of an airmail route operated by Robertson Aircraft Co. of Lambert Field in St. Louis, Missouri.
- 2) He flew the mail in a de Havilland DH-4 biplane to Springfield, Peoria and Chicago, Illinois.
- 3) During his tenure on the mail route, he was renowned for delivering the mail under any circumstances.
- 4) After a crash, he even salvaged stashes of mail from his burning aircraft and immediately phoned Alexander Varney, Peoria's airport manager, to advise him to send a truck.

(APEUni Website / App RO #49)

## 71. SEPAHUA (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) SEPAHUA, a ramshackle town on the edge of Peru's Amazon jungle, nestles in a pocket on the map where a river of the same name flows into the Urubamba.
- 2) That pocket denotes a tiny patch of legally loggable land sandwiched between four natural reserves, all rich in mahogany and accessible from the town. "Boundaries are on maps," says a local logger, "maps are only in Lima," the capital.
- 3) In 2001 the government, egged on by WWF, a green group, tried to regulate logging in the relatively small part of the Peruvian Amazon where this is allowed.
- 4) It abolished the previous system of annual contracts.
- 5) Instead, it auctioned 40- year concessions to areas ruled off on a map, with the right to log 4% of the area each year. The aim was to encourage strict management plans and sustainable extraction.

(APEUni Website / App RO #47)

## 72. Blog entry (Prediction)

### Correct Order:

- 1) When Vijay Govindarajan and Christian Sarkar wrote a blog entry on Harvard Business Review in August 2010 mooted the idea of a "\$300- house for they were merely expressing a suggestion. "
- 2) Of course, the idea we present here is an experiment," wrote Prof Govindarajan, a professor of international business at the Tuck School of Business at Dartmouth and Mr Sarkar, a marketing consultant who works on environmental issues an almost apologetic disclaimer for having such a "far-out" idea.
- 3) Who could create a house for \$300 and if it was possible, why hadn't it been done before?

4) Nonetheless, they closed their blog with a challenge: "We ask chief executives, governments, NGOs, foundations: Are there any takers?"

(APEUni Website / App RO #41)

### 73. Private–equity (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Take an underperforming company
- 2) Add some generous helping of debt, a few spoonful of management incentives and trim all the fat.
- 3) Leave to cook for five years and you have a feast of profits.
- 4) That has been the recipe for private–equity groups during the past 200 years.

(APEUni Website / App RO #33)

### 74. Game (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Researchers in the field of artificial intelligence have long been intrigued by games, and not just as a way of avoiding work.
- 2) Games provide an ideal setting to explore important elements of the design of cleverer machines, such as pattern recognition, learning and planning.
- 3) Ever since the stunning victory of Deep Blue, a program running on an IBM supercomputer, over Gary Kasparov, then world chess champion, in 1997, it has been clear that computers would dominate that particular game.
- 4) Today, though, they are pressing the attack on every front.

(APEUni Website / App RO #31)

### 75. Monash Abroad Program (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Mechanical engineering student Ne Tan is spending the first semester of this year studying at the University of California, Berkeley as part of the Monash Abroad program.
- 2) Ne (Tan), an international student from Shanghai, China, began her Monash journey at Monash College in October 2006.
- 3) There she completed a diploma that enabled her to enter Monash University as a second–year student.
- 4) Now in her third year of study, the Monash Abroad program will see her complete four units of study in the US before returning to Australia in May 2009.

(APEUni Website / App RO #28)

### 76. Tutorial (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Many students sit in a tutorial week after week without saying anything.
- 2) Why is that?
- 3) Maybe they do not know the purpose of a tutorial.
- 4) They think it is like a small lecture where the tutor gives them information.
- 5) Even if students do know what a tutorial is for, there can be other reasons why they keep quiet.

(APEUni Website / App RO #27)

### 77. Jet Stream (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Jet stream, narrow, swift currents or tubes of air found at heights ranging from 7 to 8 mi (11.3–12.9

km) above the surface of the earth.

2) They are caused by great temperature differences between adjacent air masses. There are four major jet streams.

3) Instead of moving along a straight line, the jet stream flows in a wavelike fashion; the waves propagate eastward (in the Northern Hemisphere) at speeds considerably slower than the wind speed itself.

4) Since the progress of an airplane is aided or impeded depending on whether tail winds or head winds are encountered.

5) In the Northern Hemisphere the jet stream is sought by eastbound aircraft, in order to gain speed and save fuel, and avoided by westbound aircraft.

(APEUni Website / App RO #25)

### 78. Mittal (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) It was taken over by Mittal, a Dutch-registered company run from London by its biggest single shareholder, Lakshmi Mittal, an Indian who started his first business in Indonesia.

2) The takeover battle raged for six months before Arcelor's bosses finally listened to shareholders who wanted the board to accept Mittal's third offer.

3) The story tells us two things about European business, both positive.

4) First, shareholder activism is increasing in a continent where until recently it was depressingly rare.

5) Second, and more important, the Arcelor Mittal deal demonstrates Europe's deepening integration into the global economy.

(APEUni Website / App RO #23)

### 79. Indian IT (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) Innovation in India is as much due to entrepreneurialism as it is to IT skills, says Arun Maria, chairman of Boston Consulting Group in India.

2) Indian businessmen have used IT to create new business models that enable them to provide services in a more cost-effective way.

3) This is not something that necessarily requires expensive technical research.

4) He suggests the country's computer services industry can simply outsource research to foreign universities if the capability is not available locally.

5) "This way, I will have access to the best scientists in the world without having to produce them myself" says Mr. Maria.

(APEUni Website / App RO #22)

### 80. Competence and Performance (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

1) In language learning, there is a distinction between competence and performance. Competence is a state of the speaker's mind. What does he or she know?

2) Separate from actual performance- what he or she does while producing or comprehending language. In other words, competence is put to use through performance.

3) An analogy can be made to the Highway Code for driving. Drivers know the Code and have indeed been tested on it to obtain a driving license.

4) In actual driving, however, the driver has to relate the Code to a continuous flow of changing circumstances, and may even break it from time to time.

5) Knowing the Highway Code is not the same as driving.



(APEUni Website / App RO #21)

### 81. George Marshall (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) In his fascinating book Carbon Detox, George Marshall argues that people are not persuaded by information.
- 2) Our view is formed by the views of people with whom we mix.
- 3) Of the narratives that might penetrate these circles, we are more likely to listen to those that offer us some reward.
- 4) He proposes that instead of arguing for sacrifice, environmentalists should show where the rewards might lie: that understanding what the science is saying and planning accordingly is the smart thing to do, which will protect your interests more effectively than flinging abuse at scientists.
- 5) We should emphasize the old-fashioned virtues of uniting in the face of a crisis, of resourcefulness and community action.

(APEUni Website / App RO #20)

### 82. Greener technologies (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Engineers are much needed to develop greener technologies.
- 2) The energy sector has a fantastic skills shortage at all levels, both now and looming over it for the next 10 years.
- 3) Not only are there some good career opportunities, but there's a lot of money going into the research side, too.
- 4) With the pressures of climate change and the energy gap, in the last few years funding from the research councils has probably doubled .

(APEUni Website / App RO #18)

### 83. Mission (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Early in 1938, Mario de Andrade, the municipal secretary of culture here, dispatched a four-member Folklore Research Mission to the northeastern hinterlands of Brazil on a similar mission.
- 2) The intention was to record as much music as possible as quickly as possible, before encroaching influences like radio and cinema began transforming the region's distinctive culture.
- 3) They recorded whoever and whatever seemed to be interesting: piano carriers, cowboys, beggars, voodoo priests, quarry workers, fishermen, dance troupes and even children at play.
- 4) But the Brazilian mission's collection ended up languishing in vaults here.

(APEUni Website / App RO #15)

### 84. Earthquake (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) At 5:12 a.m. on April 18, 1906, the people of San Francisco were awakened by an earthquake that would devastate the city.
- 2) The main temblor, having a 7.7–7.9 magnitude, lasted about one minute and was the result of the rupturing of the northernmost 296 miles of the 800-mile San Andreas fault.
- 3) But when calculating destruction, the earthquake took second place to the great fire that followed.
- 4) The fire, lasting four days, most likely started with broken gas lines (and, in some cases, was helped along by people hoping to collect insurance for their property—they were covered for fire, but not earthquake, damage).

(APEUni Website / App RO #9)

### 85. Speaking English (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) Anyone wanting to get to the top of international business, medicine or academia (but possibly not sport) needs to be able to speak English to a pretty high level.
- 2) Equally, any native English speaker wanting to deal with these new high achievers needs to know how to talk without baffling them.
- 3) Because so many English-speakers today are monoglots, they have little idea how difficult it is to master another language.
- 4) Many think the best way to make foreigners understand is to be chatty and informal.
- 5) This may seem friendly but, as it probably involves using colloquial expressions, it makes comprehension harder.

(APEUni Website / App RO #8)

### 86. Study abroad (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) All over the world students are changing countries for their university studies.
- 2) They don't all have the same reasons for going or for choosing a particular place to study.
- 3) They may choose a university because of its interesting courses or perhaps because they like the country and its language.
- 4) Some students go overseas because they love travel.
- 5) Whatever the reason, thousands of students each year make their dreams of a university education come true.

(APEUni Website / App RO #6)

### 87. Exploratory Urge (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) All animals have a strong exploratory urge, but for some it is more crucial than others.
- 2) It depends on how specialized they have become during the course of evolution.
- 3) If they have put all their effort into the perfection of one survival trick, they do not bother so much with the general complexities of the world around them.
- 4) So long as the ant eater had its ants and the koala bear had gum leaves, then they are satisfied and the living is easy.
- 5) The non-specialists, however, the opportunities of the animal world, can never afford to relax.

(APEUni Website / App RO #5)

### 88. Sleep (Prediction)

#### Correct Order:

- 1) A Technology for recording brainwaves in wild animals awakens a more sophisticated understanding of the function of sleep. Studies using miniature sleep recording devices known as neurologgers have already challenged several long-held beliefs about the sleeping habits of sloths and birds.
- 2) Three toed sloths, for example, sleep far less than once thought.
- 3) And male sandpipers can go almost entirely without sleep during the three-week breeding season, helping maximize success at that time.
- 4) Now John Lesku of La Trobe University in Melbourne and his colleagues are using neurologgers to investigate whether light pollution interferes with the circadian rhythms of tamar wallabies in Australia.

(APEUni Website / App RO #3)

### 89. Humanities (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) A requirement of Humanities 104 is to write a persuasive paper on a topic of your choice.
- 2) The topic you choose should be supported by a range of sources.
- 3) The source should be cited under APA guidelines, and the final draft should be written in APA styles.
- 4) The final draft is due one week before the final exam.

(APEUni Website / App RO #2)

### 90. A reaction (Prediction)

**Correct Order:**

- 1) A reaction that needs some type of energy to make it go is said to be endothermic. It takes in energy.
- 2) For example, the sherbet you used for the chapter problem on page 25 is a mixture of baking soda and citric acid.
- 3) When it is mixed with water in your mouth, an endothermic reaction occurs, taking heat energy from your mouth and making it feel cooler.
- 4) Another example of an endothermic reaction is seen with the cold packs used by athletes to treat injuries. These packs usually consist of a plastic bag containing ammonium nitrate dissolves in the water.
- 5) This process is endothermic—taking heat energy from the surroundings and cooling the injured part of your body. In this way, the cold pack acts as an ice pack.

(APEUni Website / App RO #1)

## Fill in the Blanks (Reading)

Repeat Rate: 20%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Intensive reading of weekly prediction > All Exam Qs Note: Blank positions are often changing in recent exams. Make sure you understand the whole passage. Do not memorize the answers.

### 1. Weather Predictions (New)

All kinds of predictions may be about **to** get even more difficult **thanks** to climate change. Though no one is sure **exactly** what its effects will be, it seems that extreme weather conditions, such **as** storms and hurricanes, are **likely** to become more common. Such events have far-reaching effects on distant weather systems, making general forecasting much harder.

Options:

as, according, to, likely, thanks, exactly, rarely  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #359)

### 2. Wool Market (New) (Prediction)

The wool market was extremely important to the English medieval economy and wool **dominated** the English export trade from the late-thirteenth century to its **decline** in the late-fifteenth century. Wool was at the forefront of the establishment of England as a European **political** and economic power and this volume was the first study of the medieval wool market in over 20 years. It investigates in detail the scale and scope of advance **contracts** for the sale of wool; the majority of these agreements were formed between English monasteries and Italian merchants, and the book focuses on the data contained within them.

Options:

monopolized, contrasts, contracts, dominated, political, increase, bureaucratic, decline  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #352)

### 3. Geography (New)

Many famous geographers and non-geographers have attempted to define the discipline in a few short words. The concept has also changed throughout the ages, making it difficult to create a **concise**, universal geography definition for such a dynamic and all-encompassing subject. After all, Earth is a big place with many **facets** to study. It affects and is affected by the people who live there and use its **resources**. But basically, geography is the study of the **surface** of Earth and the people who live there, and all that encompasses.

Options:

concise, facets, complex, resources, surface, options, methods  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #351)

### 4. Study of Leadership (New) (Prediction)

Based on collaborative research by Arizona's top business schools, this study of leadership and company performance uncovers the effects of leadership driven by **profits**, cost control, and maintaining market share, versus leadership driven more by balancing employee relations and development, customer or **client needs**, and the welfare of the greater community. Together, Mary Sully de Luque, assistant professor of Management and Research Fellow at Thunderbird School of Global Management and David Waldman, director of the Center for Responsible Leadership at ASU's School of Global Management and Leadership, have found that maintaining a specific focus on

earnings in **decision making** can have **negative effects** on how a leader is viewed.

**Options:**

profits, negative effects, client needs, decision making  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #258)

**5. Scientists' Work (Prediction)**

Scientists make observations, have assumptions, and do **experiments** . After these have been done, they get their **results** . Then there is a lot of **data** from scientists. The scientists around the world have a **picture** of the world.

**Options:**

experiments, picture, piece, results, premises, experiences, data  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #343)

**6. Computer Science**

What can computer science tell us about what biological systems do and how they do it? Can these chemical information-processing functions be **replicated** in digital computing systems? What are the **implications** of developments in computer science in understanding the nature of causality? Aaron Sloman, author of *Computer Revolution in Philosophy* **delves** into the world of connections between ideas developed in computer science, biology and philosophy, providing new **insights** into some fundamental questions about the nature of consciousness and free will.

**Options:**

delves, implications, revolves, insights, imaginations, applications, recognized, replicated  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #340)

**7. Suez Canal (Prediction)**

Britain became the largest **shareholder** in the canal in 1875, purchasing its interest from the Egyptian khedive. The Convention of Constantinople signed by the major European powers in 1888 keeps it open for free **passage** to all nations in time of peace or war. Britain became the **guarantor** of the canal's neutrality and management was left to the Paris-based Suez Canal Co.

**Options:**

guarantor, kingdom, tariff, shareholder, passage, solicitor  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #336)

**8. Secondary School (Prediction)**

Secondary school can be a lonely place for **adolescents** who don't have a best friend or a group of **trusted** friends. Young people will be more skilled in the art of making genuine friends (and keeping them) if they know how to be **assertive** , are optimistic about life, have some **basic** social skills and have a relationship with a parent/carer that includes **honest** talk.

**Options:**

assertive, grown-ups, assumptive, adolescents, apathetic, trusted, honest, royal, basic  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #335)

**9. Debtor (Prediction)**

There isn't a financial director around who wouldn't like to **accelerate** cash flow by **reducing** debtor days- in other words, get customers to **pay up** faster. In Europe's top 1,000 quoted companies, nearly

one quarter of all invoices are unpaid **at any point** in time, according to recent research carried out by the ASF organization. This means they are sitting on a total of 274 billion overdue debt. Most of this is caused by poor collection practices. According to Jan Porter, ASF's Managing Director, 'You can set up all the systems you want, you can insist on watertight contracts and payment terms, the government can even introduce late payment legislation, but there are always some debtors who fail to pay on time. Once a payment is overdue, your first step is to talk to your debtor. You should let them know the payment is late and try to find out if there is a dispute about the work, or if your debtor has financial problems. **This is OK** , but Tim Vainio, a chartered accountant, believes that too many companies are afraid of losing a relationship, and that, before **undertaking any action** , the focus should be on recovering as much money as possible, rather than on preserving a relationship.'

**Options:**

reproducing, accelerate, renew, pay up, check, reducing, accumulate, at any point, This is OK, undertaking any action, It is unlikely  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #325)

**10. Coffee (Prediction)**

Coffee is enjoyed by millions of people every day and the 'coffee experience' has become a staple of our modern life and **culture** . While the current body of research related to the effects of coffee **consumption** on human health has been contradictory, a study in the June issue of Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, which is published by the Institute of Food Technologists (IFT), found that the potential **benefits** of moderate coffee drinking outweigh the risks in adult consumers for the majority of major health **outcomes** considered.

**Options:**

costs, cult, consumption, cares, outcomes, expenditure, benefits, culture  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #307)

**11. Class Participation**

Because of the instructional methods, expected class participation and the nature of the courses vary, no fixed number of absences is applicable to all **situations** . Each **instructor** is responsible for making clear to the class at the beginning of the **semester** his or her policies and procedures in regard to class **attendance** and the reasons for them.

**Options:**

situations, monitor, scales, attendance, roster, instructor, semester  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #306)

**12. Physical Activity (Prediction)**

Participating regularly in physical activity has been shown to benefit an individual's health and **wellbeing** . Regular physical activity is important in reducing the risk of **chronic** diseases, such as heart disease and stroke, obesity, diabetes and some forms of cancer. The National Physical Activity Guidelines for Adults **recommend** at least 30 minutes of moderate–intensity physical activity, **preferably** every day of the week, to **obtain** health benefits.

**Options:**

recruit, recommend, exploit, chronic, preferably, wealth, affordably, acute, obtain, wellbeing  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #291)

**13. Lithium (Prediction)**

The lightest of any solid element, lithium has, until now, played a **modest** role in industry. Silvery in color, and softer than lead, it has been used mainly as an alloy of aluminum, a base for automobile grease, and in the **production** of glass and ceramics. It is so **unstable** that it is never found in its pure form in nature. Lithium floats on water -- or, **rather**, it skitters wildly about, trailing a vapor cloud of hydrogen, **until** it dissolves.

**Options:**

rather, production, unstable, modest, unknown, even, intuition, until  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #282)

**14. Number and form (Prediction)**

Number and form are the essence of our world: from the patterns of the stars to the pulses of the market, from the **beats** of our hearts to catching a ball or tying our shoelaces. Drawing on science, literature, history and philosophy, and introducing **geniuses** from Alcibiades to Gauss, this **inspiring** book makes the mysteries of maths accessible and its rich **patterns** brilliantly clear.

**Options:**

geniuses, beats, inspiring, textures, patterns, novelties, rare, tempo  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #305)

**15. Robot Definition (Prediction)**

Joseph Engelberger, a pioneer in industrial robotics, once remarked "I can't **define** a robot, but I know one when I see one." If you consider all the different machines people **call** robots, you can see that it's nearly impossible to come up with a **comprehensive** definition. Everybody has a different **idea** of what constitutes a robot.

**Options:**

idea, call, create, complex, need, comprehensive, define, invent  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #278)

**16. Australian Dwellings (Prediction)**

The stock of Australia's dwellings is **evolving** with current homes having more bedrooms on average than homes ten years ago. At the same time, households are getting smaller on average with decreasing **proportions** of couple families with children and **increasing** couple-only and lone-person households. This **article** examines the changes in household size and number of bedrooms from 1994\_95 to 2003\_04. It also looks at the types of households with spare bedrooms and the size of recently purchased new homes compared with existing stock.

**Options:**

proportions, involving, evolving, story, increasing, article, incidents  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #275)

**17. Radioactivity (B) (Prediction)**

So why the concern? It's partly **because** radioactivity is **invisible**. If you receive a large dose, or if you **ingest** radioactive heavy metals, it is certainly toxic, and we tend to **associate** it with cancer, a great fear in modern **society**. Nuclear waste is also highly concentrated. While this is seen as a "problem" it can be an advantage – it is very localized and its radioactive nature, means we can detect easily, the movement of tiny amounts of material.

**Options:**

attract, volatile, invisible, ingest, world, that, associate, induce, because, society  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #274)

### 18. Shakespeare's Work (Prediction)

Shakespeare produced most of his **work** between 1589 and 1613. His early plays were comedies and histories – **genres** he raised to the peak of sophistication and artistry by the end of the 16th century. He then wrote tragedies until about 1608, including Hamlet, King Lear, Othello, and Macbeth, considered some of the finest works in the English language. In his last phase, he wrote tragicomedies, also known as romances, and **collaborated** with other playwrights.

#### Options:

examples, work, collaborated, designed, genres, actors  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #272)

### 19. Changing English (Prediction)

English has been changing throughout its lifetime and it's still changing today. For most of us, these changes are fine as long as they're well and truly in the past. Paradoxically, we can be **curious** about word origins and the stories behind the **structure** we find in our language, but we **experience** a queasy distaste for any **change** that might be happening right under our noses. There are even language critics who are **convinced** that English is dying, or if not dying at least being progressively **damaged** through long years of mistreatment.

#### Options:

disturbed, curious, damaged, convinced, experience, structure, expect, infrastructure, persuaded, worried, change, exaggeration  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #271)

### 20. Pupil Charity (Prediction)

My school in the city of London held a **charity** competition. In the community, I was voted as the chairman. We **raised** 48,000 pounds and I won the first place in the end. During this period, I learnt a lot and realised the importance of **tenacity** and how to **rouse** other pupils' awareness.

#### Options:

charity, tenacity, skill, rouse, dormancy, raised, recognize, beg  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #270)

### 21. Air Moving (Prediction)

Wind is air moving around. Some winds can move **as** fast as a racing car, over 100 miles per **hour**. Winds can travel around the world. Wind can make you feel cold because you lose heat from your body **faster** when it is windy. Weather forecasters need **to** know the speed and direction of the wind. the strength of wind is measured using the Beaufort scale from wind force when there is no wind, to wind force 12 which can damage houses and buildings and is called hurricane force.

#### Options:

hour, as, second, more, slower, with, to, faster  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #269)

### 22. Investment (Prediction)

One city will start to attract the **majority** of public or private investment. This could be due to **natural** advantage or political decisions. This, in turn, will **stimulate** further investment due to the



multiplier effect and **significant** rural-to-urban migration. The investment in this city will be at the **expense** of other cities.

**Options:**

some, significant, fare, natural, stimulate, accelerate, majority, expense, best, important  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #268)

**23. Absenteeism (Prediction)**

Absence from work is a costly and **disruptive** problem for any organization. The cost of absenteeism in Australia has been put at 1.8 million hours per day or \$1400 million annually. The study reported here was **conducted** in the Prince William Hospital in Brisbane, Australia, where, prior to this time, few active steps HAD been taken to measure, understand or manage the **occurrence** of absenteeism.

**Options:**

definitive, conduced, conducted, disruptive, occurrence, occupation  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #190)

**24. Global Ecosystems (Prediction)**

Whether measured by greenhouse gas concentrations, deforestation rates or declining fish stocks, current **unsustainable** consumption and production patterns threatened to exceed the capacity of global ecosystems and the world community must **accelerate** efforts to pursue environmentally **sound** economic growth and 'meet our commitments to future generations'.

**Options:**

smell, sound, unusual, alleviate, accelerate, unsustainable  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #264)

**25. Moth (Prediction)**

Why are moths fatally attracted to the light? One **solution** is the old glib theory that the moths are trying to use the flame to navigate. This **explanation** does not tell us, **however**, why it is that in many species only males are thus attracted, and in a few, only females. What's **more**, if moths need to navigate, they must be from a migrating species. Yet most of the time such moths are not migrating. Indeed most species do not migrate at all and thus have no need of navigation.

**Options:**

more, solution, less, explanation, improvement, question, however, so  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #263)

**26. Housing Agency (Prediction)**

Housing agencies pay the utility **bills**, generally because **units** in developments don't have individual meters. Some buildings have individual meters, and each family pays its own to the utility **company**, so agencies will **subtract** this from the family's rent.

**Options:**

bills, units, company, allowance, spends, amount, debt, subtract, collect  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #175)

**27. Revision (Prediction)**

Timing is important for revision. Have you noticed that during the school day you get times when you just don't care any longer? I don't mean the lessons you don't like, but the ones you find usually OK,

but on some occasions you just can't be bothered with **it** . You **may** have other things on your mind, be tired, restless, or looking forward to what comes next. Whatever the reason, that particular lesson doesn't get 100 percent **effort** from you. The same is true of revision. Your mental and physical **attitudes** are important. If you try to revise when you are tired or totally occupied with something else, your revision will be inefficient and just about worthless. If you approach it feeling fresh, alert and happy, it will be so much easier and you will learn more, faster. However, if you make no plans and just slip in a little bit of revision when you feel like it, you probably won't do much revision! You need a revision timetable so you don't keep **putting** it **off** .

**Options:**

off, may, pushing, attitudes, putting, things, down, can, effort, it, health  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #261)

**28. Japan and China (Prediction)**

Japan **adopted** knowledge from China. Then the relationship of the two countries **halted** . Japan **developed** its own culture. But whether in isolation or not, Japan was always itself. Japan **removed** sth and sth from what they learned, and thus everything that **arrived** from China was **adapted** to suit Japanese tastes and needs.

**Options:**

removed, remained, developed, adopted, adapted, hoisted, arrived, halted  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #172)

**29. Breton Language (Prediction)**

It is difficult to tell precisely when the Breton language was born. As early as the VIth century the new country was **established** and known as 'Lesser Britain', but for many centuries its language **remained** close to the one of Great Britain's– very close even to the dialect spoken in the South West. The VIIIth century is the milestone where Breton, Cornish and Welsh are **considered** as different languages.

**Options:**

registered, considered, supplanted, remained, established, retreated  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #260)

**30. Mathematics and Statistics (Prediction)**

Mathematics and statistics play a **part** in almost all daily activities. They are at the **heart** of advances in science and technology, as well as providing **indispensable** problem–solving and decision–making tools in many **areas** of life.

**Options:**

process, heart, areas, novel, part, indispensable, content, radius  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #259)

**31. Coral Reefs (Prediction)**

Coral reefs **support** more marine life than any other ocean ecosystem and are, not **surprisingly** , a favorite pursuit for many divers. But as well as being physically and biologically spectacular, coral reefs also support the livelihoods of over half a billion people. What is more, this number is expected to **double** in coming decades while the area of high–quality reef is expected to halve. In combination with the very real threat of climate change, which could lead to increased seawater temperatures and ocean acidification, we start to arrive at some quite frightening scenarios.

**Options:**

decreasing, double, surprisingly, oppose, support, occasionally  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #246)

**32. Standard Response (Prediction)**

The **casual** observer does not necessarily recognize the **skill** in how a teacher, for instance, responds to a thoughtful question from a normally quiet student and how that may be very different from the 'standard response' to a commonly inquisitive or **talkative** student. Expert teachers are aware of what they are doing; they monitor and adjust their teaching behaviors to bring out the **best** in their students.

**Options:**

most, talkative, careless, skill, celebrated, casual, reason, best  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #242)

**33. Internet Growth (Prediction)**

The exponential growth of the Internet was **heralded**, in the 1990s, as revolutionizing the production and **dissemination** of information. Some people saw the internet as a means of **democratizing** access to knowledge. For people **concerned** with African development, it seemed to offer the possibility of **leapfrogging** over the technology gap that **separates** Africa from advanced industrialized countries.

**Options:**

demonstrated, separates, signifies, concerned, connected, democratizing, heralded, leapfrogging, dissertation, dissemination, jogging  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #240)

**34. Enigma (Prediction)**

And if the voice of an animal is not heard as message but as art, interesting things start to happen: Nature is no longer an alien **enigma** but something immediately beautiful, an exuberant **opus** with space for us to join in. Bird melodies have always been called songs for a **reason**.

**Options:**

plus, opus, mystery, exuberant, enigma, wander, season, reason, accuse  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #216)

**35. Walt Disney World (Prediction)**

Walt Disney World has become a pilgrimage site partly because of the luminosity of its crosscultural and marketing and partly because its **utopian** aspects appeal powerfully to real needs in the capitalist **society**. Disney's marketing is unique because it captured the symbolic essence of **childhood** but the company has gained access to all public shows, comic books, dolls, apparels, and **educational** film strips all point to the parks and each other.

**Options:**

theoretical, utopian, lifetime, comedy, company, society, experience, memory, unrealistic, childhood, industry, educational  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #215)

**36. Wrinkle Cure (Prediction)**

Barrie Finning's, a professor at Monash University's college of pharmacy in Melbourne, and PhD student Anita Schneider, recently tested a new wrinkle cure. Twice daily, 20 male and female

volunteers applied a liquid containing Myoxinol, a patented **extract** of okra (*Hibiscusesculentus*) seed, to one side of their faces. On the other side they applied a similar liquid without Myoxinol. Every week for a month their wrinkles were tested by self-assessment, photography and the size of depressions made in silicon moulds. The results were impressive. After a month the **depth** and number of wrinkles on the Myoxinol-treated side were reduced by approximately 27 per cent. But Finnin's research, commissioned by a cosmetics company, is unlikely to be published in a scientific **publication**. It's hard to even find studies that show the active ingredients in cosmetics penetrate the skin, let alone more **comprehensive** research on their effects. Even when **rigorous** studies are commissioned, companies usually control whether the work is published in the traditional scientific literature.

**Options:**

depth, extract, publication, important, comprehensive, body, width, review, solid, rigorous, tract  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #214)

**37. Concrete Jungle (Prediction)**

Spending too much time in the concrete jungle is bad for city **dwellers** health and could have potentially catastrophic **consequences** for the environment, conservation biologist Richard Fuller will argue during a seminar at the University of Canberra today. Dr Fuller, **lecturer** in biodiversity and conservation at the University of Queensland and CSIRO, will explore the fact that although there's evidence that the well-being of humans increases with **exposure** to our surrounding biodiversity, the **opportunities** for people to experience nature are declining rapidly in the modern world.

**Options:**

consequences, opportunities, problems, meaning, dwellers, lecturer, exposure, researchers, respect, colleague  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #213)

**38. Economic Depression (Prediction)**

As the economic depression deepened in the early 30s, and as farmers had less and less money to spend in town, banks began to fail at **alarming** rates. During the 20s, there was an average of 70 banks failing each year nationally. After the crash during the first 10 months of 1930, 744 banks closed down \_ 10 times as many. In all, 9,000 banks failed during the **decade** of the 30s. By 1933, depositors saw \$140 billion **disappear** through bank failures.

**Options:**

time, disappear, decade, rising, alarming  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #212)

**39. Civilization (Prediction)**

I use the word civilization now for the first time, because before the Bronze Age there is nothing that we would define as civilization. Civilization involves the establishment of permanent dwelling areas that we call **cities** as opposed to villages. Agricultural villages will have existed all over the place in the late Stone Age, in the Neolithic Period, as it is known. But there is a difference and the critical difference is that a city contains a number of people who do not provide for their own support. That is to say, they don't **produce** food. They need to acquire it from somebody else. Instead, they do various things like governing and are priests, and are bureaucrats, and are **engaged** in other nonproductive activities that depend upon others to feed them. That's the narrowest definition of cities.

**Options:**

cities, consume, involved, residence, engaged, produce

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #211)

#### 40. Two Norths (Prediction)

Mapping software works with your phone's GPS for the location and then the in-built **compass** finds north, adjusting to the direction you're facing and **pointing** the way. But that's not easy because there are two 'norths'. There's **true** north – which is the direction of the North Pole and which reliably stays put – and there's **magnetic** north which, thanks to the flowing layer of molten iron in the Earth's outer **core**, has a habit of moving around.

##### Options:

pole, gadget, pointing, spherical, core, sticking, compass, true, magnetic

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #210)

#### 41. Dog Emotion (Prediction)

Can dogs tell when we are happy, sad or angry? As a dog owner, I feel **confident** not only that I can tell what kind of **emotional** state my pets are in, but also that they respond to my emotions. Yet as a hard-headed scientist, I try to take a more **rational** and pragmatic view. These **personal** observations seem more likely to result from my desire for a good relationship with my dogs.

##### Options:

emotional, confidential, personal, rational, confident, communal, pathological

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #209)

#### 42. Welfare Morality (Prediction)

The morality of the welfare state **depends** on contribution and responsibility. Since some people don't contribute and many are irresponsible, the choices of those who do contribute and are responsible are either to **tolerate** the free riders, refuse to pay for the **effects** of their irresponsibility or trust the state to **educate** them. Hence the government campaigns **against** smoking, alcoholism, obesity and gas guzzling - the first two solidly in place, the other two ramping up. But the British state now goes further: it acts in favor of sexual and racial minorities. In the case of gay men and women this means progressively removing the legal disadvantages under which they have lived, and ensuring that society as a whole **observes** the new order.

##### Options:

compel, forge, lack, tolerate, against, observes, benefits, depends, encroach, effects, educate

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #208)

#### 43. Shipwrecks (Prediction)

The few people who live in Alaska's the Aleutian Islands have long been accustomed to shipwrecks. They have been part of local consciousness since a Japanese whaling ship ran **aground** near the western end of the 1,100-mile (1,800-km) volcanic **archipelago** in 1780, inadvertently naming what is now Rat Island when the ship's infestation **scurried** ashore and made itself at home. Since then, there have been at least 190 shipwrecks in the islands.

##### Options:

areas, ran, archipelago, afloat, aground, scurried

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #207)

#### 44. Economists and Ecologists (Prediction)

There is a pointless argument between economists and ecologists over which **crisis** is more important

– the ecosphere or the economy? The materialistic **answer** is that their fates are interlinked. We know the natural world only by interacting with it and transforming it: nature **produced** us that way. Even if, as some supporters of 'deep ecology' **argue**, the earth would be better off without us, it is to us that the task of saving it falls.

**Options:**

produced, answer, crisis, reply, empowerment, state, argue, grew  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #206)

**45. American People (Prediction)**

The American People: Creating a Nation and a Society examines U.S. history as revealed through the **experiences** of all Americans, both ordinary and extraordinary. With a thought-provoking and rich presentation, the authors explore the complex lives of Americans of all national **origins** and cultural backgrounds, at all levels of society, and in all **regions** of the country.

**Options:**

experiences, events, regions, beliefs, origins, materials  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #205)

**46. Daniel Harris (Prediction)**

Daniel Harris, a scholar of consumption and style, has observed that until photography finally **supplanted** illustration as the "primary means of advertising clothing" in the 1950s, glamour inhered **less** in the face of the drawing, which was by necessity schematic and generalized, than in the sketch's attitude, posture, and gestures, especially in the strangely dainty positions of the hands. Glamour once resided so emphatically in the stance of the model that the faces in the **illustrations** cannot really be said to have **expressions** at all, but angles or tilts. The chin raised upwards in a haughty look; the eyes lowered in an attitude of introspection; the head cocked at an inquisitive or coquettish angle: or the profile presented in sharp outline, emanating power of the severity like an emperor's bust **embossed** on a Roman **coin**.

**Options:**

more, illustrations, less, memories, supplanted, embossed, notifications, expressions, regarded, state, coin  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #204)

**47. Low Fertility (Prediction)**

Low fertility is a concern for many OECD countries as they face the prospect of population aging. This article makes **comparisons** between Australia and seven other OECD countries in fertility rates between 1970 and 2004. Changing age **patterns** of fertility are also compared and show that for most of the countries, women are **postponing** childbirth and having fewer babies. The **associations** of women's education levels and rates of employment with fertility are also explored.

**Options:**

sense, patterns, notions, postponing, associations, comparisons, gaps, accelerating  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #90)

**48. Iceland (Prediction)**

On average, Iceland **experiences** a major volcanic event once every 5 years. Since the Middle Ages, a third of all the lava that has **covered** the earth's surface has erupted in Iceland. However, according to a recent geological hypothesis, this estimate does not include **submarine** eruptions, which are much

more extensive than those on the land surface.

**Options:**

experiences, interior, covered, submarine, explodes, spread  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #203)

**49. Mini Helicopter (Prediction)**

A mini helicopter modeled on flying tree seeds could soon be flying overhead. Evan Ulrich and colleagues at the University of Maryland in College Park turned to the biological world for inspiration to build a scaled-down helicopter that could mimic the properties of full-size aircraft. The complex **design** of full-size helicopters gets less efficient when shrunk, **meaning** that standard mini helicopters expend most of their power simply fighting to stay stable in the air. The researchers realized that a simpler aircraft designed to stay stable passively would use much less power and reduce manufacturing costs to boot. It turns out that nature had **beaten** them to it. The seeds of trees such as the maple have a single-blade structure that **allows** them to fly far away and drift safely to the ground. These seeds, known as samaras, need no engine to **spin** through the air, thanks to a process called autorotation. By analyzing the behavior of the samara with high-speed cameras, Ulrich and his team were able to copy its design. The samara copter is not the first single-winged helicopter— one was flown in 1952, and others have been attempted since — but it is the first to take advantage of the samara's autorotation. This allows Ulrich's vehicle to perform some neat tricks, such as falling safely to the ground if its motor fails or using vertical columns of air to stay aloft indefinitely. “We can turn off the motor and autorotate, which requires no power to sustain,” says Ulrich.

**Options:**

design, meaning, beaten, allows, spin, tells, makes, caught, conceive, flourish, makes  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #202)

**50. Canada Gallery (Prediction)**

An exhibit that brings together for the first **time** landscapes painted by French impressionist Pierre-Auguste Renoir **comes** to the National Gallery of Canada this June. The **gallery** in Ottawa worked with the National Gallery of London and the Philadelphia Museum of Art to **pull** together the collection of 60 Renoir **paintings** from 45 public and private collections.

**Options:**

paintings, gets, masterpiece, muster, time, pull, comes, gallery  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #201)

**51. Transport Problem (Prediction)**

Despite transport problems being a topic of frequent dinner table conversation, comprehensive **assessment** of policy directions for transport has been the subject of remarkably little academic analysis. This chapter introduces the scope of the book, which is intended to help redress this **shortcoming** . The primary focus is on **urban** transport policy, with the emphasis being on policy analysis rather than analysis of the policy process. Importantly, the chapter sets out some key propositions that have been important in shaping the authors' approach to the particular matters that are considered in subsequent chapters.

**Options:**

urban, shortcoming, disadvantages, assessment, cities  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #200)

## 52. Leading Scientists (Prediction)

The Life Science Institute at the University of Michigan achieves **excellence** in biomedical research by bringing together the world's leading scientists from a variety of life science disciplines to **accelerate** breakthroughs and discoveries that will improve human health. With close to 400 scientific staff members, the LSI is exploiting the power of a **collaborative** and interdisciplinary approach to biomedical research in an open-laboratory facility.

### Options:

ambitions, collaborative, quit, excellence, positive, accelerate  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #197)

## 53. Pewter (Prediction)

Pewter is an attractive metal which has been used for the **production** of household and other items in Britain since Roman times. It is an alloy **consisting** mostly of tin which has been **mixed** with small amounts of other metals such as copper, lead or antimony to **harden** it and make it more durable.

### Options:

prompted, production, harden, distribution, soften, mixed, containing, consisting  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #196)

## 54. McLuhan (Prediction)

McLuhan's preeminent theory was his idea that human history could be **divided** into four eras: the acoustic age, the literary age, the print age and the electronic age. He **outlined** the concept in a 1962 book called The Gutenberg Galaxy, which was **released** just as the television was starting to become popular. He **predicted** the world was entering the fourth, electronic age, which would be characterized by a community of people brought together by technology. He called it the "global village", and said it would be an age when everyone had **access** to the same information through technology. The "global village" could be understood to be the internet.

### Options:

divided, will, submerged, released, underlay, outlined, closed, predicted, access  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #194)

## 55. Music (Prediction)

What is music? In one sense, this is an easy **question**. Even the least musical among us can recognize pieces of music when we hear them and name a few canonical **examples**. We know there are different kinds of music and, even if our **knowledge** of music is restricted, we know which kinds we like and which kinds we do not.

### Options:

volume, question, examples, knowledge, issue, classes  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #193)

## 56. Pullman (Prediction)

Built in 1880 on 4,000 acres of **land** outside of the Chicago city limits, Pullman, Illinois, was the first industrial planned **community** in the United States. George Pullman, of the Pullman railroad Car Company, built the south residential portion of the company town first, which contained 531 **houses**, some of which stand today more or less as they did originally.

### Options:



houses, community, factories, soil, land, workers  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #192)

### 57. Octopus (Prediction)

If consciousness comes in degrees, then how far along on the spectrum is the octopus? Octopuses almost certainly feel pain. They nurse and protect **injured** body parts, and show a preference not to be touched near wounds. In addition to feeling pain, octopuses also have **sophisticated** sensory capacities: excellent eyesight, and acute sensitivity to taste and smell. This, together with their large nervous systems and **complex** behavior makes it all but certain. The question of what subjective experience might be like for an octopus is **complicated** by the odd relationship between its brain and body.

#### Options:

exquisite, injured, simple, complicated, sophisticated, complex, made, hurting  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #136)

### 58. Roman People (Prediction)

The Roman people had at first been inclined to regard the French Revolution with either indifference or **derision**. But as the months went by and the **emigres** who remained in the city were less and less **hopeful** of an early return home, the mood of the Romans became increasingly antagonistic towards the 'assassins of Paris'. The nationalization of Church property in France, the confiscation of papal territories, the dwindling of contributions and the paucity of tourists and pilgrims all contributed to an exacerbation of this antagonism. When the French Convention, determined to gain international recognition for the Republic, **dispatched** envoys to Rome, the people turned upon them in fury.

#### Options:

derision, dispatched, delivered, division, cheerful, hopeful, emigres, vagrants  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #188)

### 59. Psychoanalytic and Behaviorist (Prediction)

Elements of both the psychoanalytic and behaviorist theories are **arranged** in modern approaches to personality. Advances in neuroscience have begun to **bridge** the gap between biochemistry and behavior, but there is still a great deal that needs to be explained. Without a consistent understanding of personality, how can we begin to **categorize** risk takers? If we cannot, we will be unable to **compare** their genes with those of others.

#### Options:

media, confront, compare, sort, categorize, bridge, arranged, hit  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #186)

### 60. Sharkbite (Prediction)

Sharks killed four people and bit 58 others around the world in 2006, a comparatively dull year for dangerous encounters between the two species, scientists said in their annual shark attack census on Tuesday. Sharkbite numbers **grew** steadily over the last century as humans reproduced exponentially and **spent** more time at the seashore. But the numbers have been **flat** over the past five years as overfishing **thinned** the shark population near shore and swimmers got smarter about the **risks** of **wading** into certain areas, Burgess said.

#### Options:

grew, increase, spent, flat, thinned, risks, spend, turn over, lower, diving, significance, wading

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #163)

### 61. Most Respected Companies (Prediction)

Look at the recent "Most Respected Companies" survey by the Financial Times. Who are the most respected companies and business leaders at the **current** time? Rather predictably, they are Jack Welch and General Electric, and Bill Gates and Microsoft. **Neither** has achieved their world class status through playing nice. Welch is still remembered for the brutal downsizing he led his business **through** and for the environmental pollution incidents and prosecutions. Microsoft has had one of the **highest** profile cases of bullying market dominance of recent times– and Gates has been able to **achieve** the financial status where he can choose to give lots of money away by being ruthless in business.

#### Options:

current, past, Neither, Either, Both, through, by, highest, biggest, achieve, finish

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #156)

### 62. Anthropologists (Prediction)

It is commonly said by anthropologists that primitive man is **less** individual and more completely moulded by his **society** than civilized man. This contains an element of truth. Simpler societies are more **uniform**, in the sense that they call for, and provide opportunities for, a far **smaller** diversity of **individual** skills and occupations than the more complex and **advanced** societies. Increasing individualization in this sense is a necessary product of modern advanced society, and runs through all its activities from top to bottom. But it would be a serious error to set up an antithesis between this process of individualization and the growing strength and cohesion of society.

#### Options:

less, larger, objective, society, element, uniform, advent, smaller, factor, individual, advanced, latest

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #151)

### 63. Gun Violence (Prediction)

Exposure to gun violence makes adolescents twice as **likely** to perpetrate serious violence in the next two years, according to a University of Michigan **study**. Researchers found there is a **substantial** cause and effect **relationship** between exposure and perpetration of violence. Jeffrey B. Bingenheimer, a doctoral student in health behaviour and health education, analysed five years of data from adolescents living in 78 neighbourhoods in Chicago. Bingenheimer is lead author on a paper in this week's journal Science.

#### Options:

likely, relative, study, teaching, probable, substantial, relationship, important

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #149)

### 64. Plates (Prediction)

In geologic terms, a plate is a large, rigid slab of solid rock. The word tectonics comes from the Greek **root** "to build." putting these two words together, we get the term plate tectonics, which **refers** to how the Earth's surface is built of plates. The theory of plate tectonics **states** that the Earth's outermost layer is **fragmented** into a dozen or larger and small plates that are moving **relative** to one another.

#### Options:

Argue, foundation, relative, refers, states, fragmented, root, relevantly, broken, talks

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #143)

### 65. Psychology (Prediction)

Psychology as a subject of study has largely developed in the West since the late nineteenth century. During this period there has been an emphasis on scientific thinking. Because of this emphasis, there have been many scientific studies in psychology which **explore** different aspects of human nature. These include studies into how biology (physical factors) influence human experience, how people use their **senses** (touch, taste, smell, sight and hearing) to get to know the world, how people develop, why people behave in certain ways, how memory works, how people develop language, how people **understand** and think about the world, what motivates people, why people have emotions and how personality develops. These scientific **investigations** all contribute to an understanding of human nature.

#### Options:

explore, find, senses, feelings, understand, perform, behave, investigations, findings

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #144)

### 66. Plagiarism (Prediction)

How is plagiarism detected? It is usually easy for lecturers to identify plagiarism within students work. The University also actively investigates plagiarism in students' assessed work through electronic detection software called Turnitin. This software **compares** students work **against** text on the Internet, in journal articles and within previously **submitted** work (from LSBU and other institutions) and highlights any matches it **finds** ..

#### Options:

To, finds, realizes, based on, against, distinguish, compares, submitted, given

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #141)

### 67. UW Course Description (Prediction)

The UW course descriptions are **updated** regularly during the academic year. All announcements in the General Catalog and Course Catalog are subject to change without **notice** and do not constitute an **agreement** between the University of Washington and the student. Students should assume the responsibility of **consulting** the appropriate academic unit or adviser for more current or specific information.

#### Options:

updated, new, consulting, agreement, notice, alarm, contract, enquiring

(APEUni Website / App FIBR #140)

### 68. Civil Society and the Market (Prediction)

For too long we have held preconceived notions of 'the' market and 'the' state that were seemingly independent of local societies and cultures. The debate about civil society ultimately is about how culture, market and state **relate** to each other. Concern about civil society, however, is not only relevant to central and eastern Europe and the developing world. It is very much of **interest to** the European Union as well. The Civil Dialogue Initiated by the Commission in the 1990s was a first attempt by the EU to give the institutions of society – and not only governments and businesses – a voice at the policy-making tables in Brussels. The EU, like other international institutions, has a long way to go in trying to **accommodate** the frequently divergent interests of non-governmental organizations and citizen groups. There is increasing **recognition** that international and national

governments have to open up to civil society institutions.

**Options:**

accommodate, adjust, adapt, definition, recognition, fun, relate, attach, interest to  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #138)

**69. People's Savings (Prediction)**

Friedman showed that, while people do save more when they earn more, it is **only** to spend later. Those in work save **against** a time of sickness, unemployment or old age – but because the sick, unemployed and elderly **spend** their savings, overall **consumption** does not fall as people get richer.

**Options:**

consumption, among, only, against, income, spend, merely, pay  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #134)

**70. Agrarian Parties (Prediction)**

Agrarian parties are political parties chiefly representing the interests of peasants or, more broadly, the rural sector of society. The extent to which they are important, or **whether** they even exist, depends mainly **on** two factors. One, obviously, is the size of an identifiable peasantry, or the size of the rural relative **to** the urban population. The other is a matter of social integration: **for** agrarian parties to be important, the representation of countryside or peasantry must not be integrated **with** the other major sections of society. Thus a country might possess a sizeable rural population, but have an economic system in which the interests of the voters were predominantly related to their incomes, **rather than** their occupations or location; and in such a country the political system would be unlikely to include an important agrarian party.

**Options:**

with, rather than, to, for, whether, as, in, on  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #130)

**71. Radioactivity (Prediction)**

So why is it a concern? It is **because** radioactivity is invisible and unsensed, and for that reason is perceived as scary. **Nevertheless**, we understand quite well the radiation levels to which people can be **exposed** without harm, and those levels are orders of **magnitude** above the typical background levels.

**Options:**

exposed, Nevertheless, But, because, magnitude, which, length  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #123)

**72. People Need Exercise (Prediction)**

One thing is certain. Most people do not get enough exercise in their **ordinary** routines. All of the advances of modern technology – from **electric** can openers to power steering – have made life easier, more comfortable and **much** less physically **demanding**. Yet our bodies need activity, especially if they are carrying around too much fat. Satisfying this need requires a definite plan, and a commitment.

**Options:**

formal, demanding, original, electric, much, ordinary, requiring  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #122)

### 73. Children Skip School (Prediction)

Children who skip school are increasingly on family holidays, government figures revealed today. **fewer** children played truant this spring term compared with the spring term last year. Children missed 3m unauthorised days of school last term, compared with 3.7m days of school in the same period last year. But a **hardcore** group of truants – 6% of the school population – who account for more than three-quarters of all those on unauthorised absence, are more likely to be on a family holiday than they were in the same **period** last year. Some 1.2% of all absence was for family holidays not **agreed** by their school last term, compared with 0.9% for the same term last year. More than 60% of all absences were for illness, the same figure as last year.

#### Options:

hardcore, discussed, fewer, agreed, way, period, most  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #119)

### 74. Colorful Poison Frogs (Prediction)

Colorful poison frogs in the Amazon owe their great **diversity** to ancestors that leapt into the region from the Andes Mountains several times during the last 10 million years, a new study from The University of Texas at Austin suggests. This is the first study to show that the Andes have been a **major** source of diversity for the Amazon basin, one of the largest **reservoirs** of biological diversity on Earth. The finding runs **counter** to the idea that Amazonian diversity is the result of evolution only within the **tropical** forest itself. "Basically, the Amazon basin is a melting pot for South American frogs," says graduate student Juan Santos, lead author of the study. "Poison frogs there have come from multiple places of origin, notably the Andes Mountains, over many millions of years. We have shown that you cannot understand Amazonian biodiversity by looking only in the basin. Adjacent regions have played a major role."

#### Options:

reservoirs, essential, major, diversity, accordant, tropical, counter, territories, rain  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #117)

### 75. Steven Pinker (Prediction)

Steven Pinker, a cognitive psychologist best known for his book "The Language Instinct", has called music "auditory cheesecake, an exquisite confection crafted to tickle the sensitive spots of at least six of our mental faculties." If it **vanished** from our species, he said, "the rest of our lifestyle would be **virtually** unchanged." Others have argued that, on the **contrary**, music, along with art and literature, is part of what makes people human; its absence would have a brutalising effect. Philip Ball, a British science writer and an **avid** music enthusiast, comes down somewhere in the middle. He says that music is **ingrained** in our auditory, cognitive and motor functions. We have a music **instinct** as much as a language instinct, and could not rid ourselves of it if we tried.

#### Options:

sense, virtually, vanished, contrast, remained, avid, avoidable, ingrained, instinct, contrary  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #112)

### 76. Science Warn Global Warming (Prediction)

You may well ask why science did not warn us of global warming sooner; I think that there are several reasons. We were from the 1970s until the end of the century **distracted by** the important global problem of stratospheric **ozone** depletion, which we knew was manageable. We threw all our efforts into it and succeeded but had little time to spend on climate change. Climate science was also

neglected because twentieth-century science failed to **recognize** the true nature of Earth as a **responsive** self-regulating entity. Biologists were so carried away by Darwin's great vision that they failed to see that living things were tightly coupled to their material environment and that evolution concerns the whole Earth system with living organisms an **integral** part of it. Earth is not the Goldilocks planet of the solar system sitting at the right place for life. It was in this favourable state some two billion years ago but now our planet has to work hard, against ever increasing heat from the Sun, to keep itself **habitable**. We have chosen the worst of times to add to its difficulties.

**Options:**

focusing on, ozone, integral, responsive, recognize, alive, distracted by, habitable, decide  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #110)

**77. Exams Looming (Prediction)**

It's that time again! Exams looming, essays or reports outstanding and you wonder where the years gone already. You start **wondering** how you're going to cope with it all. A limited amount of **anxiety** can help you to be more motivated and more **purposeful**. It can help you to plan your work and to think more clearly and **logically** about it. In other words, it can help you stay on top of things. Sit down at your desk and make a start on writing down all the things you have to do to **prepare** for the exams.

**Options:**

emotion, wondering, logically, imagining, purposeful, prepare, score, anxiety, carefully  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #108)

**78. Environmentalists (Prediction)**

Although environmentalists have been **warning** about this situation for decades, many other people are finally beginning to realise that if we don't act soon it will be too late. The good news is that more and more businesses and governments are beginning to **understand** that without a healthy environment the global economy and everything that depends on it will be seriously endangered. And they are beginning to take **positive** action.

**Options:**

positive, explain, useful, neutral, warning, understand, caution  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #106)

**79. Symbiosis (Prediction)**

Symbiosis is a general term for interspecific interactions in which two species live together in a long-term, intimate association. In everyday life, we sometimes use the term symbiosis to mean a **relationship** that benefits **both** parties. However, in ecologist-speak, symbiosis is a broader concept and can include **close**, lasting relationships with a **variety** of positive or negative effects on the participants

**Options:**

connection, both, variety, either, distant, close, relationship  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #104)

**80. The sun and the moon (Prediction)**

In these distant times the sun was seen to make its daily **journey** across the sky. At night the moon appeared. Every new night the moon waxed or waned a little and on a few nights it did not appear at all. At night the great dome of the heavens was dotted with tiny specks of light. They **became** known as the stars. It was thought that every star in the heavens had its own purpose and that the **secrets** of

the universe could be discovered by making a study of them. It was well known that there were wandering stars, they appeared in different nightly positions against their neighbours and they became known as planets. It took centuries, in fact it took millennia, for man to **determine** the true nature of these wandering stars and to evolve a model of the world to accommodate them and to **predict** their positions in the sky.

**Options:**

secret, determine, assume, predict, secrets, seemed, became, journey  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #103)

**81. Surface Water (Prediction)**

Chemicals used to control weeds in crops such as corn and soybeans may sometimes run off farmland and enter surface water bodies such as lakes and streams. If a surface water body that is used as a **drinking** water supply receives excess amounts of these herbicides, then the municipal water treatment plant must **filter** them out in order for the water to be safe to drink. This added filtration process can be expensive. Farmers can help control excess herbicides in runoff by choosing chemicals that bind with **soil** more readily, are less toxic, or degrade more quickly. Additionally, selecting the best tillage practice can help minimize herbicide **pollution** .

**Options:**

damages, sink, ground, filtration, drinking, filter, pollution, eating, absorbing, soil  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #100)

**82. Truancy (Prediction)**

In reality, however, the causes of truancy and non-attendance are diverse and multifaceted. There are as many causes of non-attendance as there are non-attenders. Each child has her own **unique** story, and whilst there may often be certain identifiable factors in common, each non-attending child demands and **deserves** an individual response, tailored to meet her individual needs. This applies **equally** to the 14-year-old who fails to attend school because a parent is terminally ill, the overweight 11-year-old who fails to attend because he is **embarrassed** about changing for PE in front of peers, the 15-year-old who is 'bored' by lessons, and to the seven-year-old who is teased in the playground because she does not wear the latest designer-label clothes.

**Options:**

embarrassing, reluctant, equally, same, deserves, explicit, implicit, unique, requires, embarrassed  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #98)

**83. Just-in-time (Prediction)**

'Just-in-time' is a management philosophy and not a technique. It originally referred to the production of goods to meet customer **demand** exactly, in time, quality and quantity, **whether** the 'customer' is the final purchaser of the product or another process **further** along the production line. It has now come to mean producing with **minimum** waste. 'Waste' is taken in its most general sense and includes time and resources as well as materials.

**Options:**

where, claim, demand, maximum, whether, further, minimum  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #114)

**84. Study space (Prediction)**

You can study anywhere. Obviously, some places are **better** than others. Libraries, study lounges or

private rooms are best. Above all, the place you choose to study should not be **distracting** . Distractions can **build up** , and the first thing you know, you're out of time and out of luck. Make choosing a good physical environment a **part** of your study **habits** .

**Options:**

nice, establish, attracting, part, better, show, member, habits, traditions, distracting, build up  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #91)

**85. Shark's Personalities (Prediction)**

Down the road, the study authors write, a better understanding of sharks' **personalities** may help scientists learn more about what drives their choice of things like prey and **habitat** . Some sharks are shy, and some are outgoing; some are **adventurous** , and some prefer to stick close to what they know, information that could prove useful in making sense of larger species-wide behaviour **patterns** .

**Options:**

personalities, habits, dangerous, habitat, patterns, habitant, inhabitants, traits, extrovert, adventurous  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #89)

**86. Omniscience (Prediction)**

Omniscience may be a foible of men, but it is not so of books. Knowledge, as Johnson said, is of two **kinds** , you may know a thing yourself, and you may know where to find it. Now the amount which you may actually know yourself must, at its best, be limited, but what you may know of the **sources** of information may, with proper training, become almost boundless. And here come the **value** and use of reference books—the working of one book in connection with another—and applying your own **intelligence** to both. By this means we get as near to that omniscient volume which tells everything as ever we shall get, and although the single volume or work which tells everything does not exist, there is a vast number of reference books in existence, a knowledge and proper use of which is essential to every intelligent person. Necessary as I believe reference books to be, they can easily be made to be **contributory** to idleness, and too mechanical a use should not be made of them.

**Options:**

sides, output, property, expense, kinds, sources, value, intelligence, contributory, devoted  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #85)

**87. Sustainable Job Growth (Prediction)**

"Sustainable Job Growth" is a motto for many governments, especially in the aftermath of a recession. The problem of 'job quality' is less often addressed and may be seen as **hindering** job growth. The sentiment 'any job is better than no job' may resonate with governments as well as people, especially in the context of high unemployment. However, if the **balance** between improving the quality of **existing** jobs and creating new jobs becomes greatly imbalanced towards the latter, this could increase work stress among **current** and future workers, which in turn has health, economic and social costs. A recent British Academy Policy Centre Report on Stress at Work highlights these **concerns** , and describes the context, determinants and consequences of work-related stress in Britain.

**Options:**

demolishing, balance, problems, existing, equality, current, matters, concerns, recent, obstruct, consisting, ongoing, hindering  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #84)

**88. Kids Distinguish Commercial Ads (Prediction)**



From a child's point of view, what is the purpose of TV advertising? Is advertising on TV done to give actors the opportunity to take a rest or **practice** their **lines** ? Or is it done to make people buy things? Furthermore, is the main **difference** between programs and commercials that commercials are for real, whereas programs are not, or that programs are for kids and commercials for adults? As has been shown several times in the literature (e.g. Butter et al. 1981 Donohue, Henke, and Donohue 1980 Macklin 1983 and 1987 Robertson and Rossiter 1974 Stephens and Stutts 1982), some children are able to **distinguish** between programs and commercials and are **aware** of the intent of TV advertising, whereas others are not.

**Options:**

known, distinguish, difference, exercise, disparity, lines, conflict, practice, tell, aware  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #82)

**89. Child–Centric Mother (Prediction)**

The conducted study serves three objectives. The first objective is to reveal the **values** loaded to the child by the child–centric mother's attitude and the effect of 5–6–year–old nursery school children on the purchasing decision of families who belong to a high socio–economic class. The second objective is to **develop** a child centricity scale and the third object is to examine the attitude and behaviour **differences** between low child–centric and high child–centric mothers. **Analysing** the data gathered from 257 mother respondents, the researchers have found that the lowest influence of the child upon the purchasing decisions of the family are those which carry high purchasing risk and are used by the whole family, whereas the highest influence of the child upon the purchasing decision of the family are the products with low risk used by the whole family. Findings also reveal that there are statistically significant differences between the high child–centric and low child–centric mothers regarding purchasing products that are highly risky and used by the whole family.

**Options:**

prices, eliminate, remove, develop, similarities, omitting, misunderstanding, values, differences, skimming, Analysing  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #79)

**90. Rampant Corruption (Prediction)**

The inevitable consequences **include** rampant corruption, an absence of globally competitive Latin American companies, **chronic** waste of resources, rampant environmental **degradation** and soaring inequality. Above all, the monopoly over power of an ideologically bankrupt party is **inconsistent** with the pluralism of opinion, security of property and vibrant competition on which a dynamic economy depends. As a result, Latin American development remains parasitic on know–how and institutions developed elsewhere.

**Options:**

include, chronic, inconsistent, degradation, conclude, consistent, slowly, improvement, inconsiderate  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #76)

**91. Kashmiri (Prediction)**

Two decades ago, Kashmiri houseboat–owners rubbed their hands every spring at the **prospect** of the annual influx of tourists. From May to October, the hyacinth–choked waters of Dal Lake saw flotillas of vividly painted Shikaras carrying Indian families, boho westerners, young travellers and wide–eyed Japanese. Carpet–sellers **honed** their skills, as did purveyors of anything remotely embroidered while the house boats initiated by the British Raj provided unusual accommodation. Then, in 1989, separatist

and Islamist militancy **attacked** and everything changed. Hindus and countless Kashmiri business people bolted , at least 35,000 people were killed in a decade, the lake stagnated, and the houseboats rotted. Any foreigners venturing there risked their **lives** , proved in 1995 when five young Europeans were kidnapped and murdered.

**Options:**

lives, attacked, competed, honed, money, prospect, perspective  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #72)

**92. Reality (Camus' text) (Prediction)**

Surely, reality is what we think it is; reality is **revealed** to us by our experiences. To one **extent** or another, this view of reality is one many of us hold, if only implicitly. I certainly find myself **thinking** this way in day-to-day life; it's easy to be **seduced** by the face nature **reveals** directly to our senses. Yet, in the decades since first **encountering** Camus' text, I've learned that modern science **tells** a very different story.

**Options:**

seduced, explicitly, revealed, discovered, extent, thought, remembering, reveals, imposes, introducing, encountering, thinking, tells  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #70)

**93. Wind (Prediction)**

**gentle** or fierce, wind always starts in the same way. Wind is formed by the circulation of air. The sun heats up some parts of the sea and the land. The air among the **hot** spot warms up and rises. The cold air drops because it is **heavy** . Some wind circulates within a small area. Others blow in the **entire** globe.

**Options:**

heavy, soft, hot, warm, light, entire, all, weighted, cold, cool, gentle  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #99)

**94. Sportswomen (Prediction)**

Sportswomen's records are important and need to be preserved. And if the paper records don't **exist** , we need to get out and start interviewing people, not to put too fine a **point** on it, while we still have a **chance** . After all, if the records aren't kept in some form or another, then the stories are **lost** too.

**Options:**

Appear, focus, admit, exist, opportunity, point, chance, lost, disappear  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #68)

**95. University Science (Prediction)**

University science is now in real crisis – particularly the non-telegenic, non-ology bits of it such as chemistry. Since 1996, 28 universities have stopped offering chemistry degrees, according to the Royal Society of Chemistry. The society **predicts** that as few as six departments (those at Durham, Cambridge, Imperial, UCL, Bristol and Oxford) could remain open by 2014. Most recently, Exeter University closed down its chemistry department, blaming it on "market forces", and Bristol took in some of the refugees. The closures have been blamed on a **fall** in student applications, but money is a **factor** : chemistry degrees are expensive to provide – compared with English, for example – and some scientists **say** that the way the government concentrates research **funding** on a small number of top departments, such as Bristol, increases the **problem** .

**Options:**

predicts, concluded, motive, projects, fall, rise, say, problem, funding, factor  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #14)

**96. Plainness (Prediction)**

Now that doesn't mean that plainness is the only good style, or that you should become a **slave** to spare, unadorned writing. Formality and ornateness have their place, and in **competent** hands complexity can carry us on a dizzying, breathtaking journey. But most students, most of the time, should **strive** to be sensibly simple, to develop a baseline style of short words, active verbs, and relatively simple sentences conveying clear actions or identities. It's faster, it makes arguments easier to follow, it increases the chances a busy reader will bother to pay attention, and it lets you **focus** more attention on your moments of rhetorical flourish, which I do not advise **abandoning** altogether.

**Options:**

slave, expert, competent, strive, pay, available, focus, abandoning, developing, saying, combining  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #13)

**97. Reasoning Essence (Prediction)**

One of the most eminent of psychologists, Clark Hull, **claimed** that the essence of reasoning lies in the putting together of two 'behavior segments' in some **novel** way, never actually performed before, so as to reach a goal. Two followers of Clark Hull, Howard and Tracey Kendler, **devised** a test for children that was explicitly based on Clark Hull's principles. The children were given the task of learning to **operate** a machine so as to get a toy. In order to succeed they had to go through a two-stage sequence.

**Options:**

conceived, devised, novel, operate, demonstrated, manipulate, new, claimed  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #185)

**98. Chaucer's Tales (Prediction)**

Chaucer's Tales quickly **spread** through England in the early fifteenth century. Scholars feel The Canterbury Tales **reached** their instant and continued success because of their accurate and oftentimes **vivid** portrayal of human nature, unchanged through 600 years since Chaucer's time. George Macy, founder of The Limited Editions Club wrote on The Canterbury Tales.

**Options:**

reached, arrived, spread, purged, pictographic, vivid  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #183)

**99. Teenage Daughter (Prediction)**

Your teenage daughter gets top marks in school, captains the debate team, and volunteers at a shelter for homeless people. But while driving the family car, she text-messages her best friend and rear-ends another vehicle. How can teens be so clever, accomplished, and responsible—and reckless **at the same time**? Easily, according to two physicians at Children's Hospital Boston and Harvard Medical School (HMS) who have been **exploring** the **unique** structure and chemistry of the **adolescent** brain. "The teenage brain is not just an adult brain with fewer miles on it," says Frances E. Jensen, a professor of neurology. "It's a paradoxical time of development. These are people with very **sharp** brains, but they're not quite sure what to do with them."

**Options:**

explored, adult, respectively, sharp, exploring, unique, adolescent, at the same time  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #10)

**100. Volcanoes (Prediction)**

Volcanoes blast more than 100 million tons of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere every year but the gas is usually **harmless** . When a volcano erupts, carbon dioxide spreads out into the atmosphere and isn't **concentrated** in one spot. But sometimes the gas gets trapped **underground** under enormous pressure. If it escapes to the surface in a dense **cloud** , it can push out oxygen-rich air and become deadly.

**Options:**

cloud, focused, concentrated, dangerous, harmless, underground, aimed, air, harmful, atmosphere, underwater  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #102)

**101. Allure of book (Prediction)**

The allure of the book has always been negative and **positive** , for the texts and pictures between the covers have helped many young readers to **discover** and grasp the world around them in a pleasurable and meaningful way. But the allure has also enabled authors and publishers to **prey** upon young readers' dispositions and desires and to **sell** them a menu that turns out to be junk food.

**Options:**

prey, beneficial, sell, invent, positive, show, present, read, find, pray, discover  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #96)

**102. Microorganism (Prediction)**

Although for centuries preparations derived from living **matter** were applied to wounds to destroy **infection** ,the fact that a microorganism is **capable** of destroying one of another species was not **established** until the latter half of the 19th century. When Pasteur noted the antagonistic effect of other bacteria on the anthrax organism and pointed out that this action might be put to **therapeutic** use.

**Options:**

convinced, capable, infection, material, therapeutic, established, contamination, matter  
(APEUni Website / App FIBR #16)

## Fill in the Blanks (Reading & Writing)

Repeat Rate: 20%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Intensive reading weekly prediction > All Exam Qs Note: Blank positions are often changing in recent exams. Make sure you understand the whole passage. Do not memorize the answers.

### 1. Musical Experiences (Prediction)

The general perception is that children are **surrounded** by a variety of musical experiences. There are often fewer and fewer opportunities for children to actively engage in music making themselves. They are inundated with music emitting from a wide **array** of electronic devices, toys, and computers offering a **limitless** number of musical selections. However, much of the music in children's lives is 'unchosen', in other words they are **passive** recipients in much of the music in their lives, and not actively engaged in its selection. They experience background music in computer games, cartoons, TV shows, films, on iPads, radios, and ringtones. They listen to music choices of their parents or siblings, and even the schools they attend often play music before the school day begins or in classrooms while students are working. Studies are being **conducted** on the effects of the ubiquitous pre-recorded music they encounter and whether or not it is **intruding** on their desire to make their own music or interact **with** each other on the playground.

**Options:**

- 1) surrounded, deterred, deferred, characterized
- 2) array, appointment, access, arrangement
- 3) limitless, plunging, excessive, spacious
- 4) dormant, bilateral, active, passive
- 5) abandoned, culminated, confided, conducted
- 6) fretting, protruding, extruding, intruding
- 7) with, against, along, within

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #118)

### 2. Trinity Sport and Fitness (Prediction)

Whether you want to exercise and stay **healthy**, train professionally with like-minded people, or indulge your competitive streak, Trinity Sport and Fitness **has it covered**. We've got a dedicated support development team on campus to support every student in taking part in sports. You might want to participate in sports competitions volunteer with a local sports class or simply play for **fun** with our social sport program. Trinity fitness members of our public-facing sports facility will also **entitle** you to discounts when you are booking a sports facility and fitness class. You will also get an opportunity to **benefit** from tailored personal training, free activities events, and lots more.

**Options:**

- 1) healthy, wealthy, humble, hungry
- 2) has it covered, makes covering, have covered, does it covering
- 3) idle, fun, kidding, exchange
- 4) enact, encourage, entitle, enroll
- 5) result, upgrade, benefit, proceed

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #91)

### 3. Mini Helicopter (Prediction)

A mini helicopter modelled on flying tree seeds could soon be flying overhead. Evan Ulrich and

colleagues at the University of Maryland in College Park **turned to** the biological world for inspiration to build a scaled-down helicopter that could mimic the properties of full-size aircraft. The complex **design** of full-size helicopters gets less efficient when shrunk, **meaning** that standard mini helicopters expend most of their power simply fighting to stay stable in the air. The researchers realised that a simpler aircraft designed to stay stable passively would use much less power and reduce manufacturing costs to boot. It turns out that nature **had beaten** them to it. The seeds of trees such as the maple have a single-blade structure that **allows** them to fly far away and drift safely to the ground. These seeds, known as samaras, need no engine to **spin** through the air, thanks to a process called autorotation. By analysing the behaviour of the samara with high-speed cameras, Ulrich and his team were able to copy its design.

**Options:**

- 1) turned to, came across, stayed within, dropped in
  - 2) overhaul, gauge, imagination, design
  - 3) denying, meaning, objecting, proving
  - 4) never leads, will drive, had beaten, is holding
  - 5) charges, pushes, allows, hampers
  - 6) spin, fluctuate, drift, bob
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #70)

#### 4. Underground Houses (Prediction)

Underground houses have many advantages over conventional housing. Unlike conventional homes, they can be built on **steep** surfaces and can maximize space in small areas by going below the surface. In addition, the materials excavated in construction can be used in the building process. Underground houses have less surface area so fewer building materials are used, and **maintenance** costs are lower. They are also wind, fire, and earthquake resistant, providing a secure and safe environment in extreme weather. One of the greatest benefits of underground living is energy **efficiency**. The earth's subsurface temperature remains stable, so underground dwellings benefit from geothermal mass and heat exchange, staying cool in the summer and warm in the winter. This saves around 80% in energy costs. By **incorporating** solar design this energy bill **can be reduced** to zero, providing hot water and heat to the home all year round.

**Options:**

- 1) geometric, flat, overhead, steep
  - 2) heating, sustenance, maintenance, facility
  - 3) ratio, consistency, efficiency, renewal
  - 4) intriguing, initiating, incorporating, inventing
  - 5) has reduced, can be reduced, can reduce, has been reduced
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #50)

#### 5. Brains or Brawn (Prediction)

While workers worry about whether robots will take their jobs, teachers are wondering how to use education to insulate the next generation from such a fate. This **has worked** before. When the last wave of automation swept the developed world at the start of the 20th century, policymakers decided education was the answer. If machines were going to substitute for brawn, **they reasoned**, more people would need to use their brains. The US invested **heavily** in education, with good results. Workers reaped the benefits through better jobs and higher wages. Economists Andrew McAfee and Erik Brynjolfsson summed it up like this: 'The industrial revolution **started** a race between technology and education -- and, for most of the 20th century, humans won that race.'

**Options:**

- 1) would work, was working, has worked, has yet to work
  - 2) it was, they objected, they reasoned, it were
  - 3) inadvertently, heavily, stingily, expensively
  - 4) started, installed, adapted, stalled
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #34)

**6. Giant Turtle (Prediction)**

A giant turtle made from discarded plastic trash will greet visitors to the British Science Festival this week. The plastic containers, bottles and cups were collected locally in Hull, where the event is taking place at the city's university. Standing 3.5m tall (11.5ft), the art installation **was** commissioned by the University of Hull with the aim of raising awareness of plastic waste. Professor Dan Parsons, director of the university's Energy and Environment Institute, said: 'Marine pollution is a mounting global challenge, which is **already** having devastating consequences. We have a duty to protect these fragile environments and the marine life and ecosystems which we **call** home. The university has commissioned this installation as a physical **reminder** of what is ending up in the oceans, but also to ask visitors to campus to stop and think what they could do to try to reduce their own waste.'

**Options:**

- 1) has, being, have, was
  - 2) only, already, otherwise, yet
  - 3) settle, call, originate, go
  - 4) reminder, receipt, reinforcement, recognition
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #15)

**7. Papal Reform (Prediction)**

Since the last papal reform, several **proposals** have been **offered** to make the Western calendar more useful or **regular**. Very few reforms, such as the rather different decimal French Republican and Soviet calendars, had gained official **acceptance**, but each was put out of use shortly after its introduction.

**Options:**

- 1) arguments, essays, assumptions, proposals
  - 2) expected, accomplished, overthrown, offered
  - 3) portable, strict, regular, abnormal
  - 4) accepted, accept, acceptance, accepting
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #14)

**8. Good Looks in Votes (Prediction)**

It is tempting to try to prove that good looks win votes, and many academics have tried. The **difficulty** is that beauty is in the eye of the **beholder**, and you cannot behold a politician's face without a veil of extraneous prejudice getting in the way. Does George Bush possess a disarming grin, or a facetious **smirk**? It's hard to find anyone who can look at the president without assessing him politically as well as **physically**.

**Options:**

- 1) principle, idea, difficulty, concept
  - 2) people, beholder, builder, audience
  - 3) smell, complexion, smirk, binge
  - 4) culturally, physically, economically, individually
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #74)

**9. The Speech of Alchemy (Prediction)**

To learn the speech of alchemy, an early form of chemistry in which people attempted to turn metals into gold, it helps to think back to a time when there was no **science** : no atomic number or weight, no periodic chart no list of elements. to the alchemists the **universe** was not made of leptons, bosons, gluons, and quarks. Instead it was made of substances, and one substance—say, walnut oil—could be just as **pure** as another—say, silver—even though modern **scientists** would say one is heterogeneous and the other homogeneous. Without knowledge of atomic structures, how would it be **possible** to tell elements from compounds?

**Options:**

- 1) biology, science, technology, history
  - 2) universe, universal, worldwide, world
  - 3) all, completed, pure, wholesome
  - 4) affidavit, law, scientists, medicine
  - 5) proper, necessary, impossible, possible
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #115)

**10. Origin of Music (Prediction)**

Music is an important part of our lives. We connect and interact with it daily and use it as a way of projecting our self-identities to the people around us. The music we enjoy – whether it's country or classical, rock n' roll or rap – **reflects** who we are. But where did music, at its core, first come from? It's a puzzling question that may not have a definitive answer. One **leading** researcher, however, has proposed that the key to understanding the origin of music is nestled snugly in the loving bond between mother and child. In a lecture at the University of Melbourne, Richard Parncutt, an Australian-born professor of systematic musicology, endorsed the idea that music originally spawned from 'motherese' -- the playful voices mothers **adopt** when speaking to **infants** and toddlers. As the theory goes, increased human brain sizes caused by evolutionary changes occurring between one and 2,000,000 years ago resulted in earlier births, more fragile infants and a **critical** need for stronger relationships between mothers and their newborn babies. According to Parncutt, who is based at the University of Graz in Austria, 'motherese' arose as a way to strengthen this maternal bond and to help **ensure** an infant's survival.

**Options:**

- 1) means, convinces, shows, reflects
  - 2) freelance, best, well-known, leading
  - 3) adapt, adopt, sing, forge
  - 4) infants, adolescents, children, teenagers
  - 5) visual, critical, virtual, universal
  - 6) confirm, improve, ensure, guarantee
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #742)

**11. Standard Language (Prediction)**



At the beginning of the twenty-first century, the relationship between standard and nonstandard language is, evidently, still an uncertain one. We are at a **transitional** point between two eras. We seem to be leaving an era when the rules of Standard English, as elected and defined by prescriptive grammarians, totally conditioned our sense of **acceptable** usage, so that all other usages and varieties were considered to be inferior or corrupt, and excluded from serious consideration. And we seem to be **approaching** an era when nonstandard usages and varieties, previously denigrated or ignored, are achieving a new presence and respectability within society, reminiscent of that found in Middle English, when dialect variation in literature was widespread and uncontentious. But we are not there **yet**. The rise of Standard English has resulted in a confrontation between the standard and nonstandard dimensions of the language which has lasted for over 200 years, and this has had traumatic **consequences** which will take some years to eliminate. Once people have been given an inferiority complex about the way they speak or write, they find it difficult to shake off.

**Options:**

- 1) transcendent, compositional, evanescent, transitional
  - 2) notable, irreversible, acceptable, preferential
  - 3) approaching, revolutionizing, fathoming, transplanting
  - 4) still, ever, yet, thus
  - 5) concatenations, consequences, successions, sequences
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #737)

**12. Charles Darwin (Prediction)**

Charles Darwin knew intuitively that tropical forests were places of **tremendous** intricacy and energy. He and his cohort of scientific naturalists were **awed** by the beauty of the Neotropics, where they collected tens of thousands of **species** new to science. But they couldn't have guessed at the complete contents of the rainforest, and they had no idea of its **value** to humankind.

**Options:**

- 1) colossal, various, tremendous, overwhelming
  - 2) admired, influenced, awed, appreciated
  - 3) specialities, species, spices, specifications
  - 4) value, profit, price, power
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #740)

**13. Conservancy (Prediction)**

To qualify as a conservancy, a committee must define the conservancy's boundary, elect a **representative** conservancy committee, negotiate a legal constitution, prove the committee's ability to **manage** funds, and produce an acceptable plan for **equitable** distribution of wildliferelated benefits. Once approved, registered conservancies acquire the **rights** to a sustainable wildlife quota, set by the ministry.

**Options:**

- 1) information, representative, parliamentary, management
  - 2) attract, freeze, borrow, manage
  - 3) moral, equitable, equal, stable
  - 4) integrity, agreement, rights, tools
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #739)

**14. Fresh Water (Prediction)**

Everybody needs fresh water. **Without** water people, animals and plants cannot live. Although a few plants and animals can make do with saltwater, all humans need a constant supply of fresh water if they are to stay **fit** and healthy. Of the total supply of water on the Earth, only about 3 percent of it is fresh, and most of that is stored as ice and snow at the poles, or is so **deep** under the surface of the Earth that we cannot get to it. Despite so much of the water being out of reach, we still have a million cubic miles of it that we **can** use. That's about 4,300,000 cubic kilometers of fresh water to share out between most of the plants, animals and people on the planet.

**Options:**

- 1) Without, Despite, As, With
  - 2) excited, here, up, fit
  - 3) wide, hard, deep, common
  - 4) can, won't, don't, cannot
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #738)

**15. Amazon Basin (Prediction)**

This is the first study to show that the Andes have been a **major** source of diversity for the Amazon basin, one of the largest **reservoirs** of biological diversity on Earth. The finding runs **counter** to the idea that Amazonian diversity is the result of evolution only within the **tropical** forest itself. " Basically, the Amazon basin is 'melting pot' for South American frogs," says graduate student Juan Santos, lead author of the study. "Poison frogs there have come from multiple places of **origin** , notably the Andes Mountains, over many millions of years. We have shown that you cannot understand Amazonian biodiversity by looking only in the basin. Adjacent regions have played a major role."

**Options:**

- 1) important, major, essential, special
  - 2) pool, reservoirs, tank, territories
  - 3) same, counter, accordant, similar
  - 4) heliocentric, natural, tropical, temperate
  - 5) living, life, origin, species
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #736)

**16. Guilt and Responsibility (Prediction)**

The narrative of law and order is located fundamentally at the level of individual guilt and responsibility. Criminal acts are seen as individual issues of personal responsibility and **culpability** , to which the state responds by way of policing, **prosecution** , adjudication and punishment. This is but one level at which crime and criminal justice can be analysed. The problem is that so often analysis ends there, at the level of individual action, **characterised** in terms of responsibility, guilt, evil. In few other areas of social life does individualism have this hold. To take but one **instance** ,it would be absurd to restrict analysis of obesity, to individual greed. It should similarly be widely seen as absurd to restrict analysis of criminal justice issues to the culpability of individuals.

**Options:**

- 1) stability, capability, culpability, reliability
  - 2) persecution, prosecution, execution, inspection
  - 3) combined, characterised, chosen, concluded
  - 4) method, exemplify, instance, reason
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #734)

## 17. Transportation System (Prediction)

A sustainable transportation system is one in which peoples needs and desires for access to jobs, commerce, recreation, culture and home are accommodated using a minimum of resources. Applying principles of **sustainability** to transportation will reduce pollution generated by gasoline–powered engines, noise, traffic congestion, land devaluation, urban sprawl, economic segregation, and injury to drivers, pedestrians and cyclists. In addition, the costs of commuting, shipping, housing and goods will be **reduced** . Ultimately in a sustainable San Francisco, almost all trips to and **within** the City will be on public transit, foot or bicycle–as will a good part of trips to the larger Bay Region. Walking through streets designed for pedestrians and bicycles will be more pleasant than walking through those designed for the automobile. Street–front retail and commercial establishments will **prosper** from the large volume of foot traffic drawn to an environment enhanced by trees, appropriately designed 'street furniture' ( street lights, bicycle racks, benches, and the like) and other people. Rents and property costs will be lowered as land for off–street parking is no **longer** required or needed.

### Options:

- 1) reliability, sustainability, sustain, sustainable
  - 2) reduced, enhance, seduced, reducing
  - 3) apart, within, among, away
  - 4) origins, inject, control, prosper
  - 5) smaller, longer, most, best
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #733)

## 18. EE&AVG (Prediction)

There has been increased research interest in the use of active video games (in which players physically interact with images onscreen) as a means to **promote** physical activity in children. The aim of this review was to assess active video games as a means of increasing energy expenditure and physical activity behavior in children. Studies were obtained from computerized searches of multiple electronic bibliographic databases. The last search was conducted in December 2008. Eleven studies focused on the quantification of the energy cost associated with playing active video games, and eight studies focused on the utility of active video games as an **intervention** to increase physical activity in children. Compared with traditional non–active video games, active video games **elicited** greater energy expenditure, which was similar in intensity to mild to moderate intensity physical activity. The intervention studies indicate that active video games may have the potential to increase free–living physical activity and improve body **composition** in children; however, methodological limitations prevent **definitive** conclusions. Future research should focus on larger, methodologically sound intervention trials to provide definitive answers as to whether this technology is effective in **promoting** long–term physical activity in children.

### Options:

- 1) examine, obstruct, inspect, promote
  - 2) inversion, infusion, aversion, intervention
  - 3) elicited, consumed, reduced, spread
  - 4) composition, element, tissue, nutrition
  - 5) optimal, definitive, positive, optimistic
  - 6) obstructing, promoting, reviewing, assessing
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #732)

## 19. APS (Prediction)

The APS supports the development of an Australian curriculum for psychological science. The APS

Division of Psychological Research, Education and Training, in **consultation** with teacher and curriculum representatives from every State and Territory in Australia, **has developed** a proposed framework for senior secondary school studies in psychological science. This framework **is modelled on** the current senior science curricula that were developed and published by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority. The APS hopes that this framework will **facilitate** a dialogue between educators and their local curriculum authority, with the aim of working towards a more **consistent** approach to the teaching of psychological science at secondary school level and optimising the preparation for students going on to undergraduate psychology studies at university, as well as the effective use of psychological principles in everyday life.

**Options:**

- 1) confidence, consultation, consolation, condolence
  - 2) has been developed, has developed, had been developing, have developed
  - 3) has modelled on, to model on, is modelled on, modelled on
  - 4) fertilize, facilitate, fascinate, fabricate
  - 5) conjunctive, constituent, consistent, consequent
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #730)

**20. Bad Title (Prediction)**

A good story may be given a bad title by its author, and so started toward failure. Novices are peculiarly **liable** to this fault, usually through **allowing** themselves to be too easily satisfied. They go to **infinite** pains to make the story itself fresh and individual, and then cap it with a **commonplace** phrase that is worse than no title at all. A good title is apt, specific, attractive, new, and short. A title is apt if it is an outgrowth of the plot—a text, as I have said. It stands definitely for that particular story, and gives a suggestion of what is to come—but only a suggestion, lest it should anticipate the denouement and so **satisfy** the curiosity of the reader too soon.

**Options:**

- 1) able, responsible, liable, possible
  - 2) disabling, asking, persuading, allowing
  - 3) limited, vast, final, infinite
  - 4) better, novel, commonplace, mystery
  - 5) intensify, multiply, satisfy, notify
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #729)

**21. Computer (Prediction)**

The purpose of this paper is to consider the claim, often made, that computer simulation exercises provide an excellent source of speaking practice. In so doing I shall first consider the properties of computer simulations from a theoretical **point of view**, then describe the experience of **using** a particular simulation with a general EFL class. On the basis of this experience, and of some very straightforward pedagogical considerations, I shall argue that the claim is justified, **subject** to a very important caveat: computer simulations can form the basis of excellent speaking exercises, provided you do not expect the computer to do all the work. Put in another way, many computer simulations only **attain** their full potential as language exercises if they are **integrated** into a larger, planned, teacher–managed activity.

**Options:**

- 1) combination of circumstances, train of thought, line of vision, point of view
  - 2) used, being used, using, having been used
  - 3) subject, reject, expect, inject
  - 4) contain, attain, retain, remain
  - 5) separated, included, participated, integrated
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #728)

**22. High-protein Diet (Prediction)**

In our studies, those people on a high-protein diet lost the same amount of weight as those on a higher-carbohydrate diet, since the two diets **offered** an equal amount of kilojoules and the same amount of fat. However, body composition (that is, the ratio of fat to muscle) showed greater improvement among those people on the higher-protein diet. When the **participants** in other studies were allowed to eat until they were no longer hungry, those on the higher-carbohydrate diet, even after more than a year. The reduction in hunger and the beneficial effect on muscle provided by the higher-protein diet is mostly related to its protein content, while the reduced triglyceride levels and enhanced fat-loss seem to be related to its lower amounts of carbohydrate. The diet is healthy because its protein comes from lean red meat, fish, chicken and low-fat dairy products, all of which **provide** good nutrition. A high-protein diet in which the protein comes from protein powders and supplements is unlikely to be healthy, unless the supplements are **fortified** with vitamins and minerals.

**Options:**

- 1) suffered, done, offered, created
  - 2) researchers, audience, scientists, participants
  - 3) provide, release, consisting, provides
  - 4) supplied, fortified, interacted, teemed
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #726)

**23. Population Change (Prediction)**

Populations can change through three processes: fertility, mortality and migration. Fertility involves the number of children that women have and differs from fecundity (a woman's childbearing potential). Mortality **involves** the causes, consequences and measurement of processes affecting death in a population. Demographers most commonly study mortality using the Life Table, a statistical **device** which provides information about the mortality conditions (most notably the life expectancy) in the population. Migration refers to the movement of persons from an origin place to a destination place across some pre-defined political boundary. Migration researchers do not designate movements as migrations' **unless** they are somewhat permanent. Thus demographers do not consider tourists and travelers to be migrating. While demographers who study migration typically do so through census data on place of **residence**, indirect sources of data including tax forms and labor force surveys.

**Options:**

- 1) contributes, rotates, involves, indicates
  - 2) ingredient, room, factor, device
  - 3) but, though, unless, however
  - 4) commute, residence, life, health
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #724)

**24. Bones (Prediction)**

Bones also protect the organs in our bodies. The skull protects the brain and forms the shape of the face. The spinal cord, a pathway for messages between the brain and the body, is protected by the backbone, or spinal column. The ribs form a cage that **shelters** the heart and lungs, and the pelvis helps protect the bladder, part of the intestines, and in women, the reproductive organs. Bones are made up of a framework of a protein called collagen, with a mineral called calcium phosphate that makes the framework hard and strong. Bones store calcium and release some into the bloodstream when it's needed by other parts of the body. The amounts of certain vitamins and minerals that you eat, especially vitamin D and calcium, directly affect how much calcium is stored in the bones. Joints are where **two** bones meet. They make the skeleton flexible -- without them, movement would be impossible. Joints allow our bodies to move in many ways. Some joints open and close like a hinge (such as knees and elbows), whereas others allow for more complicated movement -- a shoulder or hip joint, for example, allows for backward, forward, sideways, and rotating movement. Joints are classified by their range of movement: Immovable, or fibrous, joints don't move. The dome of the skull, for example, is made of bony plates, which move slightly during birth and then fuse together as the skull finishes growing. Between the edges of these plates are links, or joints, of fibrous tissue. Fibrous joints also hold the teeth in the jawbone. Partially movable, or cartilaginous, joints move a little. They are linked by cartilage, as in the spine. Each of the vertebrae in the spine moves in relation to the one above and below it, and together these movements give the spine its flexibility. Freely movable, or synovial (pronounced: sih-NO-vee-ul), joints move in many directions. The main joints of the body -- such as those found at the hip, shoulders, elbows, knees, wrists, and ankles -- are freely movable. They are filled with synovial fluid, which acts as a lubricant to help the joints move easily. **Three** kinds of freely movable joints play a big part in voluntary movement: Hinge joints allow movement in one direction, as seen in the knees and elbows. Pivot joints allow a rotating or twisting motion, like that of the head moving from side to side. Ball-and-socket joints allow the greatest freedom of movement. The hips and shoulders have this type of joint, in which the round end of a long bone fits into the hollow of another bone.

**Options:**

- 1) alleviates, incurs, moves, shelters
  - 2) that, which, one, two
  - 3) All, Two, one, Three
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #723)

**25. Interdisciplinary Centre (Prediction)**

A new interdisciplinary centre for the study of the frontiers of the universe, from the tiniest subatomic particle to the largest chain of galaxies, has been formed at The University of Texas at Austin. The Texas Cosmology Centre will be a way for the university's departments of Astronomy and Physics to **collaborate** on research that concerns them both 'This centre will bring the two departments together in an area where they **overlap** --in the physics of the very early universe,' said Dr. Neal Evans, Astronomy Department chair. Astronomical observations have **revealed** the presence of dark matter and dark energy, **discoveries** that challenge our knowledge of fundamental physics. And today's leading theories in physics involve energies so high that no Earth-bound particle accelerator can test them. They need the universe as their **laboratory**. Steven Weinberg, Nobel laureate and professor of physics at the university, called the Centre's **advent** a very exciting development for that department.

**Options:**

- 1) separate, collaborate, participate, cooperative
  - 2) overlapped, overload, overlap, folded
  - 3) proved, release, revealed, illustrate
  - 4) researches, discoveries, finding, studies
  - 5) workshop, library, laboratory, basement
  - 6) adventure, movement, advent, approach
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #722)

**26. Spotted Owls (Prediction)**

Our analysis of the genetic structure of northern spotted owls across most of the range of the subspecies allowed us to test for genetic discontinuities and identify landscape features that influence the subspecies' genetic structure. Although no **distinct** genetic breaks were found in northern spotted owls, **several** landscape features were important in structuring genetic variation. Dry, low elevation valleys and the high elevation Cascade and Olympic Mountains restricted gene flow, while the lower Oregon Coast Range **facilitated** gene flow, acting as a 'genetic corridor.' The Columbia River did not act as a barrier, **suggesting** owls readily fly over this large river. Thus, even in taxa such as northern spotted owls with potential for longdistance dispersal, landscape features can have an important impact on gene flow and genetic structure.

**Options:**

- 1) distinct, resemble, obvious, assemble
  - 2) few, several, much, many
  - 3) hindered, embedded, enabled, facilitated
  - 4) suggesting, demonstrating, telling, stating
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #719)

**27. Progressive Enhancement (Prediction)**

Progressive enhancement is a design practice based on the idea that instead of designing for the least capable browser, or mangling our code to make a site look the same in every browser, we should provide a core set of functionality and information to all users, and then **progressively enhance** the appearance and behavior of the site for users of more capable browsers. It's very productive development practice. **Instead of spending** hours working out how to add drop shadows to the borders of an element in every browser, we simply use the standards-based approach for browsers that support it and don't even attempt to implement it in browsers that don't. After all, the users of older and less capable browsers won't know what they are missing. The **biggest challenge** to progressive enhancement is the belief among developers and clients that websites should look the same in every browser. As a developer, you can simplify your life and dedicate your time to more interesting challenges if you let go of this outdated notion and embrace progressive enhancement.

**Options:**

- 1) moderately emphasize, progressively enhance, gently implicate, gradually dilapidate
  - 2) In addition to taking, With respect to assuming, Instead of spending, Thanks to conserving
  - 3) biggest challenge, finest opportunity, easiest issue, barest risk
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #645)

**28. English in Change (Prediction)**

English has been changing throughout its lifetime and it's still changing today. For most of us, these changes are fine as long as they're well and truly in the past. Paradoxically, we can be **curious** about

word origins and the stories behind the structures we find in our language, but we **experience** a queasy distaste for any change that might be happening right under our noses. There are even language critics who are **convinced** that English is dying, or if not dying at least being progressively **crippled** through long years of mistreatment.

**Options:**

- 1) scared, cranky, worried, curious
  - 2) have, with scare, deal, experience
  - 3) satisfied, persuaded, reassured, convinced
  - 4) crippled, lost, disabled, dented
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #714)

**29. Rocket (Prediction)**

SpaceX's Falcon 9 rocket lifted off from Cape Canaveral, Florida, on Friday at 1845 GMT (1445 EDT), reaching orbit 9 minutes later. The rocket lofted an uncrewed **mockup** of SpaceX's Dragon capsule, which is designed to one-day carry both crew and cargo to orbit. 'This has been a good day for SpaceX and a **promising** development for the US human space flight programme,' said Robyn Ringuette of SpaceX in a webcast of the launch. In a teleconference with the media on Thursday, SpaceX's CEO, Paypal co-founder Elon Musk, said he would consider the flight 100 percent successful if it reached **orbit**. ' Even if we prove out just that the first stage functions correctly, I'd still say that's a good day for a test,' he said. ' It's a great day if both stages work correctly.' SpaceX hopes to win a NASA **contract** to launch astronauts to the International Space Station using the Falcon 9. US government space shuttles, which currently make these trips, are scheduled to **retire** for safety reasons at the end of 2010.

**Options:**

- 1) setup, mockup, setting, base
  - 2) promising, hopefully, rapid, encouraging
  - 3) track, orbit, path, trajectory
  - 4) trust, contract, support, arrangement
  - 5) accelerate, launch, resign, retire
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #713)

**30. History Books (Prediction)**

What history books tell us about the past is not everything that happened, but what historians **have selected**. They cannot put in everything: choices have to be made. Choices must similarly be made about which aspects of the past should be formally taught to the next generation in the shape of school history lessons. So, **for example**, when a national school curriculum for England and Wales was first discussed at the end of the 1980s, the history curriculum was the subject of considerable public and media **interest**. Politicians argued about it; people wrote letters to the press about it; the Prime Minister of the time, Margaret Thatcher, **intervened** in the debate. Let us think first about the question of content. There were two main camps on this issue \_ those who thought the history of Britain should take pride of **place**, and those who favored what was referred to as 'world history'.



**Options:**

- 1) be selected, have selected, been selected, select
  - 2) as a result, in respect to, for example, subjectively
  - 3) preference, tracks, interest, tastes
  - 4) had intervened, intervened, was intervened, was intervening
  - 5) location, place, culture, opportunity
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #708)

**31. Online Campus (Prediction)**

Remember when universities were bursting at the seams with students sitting in the aisles, balancing books on their knees? No more, it seems. E-learning is as likely to stand for empty lecture theatres as for the internet **revolution**, which has greatly increased the **volume** and range of course materials available online in the past five years. "The **temptation** now is to simply think, 'Everything will be online so I don't need to go to class'," said Dr Kerri-Lee Krause, of the Centre for the Study of Higher Education at the University of Melbourne. The nation's universities are in the process of opening the doors for the new academic year and, while classes are generally well **attended** for the early weeks, it often does not last. "There is concern at the university level about student **attendance** dropping and why students are not coming to lectures," Dr Krause said. But lecturers' pride – and **fierce** competition among universities for students – mean few are willing to acknowledge publicly how poorly attended many classes are.

**Options:**

- 1) revolution, period, change, time
  - 2) amount, number, weight, volume
  - 3) interest, temptation, attraction, trigger
  - 4) designed, placed, participated, attended
  - 5) attendance, identity, participation, appearance
  - 6) intensive, less, fierce, brutal
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #706)

**32. United Nations (Prediction)**

The United Nations is an international organization founded in 1945. Due to its unique international character, and the powers vested in its founding Charter, the organization can take **action** on a wide range of issues and provide a forum for its 193 Member States to **express** their views, through the General Assembly, the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council and other bodies and committees. The work of the United Nations reaches every **corner** of the globe. Although best known for peacekeeping, peacebuilding, conflict **prevention** and humanitarian assistance, there are many other ways the United Nations and its System (specialized agencies, funds and programmes) affect our lives and make the world a better place.

**Options:**

- 1) advantage, recognition, action, promotion
  - 2) reveal, release, contradict, express
  - 3) war, corner, meeting, time
  - 4) prediction, renovation, invention, prevention
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #700)

**33. Sleep Patterns (Prediction)**

Children have **sound** sleep patterns. They can **successfully** sleep for 8–9 hours and get up at a fixed

time. But teenagers don't. Their need of an early start to schools or other schedules can **influence** their sleep patterns. **Despite** these **factors**, they actually need longer sleep. So, parents should try and speak to their children, who are **suitable** to help them understand that a night of sound sleep is always helpful.

**Options:**

- 1) sound, loud, erratic, poor
  - 2) periodically, successfully, hardly, barely
  - 3) effect, influence, gained, diverge
  - 4) However, Despite, Because, Unless
  - 5) probabilities, factors, particles, forms
  - 6) reinforced, suitable, lucky, linking
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #699)

### 34. Politics Disciplines (Prediction)

This course provides students with an in-depth understanding of the exciting disciplines of politics and international relations and commerce. Students will learn about the **workings** of political institutions in countries around the world and explore the complex field of relations between nations. Topics in governance, public policy, public administration, national security, border control and commerce ensure that students receive a **broad** and current education in the range of issues which are covered under the label of politics and international relations and commerce. In addition to acquiring specialist **knowledge** and competencies in Politics and International Relations and Commerce, students will graduate with a range of generic skills such as critical thinking, enhanced communication abilities, problem solving and strong capacities to work with others. They will also develop ethically based and socially **responsible** attitudes and behaviors.

**Options:**

- 1) workings, principles, roles, structure
  - 2) brood, confined, narrow, broad
  - 3) information, experience, knowledge, abilities
  - 4) responsible, accountability, responsibility, liable
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #642)

### 35. Australian Women Novelists (Prediction)

In the literary world, it was an accepted assumption that the 1970s was a time of unprecedented growth in homegrown Australian fiction. And everybody was reading and talking about books by young Australian women. But it was **not until** recently that a researcher was able to measure just how many novels were published in that decade, and she found that there had been a decline in novels by Australian writers overall, but confirmed an increase in women's novels. It is this sort of research – testing ideas about literary history – that **is becoming** possible with the spread of 'Digital Humanities.' The intersection of Humanities and digital technologies **is opening up** opportunities in the fields of literature, linguistics, history and language that **were not possible** without computational methods and digitized resources to bring information together in an accessible way. Transcription software is being developed for turning scans of books and documents into text, as the field of digital humanities really takes **off**.

**Options:**

- 1) not until, until, impossible, till
  - 2) should become, must become, is becoming, will become
  - 3) is opened to, is opening up, is opened up, is opening to
  - 4) were not possible, was not possible, could be possible, can be possible
  - 5) in, off, on, over
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #698)

**36. Bizarre Universe (Prediction)**

It seems we live in a bizarre universe. One of the greatest mysteries in the whole of science is the prospect that 75% of the Universe is made up from a mysterious **substance** known as 'Dark Energy', which causes an acceleration of the cosmic expansion. Since a further 21% of the Universe is made up from invisible 'Cold Dark Matter' that can only be **detected** through its gravitational effects, the ordinary atomic matter making up the rest is apparently only 4% of the total cosmic budget. These **discoveries** require a shift in our perception as great as that made after Copernicus' **revelation** that the Earth moves around the Sun. This lecture will start by reviewing the chequered history of Dark Energy, not only since Einstein's proposal for a similar entity in 1917, but by tracing the concept back to Newton's ideas. This lecture will **summarize** the current evidence for Dark Energy and future surveys in which UCL is heavily involved: the 'Dark Energy Survey', the Hubble Space Telescope and the proposed Euclid space mission.

**Options:**

- 1) stuff, matter, substance, material
  - 2) deducted, observed, seen, detected
  - 3) innovations, studies, discoveries, theories
  - 4) revelation, suspicion, conviction, revolution
  - 5) overthrow, admit, summarize, focus
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #696)

**37. Siblings (Prediction)**

No two siblings are the same, not even **identical** twins. Parents often **puzzle** about why their children are so different from one another. They'll say, I **brought** them up all the same. They forget that what **determines** our behaviour isn't what happens to us but how we **interpret** what happens to us, and no two people ever see anything in exactly the same way.

**Options:**

- 1) alike, same as, identical, fraternal
  - 2) confuse, guess, puzzle, inquiry
  - 3) raised, brought, grew, fed
  - 4) cause, determines, leads, limits
  - 5) interpret, interrupt, interact, introduce
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #695)

**38. Joseph Engelberger (Prediction)**

Joseph Engelberger, a pioneer in industrial robotics, once remarked 'I can't **define** a robot but I know one when I see one'. If you consider all the different **machines** people **call** robots, you can see that it's nearly impossible to come up with a **comprehensive** definition. Everybody has a **different** idea of what constitutes a robot.

**Options:**

- 1) distinguish, confirm, explain, define
  - 2) units, mechanism, machines, items
  - 3) assemble, create, call, fix
  - 4) complicated, comprehensive, unique, simple
  - 5) same, different, single, perfective
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #694)

**39. Business (Prediction)**

One distinguishing feature of business is its economic character. In the world of business, we interact with each other not as family members, friends, or neighbors, but as buyers and **sellers**, employers and employees, and the like. Trading, for example, is often **accompanied** by hard bargaining, in which both sides conceal their full hand and perhaps **engage** in some bluffing. And a skilled salesperson is well-**versed** in the art of arousing a customer's attention (sometimes by a bit of puffery) to **clinch** the sale. Still, there is an "ethics of trading" that prohibits the use of false or deceptive claims and tricks such as "bait-and-switch" advertising.

**Options:**

- 1) sellers, solicitors, tellers, traders
  - 2) accompanied, customized, complimented, accomplished
  - 3) engage, thrive, flourish, conduct
  - 4) informed, staffed, equipped, versed
  - 5) hitch, solve, bust, clinch
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #692)

**40. Investment Choice (Prediction)**

Men and women are making different choices about their retirement savings, which could lead to very different investment outcomes, according to Dr Claire Matthews, Director of Financial Planning at Massey University's Centre for Banking Studies. Speaking at the 2012 New Zealand Finance Colloquium, held at Massey University's Albany campus last week, Dr Matthews said demographic characteristics had a substantial impact on the choices people made about KiwiSaver funds and retirement savings more generally. **When it came to** fund selection, she found there were significant differences based on gender. Men are more likely to invest in aggressive and growth funds, while women are more likely to choose conservative funds. "Males are risk takers, **whether** it's in their choice of car or their investment fund," she says. "But when it comes to long-term savings, risk taking can actually be an advantage." Dr Matthews also found that men are more likely than women to have prior savings when joining KiwiSaver. Just over half of male respondents said they had savings already, while only 38% of women did. "These figures reflect and confirm, quite disappointingly, the difference between males and females and the level of interest they take in financial planning," Dr Matthews says. "It's important for all New Zealanders to be better educated about their personal finances, but this is particularly so for women." Other demographic factors, including age, ethnicity, education, and income, can also influence the choices **being** made about retirement savings. Dr Matthews found that those with bachelor and higher degrees, and those in households with a pre-tax income of \$100,000 or more, were more likely to choose aggressive and **growth** funds. **On the other hand**, both the youngest and oldest age groups were more likely to be invested in **conservative** funds. While this might be appropriate for the life-cycle stage of older investors, it might not be so appropriate for younger, longer-term investors.

**Options:**

- 1) Apart from, In spite of, As far as, When it came to
  - 2) if, only, unless, whether
  - 3) being, had, have, were
  - 4) retrogressive, steady, challenging, growth
  - 5) To be honest, Last but not least, For example, On the other hand
  - 6) constructive, compensative, consecutive, conservative
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #691)

**41. Delegation (Prediction)**

The process of delegation comprises the decision to delegate, the briefing, and the follow-up. At each of these points, **anticipate** the potential problems. When you delegate, you are not delegating the right to perform an **action**, you are delegating the right to make decisions. It is important to be **flexible**, as the person to whom you delegate may have a better and faster way of completing a job than you. **Overall** responsibility for a delegated task remains with you. It is helpful to others if you can provide **constructive** feedback on their performance.

**Options:**

- 1) account, answer, arise, anticipate
  - 2) aspiration, action, activity, articulation
  - 3) fluid, feasible, flexible, fixed
  - 4) Overlapping, Overestimated, Overall, Overarching
  - 5) credential, conclusive, constructive, effusive
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #690)

**42. Crime (Prediction)**

Crime is an integral part of everyday life. It is a prominent **feature** in the news and is a popular subject for fictional portrayal. Most students commencing legal studies will have some **experience** of crime, whether directly, as a victim of crime or indirectly through exposure to media coverage. This means that most offenses **covered** on the syllabus, such as murder, theft and rape will be familiar terms. This tends to give students the impression that they know more about criminal law than they do about other subjects on the syllabus. This can be a real disadvantage **in terms of** the academic study of criminal law because it tends to lead students to rely on preconceived notion of the nature and scope of the offenses and to reach instinctive, but often legally inaccurate, conclusions. It is absolutely **essential** to success in criminal law that you put aside any prior knowledge of the offenses and focus on the principles of law derived from statutes and cases. **By** doing this, you will soon appreciate just how much difference there is between everyday conceptions of crime and its actuality.

**Options:**

- 1) feature, point, headline, fuss
  - 2) understanding, imagination, knowledge, experience
  - 3) shed, covered, shaded, cast
  - 4) in accordance with, in terms of, by comparison with, under guarantee of
  - 5) inevitable, responsible, essential, coercive
  - 6) For, Despite, By, Without
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #689)

**43. Writing Style (Prediction)**

Learning to write well in college means learning (or re-learning) how to write clearly and plainly. Now that doesn't mean that plainness is the only good style, or that you should become a **slave** to spare, unadorned writing. Formality and ornateness have their place, and in **competent** hands complexity can take us on a dizzying, breathtaking journey. But most students, most of the time should **strive** to be sensibly simple to develop a baseline style of short words, active verbs and relatively simple sentence **conveying** clear actions or identities. It's faster, it makes arguments easier to follow, it increases the chances a busy reader will bother to pay attention, and it lets you **focus** more attention on your moments of rhetorical flourish which I do not advise abandoning altogether.

**Options:**

- 1) solder, person, staff, slave
  - 2) helping, competent, comparative, heaving
  - 3) commit, reject, strive, stick
  - 4) concealing, conveying, defining, confining
  - 5) rise, focus, pin, span
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #688)

**44. Distance Learning (Prediction)**

Distance learning can be highly beneficial to a large variety of people from young students wanting to expand their horizons to adults looking for more job security, with programs that allow learners of all ages to take courses for fun, personal advancement and degrees, distance learning can **meet** the needs of a diverse population. Perhaps one of the most notable and often talked about **advantages** of distance learning is the flexibility the majority of programs allow students to learn when and where it's convenient for them. For **those** who are struggling to balance their distance learning goals with working a fulltime job and taking care of a family this kind of flexibility can allow many people to pursue education who would not otherwise be able to do so. **Since** there are no on-campus courses to attend, students can learn from their own homes, at work on their lunch breaks and from virtually anywhere with internet access. For some it can even be a big source of savings on the fuel costs and time required to commute to classes.

**Options:**

- 1) claim, achieve, devise, meet
  - 2) definitions, factors, advantages, defaults
  - 3) employers, them, those, teachers
  - 4) Although, Thus, Nevertheless, Since
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #687)

**45. Language (Prediction)**

Language comes so naturally to us that it is easy to forget what a strange and miraculous gift it is. All over the world members of our **species** fashion their breath into hisses and hums and squeaks and pops and listen to others do the **same**. We do this, of course, not only because we like the sounds but because details of the sounds contain information about the **intentions** of the person making them. We, humans, are fitted with a means of **sharing** our ideas, in all their unfathomable vastness. When we listen to speech, we can be led to think thoughts that have never been thought before and that never would have **occurred** to us on our own. Behold, the bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed. Man is born free, and everywhere he is in chains. Emma Woodhouse, handsome, clever, and rich, with a comfortable home and happy disposition, seemed to unite some of the best blessings of existence. Energy equals mass times the speed of light squared. I have found it impossible to carry the heavy burden of responsibility and to discharge my duties as King without the help and support of

the woman I love.

**Options:**

- 1) genre, category, group, species
  - 2) same, so, liking, correspondence
  - 3) intentions, interventions, determinations, attempts
  - 4) rendering, loading, turning, sharing
  - 5) appeared, occurred, risen, opened
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #686)

**46. English Language (Prediction)**

English is the world's language. Such **dominance** has its downside, of course. There are now about 6,800 languages left in the world, compared with perhaps **twice** that number back at the dawn of agriculture. Thanks in **part** to the rise of uber-languages, most importantly English, the remaining languages are now dying at the **rate** of about one a fortnight.

**Options:**

- 1) dominance, area, field, situation
  - 2) once, representing, duplicating, twice
  - 3) sense, terms, part, relation
  - 4) growth, velocity, rate, development
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #685)

**47. Parasitic Plants (Prediction) (Incomplete)**

**Points:** 要点：关于寄生植物parasitic plants 与宿主植物host plants之间的互生关系。第一个空： Flowers are pollinated well and their seeds are (dispersed) 第二个空： they are (co-evolved) to 第三个空： the results will be (upsetting) for both species.  
(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #684)

**48. Film (Prediction)**

Film is where art meets commerce. **As** Orson Welles said:"A painter just needs a brush and the writer just needs a pen, but the producer needs an army." And an army needs money. A producer is just like an entrepreneur, and we **raise** money to make films. First, we need to find an original idea or a book or a play and purchase the rights, then we need money to develop that idea, often a reasonably small sum. **Besides** , to commission a writer for the screenplay isn't something you would want to gamble your own money on, so you find a partner. We are lucky here in the UK, **as** we have Film 4, BBC Films and the UK Film Council, all of **which** are good places to develop an idea. Producing in Britain is very different to producing in America or **even** Europe because the economic dynamic is different.

**Options:**

- 1) As, Likely, Unlike, Despite
  - 2) raise, arise, rise, raze
  - 3) Nevertheless, Or, Besides, Thus
  - 4) by, but, as, instead
  - 5) them, that, those, which
  - 6) until, even, unless, ever
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #683)

**49. Foreign Policy (Prediction)**

The foreign policy of a state, it is often argued, begins and ends with the border. No doubt an exaggeration, this aphorism nevertheless has an **element** of truth. A state's relation with its neighbors, at least in the **formative** years, are greatly influenced by its frontier policy, especially when there are no **settled** borders. Empire builders in the past sought to extend imperial frontiers for a variety of reasons; subjugation of kings and princes to gain their **allegiance** (as well as handsome tributes or the coffers of the state), and, security of the core of the empire from external attacks by establishing a string of buffer states in areas **adjoining** the frontiers. The history of British empire in India was no different. It is important to note in this connection that the concept of international boundaries (between two sovereign states), demarcated and **delineated**, was yet to emerge in India under Mughal rule.

**Options:**

- 1) element, exertion, evidence, explanation
  - 2) cultivating, early, formative, developing
  - 3) disputed, irregular, nether, settled
  - 4) fame, credit, allegiance, prestige
  - 5) adjoining, joining, jointing, adjourning
  - 6) delineated, divided, circled, deposited
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #682)

**50. Allergies (Prediction)**

What are allergies? Allergies are abnormal immune system reactions to things that are typically harmless to most people. When you're allergic to something, your immune system **mistakenly** believes that this substance is harmful to your body. (Substances that cause allergic reactions— such as certain foods, dust, plant pollen, or medicines— are known as allergens.) In an attempt to **protect** the body, the immune system produces IgE antibodies to that allergen. Those antibodies then cause certain cells in the body to **release** chemicals into the bloodstream, one of which is histamine (pronounced: HIS–tuh–meen). The histamine then **acts** on the eyes, nose, throat, lungs, skin, or gastrointestinal tract and causes the symptoms of the allergic reaction. Future exposure to that same allergen will trigger this **antibody** response again. This means that every time you come into contact with that allergen, you'll have some form of allergy symptoms.

**Options:**

- 1) mistakenly, misleadingly, involuntarily, unprovokedly
  - 2) protect, strengthen, equip, hedge
  - 3) dissolve, thicken, release, crystallize
  - 4) stings, offends, reacts, acts
  - 5) antigen, counter, antibody, physiological
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #680)

**51. Oxford Course (Prediction)**

When I enrolled in my master's course at Oxford last year, I had come straight from medical school with the decision to leave clinical science for good. Thinking back, I realize that I didn't put very much weight on this decision at the time. But today, I more clearly understand the **consequences** of leaving my original profession. When I meet old friends who are now physicians and surgeons, I sense how our views on medical problems have **diverged**. They scrutinize the effects of disease and try to eliminate or alleviate them; I try to understand how they come about in the first place. I feel happier working on this side of the problem, although I do occasionally miss clinical work and seeing patients. However, when I think about the rate at which my medical skills and knowledge have **dissipated**, the years spent



reading weighty medical textbooks, the hours spent at the bedside, I sometimes wonder if these years were partly a **waste** of time now that I am pursuing a research career. Nonetheless, I know the value of my medical education. It is easy to forget the importance of the biosciences when working with model organisms in basic research that seem to have nothing to do with a sick child or a suffering elderly person. Yet, I still have vivid memories of the cruel kaleidoscope of severe diseases and of how they can **strike** a human being. I hope to retain these memories as a guide in my current occupation.

**Options:**

- 1) subsequences, consequences, successors, successions
  - 2) unified, diverged, converged, diversified
  - 3) disappeared, disclosed, dipped, dissipated
  - 4) consumption, waste, misuse, splash
  - 5) strike, jar, pounce, simulate
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #674)

**52. Museum (Prediction)**

The best way to experience the museum is from the top floor down. One emerges from the elevators into a spacious hallway. At some hours, museum staff members are giving small hands–on **demonstrations** of techniques such as quillwork. These activities take place near wall cases filled with objects. These small surveys of the museum's vast holdings are called "Windows on the Collection." Appearing on every floor in the halls that **overlook** the rotunda, these display cases serve as a kind of visible storage, presenting a panoply of objects and materials. Their arrangements are artistic, and their contents perhaps **intentionally** designed to jar the visitor. For example, the largest case on the fourth floor displays animal imagery of all sorts. Older **sculptures** of birds, mammals and sea creatures **appear** alongside witty contemporary works such as Larry Beck's version of a Yup'ik mask made of rubber tire treads and metal tools, and Jim Schoppert's "Walrus Loves Baby Clams" mask. Recently–made ivory carvings challenge the common distinction between so–called "authentic fine art" and commodity( a distinction which may be passe in the academic world, but which still **holds** strong among much of the general public).

**Options:**

- 1) articles, patterns, specimens, demonstrations
  - 2) override, overwhelm, overturn, overlook
  - 3) intentionally, inevitably, inadvertently, favourably
  - 4) statutes, totems, images, sculptures
  - 5) present, flourish, appear, scatter
  - 6) insists, notes, holds, heaves
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #671)

**53. Dictatorship (Prediction)**

Dictatorship is not a modern concept. Two thousand years ago, during the period of the Roman Republic, exceptional powers were sometimes given by the Senate to **individual** dictators such as Sulla and Julius Caesar. The **intention** was that the dictatorship would be temporary and that it would make it **possible** to take swift and effective action to deal with an emergency. There is some **disagreement** as how the term should be applied today. Should it be used in its original form to describe the temporary exercise of emergency powers? Or can it now be **applied** in a much broader sense as common usage suggests?

**Options:**

- 1) exclusive, individual, inclusive, special
  - 2) significance, intention, effort, meaning
  - 3) patient, urgent, immediate, possible
  - 4) agreement, treatment, treaty, disagreement
  - 5) applied, corresponded, avoided, responded
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #669)

**54. Ironbridge Gorge (Prediction)**

The Ironbridge Gorge World Heritage property covers an area of 5.5 km<sup>2</sup> (550ha) and is located in Telford, Shropshire, approximately 50km north–west of Birmingham. The Industrial Revolution **had its 18th century roots in** the Ironbridge Gorge before spreading across the world, bringing with it some of the most far–reaching changes in human history. The site **incorporates a 5km length of** the steep–sided, mineral–rich Severn Valley from a point immediately west of Ironbridge downstream to Coalport, together with two smaller river valleys extending northwards to Coalbrookdale and Madeley. The Ironbridge Gorge **offers a powerful insight** into the origins of the Industrial Revolution and also contains **extensive** remains of that period when the area was the focus of international attention from artists, engineers, and writers. The site contains substantial remains of mines, foundries, factories, workshops, warehouses, ironmasters' and workers' housing, public buildings, infrastructure, and transport systems, together with traditional landscape and forests of the Severn Gorge. In addition, there **also remain extensive collections** of artifacts and archives relating to the individuals, processes, and products that made the area so important. Today, the site is a living working community with a population of approximately 4000 people. It is also **a historic landscape** that is interpreted and made accessible through the work of a number of organizations, in particular, the Ironbridge Gorge Museum Trust established in 1967 to preserve and interpret the remains of the Industrial Revolution within the Ironbridge Gorge) and the Severn Gorge Countryside Trust established in 1991 to manage the woodland and grassland in the Gorge.

**Options:**

- 1) overturned the fascinating image of, have its modern impression over, had its 18th century roots in, came to an abrupt halt in
  - 2) fuses a 5km width of, incorporates a 5km length of, expands a lot of, adds a finishing touch to
  - 3) presents an all–round explanation, offers a powerful insight, plays as an interference, performs an exploitation
  - 4) intensive, sparse, extensive, spatial
  - 5) is starting to be a range, must be a wide variety, also remain extensive collections, has to be a lot
  - 6) an unravelled puzzle, a cultural panorama, a historic landscape, a prospective vista
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #665)

**55. Lumière Brothers (Prediction)**

Our sense of cinema as a site of commercial entertainment can be traced back to the Lumière brothers. In December 1895 they **attracted** a fee–paying public in Paris to sit and watch flickering images on an illuminated screen. The commercial Pandora's Box they opened was to **blossom** in a few years into a world cinema **industry** and, at its peak, the fantastical Hollywood. Yet in the 30 years in which this miraculous construction was accomplished, audiences rarely **had to listen** to films, only watch them. **Hence** , the early decades of cinema were characterised by the title 'silent'. **In fact** , there was a lot of noise, machinery, audiences, musicians and commentators. Even so, the absence of

the human voice and **dialogue** make the films seem rather strange when viewed by a modern audience.

**Options:**

- 1) attracted, claimed, summoned, incited
  - 2) increase, bear, stage, blossom
  - 3) industry, business, undertaking, venture
  - 4) had to listen, listened, have listened, listen
  - 5) Hence, However, Though, Moreover
  - 6) In addition, Even though, In fact, If ever
  - 7) discussion, information, dialogue, argument
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #663)

**56. DNA (Prediction)**

DNA is a molecule that does two things. First, it acts as the **hereditary** material, which is passed down from generation to generation. Second, it directs, to a considerable extent, the construction of our bodies, telling our cells what kinds of molecules to make and **guiding** our development from a single-celled zygote to a fully formed adult. These two things are of course connected. The DNA sequences that construct the best bodies are more likely to get passed down to the next generation because well-constructed bodies are more likely to survive and **thus** to reproduce. This is Darwin's theory of natural selection stated in the language of DNA.

**Options:**

- 1) functional, hereditary, nutritional, metabolic
  - 2) establishing, guiding, pushing, determining
  - 3) thus, yet, so, nevertheless
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #662)

**57. Language Deficit (Prediction)**

This is a challenging time for UK students, and we should be making their transition from university to the globalized world easier, not harder. The British Academy has voiced its **concern** over the growing language deficit for some years, and the gloomy statistics speak for themselves. We need **decisive** action if we are remedying this worsening situation. The **roots** of the problem lie within schools, but Vice-Chancellors have the power to drive change and help their students recognize the importance of learning languages, and about the countries where they are spoken and the cultures they sustain. We **urge** them to act and protect this country's long term economic, social and cultural standing.

**Options:**

- 1) opinion, concern, criticism, expectation
  - 2) inclusive, decisive, perfunctory, exclusive
  - 3) roots, scourges, links, grounds
  - 4) suppress, appeal, persuade, urge
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #661)

**58. Chemistry (Prediction)**

Chemistry is an extremely important topic in physiology. Most physiological processes occur as the **result** of chemical changes that occur within the body. These changes include the influx/efflux of ions across a neuron's membrane, causing a **signal** to pass from one end to the other. Other examples

include the **storage** of oxygen in the blood by a protein as it passes through the lungs for **usage** throughout the body.

**Options:**

- 1) result, rule, background, cause
- 2) circuit, change, shortcut, signal
- 3) dissolution, creation, storage, consumption
- 4) share, coverage, transmission, usage

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #660)

### 59. Nutrition Scientists (Prediction)

Since nutrition scientists are constantly making new discoveries, we need to revise our **recommendations** for healthy eating from time to time. However, nutrition is an art as well as a **science**. It's an art because it requires creativity to develop a healthy eating plan for people who differ in their food preferences, beliefs and culture, let alone in their nutritional needs according to their genes and life stage. As we discover more about how our genes and our environment **interact**, it's becoming increasingly difficult to provide a single set of dietary recommendations that will be **suitable** for everyone.

**Options:**

- 1) recommendations, purposes, criticism, comments
- 2) technology, science, topic, philosophy
- 3) collaborate, intermingle, interact, disrupt
- 4) convenient, cheap, accessible, suitable

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #659)

### 60. Granular Material (Prediction)

Part of the fun of experimenting with granular materials, says Stephen W. Morris, is the showmanship. In one stunt that he has demonstrated in settings ranging from high school classrooms to television studios, the University of Toronto **physicist** loads clear plastic tubes with white table salt and black sand and starts them rotating. What transpires in the tubes usually knocks the socks off of any **unsuspecting** bystander. Instead of mixing into a drab gray sameness, the sand particles slowly separate into crisp black bands cutting across a long, narrow field of salt. As the spinning continues, some bands disappear and new ones arise. "It's a parlor trick," Morris says. Not to deny its entertainment value, this **demonstration** of how strangely granular materials can behave is also an **authentic** experiment in a field both rich in fundamental physics and major practical consequences. Yet granular mixing today remains more of an art than a **science**, says chemical engineer Fernando J.

**Options:**

- 1) psychologist, physicist, pharmacists, physicians
- 2) unprecedented, unsuspecting, representing, suspecting
- 3) theory, demonstration, exhibition, notion
- 4) traditional, authentic, acoustic, fake
- 5) tradition, science, hobby, computation

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #655)

### 61. Questionnaire (Prediction)

The How I Feel About My School questionnaire, designed by experts at the University of Exeter

Medical School, is **available** to download for free. It **uses** emoticon–style faces with options of happy, ok or sad. It asks children to rate how they feel in seven situations including on the way to school, in the classroom and in the playground. It is **designed** to help teachers and others to **communicate** with very young children on complex emotions. The project was supported by the National Institute for Health Research Collaboration for Applied Health Research and Care South West Peninsula ( NIHR PenCLAHRC). Professor Tamsin Ford, Professor of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry at the University of Exeter Medical School, **led** the design, involving children to give feedback on which style of questionnaire they could relate to best. She said: "When we're **carrying** out research in schools, it can be really hard to meaningfully assess how very young children are feeling. We couldn't find anything that could provide what we needed, so we decided to create something."

**Options:**

- 1) portable, legal, approachable, available
  - 2) transmits, uses, symbols, tells
  - 3) noticed, designed, influenced, consigned
  - 4) satisfy, communicate, calm, bargain
  - 5) led, received, investigated, knew
  - 6) deducing, making, carrying, setting
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #649)

**62. Romans (Prediction)**

Over many centuries and across many territories the Romans were able to win an astonishing number of military victories and their success was due to several important factors. Italy was a peninsula not easily attacked, there was a huge pool of fighting men to draw upon, a disciplined and innovative army, a centralized command and line of supply, expert engineers, effective diplomacy **through** a network of allies, and an **inclusive** approach to **conquered** peoples which allowed for the strengthening and broadening of the Roman power and logistical bases. **Further** , her allies not only supplied, equipped and paid for additional men but they also supplied vital materials such as grain and ships. On top of all, this Rome was more or less in a continuous state of war or readiness for it and believed absolutely in the necessity of defending and **imposing** on others what she firmly believed was her cultural superiority.

**Options:**

- 1) on, through, over, across
  - 2) allusive, inclusive, offensive, elusive
  - 3) conquered, conferred, overturned, converted
  - 4) Further, Recent, Because, So
  - 5) coercing, executing, imposing, promulgating
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #648)

**63. Cardona Salt Mountain (Prediction)**

Formed two million years ago when low–density salt was pushed up through the much harder materials surrounding it, the Cardona Salt Mountain is one of the largest domes of its kind in the world, and unique in Europe. While small amounts of other minerals pervade the savory hill, the salt pile **would have** a near **translucent** quality if not for the thin layer of reddish clay coating the exterior.

The **significance** of the mountain was recognized as early as the middle ages when Romans began exploiting the mountain for its salt, which began to bolster the young Cardonian **economy** . With the invention of industrial mining techniques, a mine was built into the side of the mountain and a thriving facility formed at its base as excavators dragged enormous amounts of potash (water–soluble) salt

from the innards of the hill. In addition to the mineral export, the locals of Cardona began making salt sculptures to sell and invented a number of hard, salty pastries unique to the area.

**Options:**

- 1) would have, have had, has, is having
  - 2) translucent, evanescent, opaque, iridescent
  - 3) performance, significance, vibration, maintenance
  - 4) correspondence, economy, accordance, trend
  - 5) Contrary to, In addition to, Because of, In spite of
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #647)

#### 64. Global Leadership (Prediction)

Education for Global Leadership: The Importance of International Studies and Foreign Language Education for U.S. Economic and National Security Committee for Economic Development.

To confront the twenty-first century challenges to our economy and national security, our education system must be strengthened to increase the foreign language skills and cultural awareness of our students. America's continued global leadership will depend on our students' abilities to interact with the world community both inside and outside our borders.

**Options:**

- 1) confront, accept, mount, rise
  - 2) be strengthened, strengthen, have strengthened, have been strengthened
  - 3) interact, exchange, benefit, respond
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #646)

#### 65. Emperor Penguin (Prediction)

The emperor is the giant of the penguin world and the most iconic of the birds of Antarctica. Gold patches on their ears and on the top of their chest brighten up their black heads. Emperors and their closest relative, the king penguin, have unique breeding cycles, with very long chick-rearing periods. The emperor penguins breed the furthest south of any penguin species, forming large colonies on the sea-ice surrounding the Antarctic continent. They are true Antarctic birds, rarely seen in the subantarctic waters. So that the chicks can fledge in the late summer season, emperors breed during the cold, dark winter, with temperatures as low as  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  and winds up to 200 km per hour. They trek 50–120 km (30–75 mls) over the ice to breeding colonies which may include thousands of individuals. The female lays a single egg in May then passes it over to her mate to incubate whilst she goes to sea to feed. For nine weeks the male fasts, losing 45% of his body weight. The male balances the egg on his feet, which are covered in a thick roll of skin and feathers. The egg can be  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$  warmer than the outside temperature.

**Options:**

- 1) clear up, brighten up, trade off, match up to
  - 2) have seen, seen, see, seeing
  - 3) up, on, out, off
  - 4) whilst, where, so, after
  - 5) covering, protected, covered, protecting
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #644)

#### 66. Opportunity Cost (Prediction)

Opportunity cost incorporates the notion of scarcity: No matter what we do, there is always a trade-

off. We must trade off one thing for another because resources are limited and can be used in different ways. **By acquiring something**, we use up resources that could have been used to acquire something else. The **notion** of opportunity cost allows us to measure this tradeoff. Most decisions **involve** several alternatives. For example, if you spend an hour studying for an economics exam, you have one fewer hour to **pursue** other activities. To **determine** the opportunity cost of an activity, we look at what you consider the best of these 'other' activities. For example, suppose the alternatives to studying economics are studying for a history exam or working in a job that pays \$10 per hour. If you consider studying for history a **better** use of your time than working, then the opportunity cost of studying economics is the four extra points you could have received on a history exam if you studied history instead of economics. Alternatively, if working is the best alternative, the opportunity cost of studying economics is the \$10 you could have earned instead.

**Options:**

- 1) Despite spending nothing, When deserting something, By acquiring something, Upon sustaining anything
  - 2) probability, use, notion, ideal
  - 3) exclude, fragment, involve, validate
  - 4) pursue, host, launch, change
  - 5) reduce, raise, grasp, determine
  - 6) better, worst, best, worse
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #643)

**67. Tutankhamun (Prediction)**

The last tourists may have been leaving the Valley of the Kings on the West Bank in Luxor but the area in front of the tomb of Tutankhamun remained far from deserted. Instead of the **tranquillity** that usually descends on the area in the evening it was a hive of activity. TV crews trailed masses of equipment, journalists milled and photographers held their cameras at the ready. The reason? For the first time since Howard Carter **discovered** the tomb in 1922 the mummy of Tutankhamun was being prepared for public display. Inside the subterranean burial chamber Egypt's archaeology supremo Zahi Hawass, **accompanied** by four Egyptologists, two restorers and three workmen, were slowly lifting the mummy from the golden sarcophagus where it has been rested -- mostly undisturbed -- for more than 3,000 years. The body was then placed on a wooden stretcher and **transported** to its new home, a high-tech, climate-controlled plexi-glass showcase located in the outer chamber of the tomb where, covered in linen, with only the face and feet exposed, it now greets visitors.

**Options:**

- 1) equality, peace, equivalence, tranquillity
  - 2) showed, founded, discovered, invented
  - 3) accomplished, complimented, accompanied, affected
  - 4) commuted, moved, transported, convey
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #639)

**68. Seatbelt (Prediction)**

I am a cyclist and a motorist. I fasten my seatbelt when I drive and wear a helmet on my bike to reduce the risk of injury. I am convinced that these are prudent safety measures. I have persuaded many friends to wear helmets on the grounds that transplant surgeons call those without helmets, "donors on wheels". But a book on 'Risk' by my colleague John Adams has made me re-examine my **prejudices**. Adams has completely **undermined** my confidence in these apparently sensible precautions. What he has persuasively argued, particularly in relation to seat belts, is that the

evidence that they do what they are supposed to do is very suspect. This is in **spite of** numerous claims that seat belts save many thousands of lives every year. There is remarkable data on the years 1970 and 1978 countries in which the wearing of seat belts is **compulsory** have had on average about 5 per cent more road accident deaths following the introduction of the law. In the UK, road deaths have decreased steadily from about 7,000 a year in 1972 to just over 4,000 in 1989. There is no evidence in the trend for any effect of the seat belt law that was introduced in 1983. Moreover, there is evidence that the number of cyclists and pedestrians killed actually increased by about 10 per cent.

**Options:**

- 1) decisions, prejudices, minds, obsessions
  - 2) supported, revoked, damaged, undermined
  - 3) front of, spite of, contrast with, accordance with
  - 4) introduced, approved, accepted, compulsory
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #634)

**69. Private Schools (Prediction)**

Private schools in the UK are redoubling their marketing efforts to foreigners. Almost a third of the 68,000 boarding pupils at such schools **already** come from overseas. But now, with many UK residents **unwilling** or unable to afford the fee – top boarding schools **edging towards** £30,000 (\$49,759) a year – and a cultural **shift** away from boarding, many schools are looking abroad to survive. Overseas students now **account** for about £500m of fee income a year for boarding schools in the UK.

**Options:**

- 1) never, already, yet, often
  - 2) incapable, eager, unwilling, afraid
  - 3) edging along, edging down, edging towards, edging away
  - 4) switch, transfer, shift, change
  - 5) count, allocate, account, portion
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #633)

**70. Hairstyles (Prediction)**

With their punk hairstyles and bright colors, marmosets and tamarins are among the most attractive primates on earth. These fast-moving, lightweight animals live in the rainforests of South America. Their small size **makes** it easy for them to dart about the trees, catching insects and small animals such as lizards, frogs, and snails. Marmosets have another unusual food **source** – they use their chisel-like incisor teeth to dig into tree bark and lap up the gummy sap that seeps out, leaving telltale, oval-shaped **holes** in the **branches** when they have finished. But as vast tracts of rainforest are cleared for plantations and cattle ranches marmosets and tamarins are in serious **danger** of extinction.

**Options:**

- 1) brings, makes, takes, claims
  - 2) originality, provenience, source, origin
  - 3) swell, ramp, holes, bump
  - 4) grasses, branches, trees, roots
  - 5) fatal, endangered, safe, danger
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #630)



## 71. Questions (Prediction)

You have about 30 minutes to answer each question. You must take **account** of how many marks are **available** for each part when you answer it. Even if you think you can write more, don't spend 15 minutes **answering** a part worth only 5 marks. Leave space at the end of your answer and come back to it if you have **time** to **spare** later. And if you can't think of an answer to some part, leave a space and move on to the next part. Don't write about something else if you don't know the correct answer – this is just a waste of your **valuable** time (and the examiner's).

### Options:

- 1) care, grant, charge, account
  - 2) reasonable, rational, possible, available
  - 3) scoring, marking, answering, ignoring
  - 4) life, space, time, mind
  - 5) use, waste, left, spare
  - 6) available, valuable, useful, beneficial
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #628)

## 72. Water Security (Prediction)

Equally critical is the challenge of water security. The UN Environment Programme (UNEP) has pointed out that about one– third of the world's population lives in countries with moderate to high water stress, with a **disproportionate** impact on the poor. With current projected global population growth, the task of providing water for human **sustenance** will become increasingly difficult. And increasing competition over this scarce but vital resource may fuel instability and conflict within states as well as between states. The UN is doing a great deal in both areas to proactively foster **collaboration** among Member States. UNEP has long been actively addressing the water issue together with partner UN **agencies** and other organizations. Looking ahead, the UN can do more to build synergies of technology, policy and capacity in this field. In this **regard**, events like the annual World Water Week in Stockholm come to the forefront of the public mind when talking about championing water issues.

### Options:

- 1) singular, equal, disproportionate, improper
  - 2) sustainability, living, maintenance, sustenance
  - 3) conflict, collaboration, association, merging
  - 4) agencies, cooperates, partners, companies
  - 5) regard, speculation, consideration, level
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #627)

## 73. Jury (Prediction)

Serving on a jury is normally compulsory for individuals who are **qualified** for jury service. A jury is **intended** to be an impartial panel capable of reaching a verdict. There are often **procedures** and requirements, including a fluent understanding of the language and the opportunity to test juror's neutrality or otherwise exclude jurors who are perceived as likely to be less than **neutral** or partial to one side.

### Options:

- 1) equalled, qualified, able, capable
- 2) intended, failed, used, likely
- 3) procedures, processes, necessities, steps
- 4) neutral, natural, central, supportive

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #625)

#### 74. Herbal (Prediction)

A herbal is a book of plants, describing their appearance, their properties and how they may be used for preparing ointments and medicines. The medical use of plants is **recorded** on fragments of papyrus and clay tablets from ancient Egypt, Samaria and China that date back 5,000 years but document traditions far older still. Over 700 herbal remedies were detailed in the Papyrus Ebers, an Egyptian text written in 1500 BC. Around 65 BC, a Greek physician called Dioscorides wrote a herbal that was **translated** into Latin and Arabic. Known as 'De materia medica', it became the most influential work on medicinal plants in both Christian and Islamic worlds until the late 17th century. An illustrated manuscript copy of the text made in Constantinople (modern-day Istanbul) **survives** from the sixth century. The first printed herbals date from the dawn of European printing in the 1480s. They provided valuable information for apothecaries, whose job it was to make the pills and potions **prescribed** by physicians. In the next century, landmark herbals were produced in England by William Turner, considered to be the father of British botany, and John Gerard, whose illustrations would **inspire** the floral fabric, wallpaper and tile designs of William Morris four centuries later.

##### Options:

- 1) registered, recorded, memorised, kept
- 2) moved, interpreted, translated, removed
- 3) leaves, duplicates, suffers, survives
- 4) instructed, pointed, prescribed, determined
- 5) simulate, wake, inspire, stimulate

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #622)

#### 75. Fluid Behavior (Prediction)

If you see a movie, or a TV advertisement, that involves a fluid behaving in an unusual way, it was probably made using technology based on the work of a Monash researcher. Professor Joseph Monaghan who **pioneered** an influential method for interpreting the behavior of liquids that underlies most special effects involving water has been **honored** with election to the Australian Academy of Sciences. Professor Monaghan, one of only 17 members elected in 2011, was recognized for developing the **method** of Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH) which has applications in the fields of astrophysics, engineering and physiology, as well as movie special effects. His research started in 1977 when he tried to use computer **simulation** to describe the formation of stars and stellar systems. The algorithms available at the time were **incapable** of describing the complicated systems that evolve out of chaotic clouds of gas in the galaxy. Professor Monaghan, and his colleague Bob Gingold, took the novel and effective approach of replacing the fluid or gas in the simulation with large numbers of particles with properties that **mimicked** those of the fluid. SPH has become a central tool in astrophysics, where it is currently used to simulate the evolution of the universe after the Big Bang, the formation of stars, and the processes of planet building.

##### Options:

- 1) pioneered, proceed, opened, disclose
- 2) gifted, credited, presented, honored
- 3) platform, method, system, medium
- 4) action, stimulation, equation, simulation
- 5) impossible, incapable, capable, inapplicable
- 6) presented, showed, liked, mimicked

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #621)

### 76. Canadian Arctic (Prediction)

This summer, 41 UBC alumni and friends participated in expeditions to the Canadian Arctic and the legendary Northwest Passage. Presentations, conversations and learning accompanied their exploration of the great **outdoors** aboard the Russian–flagged Akademik Ioffe, designed and built in Finland as a scientific research vessel in 1989. Her bridge was open to passengers virtually 24 hours a day. Experts on **board** presented on topics including climate change, wildlife, Inuit culture and history, and early European explorers. UBC professor Michael Byers presented on the issue of Arctic sovereignty, a **growing** cause of debate as ice melts, new shipping routes open, and natural resources **become** accessible. Recommended pre–trip reading was late UBC alumnus Pierre Berton's book, *The Arctic Grail*.

#### Options:

- 1) outdoors, indoors, outside, inside
  - 2) board, broad, list, aboard
  - 3) slight, growing, disappearing, tiny
  - 4) cease, turn, become, come
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #611)

### 77. Business Schools (Prediction)

Top business schools are **recruiting** younger, less experienced **candidates** in an effort to boost **applications** and head off competitions for the best students from other graduate programs such as law and public policy. In an attempt to **lure** new students, leading business schools – including Harvard, Stanford, the University of Chicago and Wharton – have moved away from the unofficial admissions and **prerequisite** of four years' work experience and **instead** have set their sights on recent college graduates and so–called 'early career **professionals** with only a couple years of work under the **belt** .

#### Options:

- 1) funding, employing, searching, recruiting
  - 2) rivals, electorates, peers, candidates
  - 3) advertisements, endorsements, operations, applications
  - 4) punish, teach, encourage, lure
  - 5) offer, exclusion, prepare, prerequisite
  - 6) rather than, instead, hardly, no longer
  - 7) professionals, winners, leaders, teachers
  - 8) bell, belt, management, protect
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #602)

### 78. Painting Movement (Prediction)

Movement in painting that **originated** in France in the 1860s and had enormous influence in European and North American painting in the late 19th century. The Impressionists wanted to **depict** real life, to paint straight from nature, and to capture the changing effects of light. The term was first used abusively to **describe** Claude Monet's painting *Impression: Sunrise* (1872). The other leading Impressionists included Paul Camille, Edgar Degas, Edouard Manet, Camille Pissarro, Pierre–Auguste Renoir, and Alfred Sisley, but only Monet remained devoted to Impressionist ideas throughout his career. The core of the Impressionist group was formed in the early 1860s by Monet, Renoir, and Sisley, who met as students and enjoyed painting in the open air – one of the hallmarks of Impressionism. They met other members of the Impressionist circle through Paris café society. They never made up a formal group, but they organized eight group exhibitions between 1874 and 1886, at

the first of which the name Impressionism was applied. Their styles were diverse, but all **experimented** with effects of light and movement created with distinct brush strokes and **fragments** of color dabbed side-by-side on the canvas rather than mixed on the palette. By the 1880s the movement's central impulse had dispersed, and a number of new styles were emerging, later described as post-impressionism. British Impressionism had a major influence on the more experimental and **progressive** British painters in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. Many of the painters were affected in the circle of Walter Sickert, who spent much of his career in France and was an influential figure who inspired many younger artists. His friend and exact contemporary Philip Wilson Steer is generally regarded as the most outstanding British Impressionist.

**Options:**

- 1) originated, initiated, oriented, appretiated
  - 2) deepen, depict, simplify, contrary
  - 3) describe, descent, satirize, transcribe
  - 4) experimented, supplemented, experienced, examined
  - 5) frige, fragile, combination, fragments
  - 6) progressive, stubborn, predicable, promoted
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #597)

**79. Farms (Prediction)**

Both farms were by far the largest, most prosperous, most technologically advanced farms in their **respective** districts. In particular, each was centred around a magnificent state-of-the-art barn for **sheltering** and milking cows. Those structures, both neatly **divided** into oppositelyfacing rows of cow stalls, dwarfed all other barns in the district. Both farms let their cows **graze** outdoors in lush pastures during the summer, produced their own hay to harvest in the late summer for feeding the cows through the winter, and **increased** their production of summer fodder and winter hay by irrigating their fields.

**Options:**

- 1) restrictive, respective, relevant, responsible
  - 2) sheltering, keeping, gathering, hiding
  - 3) gathered, separated, cut, divided
  - 4) eat, move, graze, live
  - 5) sharpened, narrowed, widened, increased
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #588)

**80. Complementary Therapies (Prediction)**

Complementary therapies – such as those **practiced** by naturopaths, chiropractors and acupuncturists – have become increasingly popular in Australia over the last few **decades**. Interest initially coincided with **enthusiasm** for alternative lifestyles, while immigration and increased contact and trade with China have also had an **influence**. The status of complementary therapies is being re-visited in a number of areas: legal regulation; the stances of doctors' associations; their inclusion in medical education; and scientific research into their **efficacy**.

**Options:**

- 1) practiced, conducted, expected, recommended
  - 2) hours, decades, moments, records
  - 3) enthusiasm, confidence, interest, occupation
  - 4) earning, idea, effect, influence
  - 5) efficacy, practice, efficiency, experiment
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #587)

**81. Dog (Prediction)**

A DOG may be man's best friend. But man is not always a dog's. Over the centuries **selective** breeding has pulled at the canine body shape to produce what is often a grotesque distortion of the underlying wolf. Indeed, some of these distortions are, when found in people, regarded as **pathologies**. Dog breeding does, though, offer a chance to those who would like to understand how body shape is controlled. The ancestry of pedigree pooches is well recorded, their generation time is short and their **litter** size reasonably large, so there is plenty of material to work with. **Moreover**, breeds are, by definition, inbred, and this simplifies genetic analysis. Those such as Elaine Ostrander, of America's National Human Genome Research Institute, who wish to identify the genetic basis of the features of particular pedigrees thus have an **ideal** experimental animal.

**Options:**

- 1) selected, excessive, selective, excellent
  - 2) epidemics, pathologies, medications, diseases
  - 3) lit, littering, litters, litter
  - 4) Hence, Moreover, So, However
  - 5) representative, reprehensive, general, ideal
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #585)

**82. Wine and Ale (Prediction)**

By the Bronze Age drinking **vessels** were being made of sheet metal, primarily bronze or gold. However, the peak of feasting — and in particular, of the “political” type of feast came in the late Hallstatt period (about 600 — 450 BC), soon after the foundation of the Greek **colony** of Massalia (Marseille) at the mouth of the Rhine. From that date on, the blood of the grape began to make its **way** north and east along major river systems together with imported metal and ceramic drinking vessels from the Greek world. **Wine** was thus added to the list of mood– altering beverages — such as and ale available to establish social networks in Iron Age Europe. Attic pottery fragments found at hillforts such as Heuneburg in Germany and luxury goods such as the monumental 5th century Greek bronze krater (or wine mixing vessel) found at Vix in Burgundy supply archaeological evidence of this interaction. Organic **containers** such as leather or wooden wine barrels may also have travelled north into Europe but have not survived. It is unknown what goods were **traded** in return, but they may have included salted meat, hides, timber, amber and slaves.

**Options:**

- 1) vehicles, boats, vessels, ships
  - 2) group, jungle, colony, place
  - 3) method, pace, way, direction
  - 4) Wine, Grape, Milk, Food
  - 5) food, market, places, containers
  - 6) exchanged, bought, made, traded
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #583)

### 83. Australia Higher Education Funding (Prediction)

Financing of Australian higher education has undergone dramatic change since the early 1970s. Although the Australian Government provided regular funding for universities from the late 1950s, in 1974 it **assumed** full responsibility for funding higher education – **abolishing** tuition fees with the intention of making university accessible to all Australians who had the ability and who wished to participate in higher education. Since the late 1980s, there has been a move towards greater private contributions, **particularly** student fees. In 1989, the Australian Government introduced the Higher Education Contribution Scheme (HECS) which included a loans scheme to help students finance their contributions. This enabled university to remain accessible to students by delaying their payments until they could afford to pay off their loans. In 2002, the Australian Government **introduced** a scheme similar to HECS for postgraduate students – the Postgraduate Education Loan Scheme (PELS). Funding for higher education comes from various sources. This article examines the three main sources – Australian Government funding, student fees and charges, and HECS. While the proportion of total **revenue** raised through HECS is relatively small, HECS payments are a significant component of students' university costs, with many students carrying a HECS debt for several years after leaving university. This article also focuses on characteristics of university students based on their HECS liability status, and the level of accumulated HECS debt.

#### Options:

- 1) assumed, clarified, paid, represented
  - 2) accomplishing, combining, including, abolishing
  - 3) without, specially, with, particularly
  - 4) produced, carried, remembered, introduced
  - 5) expenses, expenditure, profit, revenue
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #580)

### 84. Hard Work (Prediction)

It is important to emphasize the need for hard work as an essential part of studying law, because far too many students are tempted to think that they can succeed by relying on what they imagine to be their natural ability, without bothering to add the **expenditure** of effort. To take an analogy some people prefer the more or less instant **gratification** which comes from watching television adaptation of a classic novel to the rather more **laborious** process of reading the novel itself. Those who **prefer** watching television to reading the book are less likely to study law successfully, unless they rapidly acquire a **taste** for text-based materials.

#### Options:

- 1) expenditure, engagement, explanation, employment
  - 2) gratification, excitement, temptation, obsession
  - 3) simple, complex, effortless, laborious
  - 4) prefer, Enjoy, interest, like
  - 5) knowledge, idea, motivation, taste
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #582)

### 85. Sales Activities (Prediction)

Organizations need to integrate their sales activities more both internally and with customers' needs according to a new book co-authored by an academic at the University of East Anglia. The book **addresses** how sales can help organizations to become more customer oriented and considers how they are responding to challenges such as increasing competition, more **demanding** customers and a more complex selling environment. Many organizations are facing escalating costs and a growth

in customer power, **which** makes it necessary to allocate resources more strategically. The sales function can provide critical customer and market knowledge to help inform both innovation and marketing. However, the authors say that within the industry **there** is still uncertainty about the shape a future sales team should take, how it should be managed, and how it **fits** into their organizations business model.

**Options:**

- 1) predicts, illustrates, addresses, mentions
  - 2) demanding, aggressive, friendly, needy
  - 3) which, this, that, where
  - 4) that, there, which, this
  - 5) applies, segregates, fits, develops
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #581)

**86. Settlement (Prediction)**

Over the last ten thousand years there seem to have been two separate and conflicting building sentiments throughout the history of towns and cities. **One** is the desire to start again, for a variety of reasons: an earthquake or a tidal wave may have demolished the settlement, or fire destroyed it, or the new city **marks** a new political beginning. The other can be likened to the effect of a magnet: established settlements attract people, who tend to come whether or not there is any planning for their arrival. The clash between these two sentiments is evident in every established city **unless** its development has been almost completely accidental or is lost in history. Incidentally, many settlements have been planned from the beginning but, for a variety of reasons, no settlement followed the plan. A good example is Currowan, on the Clyde River in New South Wales, which **was surveyed** in the second half of the 19th century, in expectation that people would come to establish agriculture and a small port. But no **one** came.

**Options:**

- 1) It, This, One, As
  - 2) highlights, starts, marks, protrudes
  - 3) after, until, if, unless
  - 4) were, had, has, was
  - 5) surveyed, surveys, survey, generated
  - 6) which, that, nobody, one
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #579)

**87. Good Schools (Prediction)**

A big rise in state schools rated among the best institutions in the country is revealed in the latest edition of the Good Schools Guide. Middle–class parents facing financial pressures in the **downturn** are increasingly looking beyond the private sector to educate their children. The 23 year–old Good Schools Guide — a **popular** reference book for fee–paying families set on the best private school — has increased the number of state schools in this year's edition to 251 , pushing the figure to more than a quarter of its 1 ,000 entries for the first time, **explaining** why the guide has more than doubled the number of schools it features outside the private sector in only five years, Sue Fieldman, regional editor, told the Financial Times: "The parents we speak to want more information on the state **sector** and the best it has to offer. "

**Options:**

- 1) period, upturn, downturn, downturn
- 2) diverse, ubiquitous, complete, popular
- 3) demonstrating, asking, complaining, explaining
- 4) part, branch, division, sector

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #578)

**88. Teen Writing (Prediction)**

Teens write for a variety of reasons—as part of a school assignment, to **get** a good grade, to stay in touch with friends, to share their artistic creations with others or simply to put their thoughts to paper (whether virtual or otherwise). In our focus groups, teens said they are motivated to write when they can **select** topics that are relevant to their lives and interests, and report greater enjoyment of school writing when they have the opportunity to write creatively. Having teachers or other adults who challenge them, **present** them with interesting curricula and give them detailed feedback also serves as a motivator for teens. Teens also **report** writing for an audience motivates them to write and write well.

**Options:**

- 1) get, skip, maintain, avoid
- 2) debate, communicate, use, select
- 3) meet, educate, present, blame
- 4) regard, learn, report, provide

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #576)

**89. Video Conference (Prediction)**

Never has the carbon footprint of multi-national corporations been under such intense scrutiny. Inter-city train journeys and long-haul flights to **conduct** face-to-face business meetings contribute significantly to greenhouse gases and the resulting **strain** on the environment. The Anglo-US company Teliris has introduced a new video-conferencing technology and partnered with the Carbon Neutral Company, enabling corporate outfits to become more environmentally responsible. The innovation allows simulated face-to-face meetings to be held across continents without the time **pressure** or environmental burden of international travel. Previous designs have enabled video-conferencing on a point-to-point, dual-location basis. The firm's VirtuaLive technology, however, can bring people together from up to five **separate** locations anywhere in the world – with **unrivaled** transmission quality.

**Options:**

- 1) create, conduct, produce, generate
- 2) gases, strain, affect, steam
- 3) pressure, limit, stress, press
- 4) separate, each, single, respectively
- 5) unreasonable, unrealistic, unreliable, unrivaled

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #574)

**90. Egg-eating Snakes (Prediction)**

Egg-eating snakes are a small group of snakes whose **diet** consists only of eggs. Some eat only small eggs, which they have to swallow **whole**, as the snake has no teeth. Instead, some other snakes eat bigger eggs, but it requires special **treatment**. These snakes have spines that stick out from the backbone. The spines crack the egg **open** as it passes through the throat.



**Options:**

- 1) food, consists, dietitian, diet
- 2) slow, fast, whole, all
- 3) thinking, treatment, food, supplement
- 4) down, up, close, open

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #570)

**91. Carski Award (Prediction)**

In 2001 he received the SIUC Outstanding Scholar Award. In 2003 he received the Carski Award for Distinguished Undergraduate Teaching from the American Society for Microbiology. Mike's research is **focused** on bacteria that inhabit **extreme** environments, and for the past 12 years he has studied the microbiology of permanently ice-covered lakes in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. In addition to his research papers, he has edited a major **treatise** on phototrophic bacteria and served for over a decade as chief editor of the **journal** Archives of Microbiology. He currently serves on the editorial board of Environmental Microbiology. Mike's non-scientific **interests** include forestry, reading, and caring for his dogs and horses. He lives beside a peaceful and quiet lake with his wife, Nancy, five shelter dogs (Gaino, Snuffy, Pepto, Peanut, and Merry), and four horses (Springer, Feivel, Gwen, and Festus).

**Options:**

- 1) moved, focused, wafted, shifted
- 2) negative, extreme, trouble, bad
- 3) treaty, treatment, treatise, treasure
- 4) magazine, journal, quotes, newspaper
- 5) interests, majors, jobs, considerations

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #568)

**92. Peter Garrett (Prediction)**

No one in Parliament would know better than Peter Garrett what largesse copyright can confer so it may seem right that he should announce a **royalty** for artists, amounting to 5 percent of all sales after the original one, which can go on giving to their families for as much as 150 years. But that ignores the truth that copyright law is a **scandal**, recently **exacerbated** by the Free Trade Agreement with the US which required extension of copyright to 70 years after death. Is it scandalous that really valuable copyrights end up in the ownership of corporations (although Agatha Christie's no-doubt worthy great-grandchildren are still **reaping** the benefits of West End success for her whodunnits and members of the Garrick Club enjoy the continuing fruits of A.A. Milne's Christopher Robin books)? No. The **scandal** is that bien pensants politicians have attempted to appear cultured by creating private assets which depend on an act of Parliament for their existence and by giving away much more in value than any public benefit could **justify**. In doing so they have betrayed our trust.

**Options:**

- 1) floaty, royalty, loyalty, bravery
- 2) insult, scandal, slander, humiliation
- 3) achieved, exacerbated, accumulated, exercised
- 4) reaping, garnishing, gaining, reaching
- 5) scandal, explanation, merit, misconception
- 6) justify, exceed, spoil, counterfeit

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #567)

### 93. Job Hunting (Prediction)

When it comes to job-hunting, first impressions are critical. Remember, you are marketing a product – yourself – to a potential employer. The first thing the employer sees when greeting you is your **attire**; thus, you must make every effort to have the proper dress for the type of job you are seeking. Will dressing properly get you the job? Of course not, but it will give you a competitive edge and a **positive** first impression. Should you be judged by what you wear? Perhaps not, but the reality is, of course, that you are judged. Throughout the entire job-seeking process employers use short-cuts — heuristics or rules of thumb — to save time. With cover letters, it's the opening paragraph and a quick scan of your qualifications. With resumes, it is a quick scan of your accomplishments. With the job interview, it's how you're dressed that sets the **tone** of the interview. How should you dress? Dressing conservatively is always the safest route, but you should also try and do a little investigating of your **prospective** employer so that what you wear to the interview makes you look as though you **fit** in with the organization. If you overdress (which is rare but can happen) or under dress (the more likely scenario), the potential employer may feel that you don't care enough about the job.

#### Options:

- 1) attire, make-up, suit, appearance
  - 2) impressive, excellent, positive, good
  - 3) tongue, tone, key, taste
  - 4) prospective, prosper, proactive, projective
  - 5) fit, keep, jump, suit
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #562)

### 94. UN (Prediction)

Founded after World War II by 51 "peace-loving states" combined to oppose future aggression, the United Nations now counts 192 member nations, **including** its newest members, Nauru, Kiribati, and Tonga in 1999, Tuvalu and Yugoslavia in 2000, Switzerland and East Timor in 2002, and Montenegro in 2006. United Nations Day has been **observed** on October 24 since 1948 and celebrates the objectives and accomplishments of the organization, which was established on October 24, 1945. The UN **engages** in peacekeeping and humanitarian missions across the globe. Though some say its **influence** has declined in recent decades, the United Nations still plays a tremendous role in world politics. In 2001 the United Nations and Kofi Annan, then Secretary-General of the UN, won the Nobel Peace Prize "for their work for a better organized and more peaceful world." Since 1948 there have been 63 UN peacekeeping **operations**; 16 are currently underway.

#### Options:

- 1) consists, includes, consisting, including
  - 2) selected, selecting, observed, observing
  - 3) engages, picks, observes, maintains
  - 4) influence, importance, affect, effect
  - 5) operations, manipulations, abstinences, forbearances
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #560)

### 95. Definition of Country (Prediction)

What is a country, and how is a country defined? When people ask how many countries there are in the world, they expect a simple answer. After all, we've explored the **whole** planet, we have international travel, satellite navigation and plenty of global organizations like the United Nations, so we should really know how many countries there are! However, the answer to the question varies according to whom you ask. **Most** people say there are 192 countries, but others point out that there

could be more like 260 of them. So why isn't there a straightforward answer? The problem arises because there isn't a universally agreed definition of 'country' and because, for political reasons, some countries find it convenient to recognize or not recognize other countries.

**Options:**

- 1) very, whole, only, total
  - 2) Few, Most, More, No
  - 3) For, While, But, So
  - 4) those, many, other, these
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #559)

### 96. Jean Piaget (Prediction)

Jean Piaget, the pioneering Swiss philosopher and psychologist, spent much of his professional life listening to children, watching children and poring over reports of researchers around the world who were doing the same. He found, to put it most succinctly, that children don't think like grownups. After thousands of interactions with young people often barely old enough to talk, Piaget began to suspect that behind their cute and seemingly illogical utterances were thought processes that had their own kind of order and their own special logic. Einstein called it a discovery “so simple that only a genius could have thought of it.” Piaget's insight opened a new window into the inner workings of the mind. By the end of a wide-ranging and remarkably prolific research career that spanned nearly 75 years, from his first scientific publication at age 10 to work still in progress when he died at 84, Piaget had developed several new fields of science: developmental psychology, cognitive theory and what came to be called genetic epistemology. Although not an educational reformer, he fashioned a way of thinking about children that provided the foundation for today's education-reform movements. It was a shift comparable to the displacement of stories of "noble savages" and "cannibals" by modern anthropology. One might say that Piaget was the first to take children's thinking seriously.

**Options:**

- 1) poring, studying, learning, investigating
  - 2) language, utterances, speaking, communications
  - 3) written, reviewed, prolific, proved
  - 4) guided, designed, opened, fashioned
  - 5) movements, application, transformation, revolution
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #558)

### 97. Kimbell (Prediction)

The first section of the book covers new modes of assessment. In Chapter 1, Kimbell (Goldsmith College, London) responds to criticisms of design programs as formalistic and conventional, stating that a focus on risk-taking rather than hard work in design innovation is equally problematic. His research contains three parts that include preliminary exploration of design innovation qualities, investigation of resulting classroom practices, and development of evidence-based assessment. The assessment he describes is presented in the form of a structured worksheet, which includes a collaborative element and digital photographs, in story format. Such a device encourages stimulating ideas, but does not recognize students as design innovators. The assessment sheet includes holistic impressions as well as details about “having, growing, and proving” ideas. Colloquial judgments are evident in terms such as “wow” and “yawn” and reward the quality and quantity of ideas with the term, “sparkiness”, which fittingly is a pun as the model project was to design light bulb packaging. In addition, the assessment focuses on the process of optimizing or complexity control as well as proving ideas with thoughtful criticism and not just generation of novel ideas. The definitions for qualities such

as “technical” and “aesthetic” pertaining to users, are too narrow and ill–defined. The author provides **examples** of the project, its features and structures, students’ notes and judgments, and their sketches and photographs of finished light bulb packages, in the Appendix.

**Options:**

- 1) results, criticisms, praise, compliments
  - 2) element, figure, factor, line
  - 3) students, makers, leaders, innovators
  - 4) Colloquial, Subjective, Formal, Traditional
  - 5) examples, results, ideas, themes
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #556)

**98. Burger King (Prediction)**

Drive down any highway, and you’ll see a proliferation of chain restaurants—most likely, if you travel long and far enough you’ll see McDonald's golden arches as well as signs for Burger King, Hardee’s, and Wendy’s the “big four” of burgers. Despite its name, though Burger King has fallen short of **claiming** the burger crown, unable to surpass market leader McDonald's No. 1 sales status. Always the bridesmaid and never the bride, Burger King remains No.2. Worse yet, Burger King has experienced a six–year 22 percent decline in customer traffic, with its overall quality rating dropping while ratings for the other three **contenders** have increased. The decline has been **attributed** to inconsistent product quality and poor customer service. Although the chain tends to throw advertising dollars at the problem, an understanding of Integrated Marketing Communication theory would suggest that internal management problems (nineteen CEOs in fifty years) need to be **rectified** before a unified, long–term strategy can be put in place. The **importance** of **consistency** in brand image and messages, at all levels of communication, has become a basic tenet of IMC theory and practice. The person who takes the customer’s order must communicate the same message as Burger King's famous tagline, "Have it your way,” or the customer will just buzz up the highway to a chain restaurant that seems more consistent and, therefore, more **reliable** .

**Options:**

- 1) filing, claiming, winning, getting
  - 2) members, contenders, cooperators, speculators
  - 3) dedicated, contributed, devoted, attributed
  - 4) rectified, ratified, realized, recognized
  - 5) importance, pressure, incumbency, ignorance
  - 6) quality, service, consistency, management
  - 7) available, reliable, quality, reputable
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #554)

**99. Edible Insects (Prediction)**

Fancy locust for lunch? Probably not, if you live in the west, but elsewhere it’s a different story. Edible insects — termites, stick insects, dragonflies, grasshoppers and giant water bugs — are on the menu for an **estimated** 80 percent of the world’s population. More than 1000 species of insects are **served** up around the world. For example, “kungu cakes” — made from midges — are a **delicacy** in parts of Africa. Mexico is an insect–eating — or entomophagous — hotspot, where more than 200 insect species are consumed. **Demand** is so high that 40 species are now under **threat** ,including white agave worms. These caterpillars of the tequila giant–skipper butterfly **fetch** around \$250 a kilogram. Eating insects makes **nutritional** sense. Some contain more **protein** than meat or fish. The female gypsy moth, for instance, is about 80 percent protein. Insects can be a good **source** of vitamins and

minerals too: a type of caterpillar (Usta Terpsichore) eaten in Angola is rich in iron, zinc and thiamine. What do they taste like? Ants have a lemon tang, apparently, whereas giant water bugs taste of mint and fire ant pupae of watermelon. You have probably, inadvertently, already tasted some of these things, as insects are often accidental tourists in other types of food. The US Food and Drug Administration even issues guidelines for the number of insect parts allowed in certain foods. For example, it is **acceptable** for 225 grams of macaroni to contain up to 225 insect fragments.

**Options:**

- 1) amount, estimated, estimation, average
  - 2) taken, served, caught, piled
  - 3) food, desert, delicious, delicacy
  - 4) Demand, Usage, Reputation, Supply
  - 5) stress, regulation, operation, threat
  - 6) catch, fetch, weigh, count
  - 7) valuable, nutritional, many, no
  - 8) minerals, protein, vitamins, fat
  - 9) cause, resource, reason, source
  - 10) acceptable, illegal, believed, banned
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #553)

**100. Ocean Floor (Prediction)**

The ocean floor is home to many unique communities of plants and animals. Most of these marine ecosystems are near the water surface, such as the Great Barrier Reef, a 2,000–km long coral **formation** off the northeastern coast of Australia. Coral reefs, like nearly all complex living communities, depend on solar energy for growth (photosynthesis). The sun's energy, however, penetrates at most only about 300 m below the surface of the water. The relatively shallow penetration of solar energy and the sinking of cold, subpolar water combine to make most of the deep ocean floor a **frigid** environment with few life forms. In 1977, scientists discovered hot springs at a depth of 2.5 km, on the Galapagos Rift (spreading ridge) off the coast of Ecuador. This exciting discovery was not really a **surprise**. Since the early 1970s, scientists had predicted that hot springs (geothermal vents) should be found at the active spreading centers along the mid–oceanic ridges, where magma, at temperatures over 1,000° Presumably was being erupted to form new oceanic crust. More exciting, because it was totally **unexpected**, was the discovery of abundant and unusual sea life – giant tube worms, huge clams, and mussels – that **thrived** around the hot springs.

**Options:**

- 1) system, reality, structure, formation
  - 2) versatile, frigid, warm, perfect
  - 3) surprise, discovery, shock, climax
  - 4) perfect, undermined, unexpected, predictable
  - 5) struggling, died, thrived, exists
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #552)

**101. Indian Onion (Prediction)**

The most **vital** ingredient in Indian cooking, the **basic** element with which all dishes begin and, normally, the cheapest vegetable available, the pink onion is an essential item in the shopping basket of families of all classes. A popular saying holds that you will never starve because you can always afford a roti (a piece of simple, flat bread) and an onion. But in recent weeks, the onion has started to seem an unaffordable **luxury** for India's poor. Over the past few days, another sharp **surge** in prices has begun

to unsettle the influential urban middle classes. The sudden spike in prices has been caused by large exports to neighboring countries and a shortage of **supply**. With its capacity for bringing down governments and scarring political careers, the onion plays an explosive role in Indian politics. This week reports of rising onion prices have made front-page news and absorbed the attention of the governing elite.

**Options:**

- 1) vital, ordinary, impressive, affordable
  - 2) simple, basic, great, only
  - 3) element, luxury, ingredients, material
  - 4) surge, plummet, fluctuation, decrease
  - 5) supply, demand, need, price
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #550)

**102. Poverty (Prediction)**

Measuring poverty on a global scale **requires** establishing a uniform poverty level across extremely divergent economies, which can result in only rough comparisons. The World Bank has defined the international poverty line as U.S. \$1 and \$2 per day in 1993 Purchasing Power Parity (PPP), which adjusts for differences in the **prices** of goods and services between countries. The \$1 per day level is generally used for the **least** developed countries, primarily African; the \$2-per-day level is used for **middle-income** economies such as those of East Asia and Latin America.

**Options:**

- 1) requires, relates, asks, expects
  - 2) quality, prices, expenses, quantity
  - 3) limited, more, most, least
  - 4) medium-income, lowest-income, high-income, middle-income
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #549)

**103. Impressionist (Prediction)**

Impressionism was a nineteenth century art movement that began as a loose association of Paris-based artists who started publicly exhibiting their art in the 1860s. Characteristics of Impressionist painting include visible brush strokes, light colours, open composition, **emphasis** on light in its changing qualities (often accentuating the effects of the passage of time), ordinary subject matter, and unusual visual angles. The name of the movement is **derived** from Claude Monet's Impression, Sunrise (Impression, soleil levant). Critic Louis Leroy inadvertently coined the term in a satiric review published in Le Charivari. Radicals in their time, early Impressionists broke the rules of academic painting. They began by giving colours, freely brushed, primacy over line, drawing **inspiration** from the work of painters such as Eugene Delacroix. They also took the **act** of painting out of the studio and into the world. Previously, not only still-lives and portraits, but also landscapes had been painted indoors, but the Impressionists found that they could **capture** the momentary and transient effects of sunlight by painting air (in plain air).

**Options:**

- 1) emphasised, emphasis, rely, depending
- 2) related, come, attribute, derived
- 3) inspiration, paintings, lines, enlightenment
- 4) act, notion, thought, fact
- 5) capture, remember, notice, memorize

(APEUni Website / App FIBRW #547)

### 104. Edison (Prediction)

Thomas Alva Edison was **both** a scientist and an inventor. Born in 1847, Edison would see **tremendous** changes take place in his lifetime. He was also to be responsible for making many of those changes occur. When Edison was born, society still thought of electricity as a **novelty**, a fad. By the time he died, entire cities were lit by electricity. Much of the credit for that progress goes to Edison. In his lifetime, Edison **patented** 1,093 inventions, earning him the nickname “The Wizard of Menlo Park.” The most famous of his inventions was the incandescent light bulb. Besides the light bulb, Edison developed the phonograph and the “kinetoscope,” a small box for viewing moving films. Thomas Edison is also the first person in the US to make his own filmstrips. He also improved upon the original design of the stock ticker, the telegraph, and Alexander Graham Bell’s telephone. He believed in hard work, sometimes working twenty hours a day. Edison was quoted as saying, “Genius is one percent inspiration and 99 percent perspiration.” In **tribute** to this important American, electric lights in the United States were **dimmed** for one minute on October 21, 1931, a few days after his death.

#### Options:

- 1) neither, never, both, almost
  - 2) experimental, moderate, tremendous, trenchant
  - 3) news, miracle, tradition, novelty
  - 4) processed, copyright, made, patented
  - 5) order, tribute, addition, regard
  - 6) dimmed, switched, on, lit
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #546)

### 105. Push and Pull (Prediction)

People move to a new region for many different reasons. The **motivation** for moving can come from a combination of what researchers sometimes call 'push and pull **factors**' – those that encourage people to leave a region, and those that attract people to a region. Some of the them that motivate people to move **include** seeking a better climate, finding more affordable housing, looking for work or retiring from work, leaving the **congestion** of city living, wanting a more pleasant environment, and wanting to be near to family and friends. In reality, many complex **factors** and personal reasons may **interact** to motivate a person or family to move.

#### Options:

- 1) accommodation, combination, abbreviation, motivation
  - 2) factors, generators, margins, settings
  - 3) include, as, enclose, about
  - 4) congestion, confluence, concoction, conjunction
  - 5) factors, reasons, features, messages
  - 6) interlock, able, interact, attract
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #5)

### 106. Intelligence Comparison (Prediction)

Comparing the intelligence of animals of different species is difficult, how do you compare a dolphin and a horse? Psychologists have a technique for looking at intelligence that **does** not require the cooperation of the animal involved. The relative size of an individual's brain is a reasonable indication of intelligence. Comparing **across** species is not as simple an elephant will have a larger brain than a

human simple because it is a large beast, **instead** we use the Cephalization index, which compare the size of an animal's brain to the size of its body. Based on the Cephalization index, the brightest animals on the planet are humans, **followed** by great apes, porpoises and elephants. As a general **rule**, animals that hunt for a living (like canines) are smarter than strict vegetarians (you don't need much intelligence to outsmart a leaf of lettuce). Animals that live in social groups are always smarter and have large EQ's than solitary animals.

**Options:**

- 1) done, do, did, does
  - 2) across, to, through, over
  - 3) then, instead, because, otherwise
  - 4) followed, follows, follow, following
  - 5) theory, principal, rule, principle
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #3)

**107. Climate (Prediction)**

Climate is the word we **use** for weather over a long period of time. The desert has a dry climate because there is very **little** rain. The UK has a 'temperate climate', **which** means winters are, overall, mild and, **summers** generally, don't get too hot.

**Options:**

- 1) estimates, predict, cares, use
  - 2) torrential, often, little, heavy
  - 3) what, these, that, which
  - 4) summers, winter, desert, dessert
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #11)

**108. Cloth-making (Prediction)**

About 10,000 years ago, people learned how to make cloth. Wool, cotton, flax, or hemp was first spun into a thin thread using a spindle. The thread was then woven into a fabric. The earliest weaving machines **probably** consisted of little more than a per of sticks that held a set of parallel threads, called the wrap, while the cross-thread, called the weft, was inserted. Later machines called looms had roads that separated the threads to allow the west to be inserted more **easily**. A piece of wood, called the shuttle, holding a spool of thread, was passed between the separated threads. The basic **principles** of spinning and weaving have stayed the same until the present day, though during the industrial revolution of the 18th century many ways were found of **automating** the processes. With new machines such as the spinning mule, many threads could be spun at the same time, and, with the help of devices like the flying shuttle, broad pieces of cloth could be woven at great speed.

**Options:**

- 1) doubtless, probably, possible, possibility
  - 2) precise, accuracy, easily, accurate
  - 3) role, principles, foundation, criteria
  - 4) automating, slower, faster, existing
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #9)

**109. Honorary Degree (Prediction)**

Victoria University of Wellington has conferred an honorary degree on a distinguished astrophysicist in a recent graduation ceremony. Professor Warrick Couch **received** the honorary degree of Doctor of



Science for his remarkable contribution to our knowledge of galaxies and dark energy. Professor Couch is a distinguished astrophysicist who has played a crucial role in the discovery that the Universe is expanding at an accelerating rate, a finding which led to the lead scientists being awarded a Nobel Prize in Physics in 2011, which he attended in recognition of his contribution. In his research, Professor Couch uses large ground-based and spaced-based telescopes to observe galaxy clusters, which are the largest Structures in the Universe. He is also involved in a number of national and international committees overseeing the management of these telescopes. In addition to his own research activities, Professor Couch has worked to support young researchers and provide public comment on astronomy internationally.

**Options:**

- 1) was receiving, received, had received, is received
  - 2) led, played, done, found
  - 3) who, they, those, which
  - 4) As a result of, Instead of, In addition to, Regarding
- (APEUni Website / App FIBRW #1)



# D. Listening

## Summarize Spoken Text

Repeat Rate: 80%

**Exam Strategy:** A considerable number of new questions have been reported recently, and get yourself prepared. **Exam Strategy:** Correct use of templates (APEUni AI Score) > Weekly prediction > All Exam Qs

**Audio Available:** There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 1. Intuition (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: intuition是一种关于本能的思维方式, 人们都具有却缺乏足够的了解。intuition源自右脑, 和 understanding有关。左脑是控制logic和consciousness的。  
(APEUni Website / App SST #226)

### 2. History of English (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

English, as you have already read, is not a pure language. I don't think there really are any pure languages in the world. But English is definitely not a pure language. English, in fact, has borrowed from over 350 languages in its history. So it's a variety of many languages. Some people say it's like a dog, a mongrel dog, a dog that has been made up of many different dogs. The English language is like that. By looking at the history of the English language we learn about the history of the English people. The two things are closely connected. So, in fact, today we are not only learning about language but we are learning about history. The fact that English has borrowed words from over 350 languages has been viewed differently throughout history. So for example in Shakespeare's time people were very angry about words which were not, they thought, original English words — words which came from other languages, they didn't like them.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about the English language's history. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes English is definitely not a pure language, which has borrowed from many languages. Also, she mentions we are not only learning about language but we are learning about history, which are closely connected. Lastly, the speaker believes borrowed words have been viewed differently throughout history. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #223)

**There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)**

### 3. Genetic Impact (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Since the discovery of DNA structure, people have believed that genes have an impact only on people's physical structure. But the study of mapping of genes in 2001 found that there is a genetic responsibility to human's physical and psychological behaviors, which has changed the way we understand our behaviors. The research on genes has provided integrating information, and the findings can benefit biologists, psychologists and neuroscientists.

(APEUni Website / App SST #222)

### 4. Sign Language (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: Abstraction is an important layer of computer because people cannot do anything on computers without symbolic system. Language is a classical symbolic system. People use sign language and movements when they do something at the same time. For example, people asked for help by waving hands when they repelled rhinoceros at the same time. Thus, human can use hands to communicate when they do things simultaneously.

(APEUni Website / App SST #221)

### 5. HTML (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: When the 90's was coming around, more and more normal people could get online. Thanks to the UK, the invention of HTML allowed people to create a wide variety of extraordinary works. During the first decade, people created web pages, learning resources and other online contents without normal factors, such as fears, religious concerns, advertisement, profitability or traditional promotion schemes. It is because they thought it was a good idea. 参考: Today in our class, we will discuss hyper text markup language, popularly known as HTML. It is the computer language device to allow website creation. These websites can then be viewed by anyone else connected to the internet. It is relatively easy to learn with the basics being accessible to most people in one setting, and quite powerful in what it allows you to create. The group of people started to use HTML to write web pages. These group of people do these without advertisement, but only because they enjoyed it. Because of them, today we have access to web pages.

(APEUni Website / App SST #220)

### 6. Housing Price in Australia (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

Well, it's like, why is Australian housing is so expensive? Essentially, it's showing of how well the Australian economy has been doing over the last 15 years. We have had 15 years more or less of an uninterrupted economic growth during which average earning has been raised by close to 90 percent. While over the course of that period, the standard variable mortgage rate has roughly halved. That meant that the amount which a typical home buying household can afford to borrow under rules which aren't strictly applied as they used to be had more than doubled. Over the same period, rising immigration in falling average household size has meant that the number of households looking for accommodation has risen by about one and a half million. That's around 200 thousand more than the number of dwellings has increased by. So you have had a substantial increase in the purchasing power of households. No net increase in the supply of housing enhance all that addition purchasing power has gone into pushing up the price of housing.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about why Australian housing is so expensive. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that an uninterrupted economic growth is a main reason. Also, he mentions that the standard variable mortgage rate has roughly halved. Lastly, the speaker believes that rising immigration in falling average household leads to a substantial increase in the purchasing power of households. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #219)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 7. Misuse of Drugs (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

“But what are the dangers of keeping these drugs at home?” “There are a number of dangers.

Parents should know that leftover drugs are dangerous because they may be accidentally ingested by children. Either adults don't keep the bottles properly closed and stored or because even many kids can sometimes open childproof lids. Patients may use the drugs after their expiration date. The leftover drugs may be taken for the wrong reasons. For example, someone may have a viral infection and self-prescribed to left over into microbial that was prescribed for a bacterial infection. But that drug will have no effect as the viral infections. Drugs that are left over might be given to or taken by someone else who may have a serious allergy to the medicine and who for that reason would not be prescribed to medicine under the supervision of a physician. Finally, inappropriate use of drugs promotes drug resistance if the drug is taken for the wrong indication, the wrong duration, or in the wrong dosage. "Todd, what can people do about this how can the situation be improved?" "I think physicians, patients and parents of patients can take steps to improve the situation. First of all, physicians should prescribe the drug only when appropriate, only in the correct amount and only for the correct duration. Also, the physician must stress to the patient that the full course of the drug must be taken. This is recommended even if symptoms resolved before the end of the prescription and parents of children on antibiotics need to ensure they complete their course as well."

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about inappropriate use of drugs. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that there are a number of dangers of keeping drugs at home, like being accidentally ingested by children and taken after expiration. Also, he mentions that leftover drugs may be taken for the wrong reasons. Lastly, the speaker believes that inappropriate use of drugs promotes drug resistance. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #218)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 8. Decline of Bees (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

So various conclusions. Yes, bees are in decline. These declines are well-documented. They are real and supported by good, strong scientific evidence, which is the only of these counts. The drivers of decline on many varied depending on species. The effects of pollinator loss could be absolutely huge. So is it a catastrophe? Not yet. But it could be. On the positive side, we are aware of the problem. Awareness is being raised all the time and people are taking actions. Before fixing is missing, you can recognize the problem. At least it's been done.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about bees in decline. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that these declines are well-documented, supported by good, strong scientific evidence. Also, he mentions that the effects of pollinator loss could be absolutely huge. Lastly, the speaker believes that awareness is being raised all the time and people are taking actions. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #217)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 9. Change of Body Fat (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: This topic is described as an experiment on body fat change. 31 obese women volunteered in a study by Canadian researchers, in which they were provided with healthy diet and asked to keep to it, and exercise regularly for 6 months in order to burn 2000 calories weekly. After six months, some lost weight, some remained the same, while others gained weight. The researchers

tracked their records and gave two explanations about why some women gained weight. One was that they ate too much or cheated on diet, and the other was that they did less exercise consciously or subconsciously.

(APEUni Website / App SST #216)

## 10. Memory (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

There are two main categories. Explicit memory is a memory that can be intentionally and consciously recalled. This is your memory of riding a bike and falling over the handlebars, and skinning your knee. The other is implicit memory which is an exponential functional form of memory that cannot be consciously recalled. This is your memory of how to ride a bike or how to balance. These are often not tied to a visual memory, but more like muscle memory. Examples of implicit memory include using language naturally, driving and reading, and answering multiple questions in the test. Let's look at explicit and implicit memory in a little more detail, and see how age influences these. It is an experimental or functional form of memory. Explicit memory consists of a great deal of highly personal memories related to time, space and people. It is totally different from implicit memory. Now, if we look at the examples of explicit memory, it includes remembering people's birthdays and answering multiple questions in a test.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about two main categories of memory. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that explicit memory can be intentionally and consciously recalled. Also, he mentions that implicit memory is an exponential functional form of memory that cannot be consciously recalled. Lastly, the speaker believes that explicit memory consists of highly personal memories related to time, space and people. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #215)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 11. Einstein (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

For thousands of years, philosophers and astronomers and thinkers of all sorts have imagined that the universe, the space around us was rather like this floor in front of us. It was fixed and unchangeable and things happen on it, just as people walk around. So the stars, the comets, and the planets, and the other heavenly bodies moved around and traced down their parts on this completely unchanging stage of space. In the 20th century, as the result of Einstein's work, that view of the universe was completely transformed. We began to understand that there was no absolutely fixed stage of space at all on which all celestial notions were played out. But in some sense on the larger scale in the universe, the space itself was in this state of a continuous dynamic change. That was a prediction made by Einstein, but wasn't Einstein held the honor of making the discovery that the universe was really like that.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the transformation of views of the universe. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that for thousands of years the universe and space was thought to be fixed and unchangeable. Also, he mentions that in the twentieth century there was no fixed stage of space based on Einstein's theory. Lastly, the speaker believes that the space was in a dynamic change. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #214)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

## 12. Stanford Management (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

The Education Leadership Initiative was started by Dean Bob Joss, of Stanford Graduate School of Business. He talked a lot about the importance of education leadership. Education leaders need to be dynamic and entrepreneurial change agents. Managing is not enough -- increasingly leaders must rise to the challenge of changing their organizations through innovative, problem-solving strategies. So we are combining forces from our School of Education and School of Business to support the development of management skills and leadership capacity for current superintendents and other central office leaders. The purpose of School of Education is learning while the purpose of School of Business is management. Now many institutes are providing education leadership learning opportunities, for profit or non-profit. We want to make sure that here at Stanford, we are not only delivering the services but with good quality. The program incorporates case-studies and research-based presentations, discussions, and exercises. Participants also collaborate and build relationships through group work. However, they must realize that it is their own responsibility to achieve and accomplish -- what others can do does not indicate what you are capable of.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about education leadership. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that education leaders need to be dynamic and entrepreneurial change agents. Also, he mentions that many institutes are providing education leadership learning opportunities and participants collaborate and build relationships through group work. Lastly, the speaker believes that it is their own responsibility to achieve and accomplish. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #131)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

## 13. Agriculture and Urbanization (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

I am trying here to capture the dynamics that is conventionally being associated with urbanization developments. And get back once again, to this question of agriculture. Once you have cities and you also have the reverse of the cities, you have countryside. You have rural areas and have this relationship with urban areas, and it needs to develop agricultural goods. And you trade with increasing industrial goods. Increasing agriculture productivity, reduces labour needs and opportunities in the rural areas, pushing people towards to the cities. There is this notion that in order to have progress and development in cities, you need people. If everybody is busing growing to crops, growing food that exists, you can't have people all going into the city. You need to increased productivity in the countryside. You need to have one farmer producing enough food for more than one family. And then you will have growth and productivity in the countryside, which will free of people move to the cities. In fact, in many ways, it will compel it. They will go to the cities and search for jobs and provide labour force for the production of all kinds of things.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the dynamics of urbanization developments. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that once you have cities you have countryside. Also, he mentions that it needs to develop agricultural goods and trade with industrial goods. Lastly, the speaker believes that people go to cities, search for jobs and provide labor force. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #143)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

#### 14. Human Memory (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: People forget things every day including experiences, feelings and thoughts, and we call this process biological forgetting. Remembering is hard for people, and people try to overcome biological forgetting. Humans' memory is not fixed, but it can be reconstructed and shaped by the past. People can capture precise things for a long period.

(APEUni Website / App SST #201)

#### 15. Poverty in China (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于poverty phenomenon of China。Poverty control is important in emerging world. In the development in 2000 China has promised to half the poverty and the goal has been met. China has moved and taken actions to make poverty reduction. China also created a lot of middle income people and opportunities to other countries. China also benefits other economies, such as Australia.

(APEUni Website / App SST #199)

#### 16. Curator (Prediction) (Audio Available)

##### Original:

I am going to talk today mostly about what I do as a curator here at the National Museum of Australia but I want to draw some generalities from that in terms of a series of curatorial practices, tools, techniques and methods that I think could be of interest to your students and to you in developing extension history courses. I want to talk about what I do as a curator and then from that also talk a bit about the kinds of history that I think museums are particularly good at creating and communicating. I think this is something I would really like to discuss because it is not necessarily very well understood is that I think museums, as Dave insisted by putting up my quote in his slide, create a very particular kind of history. It's not the kind of history that gets created in books or in dating films or in compositions, it's a very particular kind of history that grows out of the fact that museums are centrally interested and defined by their collections. I should say that is not an uncontested view of museums but it is certainly my view of museums. Curators try to understand material culture as an evidence of other people's lives as a means to try to understand other people – what they look like, what they did, how they made a living, what they hoped for in their lives, how they tried to construct their world and why they made particular choices. One way in which curators differ from other historians is therefore in terms of how we interrogate the past, what elements we use to communicate the past. Most academic historians are trained very much in the discipline of words and they concentrate on words still today, although it is changing a little bit. If you go through university history primarily you are encouraged to draw on things like archival accounts, manuscripts and now oral histories, and most of that work is actually promulgated in the form of books. There are also other kinds of historians. Obviously, filmmakers and photographers concentrate on creating images of the world and arranging them in meaningful sequences, but curators attend to objects. We look at objects as evidence of the past and try to arrange objects in meaningful ways called exhibitions.

##### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about what he does as a curator at the museum. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes it is a particular kind of history that grows out of the fact that museums are centrally interested and defined by their collections. Also, she mentions academic historians are trained in the discipline of words. Lastly, the speaker believes there are other kinds of historians. In conclusion, this

lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #197)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 17. Ugly Building (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

It seems to me that architecture is very much something that causes us both pleasure and trouble. I live in the part of western London where I think many of the streets are, where I live are really really ugly, and this distresses me every time I walk to a supermarket or walk to a tube. I think why did they built that and with terribly without architecture. It last so long, and if you write a bad book or do a bad play, you know, I will be shocked when it be showed and then no one would suffer. A bad building has a serious impact for, could be hundreds of years on the people around it. And suppose the book arose a little bit from the frustration, almost anger than there is so much bad architecture around. And then I realize if you talk about architecture, you will say why building are not more beautiful. Then you will say I can use such word as "beauty", that's a really arrogant word. And no one knows what beautiful is. It's all in the eye of beholder. I couldn't help but think that actually. Well, you know that we all attempt to agree that Rome is nice than Milkykings, and San Francisco has the edge of Frankfurt, so we can make that sort of generalization, surely they are something we can say about why a building work or why it doesn't. So the book's really attempt to suggest why architecture works when it does and what might be going to be wrong when it doesn't work.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about architecture's emotional impacts. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that a bad building has a serious impact for hundreds of years on the people around it. Also, he mentions that no one knows what 'beautiful' is. Lastly, the speaker believes that the architecture works when it does and might be going to be wrong when it doesn't work. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #178)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 18. Definition of Risk (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

What's the literal definition of "risk"? Business schools use risk analysis. So, what do you mean by "risk", and we need a dictionary. When you look at dictionary, this is literal, literal definition of risk. What it says is, the definition for example, the possibility of injury, a dangerous element or factor, chance of, degree or possibility of such loss, and so on. So, risk has two parts, as you look at the literal definition of risk. One part is the consequence of some kind of particular danger, hazard loss. And the other is about the probability, of it: chance and consequence, OK? And then at least just as English language concerns, when you look up the word of safe and safety, which you'll earn as, it's a little bit of a loop, a little circular argument that free from harm or risks, secure from danger, harm or loss, the condition of being safe and so on for all. And why we take out of it? At least when we talk about safe at least in English language, we are talking absolute something is safe, or it sounds safe.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the literal definition of risk. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes risk has two parts, the consequence of particular danger and the probability. Also, he mentions it is a little bit of a loop, a little circular argument that free from harm or risks. Lastly, the speaker believes when talking



about 'safe', we are talking something safe, or sounding safe. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #166)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 19. Government Tricks (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

I suppose it's the truism to point out that citizens need to be well informed. Maybe it's something we take for granted in our liberal western democracies. But there will be plenty of societies, well, that is run counter to explicit government policy. Many areas of the world still suffer from the reverie of the deliberate missing information. Governments, especially the unelected ones, but also some elected ones, have denied the events that have ever taken place. They pretend that other events did take place. They would help spin what they cannot deny. Ensure they've used every trick of the book, to pull the eyes of the world, and in an attempt to cover up their mistakes.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about citizens being well informed. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that it is something taken for granted in western liberal democracies. Also, he mentions that many areas of the world still suffer from the reverie of the deliberate missing information. Lastly, the speaker believes that governments would help spin what they cannot deny. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #158)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 20. Pandemic (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

What we know is that the impact of the pandemic would be catastrophic if it is similar to what we had in 1918. In the United States, there has been unprecedented amount of preparation so far. It's ..um, affects every aspect of public health. We have efforts for treatment, efforts for better prevention, clinical management, key communications, the domestic and international responses, and also efforts to try to prevent transmission within community. The federal government has had tremendous amount of resources that they have put into development of the new antiviral drugs, antiviral drugs stock piles; development of new vaccines and manufacturing facilities for vaccines. So, there's quite a lot that's happening in the United States. However, developing countries do not have the level of resources found in more developed countries. That's the real challenge.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the pandemic. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that the pandemic affects every aspect of public health. Also, he mentions that the federal government has had tremendous amount of resources put into the development of the new antiviral drugs. Lastly, the speaker believes that developing countries do not have the level of resources found in more developed countries. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #118)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 21. Big Bang (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

One of the most amazing things that have happened even in my lifetime is the prediction of cosmology. When I started out forty–odd years ago, we thought we knew that the universe began a big bang, some people doubted even then. We thought the universe was about ten or twenty billion years old. But now for really very sound scientific reasons, we can say that the universe did start in a Big bang and it's 13.8 billion years old. So it's not 14, it's not 13 because a decimal point in there and that's a stunning achievement to know that. And we also know that the laws of physics that apply to tiny particles inside atoms also explains what happened in the big bang, you can't have one without the other. A very neat example of this is that when you apply nuclear physics, that kind of physics to understand how stars work, you find out that the oldest star in the universe is about 13 billion years old. So their universe is just a little bit older than the stars. Fantastic, if we done it and counted in the other way around and said that the stars were older than the universe, we would say science was in deep trouble. But it's not, everything fits together and we know how the universe began, we got to know how the way it is. The future that it 'll suspects we don't know quite well what's going, but we got some ideas, which are as good as those ideas we had 40 years ago about how big bang happened.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about the prediction of cosmology. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that the universe did start in a big bang. Also, he mentions that the laws of physics that apply to tiny particles also explain the big bang. Lastly, the speaker believes we got some ideas as good as those ideas we had 40 years ago about how big bang happened. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #138)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**22. Mars and Earth (Prediction) (Incomplete)**

**Points:** 要点: 关于Earth 和 Mars, 关键词 geological surface/ rock formation/ lower gravity evidence of water, billion years ago 就有水了 第一句是 we are going to look at an interesting place today. It is called the Mars which is not far away from the earth. 然后说landscape 是像dessert covered with Rock。再说found trace amount of water in icy form just like the mountain. 那里not much of atmosphere. But found rare gasses. Possible guess: heavy gasses did not evaporate because of low gravity.

(APEUni Website / App SST #127)

**23. Earthquake and Fault (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

So, faults are breaks in the earth's crust, we can identify them because of the discontinuity in the structure within the earth crust across fault. And earthquakes occur on these faults, so vary processes by which these faults moves to a large extent is due to earthquakes. So, we have a fault plane and the earthquake is so focus on this fault plane and the earthquake starts at the particular point on the fault plane and we call that the focus of the earthquake. The rocks propagate out from that point on the rupture to cover the entire fault plane. The rupture is in that particular earthquake. We talked about the epicenter of the earthquake a lot. The epicenter is just the surface projection of the focus of the earthquake. So, if you wanted to look at map view where the earthquake was located, we would be able to look that into the earth. We would see the focus down some depth in the earth or the epicenter just a point vertically above that focus at the surface of the earth. So, this is the relationship between the faults and the earthquakes.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about faults in the earth crust. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that these faults moves to a large extent are due to earthquakes. Also, he mentions that The epicenter is just the surface projection of the focus of the earthquake. Lastly, the speaker believes that we would see the focus down some depth in the earth. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #107)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**24. Talent War (B) (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

I think there is an intense competition at the moment to hire the most talented and most intellectually able people. There is a time when I think companies have many of the adventures in the world. That involves the companies' world. It was the bosses' world. Now I think it reverses the case. We have a shortage in talent base within countries and between countries, have an intense battle between companies to hire the most talented workers and also between countries, which are looking to recruit talented young people, talented young immigrants. We have this sense of immigrants being things that countries are battled to keep out, and immigrants want to get in, climb of the walls. I think the opposite isn't that the case. And the topic is that countries are trying to lure bright young people to get them to go to universities and get them to become immigrants. So, on many levels, talent is a premium. There is a shortage of talent, and so countries, companies, all sorts of organizations, of course, volunteer organizations as well as, are competing to hire the best and the brightest. You know we have a baby-boom population which is aging. We have an economy which is becoming more sophisticated. And so, for all those sorts of reasons, talent is a premium.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about an intense competition. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that we have a shortage in talent base within countries and between countries. Also, she mentions that on many levels, for all those sorts of reasons, talent is at a premium. Lastly, the speaker believes that we have an economy which is becoming more sophisticated. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #104)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**25. Indian Peasant Debt (2) (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

The debt today is so high, it's two hundred thousand rupees, three hundred thousand rupees of peasant who have no capital. They who know within a year or two, when they accumulate that kind of debt. Where is the debt coming from? It's coming from a seed that is costing a hundred thousand to two hundred thousand rupees per kilogram, depending on what you got. Seeds that used to be free, used to be theirs. Pesticides each time, the more they use, the more they have to use, 12 sprays, 15 sprays, 20 sprays. Pesticides used in just the last five years in the land areas of India has shown up by 2000 percent. That's why the free market and globalization have brought and since we are talking about peasants, who have no money, who have no capital, they can only buy expensive seeds and expensive pesticides by borrowing. And who lend that money? The seed companies that sell the pesticides, which are the same companies that sell the seeds, as you know, are now also the major creditors.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about Indian peasant debt. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that it is three hundred thousand rupees of peasants who have no capital. Also, she mentions that It is coming from a seed that is costing a hundred thousand to two hundred thousand rupees per kilogram. Lastly, the speaker believes the seed companies that sell the pesticides are the major creditors. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #101)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 26. Vitamin D (2) (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Okay, to understand what Vitamin D does, we need to understand the central concept. The function of Vitamin D is to maintain blood calcium. You probably think the function of Vitamin D is to maintain strong bones and teeth. But it does that by accident. Its real function is to maintain your blood calcium level in a very narrow range. And the reason for that is if your blood calcium level falls below about 9 milligrams per 100 milliliters, then you're longing to be in a big trouble, and die rather quickly. And that's because blood calcium is important for muscle contraction and nerve transmission. And if you don't have enough of it, you can't contract muscles normally. There can't be normal nerve impulses. And this results in a disease called tetany, where you got these uncontrolled convulsions followed by rapid death. Calcium is also important for enzymic activities and blood clotting.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about Vitamin D, which maintains strong bones. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that the function of Vitamin D is to maintain blood calcium. Also, she mentions that Its real function is to maintain your blood calcium level in a very narrow range. Lastly, the speaker believes that calcium is also important for enzymic activities and blood clotting. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #100)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 27. University Competition (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Today a university like the LSE certainly has to acknowledge that it is in competition for the best students, all of whom have choices they can exercise, and many of them choices which run across national and continental borders. We are in competition, too, for staff. The academic job market is one of the most global 25 there is. And in the 21st century English is the new Latin, so universities in English speaking countries are exposed to more intensive competition than those elsewhere. We are in competition for government funding, through the assessment of research quality. We are in competition for research contracts, from public and private sector sources, and indeed we are in competition for the philanthropic pound. Many of our own donors were at more than one university, and indeed think of the LSEs requests alongside those of other charities to which they are committed. That is a competitive environment which is particularly visible to a vice-Chancellor.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about university competition. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that universities are in competition for the best students and staff. Also, he mentions that universities in English speaking countries are exposed to more intensive competition than those elsewhere. Lastly, the speaker believes that we are in competition for research contracts, from public and private sectors. In

conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #96)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 28. Market Economy (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Within most developed countries, notions of pragmatism, notions of the fact that we have democracies, have succeeded in tempering the market economy. In the 19th century, 18th century, the Industrial Revolution has a very negative effect on people, particularly working classes all over the world. We see data where life expectancy was reduced, hikes we were reduced, we were looking at the medical record. We can see that actually, living standards, much among large fractions of population, actually went down. But eventually, we pass the legislation about working conditions. And eventually, we circumscribe some of the worst kinds of behavior. We eventually, in the 20th century, we put regulations that composed better environmental conditions. And so some of the damage was reversed, and that we have made the market economy work in ways that the benefits of the all is far more what we shared in the world a hundred years ago.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the market economy. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes Within most developed countries, notions of pragmatism have succeeded in tempering the market economy. Also, he mentions that the industrial revolution had a negative effect on people, particularly working classes. Lastly, the speaker believes in the 20th century, we put regulations that composed better environmental conditions. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #74)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## 29. Citizenship Development (Prediction) (Audio Available)

### Original:

Last month I published alongside my annual report a subject report on the development of citizenship in schools. The report celebrates the success of some schools in implementing the citizenship curriculum. It praises those schools where there have been substantial developments in the subject, and which now go a long way towards fulfilling national curriculum requirements. In the report we are critical of schools which have not taken citizenship seriously, either through reluctance or lack of capacity to make appropriate provision in the curriculum. Citizenship is marginalised in the curriculum in one fifth of schools. It is less well established in the curriculum than other subjects, and less well taught and some critics have seized on this as a reason for wanting to step back from supporting it. Yet, the progress made to date by the more committed schools suggests that the reasons for introducing citizenship are both worthwhile and can be fulfilled, given the time and resources. Indeed, those reasons are given added weight by national and global events of the past few months. While not claiming too much, citizenship can address core skills, attitudes and values that young people need to consider as they come to terms with a changing world.

### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the development of citizenship in schools. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes citizenship is marginalized in the curriculum in one-fifth of schools. Also, he mentions the reasons for introducing citizenship are both worthwhile and can be fulfilled. Lastly, the speaker believes citizenship can address core skills, attitudes, and values. In conclusion, this lecture is very

informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #72)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 30. Environmental Law (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

Before we consider international environmental law and climate change we need to consider domestic legislation, as it is within the sovereign states that international law is put into practice. This reflects the environmentalists' maxim, 'think globally act locally'. United Kingdom legislative control over the impacts of mans' activity on the environment is not new. As long ago as the reign of Charles II the main concern was the production of smoke from the burning of 'sea coal. Almost all areas of trade and industry were subject to very detailed legislative controls at that time, although some were governed by 'self-regulation' in the form of guilds, who regulated both supply and methods of production. However, the measures implemented were mostly ineffective because then, as now, the specifying of legal duties and standards without providing any appropriate enforcement merely indicated good intentions but were of little practical effect. The next stage was prompted by the Industrial Revolution with the urbanization of society and its profound effects on the environment. Local industrialists used the Adam Smith model to maximize their economic benefit, but this was to the detriment of the local environment with the operation of 'Gresham's Law' that is, the bad drives out the good. Those industrialists who were concerned for either the health of their employees or the local environment faced higher costs than their competitors. The result was the need for increasingly comprehensive statutory controls on the discharge of pollutants into various receiving media.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about international environmental law and climate change. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that we need to consider domestic legislation, where international law is put into practice. Also, he mentions that the legal duties and standards without any appropriate enforcement merely indicated good intentions. Lastly, the speaker believes the result was the need for statutory controls on the discharge of pollutants. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #71)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 31. Economic Globalization (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

Globalization, what is globalization? I think that it takes on a few different definitions in one sense of the word. Globalization means proliferation of transactions across country. So, one way of thinking about globalization is a way to describe, increase international communications, more trade happening between countries and be less self-sufficient in providing goods and services to their people and more companies that have offices in multiple countries, which we call multinationals. So, the source of growth in travel and communication and corporate trade across borders. And this way of thinking about globalization is the continuation of thinking that has been around for a long time, such as when the Europeans went to the Orient, to find spices, which was also an example of global trade and communication. Another way to think of globalization though, is an economic system. It is a system in which countries become integrated in a way that never had been before. In this system, we see a global split in the process between consuming and producing goods. Some countries produce goods, some countries consume goods, and then these countries in different areas of the globe depend on

each other in a kind of organic solidarity rather than having an economic system being just inside your country. The system is the way economy in your country functions depends on economy of another country. And in fact this way of thinking about globalizations represents a new area of economic progression. The past industrialist economy has been a global issue.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about what globalization is. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that globalization means proliferation of transactions across the country. Also, he mentions that another way to think of globalization though, is an economic system. Lastly, the speaker believes that the past industrialist economy has been a global issue. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #70)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**32. Mr. Green (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

Amory Lovins is an American consultant experimental physicist and he has been active at the nexus of energy, resources, economy, environment, development and security in more than 50 countries for over 40 years. He pays attention on energy saving and how to use energy in a more efficient and sustainable way. He built a house with plenty of energy-saving concepts. He's an unusual character with a wide range of knowledge and a genius, but he's not a scientist. He has a consulting company and lives mountain. For 30 years, he used a lot of ways to save energy and solved problems with technologies that already existed and demonstrate them. Some people think he is so crazy. A female writer wrote a book about him which is called Mr Green.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about an American consultant experimental physicist. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes he has been active at the nexus of energy, resources, economy, environment, development and security. Also, he mentions he pays attention on energy saving and how to use energy more efficiently. Lastly, the speaker believes that a female writer wrote a book about him called Mr Green. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #69)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

**33. DNA&RNA (Prediction) (Audio Available)****Original:**

Now, the study of biology is responsible for some of the most profound insights that humans have, about the world around them. So, take a look at these four panoramas. In the upper left, you see some bacteria this happen to be equal line, you obviously see a butterfly, a flower, a dolphin. If you see that at the outer space, just looks these different forms and structures. You have no idea that they were all related to one another. So one of the most profound thing that biology told us is that all life on earth is exceptionally related similar to one another. So, for example, all of these life forms rely on DNA and RNA for storing and transmitting in using their genetic and inherited information. They are all based on cell. Cell is the fundamental building blocks of all life. All of these organisms consist of cells, and the cells essentially have the same chemicals inside of them – carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen, and the whole bunch of other stuff and much smaller amount. All these organisms conducted metabolism, in other words, chemical reactions that using convert energy from one form to another. And the basic chemistry is all very similar to one another. The type of molecule is used very

similar to one another.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about DNA and RNA. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes the study of biology is responsible for some of the most profound insights that humans have. Also, he mentions that all life on earth is related similar to one to another, all based on cell. Lastly, the speaker believes the type of molecule is used very similar to one and another. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #64)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 34. Laughter (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Laughter is one of the greatest therapies in combating adversity; and whole communities and nations have frequently relied on humour to get them through their bleakest times. On August 13, 1961, the barbed wire was rolled out of Berlin to create the Berlin wall. For nearly 30 years, until it was dismantled, wall jokes proliferated –especially among those living in the east. Laughing was all that was left. Jokes about those who rule you – and sometimes those who tyrannise you – are a form of folklore that has existed in societies as seemingly different as communist eastern Europe, Czarist Russia, modern Egypt, 12–century Persia, and modern day Iran. Humour can also be wonderfully subversive. It can protect self–respect and identity.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about the functions of laughter. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that laughter is one of the greatest therapies to combat adversity. Also, he mentions that jokes about those who rule people and sometimes those who tyrannize people are a form of folklore. Lastly, the speaker believes that humor can be subversive and can protect self–respect and identity. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #63)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 35. Sound Receptor (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

You've got sound receptors in your ear, and they are beautiful. We're not going to talk about them at any length, but there's little flappy, these little spiky things going along in your ear and they can translate vibrational energy coming from your ear, hurting your eardrum, being translated into a vibration into the fluid in your ear into a physical motion of these little receptors there into an electrical motion, into an electrical signal that goes into your ear. So, all of that, all of that's pretty impressive stuff. We are not going to talk about the details of it, but I invite some of you who want to learn more about this, particularly MIT students I think to find receptors really quite remarkable kinds of devices.

**Answer:**

This lecture mainly talks about sound receptors. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that these spiky things can translate vibrational energy coming from your ear. Also, he mentions that an electrical signal goes into your ear. Lastly, the speaker believes he invite some people wanting to learn more to find receptors quite remarkable kinds of devices. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #35)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website /](#)



[App to listen.](#)

### 36. Secret Bee Life (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

I have been writing non-fiction for years, and secretly wanting to be a novelist. When I first started writing at the age of 30, it was with the intention of writing fiction, but I took a little detour for 10 or 12 years, and write non-fiction which I absolutely have no regret about at all. I think it's exactly the right thing for me to do, but there's this dream tucked away inside of me to do this. Now I remember reading something that Eudora Welty wrote, who is a great novelist from Mississippi who had a big influence on me actually. She said, "no art ever came out of not risking your neck." And I think she's absolutely right. It felt that way to me at the time, it actually feels that way every time I sit down to write something. Finally, in the early 90s, I took my deep breath, and started writing fiction. It felt risky to me at the time to do that. And one of the very first things I wrote was, what I thought was going to be the first chapter of a novel, called "The Secret Life of Bees". I wrote it in 1992, and it is actually essentially the first chapter of the novel as it is now.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about a female novelist. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that it was with the intention of writing fiction, but she took a detour for years. Also, she mentions that no art ever came out of not risking your neck. Lastly, the speaker believes that one of the very first things she wrote was called 'The Secret Life of Bees'. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #34)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 37. Drug Advertisement (Prediction) (Audio Available)

#### Original:

The amount of money drug companies spend on TV ads has doubled in recent years. And it's no wonder: studies show the commercials' work: consumers go to their doctors with a suggestion for a prescription drug they saw advertised on TV. Now a study in the Annals of Family Medicine raises questions about the message these ads promote, NPRs Patty Neighmond reports. You're most likely to see drug ads during prime time, especially around the news. Researchers analyzed 38 ads aimed at people with conditions like hypertension, herpes, high cholesterol, depression, arthritis, and allergies. The drug industry says the ads arm consumers with information. But researchers found that though the information was technically accurate, the tone was misleading. UCLA psychologist Dominick Frosch headed the study. "What we would see in these ads is that before taking the prescription drug, the character's life was out of control and the loss of control really extended beyond just the impact of the health condition, " For example, herpes patients were portrayed as being incapacitated for days, insomniacs utterly out of synch on the job and depressed patients friendless and boring at parties. "When the character is then shown taking the drug, he then magically regains complete control of his life." None of the ads, of course, mentioned lifestyle changes that could also help treat the condition. After that, it's mass marketing. But in this case, Frosch says, prescription medications are not soap.

#### Answer:

This lecture mainly talks about the amount of money drug companies spend on TV advertisements. Firstly, the speaker emphasizes that you are most likely to see drug ads during prime time. Also, he mentions that the tone of the advertisement was misleading. Lastly, the speaker believes that none of the advertisements mentioned lifestyle changes that could also help treat the condition. In conclusion, this lecture is very informative.

(APEUni Website / App SST #31)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.



## Multiple Choice (Multiple)

Repeat Rate: 5%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types > Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://APEUni Website / App) to listen.

### 1. Singapore (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于Singapore和Hong Kong的相似之处。选项: emphasized on public transport; (答案) highly or densely populated。 (答案)  
(APEUni Website / App LMCM #79)

### 2. Pregnant Women (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 一段采访, 关于对pregnant women产生影响的因素。受访者提到说season不同, location不同, 比如美国东西海岸提到LA和...。还有expose的时间也不同, 如一名孕妇从开始pregnant就一直expose, 另一名孕妇是expose三个月后去了其它没那个物质的地方。问: 那个受访者怎么做这个研究? 选项: different seasoning; (答案) region (答案)。  
(APEUni Website / App LMCM #78)

### 3. Theory and Practice (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于 theory 和 practice 的关系, 前面说 theory is different from practice, as practice applies the theory. 中间提到 etymology (语源学)。后面说 methodology (方法论) 和 theory 的区别。Methodology must have hypothesis, 而theory 是不需要这些的, 又提到 application 等。  
(APEUni Website / App LMCM #77)

### 4. Group (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于什么是group。group的人数不一样, 每个group都有以下三个特点: conflict、culture 和...。选项: culture是group最重要的东西 (没听到最重要, 疑似干扰项); 每个group有characteristic (答案); lecturer说没时间讲detail了 (没听到说“没时间”, 只听到说了“talk later”)。  
(APEUni Website / App LMCM #76)

### 5. Einstein (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于爱因斯坦的理论研究, 理论一关于微观世界, 例如 neutron, 不受重力影响; 理论二关于大的物体。这两个理论不compatible。  
(APEUni Website / App LMCM #75)

### 6. Democracy (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** Democracy in America, to put it simply, is the most important work about democracy that you will ever read. To compound the irony, the most famous book on American democracy was written by a French aristocrat who might have been deeply foreign, if not hostile to the manners, customs, habits of a democratic society. And from the time of its first publication in 1835, the book was hailed as a masterpiece. John Stuart Mill called the book a masterpiece that has at once, he says, taken its rank among the most remarkable productions of our time. Tocqueville has come to take his side, his place alongside of Washington, Jefferson and Madison almost as if he were an honorary American. And, as if this were not enough, a recent translation of the book was recently inducted into the prestigious Library of America series which seems to put the stamp of naturalization on a book written in French for Frenchmen and yet it is part of the prestigious Library of America. As Tocqueville might have said,

go figure. I don't know how to say that in French actually.

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #74)

### 7. Timetable (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：一男一女对话。男声说：你的schedule怎么样？女声表示没听懂，问他是否为timetable。男声抱怨一周7天5天都有课，最后一节课下午4点，中午只有半小时休息时间。整个对话前面为废话，答案来自中间几句话。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #73)

### 8. Penguin (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：关于企鹅，一开始提到他们住在低温水域，耐寒耐饿。选项：...depends on their species; all lived in low temperature water; 给小企鹅保暖；...可以不吃东西。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #72)

### 9. Aviation Technology (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：采访一个科学家，讲航空技术。选项：A. It takes 10–15 years to ...orbit; (干扰项) B. 这些科学家想要develop their own measurement/way to measure; (答案) C. Something is inexpensive; (干扰项，原文提了反义词not inexpensive) D. It takes time for technology to develop (答案，原音提了科技需要跟上步伐)

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #71)

### 10. Made in China (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：中国从模仿制造到创造制造。选项：中国吸引海外专家回国；(答案) 中国认识到了创新的重要性；(答案) 中国在manufacturing和engineering行业比其他行业更加运用了创造力。(答案)

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #70)

### 11. Sharks (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：视频题，一个青年（奥克兰的鲨鱼博士）介绍自己为什么要研究鲨鱼和学习相关知识。鲨鱼的种类实在是太多了，你看这片水域就有XXX，那片水域有XXX，这些都对生物链有重要的影响。sharks at risk。提到fierce。问题：这人刚开始研究鲨鱼时，觉得鲨鱼如何？选项：amazing; at risk。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #69)

### 12. Lizard (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：关于lizard，一个视频播放分上下屏对比，分别是蜥蜴在常温和低温下用舌头捕捉猎物的慢动作，当蜥蜴把舌头伸出去到抓到猎物这一瞬间时间几乎是相同的，但是当把舌头缩回来的时候，低温下明显比常温下所用的时间多的多。后面好像说了低温对舌头肌肉收缩影响较大，还有好像舌头收缩消耗能量高（这条不太确定），最后一句是因此就算是在寒冷的环境蜥蜴还是可以生存（因为舌头捕捉猎物的时间几乎没变，只是拽回来费点劲）。选项：高温伸出得快；低温回缩慢；(答案) 不适宜在寒冷地方生存。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #67)

### 13. Course Counseling (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 一名女士咨询课程，说她之前有两份工作的经验。曾在大公司做manager，后来在小公司需要自己掌控全局所以才来学习理论知识。选项：她之前的公司比现在大;(正确答案) 她只有一份工作。(干扰项)

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #59)

### 14. Mozzie (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 讲mosquito吸血。也许人的不同肤色对蚊子会有影响，但最吸引蚊子的是人体散发的carbon dioxide。并不是所有蚊子都是以吸血为生，也有吃nectar的；母蚊子是为了繁衍后代，需要protein才吸血。

选项: only female mosquitos bite;(正确答案) people's reactions vary; (正确答案) particular body parts 会吸引蚊子。(干扰项)

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #58)

### 15. Translating Software (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 一个软件可以把French翻译成English, 只需要把text放进去, within 5 minutes, 可以识别出某个词语是否为academic。还可以把text take a picture。选项: 这个软件可以把French interpret成English in 5 minutes; 这个软件可以在很快时间内分析text; 这个软件可以挑出重复的词; 这个软件可以用photo和text分析。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #57)

### 16. Surgery (Prediction) (Audio Available) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 一个Melbourne University的男老师介绍他们的医学系, 说他们do surgery with money elephants等动物, 说他们partnerships with zoos, 有什么imaging 设备。选项: The university gains more than zoos. Imaging devices; Students get别的地方得不到的experience。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #53)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://APEUni Website / App) to listen.

### 17. British Library (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点: 关于大英图书馆的导游音频, 介绍了进门后左边是什么, 往前走是the Sir John Ritblat Gallery。

(APEUni Website / App LMCM #49)

## Multiple Choice (Single)

Repeat Rate: 5%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types > Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 1. Complaint (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：女人总抱怨男人没注意听她们说话，或者就给出好多解决方法。男人则说女人总在抱怨同一件事，即使给她们出了好多次主意了。问：The author suggests men ...  
(APEUni Website / App LMCS #77)

### 2. Media (Prediction) (Audio Available)

**Original:**

Now let's talk a video, video and audio as a tool for mobile and here is the thing. It also works beautifully for social media and web too. It kills three birds in one stone. Do you know why TV does so well and films do so well? So really easy answer, we humans react best to seeing the picture, other human beings talking back to us, and playing all these stories or what not. Yet you will find that most of the web is texted, yet when I have a four-minute video, it does better or when I have the slide show that an audio track to it. They do so much better than all my other content because we need that. This is a flat screen, we need to Live it up somehow. This is a small screen, it's not easy to read Lengthy text, but if I create a Lengthy article, and then I create a three-minute video or a set of three-minute videos about it. Then I am not re-purposed to the use, I have differentiated from all my competitors and I use a fancy QR code to Link to these, oh my god, we're innovating at the spear. OK.

**Question:**

According to the speaker, the main reason why TV and films work so well is that \_\_\_\_\_.

**Options:**

- A) They integrate well with social media and web.
- B) We humans respond best to video and audio.
- C) They get more information across than texts.
- D) Their flat and small screens are easy to operate.

**Answer:**

B

(APEUni Website / App LMCS #76)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 3. Graduation (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：一个对话中男生恭喜女生毕业，问女生要不要接着读硕士，女生说要休息一下。男生问休息有什么计划，女生说不知道，反问有什么建议。男生建议说去旅行，周游世界。选项：He is congratulating her. (答案)

(APEUni Website / App LMCS #73)

### 4. Major in Engineering (Prediction) (Audio Available) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：视频题，问主要说了什么，注意视频的标题 选项：选择学习工程专业的原因，参加比赛的好处。

(APEUni Website / App LMCS #31)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 5. Dialogue (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：校园里一男一女对话，男的问mechanical engineering library怎么走，女的告诉他要直走过了某个building后右转，一直走到左手边第二个建筑，进去之后上三楼。然后他说自己不是学这个的，是来找朋友。女的说自己一开始读过junior engineering course，所以知道路线，现在转读math了。男的代表女的很了不起，并邀请她喝咖啡，女的说好，但是现在不行，等下课后，也许是晚上。 选项：穿过xxx后右转；（正确答案） take the second left; library在他右手边。

(APEUni Website / App LMCS #65)



## Highlight Correct Summary

Repeat Rate: 5%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types > Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://www.apeuni.com) to listen.

### 1. Airline Cost (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：航空公司要降低cost，顾客可以有options去选择自己要的服务，于是机票价格降低。  
(APEUni Website / App HCS #40)

### 2. Global Climate (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：Global climate and temperature change until 2005. 视频显示一个大学教室的讲课大屏幕，一个线图，横坐标是1990 (?) 到2005年，纵坐标是温度。男教授讲过去十几年全球变暖和温度的变化，提出有几个时间点温度变化很突然，结论是担忧以后温度继续上升。  
(APEUni Website / App HCS #63)

### 3. Extrovert or Introvert (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 关于management。manager要考虑到员工是extrovert还是introvert，奖励他们时要有所不同，有人可能喜欢被公开表扬，有些人却更倾向于私下写个note。 It is more important to recognize if the staff is introvert or extrovert than...  
(APEUni Website / App HCS #43)



## Select Missing Word

Repeat Rate: 5%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Prioritise other question types > Weekly prediction > Practice Qs

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://www.apeuni.com) to listen.

### 1. Impacts of Globalization (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：全球化的影响，对于有教育背景的人来说是好事，对于没有良好教育的人来说...(Beep)。选项：protest; suffer。

(APEUni Website / App SMW #79)

### 2. Packaging (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 要点：国际货运流程包括了packaging和shipping等环节。通过优化流程并采用新的packaging方式降低成本和提升效率。接下来我们来说..... (beep) 答案在开头几句话里面说shipping包括了packaging and xxxxx。

(APEUni Website / App SMW #78)

## Fill in the Blanks

Repeat Rate: 32%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Intensive listening of practice questions > Weekly prediction

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 1. Interest Rates (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Higher interest rates have knocked investors **confidence** in putting their money into property, evidence suggests. The **insurance** company standard life says that the rate rises since last summer have led more people to question the wisdom of property **investment** .

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #101)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 2. Nanotechnology (Prediction) (Audio Available)

What is nanotechnology? Well, a report that was put together by a **combination** of the Royal Society and the Royal Academy of Engineering that came our last summer, **identified** two topics. Nano-science is the study of phenomena and the manipulation of materials at atomic, molecular and **macromolecular** scales, where properties differ significantly from those as a larger scale. Nanotechnologies are the design characterization, production and application of **structures** , devices and systems by controlling shape and size at the nanometer scale. So I'll talk a little bit more in a moment about what a nanometer is, but **loosely** speaking people think of nanotechnologies as being a sort of a hundred nanometers or less.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #99)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 3. Virus (Prediction) (Audio Available)

So a virus is something that you can't see by normal light microscopy, you need very advanced **techniques** for electron microscopy to see it, but that virus is not able to reproduce itself without a host and us as human beings are made up of lots of different cell **types** and we are interested in understanding at the molecular level how that virus infects the liver and why does it infect the liver and it doesn't infect the heart or it doesn't infect other **tissues** .

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #98)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

### 4. Financial Markets (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Financial markets swung wildly yesterday in frenzied trading market by further selling of **equities** and **fears** about an unraveling of the global carry trade. At the same time trading in the European credit markets in London was exceptionally **heavy** as traders frantically reassessed their appetite for risk—prompting wild **swings** in the prices of the key derivatives. It was the third day of frenetic activity in the European credit markets, suggesting that equity market swings were prompting a wider repositioning of investors in a host of asset classes.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #96)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

App to listen.

### 5. Oceanographer (Prediction) (Audio Available)

For many years the favorite horror story about **abrupt** climate change was that a shift in ocean currents could **radically** cool Europe's climate. These currents, called the overturning **circulation** bring warm water and warm temperatures north from the equator to Europe. Susan Loosier, an **oceanographer** at Duke University, says scientists have long worried that this ocean circulation could be disrupted.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #95)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App to listen](#).

### 6. Beautiful Building (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Along the way, we have built **unashamedly** beautiful buildings, two of which have won and been runner-up in the prestigious United Nations World **Habitat** Award: the first time an Australian building has received that international honor. We rely on older **concepts** of Australian architecture that are heavily influenced by the bush. All residents have private verandas which allow them to **socialize** outdoors and also creates some "defensible space" between their bedrooms and public areas. We use a lot of **natural** or soft materials and build beautiful landscaped gardens.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #94)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App to listen](#).

### 7. CPG (Prediction) (Audio Available)

In animals, a movement is **coordinated** by a cluster of neurons in the spinal cord called the central contract **patterns** generator (CPG). This produces signals that drive muscles to contract rhythmically in a way that produces running or walking, depending on the pattern of **pulses**. A simple signal from the brain instructs the CPG to switch between modes such as going from a **standstill** to walking.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #92)

There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App to listen](#).

### 8. Rammer (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 第一个词应该是temporary, 后面跟的是box, 说的是把什么东西放到box里。发音类似craft的那个单词后面是aspect of knowledge。这个词前面是说一个theory很popular, but I think it's a mistake, because there is still a \_\_ aspect of knowledge. 确定考到了popular, vernacular。

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #91)

### 9. Planting Bananas (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** 关于香蕉种植史。 单词有:communities; demographic; transition; pedal; origin。

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #90)

### 10. Laurence Stephen Lowry (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Laurence Stephen Lowry RBS RA was an English artist. Many of his drawings and paintings depict Pend Lebury, Lancashire, where he lived and worked for more than 40 years, and also Salford and its surrounding areas. Lowry is famous for painting scenes of life in the **industrial** districts of North West England in the mid-20th century. He developed a **distinctive** style of painting and is best known for his **city** landscapes peopled with human figures often referred to as **matchstick** man. He painted

mysterious unpopulated landscapes, brooding **portraits** and the unpublished "marionette" works, which were only found after his death.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #89)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 11. Water Crisis (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Now that story's been scotched, as only part of contingency planning. But it was a symptom of the dramatic turn of events in South Australia, and it flushed out other remarks from water **academics** and people like Tim Flannery, indicating that things were really much worse than had been **foreshadowed**, even earlier this year. So is Adelaide, let alone some whole **regions** of South Australia, in serious bother? Considering that the vast amount of its drinking water comes from the **beleaguered** Murray, something many of us outside the State may not have quite realized. Is their **predicament** something we have to face up to as a nation?

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #88)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 12. Shakespeare (Prediction) (Audio Available)

For all his fame and celebration, William Shakespeare remains a **mysterious** figure with regards to personal history. There are just two primary **sources** for information on the Bard: his works, and various legal and **church** documents that have survived from Elizabethan times. Naturally, there are many **gaps** in this body of information, which tells us little about Shakespeare the man.

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #86)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

### 13. Online Dating (Prediction) (Audio Available)

Bruch and her colleague Mark Newman studied who swapped messages with whom on a popular online dating platform in the month of January 2014. They **categorized** users by desirability using PageRank, one of the algorithms behind search technology. **Essentially** if you receive a dozen messages from desirable users, you must be more desirable than someone who receives the same number of messages from average users. Then they asked: How far "out of their league" do online daters tend to go when pursuing a partner? "I think people are optimistic **realists** In other words, they found that both men and women tended to pursue mates just 25 percent more desirable than themselves. "So they're being optimistic, but they're also taking into account their own relative position within this overall desirability hierarchy." And the study did have a few more **lessons** for people on the market: "I think one of the take-home messages from this study is that women could probably afford to be more aspirational in their **mate** pursuit."

(APEUni Website / App FIBL #73)

[There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at APEUni Website / App to listen.](#)

## Highlight Incorrect Words

Repeat Rate: 2%

Exam Strategy: Old questions still count significantly. Exam Strategy: Practice with 1.2 speed until 100% correct

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](http://www.apeuni.com) to listen.

### 1. Article (Prediction) (Incomplete)

**Points:** What's an article? I was asking myself this very question in the post office yesterday, standing in line waiting to sign for, as it so happens, an article. A postal article. Not the postal article. Now before we get ahead of ourselves, an article in English is a word that precedes a noun, and simply indicates specificity. This sounds quite complicated, and to be honest, it's quite complicated to say without spraying everyone within 15 feet, but the concept's quite simple. The definite article in English is the word "the", and indicates a specific thing or type; for example, the train is an hour late. By contrast, the indefinite article in English is any of the words "a", "an" or "some", and the indefinite article indicates a non-specific thing; for example, would you please pass me an apple. We always precede a word with "a" if it doesn't start with a vowel sound. For example, take a hike; I'm spending a Weekend at Burnie's; or there's a Knight in Shining Armour. Similarly, we precede words with the indefinite article "an" if they do start with a vowel sound, for example, an ostrich, an enormous mess or an Occupational Health and Safety Policy.

(APEUni Website / App HIW #16)

## Write From Dictation

Repeat Rate: 99%

Exam Strategy: A considerable number of new questions have been reported recently, and get yourself prepared. Exam Strategy: All Exam Qs > Weekly prediction Note: Sentences have many variants in exams. Be alert in real exams. Do not blindly memorize Exam Qs.

Audio Available: There're available audio records for this question. Search by the question number at [APEUni Website / App](#) to listen.

1. Physics students will do an additional module if their marks are low. #1370 (New) (Prediction) (Audio Available)
2. Time was needed to process complex lectures. #1366 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
3. A national collection center is currently being built. #1365 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
4. Communication skills are increasingly important in recent years. #1358 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
5. The university canteen offers different healthy meal options. #1356 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
6. Remember to sign the attendance prior to the class. #1355 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
7. The balance in diet and exercise makes good health. #1354 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
8. More time will be needed to process the topic of the project. #1351 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
9. There are places on campus where you can get meals. #1350 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
10. Foods containing too much sugar and calories have little or no nutritional value. #1349 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
11. Findings show that cocoa in dark chocolate improves memory, immunity and mood. #1348 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
12. The untapped potential way of monitoring the sun's rise is phenomenal. #1347 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
13. We are continuing to provide postgraduate online learning resources. #1345 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
14. Libraries provide lots of services for students. #1344 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
15. The use of dictionary is not allowed during the examination. #1342 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
16. Undergraduate students can select what interests them most in the scientific program. #1341 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
17. There is a separate reading list for each course. #1340 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
18. **Points:** The first commercial airport is built on an island recently. #1339 (Prediction) (Incomplete)
19. Employment opportunities available in engineering are increasing rapidly. #1338 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
20. She has been in the library for a long time. #1336 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
21. New media has an impact on human communications. #1085 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
22. The library has a number of collections of historical and social statistical publications. #1334 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
23. You should submit your essay by midnight tomorrow. #1333 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
24. Mechanical engineering has become predominant since the Industrial Revolution. #1330 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
25. Scientists were unsure when the early man left Africa. #1329 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
26. The capacity of programming computers is expanding enormously every year. #1328 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
27. The paper has the potential to transform life science. #1327 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
28. The tutorial timetable can be found on the course website. #1326 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

29. New media journalism is an exciting area for study. #1323 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
30. Physics students will do an additional module this year. #1287 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
31. The feedback from the students was extremely positive. #1319 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
32. Heavy snow means no flight can take off or land. #1317 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
33. The content is to define the combination of maths and philosophy. #1316 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
34. Our workshops are opening for all students on campus. #1315 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
35. The world is now getting warmer at a fast rate. #1314 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
36. Parents today are involved in the education of their children. #1313 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
37. Water is heated to boiling in the flask and added to the mixture. #1312 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
38. Our new medical students must attend the talk about optional courses. #1310 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
39. The prevailing wind ensures the temperature extremes unwell. #1309 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
40. When the court announces the sentence, the judge will see if she is regretting. #1306 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
41. New media is to find new areas to study in. #1304 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
42. Many experts think that the world climate is changing. #1302 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
43. The workshop will show you how to search the library catalogues. #1301 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
44. We are more able to accommodate postgraduate students than previously possible. #1299 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
45. Social policies describe the ways in which the society meets human's needs. #1296 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
46. According to the law of gravity, all objects attract to each other. #1256 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
47. Reading lists will be available before the course begins. #632 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
48. Food that contains antibiotics provides few or no nutrition values. #1295 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
49. In some countries, people live in homes made from shipping containers. #1294 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
50. At that time, people moved from towns to villages. #1293 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
51. Coastal communities are vulnerable to the rising sea level. #1292 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
52. Years of training are required to become a medical specialist. #572 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
53. People will never learn that the life exists on the other planets. #1291 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
54. One of the key conclusions is that the development needs were met. #1290 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
55. Artificial intelligence has made significant progress for the last few years. #1289 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
56. Politicians need to be more practical when they are addressing the issues. #1268 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
57. For any written assignment, a detailed literature review must be performed. #1282 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
58. Mobile devices are not allowed during the examination. #1279 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
59. The key witnesses to the event have conflicting recollections. #1278 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

60. Before architecture was invented, humans lived in underground houses. #1277 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

61. Changing your interest is a natural part of the learning process. #1276 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

62. There are many concerns about the research, for example, financial considerations. #1275

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

63. Participation rate on studying language learning exceeded expectations. #1274 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

64. Mechanical evolution became a predominant phenomenon during the industrial revolution. #1272

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

65. Rail transport is becoming more and more popular. #1271 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

66. There are so many fast food outlets on campus nowadays. #1269 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

67. The cafeteria will only serve cold milk on Friday this week. #1267 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

68. Democracy is constantly offering a stable form of government. #1266 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

69. There have been long streams of extreme weather since human history. #1265 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

70. All the equipment must be returned to the laboratory by Wednesday. #1264 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

71. The new biology course will be starting in February. #1262 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

72. There are many exciting developments occurring in the industry. #1261 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

73. Electronic devices can help students to complete their assignments than ever before. #1260

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

74. These regions were both areas of economic development. #1259 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

75. If you need a parking ticket, see me after the lecture. #1255 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

76. The post office will be closed on Monday and Friday afternoons. #1254 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

77. There is an overlap between chemistry and other subjects. #1253 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

78. The summer school allows some students to accelerate their studies. #1252 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

79. You can buy a ticket for the lecture from the school secretary. #1251 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

80. International aid programs have been reduced by the new government. #1250 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

81. The study of history can provide unique insight. #1248 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

82. The sociology exam will take place in week thirteen. #1247 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

83. Many cities are actively working on ways to reduce air pollution. #1246 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

84. The digital revolution has changed the way we read. #1245 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

85. Good educators can recognize the different kinds of learning styles. #1243 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

86. Reading widely is an important part of the undergraduate study. #1241 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

87. Many companies use personality tests in interview process. #1240 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

88. Having snow means no flight can take off or land. #1239 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

89. He wrote poetry and plays as well as scientific papers. #1238 (Prediction) (Audio Available)



90. You must inform your professor if you are absent in your class. #1237 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
91. Fast food has become very popular with many students. #1235 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
92. Cells are the basic building blocks of all animals and plants. #1234 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
93. Students should take the training course to use the gym. #1233 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
94. All mobile devices must be switched off during the examination. #1232 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
95. The economic predictions turned out to be incorrect. #1231 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
96. Having clean water for the human is vital for health. #1230 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
97. Journalism has undergone many changes in recent years. #1229 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
98. Industry experts will discuss the opportunities in an optimal workforce. #1228 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
99. The research was investigating the great impact of gender on social attitude. #1227 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
100. Sympathy is a feeling of sorrow for someone who is not happy. #1226 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
101. New developments in technology are influencing current research. #1217 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
102. Most known oil reserves last for only half a century. #1209 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
103. The university main library will be open till midnight until next Monday. #1214 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
104. Our aim is to transform classical teaching in the classroom. #1213 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
105. We are phasing out the disposable cups on campus. #1200 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
106. The study of utilizing projects is funded by the university. #1207 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
107. Many universities are continuously expanding the postgraduate education's online learning resources. #1206 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
108. The media play a significant role in shaping public opinion. #1205 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
109. The teaching staff are actively engaged in original research. #1202 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
110. Students are permitted to park at campus parking spaces. #1199 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
111. Scientists can develop new elements in the laboratory. #1198 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
112. Businesses must obey contemporary general regulations. #1196 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
113. The commissioner will portion the funds to all sovereignties. #1195 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
114. We are continuing to provide learning resources. #1194 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
115. Scientific experiments are repeated in order to find results. #1193 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
116. The university provides legislation for students and staff. #1066 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
117. There are places on campus where you can get milk. #1154 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
118. The urban geography degree includes the study of demography. #1201 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
119. Technology is no longer a simple tool that we can control. #1192 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
120. Students may only use parking cards in authorized university parking spaces. #1191 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
121. These words recognized the excellence of undergraduates' research projects. #1190 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
122. You will portray your plan and sign off on your paper. #1188 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
123. Rising sea temperature is a sign of climate change. #1187 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
124. The public is often misled by the biased coverage. #1186 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
125. Our company currently employs more than ten thousand people worldwide. #1184 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

126. Rising inflation means increasing goods prices and decreasing demand for products. #1183

(Prediction) (Audio Available)

127. Money and how it is paid can be the motivation for the work. #1182 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

128. It is clear that the human population impacts the environment. #1181 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

129. You shall be studying economies of several developing countries. #1179 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

130. This course can help to deepen your appreciation of art. #1177 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

131. The university library holds a number of collections of geological maps. #1176 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

132. The finding shows that chocolate can improve immunity and mood. #1175 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

133. The degree is taught by using a mixture of lectures and seminars. #1174 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

134. Parenting is difficult for parents who have shift work. #1172 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

135. He was regarded as the foremost economist at that time. #1169 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

136. An essay should use evidence from both primary and secondary sources. #1168 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

137. A surprisingly large number of students applied for that course. #1167 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

138. The amount of time spent on configuration varies considerably. #1165 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

139. Please make sure your application follows the guidelines provided. #1163 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

140. It is an integrated course with three different elements. #1158 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

141. For the small businesses, making profit is the main priority. #1155 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

142. Thousands of people turned out ahead of the prestigious election. #1153 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

143. Academic journals are often edited by subject specialists. #1152 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

144. There is no economic recognition that borrowing is necessarily bad. #1151 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

145. Understanding visual media has never been more challenging. #1148 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

146. Libraries in many areas were closed due to lack of funding. #1147 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

147. The student magazine is looking for a new editor. #1146 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

148. Leave the building immediately if the fire alarm goes off. #1145 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

149. There are a variety of different ways to present statistical information. #1143 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

150. The deadline of the marketing assignment has been extended. #1139 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

151. Rivers provide habitats and water pathways for numerous species. #1135 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

152. Having strong motivation is vital for achieving your goal. #1134 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

153. The Internet has transformed the nature of publishing. #1131 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

154. Family life is difficult for parents who have shift work. #1129 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

155. The British students need to study mathematics in secondary school. #1128 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

156. Scholarships are available for both local and international students. #1125 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

157. Teaching assistance plays a vital role in the learning process. #1124 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

158. Researches show that spending time outdoors has a range of benefits. #1122 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

159. Water is heated to boiling and added to the mixture. #1121 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

160. Experts say learning and listening to music can reduce the stress. #1120 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

161. Education is not just about learning skills for employment. #1119 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

162. You have the freedom to study what interests you most. #1117 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

163. All students have their own styles of learning. #1115 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

164. Lots of people turned out to be at the presidential address. #1114 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

165. Career mobility is very important for new graduates. #1113 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

166. Many universities provide exchange programs to other countries. #1111 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

167. The artistic ties to conservative politicians earned their own roles of critics. #1109 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

168. The article consists of a number of interesting experiments. #1108 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

169. That means we have several structural overlaps. #1107 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

170. Every living thing begins as a cell. #1104 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

171. Nutrition plays a key role in athletic performance. #1101 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

172. Sugar is a solid carbohydrate which is always used in sweet food. #1100 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

173. The night sky has always involved mystery and wonder. #1097 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

174. The renowned journalism will last for half of the century. #1093 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

175. The school canteen sells a large variety of water and food. #1084 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

176. The universities provide excellent facilities for students and staff. #1079 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

177. Philosophy uses a lot of logics and reasoning to analyze human experiences. #1075 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

178. The history department is very active in research. #1055 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

179. The commissioner will portion the funds among all the sovereignties. #1052 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

180. The celebrated theory is still the source of great controversy. #1050 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

181. They were struggling last year to make their service pay. #1049 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

182. The article extrapolates a number of very interesting experiments. #1048 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

183. Review all your sources before drawing any conclusions. #1047 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

184. A good abstract highlights the key points of your paper. #1041 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

185. Information technology has changed the way people work today. #972 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

186. Renovation work is currently being undertaken throughout the whole building. #937 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

187. In written assignment, a detailed literature review is important. #906 (Prediction)

(Audio Available)

188. Many diseases on the list have been eradicated. #886 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
189. New media journalism is an interesting area for study. #868 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
190. The bank is hoping to tap into a fast-growing market. #862 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
191. Studying history can help you better understand the present. #859 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
192. The article reflects a number of interesting experiments. #856 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
193. The career service provides suggestions on how to pass the job interview. #848 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
194. The toughest part of postgraduate education is funding. #844 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
195. The application process may take longer than it's expected. #832 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
196. Tribes vied with each other to build up monolithic statues. #815 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
197. Being bilingual does not mean having the ability to analyze the language. #743 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
198. We can all meet in the office after the lecture. #729 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
199. Momentum is defined as the combination of mass and velocity. #1004 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
200. Undergraduates may need to pursue some specific interests within the specific program. #966 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
201. Even if you have used cosmetics for years without problems, one or more ingredients can still trigger an allergic reaction. #931 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
202. The library holds a substantial collection of materials on economic history. #919 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
203. Many graduates studying journalism get jobs in communications field. #914 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
204. The nation achieved prosperity by opening its exports for trade. #873 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
205. We can have a lecture on the morning of Thursday. #845 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
206. Identity theft happens to thousands of people every year. #841 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
207. This paper challenged the previously accepted theories. #818 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
208. I thought it was thrown in a small meeting room. #764 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
209. Remember, a prestigious selection has strict eligibility criteria. #720 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
210. Resources and materials are on hold at the library reference desk. #721 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
211. Native speakers are exempt from the language tests in their own languages. #714 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
212. Human beings compete with other things for resources and space. #707 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
213. Everyone must evacuate the premises during the fire drill. #700 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
214. Climate change is now an acceptable phenomenon among reputable scientists. #696 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
215. Time and distance are used to calculate speed. #660 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
216. The poster of this play is hung in the large lecture theater. #651 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
217. Our food supply now contains too much sugar that our metabolic system cannot handle it. #625 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
218. Industrial experts will discuss job opportunities in an automatic labor force. #613 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
219. Your lowest quiz grade has been omitted from the calculations. #592 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

220. You will need to purchase an academic gown before the commencement. #590 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
221. You must submit your assignments by next Friday at the latest. #583 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
222. Good nutrition is crucial to the general health and vitality. #240 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
223. His appointment as culture minister was seen as demotion. #186 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
224. Art students often exhibit their works on the university buildings. #566 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
225. You can contact all your tutors by email. #576 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
226. You are required to complete the research paper by Monday. #574 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
227. While reconciliation is desirable, basic underlying issues must first be addressed. #569 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
228. When workers ask for higher wages, companies often raise their prices. #567 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
229. We study science to understand and appreciate the world around us. #559 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
230. We can't consider any increase in our price at this stage. #556 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
231. University departments should carefully monitor articles and publications by faculty. #550 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
232. Traffic is the main cause of air pollution in many cities. #539 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
233. Those who are considering a career of marketing should attend the talk. #531 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
234. Those seeking for formal extension should contact their faculty for information. #530 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
235. This morning's lecture on economic policy has been cancelled. #527 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
236. The ways in which people communicate are constantly changing. #496 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
237. The theme of the instrumental work exhibits more of a demure, compositional style. #478 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
238. The teacher asked the group to commence the task. #473 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
239. The synopsis contains the most important information. #471 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
240. The students were instructed to submit their assignments before Friday. #467 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
241. The sociology department is highly regarded worldwide. #464 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
242. The same issue featured both explanations of the problem. #456 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
243. The railway makes long-distance travel possible for everyone. #446 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
244. The qualification will be assessed by using a conference criterion approach. #444 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
245. The placement test of mathematics and statistics is offered every semester. #438 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
246. The nation achieved prosperity by opening its ports for trade. #427 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
247. The massive accumulation of data was converted into a communicable argument. #420 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
248. The island is located at the south end of the bay. #411 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

249. The first assignment is due on the fourteenth of September. #404 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
250. The extent of advertising for children is open to much debate. #397 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
251. The evaluation forms will be reviewed by university personnel. #394 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
252. The city's founder created a set of rules that became the law. #362 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
253. The chemistry building is located near the entrance of the campus. #360 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
254. The business policy seminar includes an internship with a local firm. #355 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
255. The artists tied with the conservative politicians earned the roles of critics. #346 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
256. The application process may take longer than expected. #332 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
257. The aerial photographs were promptly registered for thorough evaluation. #330 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
258. The advertisement for children is open to much debate. #329 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
259. Teaching assistants will receive a monthly stipend for housing. #324 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
260. Supply and demand is one of the most fundamental concepts in economics. #320 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
261. Students who are successful have a good strategy for learning. #314 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
262. Students have the options to live in college residences or apartments. #308 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
263. Students' concession cards can be obtained by completing an application form. #307  
(Prediction) (Audio Available)
264. She used to be the editor of the student newspaper. #287 (Prediction) (Audio Available)
265. Scientists are always asking the government for more money. #277 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
266. Remember to sign the attendance register before leaving the lecture hall. #265 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
267. Radio is a popular form of entertainment throughout the world. #258 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
268. Participants initially select from a range of foundation subjects. #235 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
269. Participants are initially selected from a range of foundation subjects. #234 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
270. Parents are financially responsible for their children until they reach adulthood. #232  
(Prediction) (Audio Available)
271. Our professor is hosting the business development conference. #227 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
272. Observers waited nervously and bated their breath for the concert. #214 (Prediction)  
(Audio Available)
273. Mutually exclusive events can be described as either complementary or opposite. #206  
(Prediction) (Audio Available)
274. Most of these features were part of the previous system. #200 (Prediction) (Audio Available)

275. Most of the students have not considered this issue before. #198 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
276. Members should make concentrated contributions to operating funds. #195 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
277. Medical researchers have focused on the cause of diseases and treatments. #193 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
278. Making a mistake is fine as long as you've learnt from it. #187 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
279. Lectures' outlines are available on the college internal website. #180 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
280. It was hard to anticipate how all the different characters would react. #175 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
281. It is absolutely vital that you acknowledge all your sources. #164 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
282. Inflation affects the demand, pricing and consumption of most products. #160 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
283. If finance is a cause of concern, scholarships may be available. #150 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
284. Identity theft happens to thousands of people every day. #149 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
285. I thought it was through the small meeting room. #145 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
286. Human beings compete with other species for spaces and resources. #142 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
287. Good research delivers practical benefit to real people. #129 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
288. Free campus tours run daily during summer for prospective students. #125 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
289. Control systems in manufacturing provide a high level of accuracy. #93 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
290. Clinical placement in nursing prepares students for professional practice. #86 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
291. Please click the logo above to enter the site. #83 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
292. Before submitting your dissertation, your advisor must approve your application. #69 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
293. Assignments should be submitted to the department before the deadline. #62 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
294. Animals raised in captivity behave differently than their wild counterparts. #59 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**
295. All industries consist of input, process, output and feedback. #41 **(Prediction)** **(Audio Available)**
296. A very basic feature of computing is counting and calculating. #31 **(Prediction)**  
**(Audio Available)**

